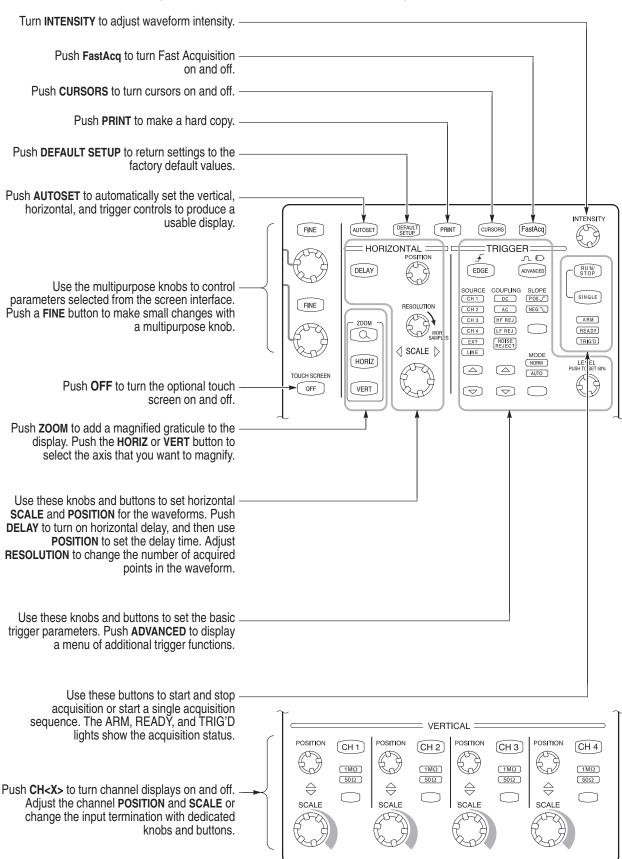
Reference

TDS5000 Series Digital Phosphor Oscilloscopes 071-1020-00



To Use the Front Panel

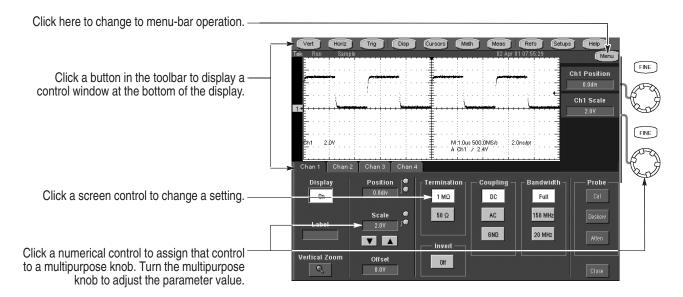
You can use the dedicated, front-panel knobs and buttons to do the most common operations.



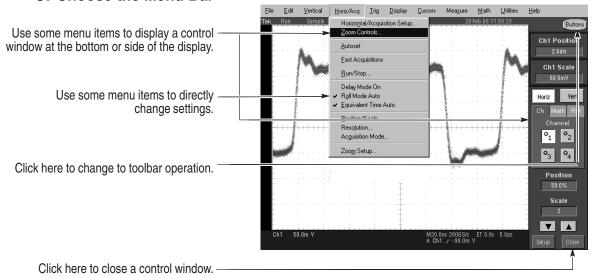
To Use the Screen Interface

You can control all oscilloscope functions, including powering off the instrument, through the screen interface.

Choose the Toolbar



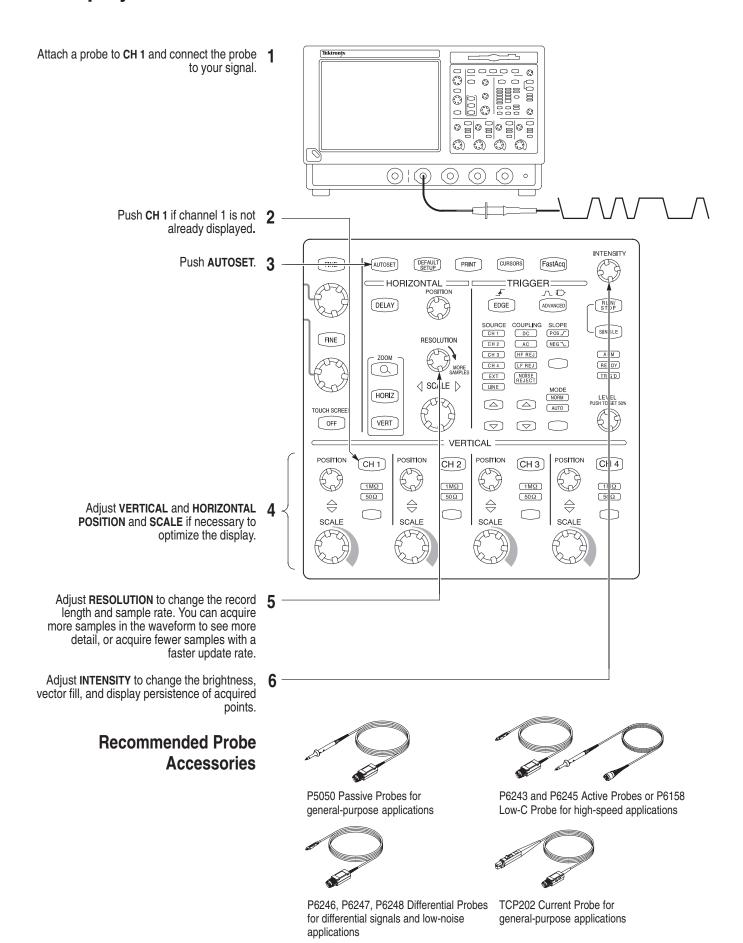
Or Choose the Menu Bar



More Operating Tips:

- Use the optional touch screen to control the oscilloscope when bench space is unavailable, such as on a cart or in an equipment rack.
- Plug in a mouse and keyboard if you have the bench space to use them. You can plug in a USB mouse or keyboard anytime, even while the oscilloscope is running.
- Use the menu bar to access PC-related functions such as, Page Setup, Export, and Copy.

To Display a Waveform



To See More Waveform Detail

Use Zoom

Use the Zoom function to magnify an acquisition vertically, horizontally, or in both waveform dimensions. **SCALE** or **POSITION** changes you make to the Zoom graticule affect only the display, not the actual waveform that is acquired.

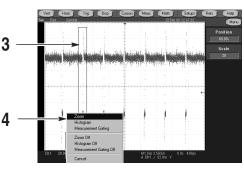
Push the **ZOOM** button to split the screen and add a zoom graticule.

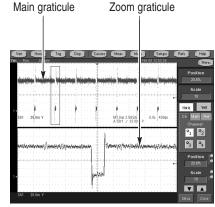
Push the **HORIZ** button or the **VERT** button to select the axis you want to magnify in the zoom graticule. Use the multipurpose knobs to adjust scale and position of the magnified waveform.

You can also set up a zoom graticule from the screen interface. Click and drag across the segment of the waveform that you want to see in greater detail.

Then select **Zoom** from the drop-down list to magnify the highlighted waveform segment.

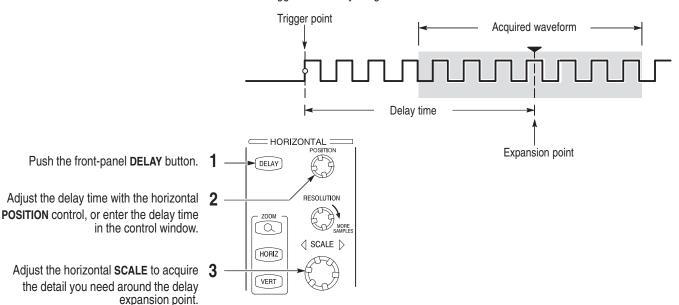






Use Horizontal Delay

Use horizontal **DELAY** to acquire waveform detail in a region that is separated from the trigger location by a significant interval of time.



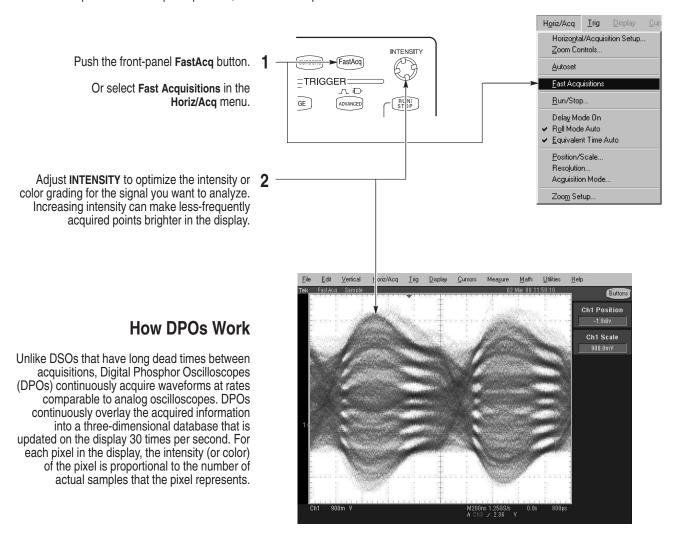
More Operating Tips:

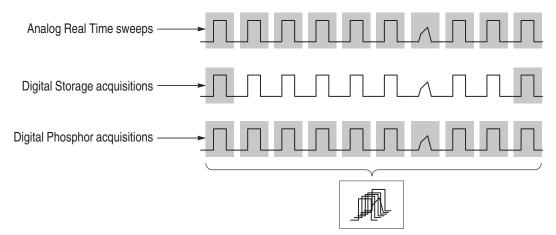
- You can use Zoom and Horizontal Delay together to magnify a delayed acquisition.
- Toggle Horizontal Delay on and off to quickly compare signal details at two different areas of interest, one near the trigger location and the other centered at the delay time.

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To Use Fast Acquisition

Turn Fast Acquisition on to acquire up to 100,000 waveforms per second.

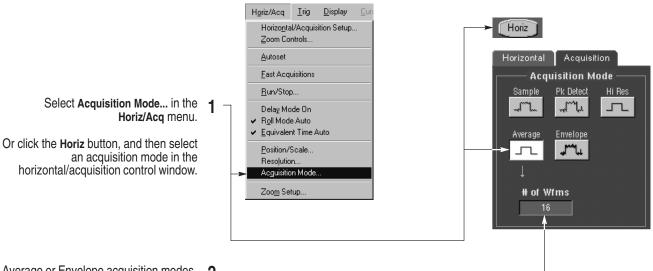




More Operating Tips:

- Choose one of the color grading palettes in the Display Colors control window to see different sample densities represented in different colors.
- Turn AutoBright on in the Display Appearance control window. When you use AutoBright, the displayed waveforms remain visible even at low trigger repetition rates.

To Choose an Acquisition Mode



For Average or Envelope acquisition modes, click the # of Wfms control and then set the number of waveforms with the multipurpose knob. You can also double-click the control and use the pop-up keypad.

How the Acquisition Modes Work

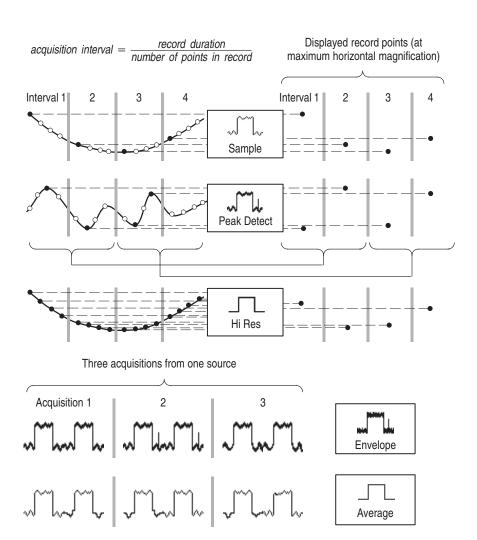
Sample mode retains one sampled point from each acquisition interval.

Peak Detect mode uses the highest and lowest of all the samples contained in two consecutive acquisition intervals.

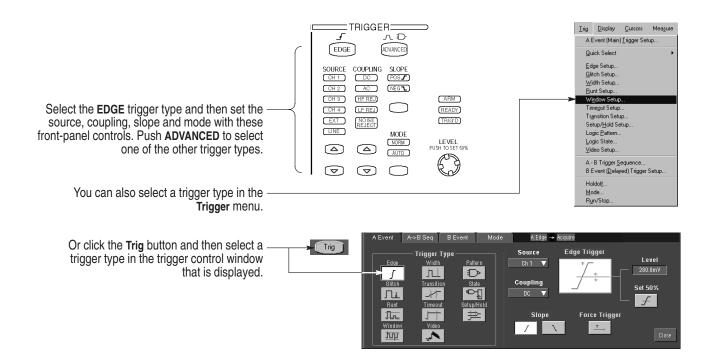
Hi Res mode calculates the average of all the samples for each acquisition interval.

Envelope mode finds highest and lowest record points over many acquisitions. Envelope uses Peak Detect for each individual acquisition.

Average mode calculates the average value for each record point over many acquisitions. Average uses Sample mode for each individual acquisition.



To Select a Trigger

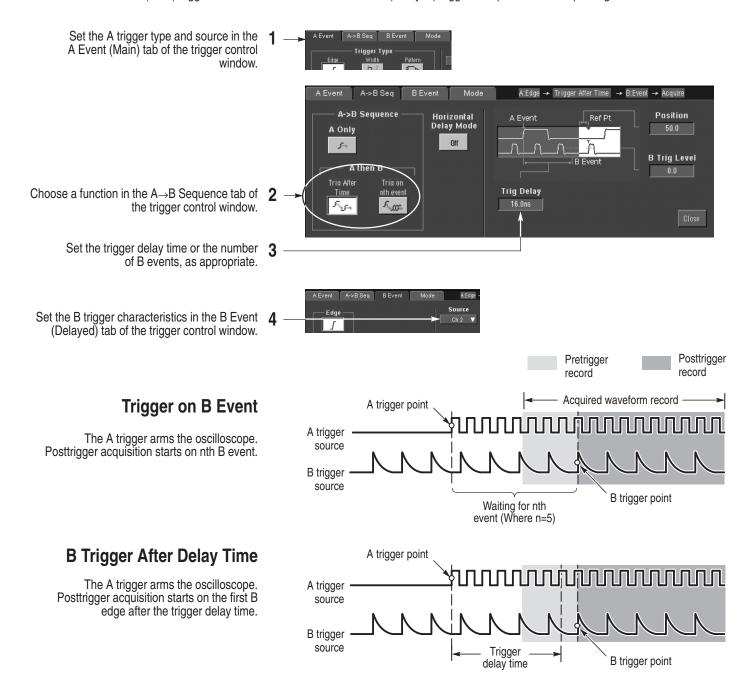


Trigger Selections

Trigger type		Levels Timers		Trigger conditions			
Edge	<i></i>	Single level	None	Trigger on rising or falling edge, as defined by slope control. Coupling choices are DC, AC, AC LF Reject, AC HF Reject, and Noise Reject.			
Video	U.	Single level	None	Trigger on NTSC, PAL, SECAM, Analog HDTV, and Custom video formats.			
Glitch	1	Single level	One to specify glitch width	Trigger on glitches narrower than the specified width or ignore glitches narrower than the specified width.			
Width	† † † † † † † † † † † † † † † † † † †	Single level	Two to specify minimum and maximum pulse widths	Trigger on pulses that have widths between the range of the two timers or outside the range of the two timers.			
Runt	i/\a	Two levels to define the logic transition region	One to specify an optional minimum runt-pulse duration	Trigger on a pulse that enters the transition region from one side but does not leave the region from the other side. Pulses can be qualified with the logical states of other channels (4-channel models only).			
Window	加	Two levels to define signal transition region	One to specify an optional minimum violation width	Trigger when a signal violates either upper or lower boundaries set outside the normal range of the signal. Events can be qualified with the logical states of other channels (4-channel models only).			
Timeout		Single level	One to specify time-out time	Trigger when a signal does not make a transition for a specified length of time.			
Transition		Two levels to define the logic transition region	One to specify transition time	Trigger when a logic signal spends more time or less time in the transition region than a specified amount of time.			
Setup/Hold		Independent levels for Data and Clock	One to specify setup time and one to specify hold time	Trigger on violations of setup or hold time between a Data signal and a Clock signal. The specified setup and hold times can be positive or negative values.			
Pattern		Independent levels for each channel	One to specify pattern duration	Trigger when a Boolean combination of up to four channels becomes true. Trigger immediately or only after the combination is true for a specified time duration.			
State		Independent levels for each channel	None	Trigger on transition of one channel when a Boolean combination of up to three other channels is true.			

To Use A (Main) and B (Delayed) Triggers

You can use the A Event (Main) trigger alone or combine it with the B Event (Delayed) trigger to capture more complex signals.

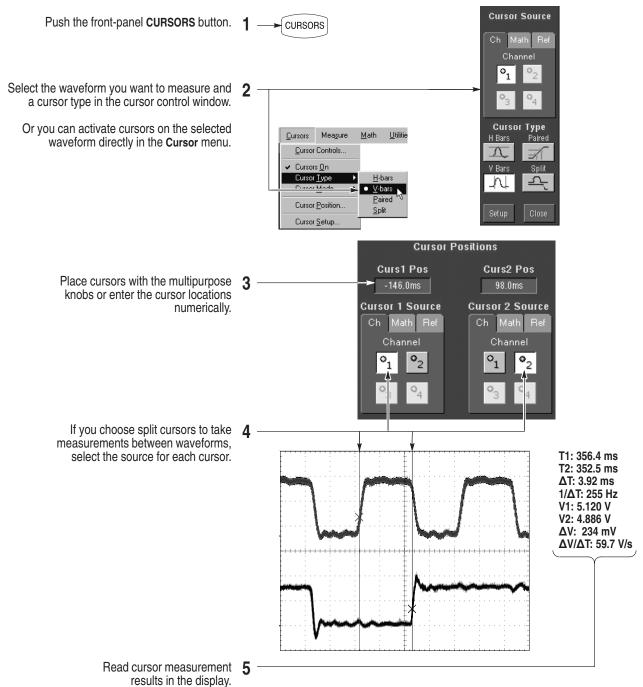


More Operating Tips:

- B-trigger delay time and horizontal delay time are independent functions. When
 you establish a trigger condition using either the A trigger alone or the A and B
 triggers together, you can also use horizontal delay to delay the acquisition by an
 additional amount.
- When using the B trigger, the A trigger can be any of the following types: Edge, Glitch, or Width. The B trigger type is always Edge type.

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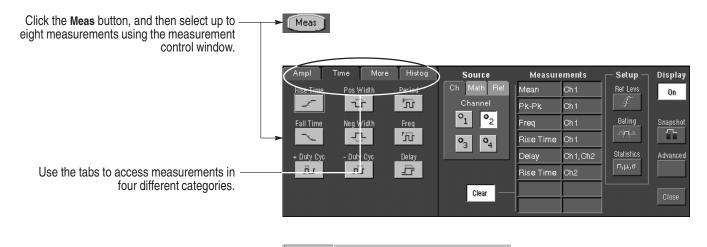
To Take Measurements with Cursors

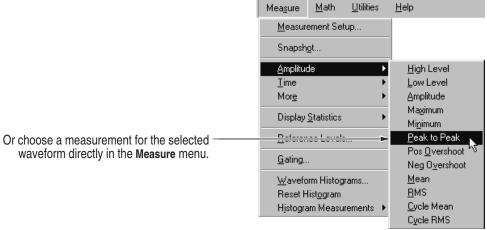


Other Cursor Measurement Tips:

- You can set the cursors to move together in tandem if you choose the Tracking cursor mode. The cursors move independently if you choose the Independent cursor mode.
- If you use the zoom graticule, you can place a cursor directly on a specific waveform point to take precision measurements.
- You can also move cursors by dragging them to a new position.

To Take Automated Measurements



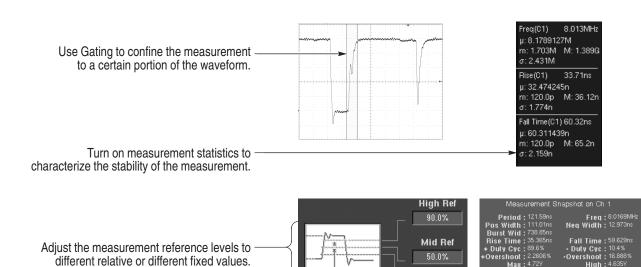




Automated Measurement Selections

Amplitude			Time			More	Histogram (Option 2A)		
-ʃ High		Positive Overshoot	Period	Rise Time		_#TTT*L Burst Width	Vfm Count	Max	Std Deviation
Low	Pk–Pk	Negative Overshoot	Frequency	Fall Time	Positive Duty Cycle	Shase	Hits in Box	Min	μ±1σ
Max	Amplitude	RMS	Positive Width	Negative Width	Negative Duty Cycle	Area	Peak Hits	Pk-Pk	μ±2σ
<u></u> Min	Cycle Mean	Cycle RMS				Cycle Area	Median	Mean	μ±3σ

To Customize an Automated Measurement

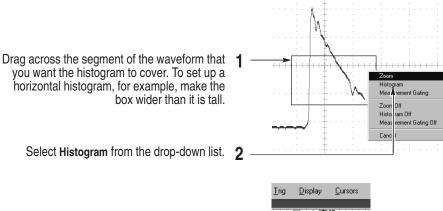


Low Ref 10.0%

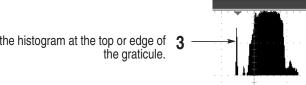
Select snapshot to see a one-time

To Set Up a Histogram (Option 2A)

view of all valid measurements.

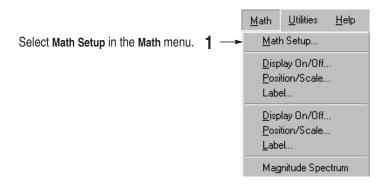


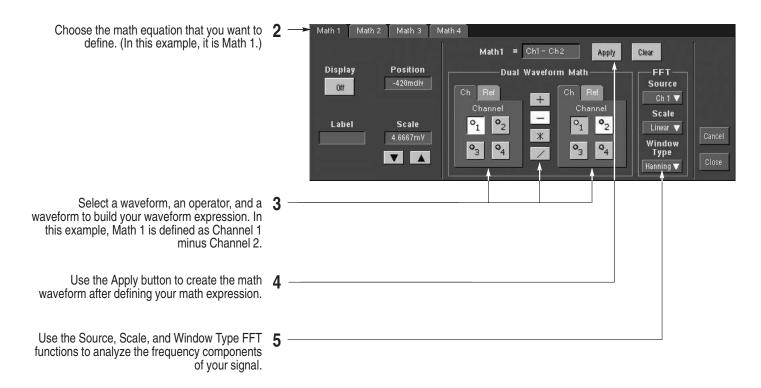
View the histogram at the top or edge of the graticule.



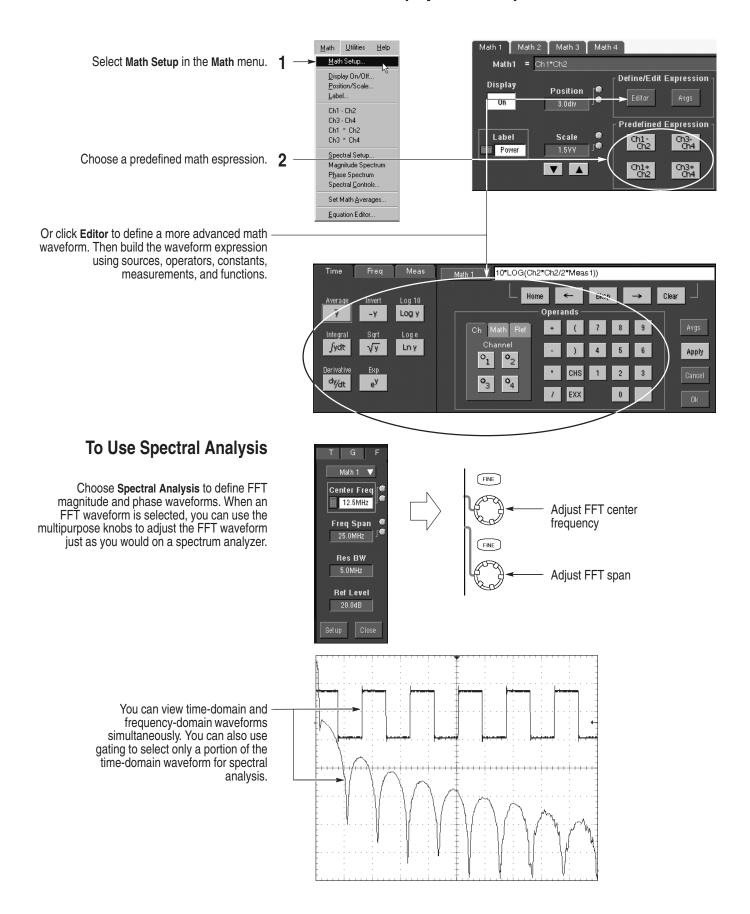
If you need to make any adjustments 4 to the histogram, use the histogram 2.26V 0n setup control window. Bottom Lim Reset 960.0mV o₁ o₂ Left Limit **o**₃ **o**₄ Take automated measurements on histogram 5 -160.0ns data. See previous page for information. Histo Size Right Limit

To Use Standard Math Waveforms





To Use Advanced Math Waveforms (Option 2A)

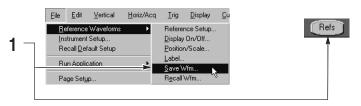


To Store Information

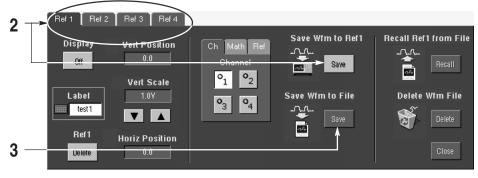
To Save and Recall Waveforms

To save or recall waveforms, select Reference Waveforms and then Save Wfm... or Recall Wfm... in the File menu.

Or click the Refs button.



Use the reference setup control window to copy a live waveform into one of four nonvolatile reference waveform storage locations. You can also display these waveforms as reference waveforms.



Select Save Wfm to File to store the live waveform as a file on a disk drive. You can recall a waveform stored on disk into one of the internal reference waveform locations for display.

To Save and Recall Instrument Setups

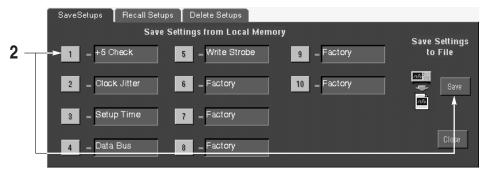
To save an instrument setup, select **Instrument Setup** in the **File** menu.

Or click the **Setups** button.



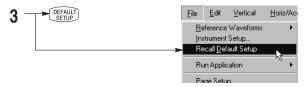
Use the settings control window to save the current setup into one of ten internal storage locations. Use the pop-up keyboard to label the setups for easy identification.

Or select **Save Settings to File** to store the current setup on a disk drive. You can recall any setup stored on disk and then save it in an internal setup storage location for faster access.

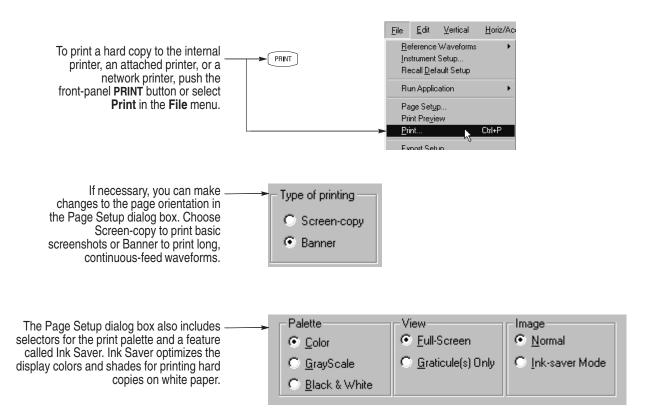


To restore the oscilloscope to a known initial state, push the front-panel **DEFAULT SETUP** button.

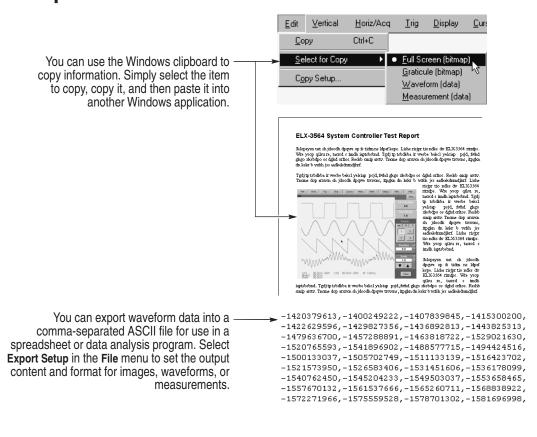
Or select Recall Default Setup in the File menu.



To Print a Hard Copy

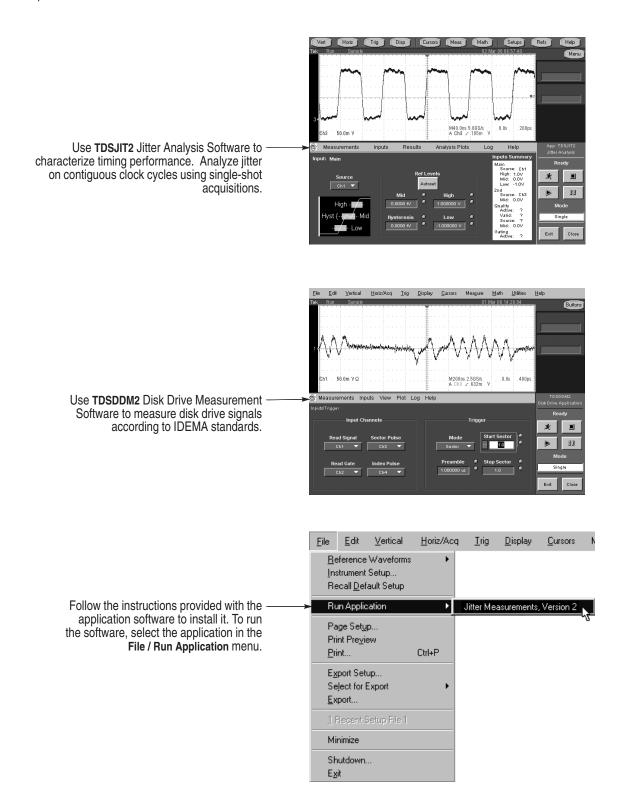


To Export Your Results



To Run Application Software

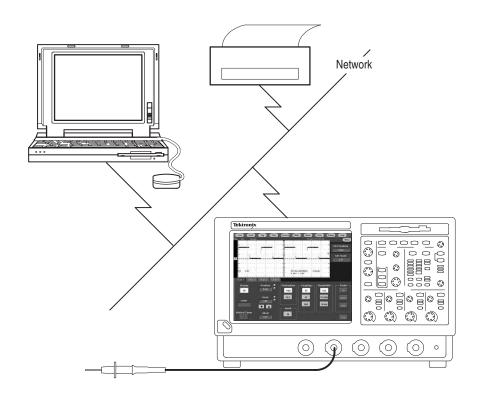
You can install and run optional application software on your oscilloscope. These software packages provide advanced capability supporting many applications. Two examples are shown below; additional packages may be available. Contact your Tektronix representative for more information.



To Connect to a Network

Like any other Windows computer, you can connect the oscilloscope to a network to enable printing, file sharing, internet access, and other communications functions.

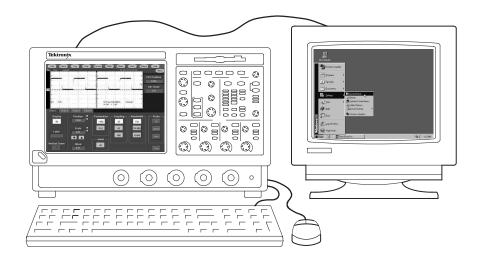
To make a network connection, consult with your network administrator, and then use the standard Windows utilities to configure the oscilloscope for compatibility with your network.



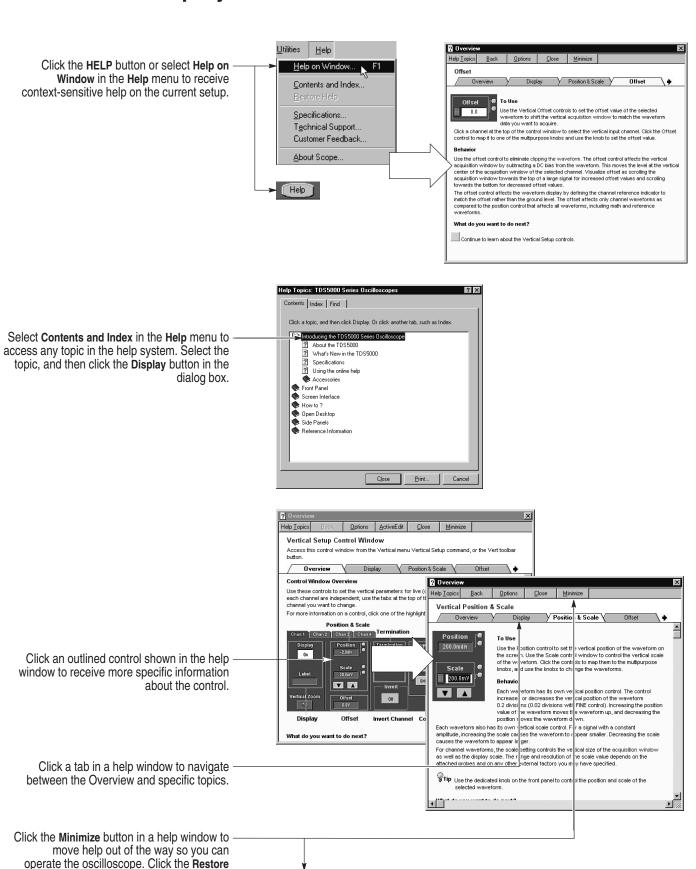
To Use a Dual Monitor

Connect a keyboard, mouse, and monitor to the oscilloscope and configure Windows for dual-monitor mode. You can operate the oscilloscope while having full use of Windows and other installed applications on the external monitor.

Connect the monitor to the upper SVGA port on the oscilloscope side panel. Use the Settings tab in the Windows Display Properties dialog box to set up a dual-monitor configuration.



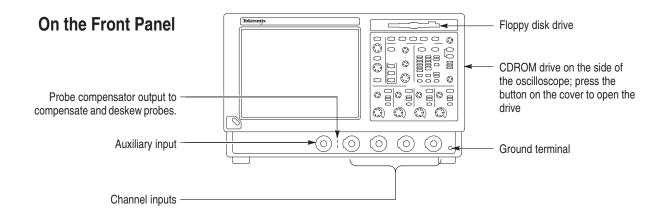
To Access the Help System



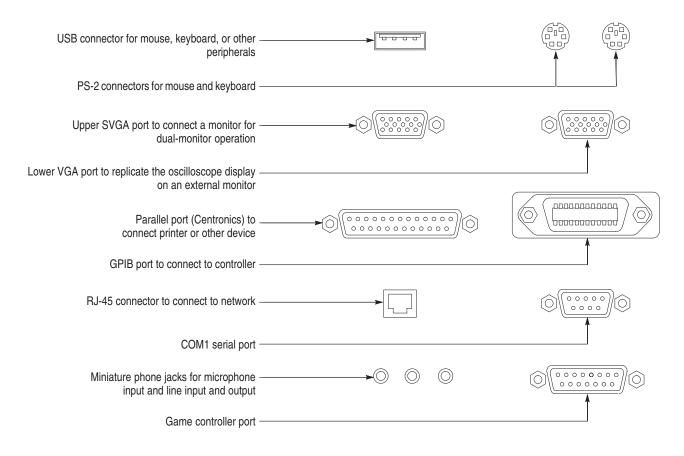
Restore Help

Help button to see the last help topic again.

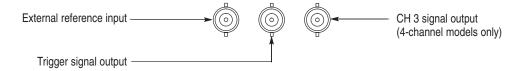
To Use the Oscilloscope I/O



On the Left Side Panel



On the Rear Panel



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