## HP 4934A Transmission Impairment Measuring Set Operating and Calibration Manual

#### **SERIAL NUMBERS**

This manual applies directly to instruments with serial numbers prefixed 3648U. For additional important information about serial numbers, see INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL in Chapter 3.



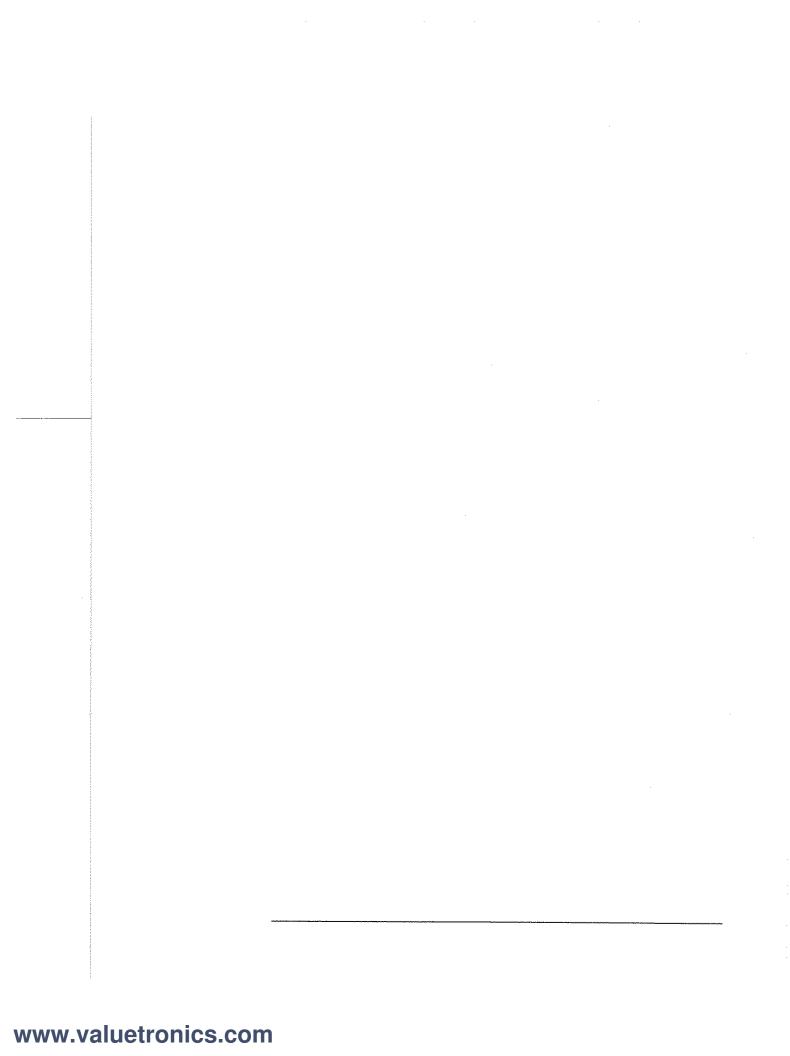
HP Part No. 04934-90054 Printed in U.K. November 1998

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HP 4934A Transmission Impairment Measuring Set and Accessories Supplied

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	Instrument Description
	The HP 4934A is a wideband (20 Hz to 110 kHz), (20 Hz to 200 kHz option 021) Transmission
	Impairment Measuring Set (TIMS). The transmission impairment measurements which can be made are listed below.
	Level Frequency
	Noise
	Noise with Tone
	Signal to Noise
	Impulse Noise
	P/AR (Peak to Average Ratio)
	Noise to Ground
<u> </u>	The HP 4934A can make measurements directly on leased lines or on dial-up lines. It has loop holding capability, a monitor speaker and butt-in connection (useful for talking to the far end of the
	test line).
	There are four permanently stored frequencies: 404 Hz, 1004 Hz, 2804 Hz and 2713 Hz. Any other four frequencies may be temporarily assigned or stored by the user.
	The HP 4934A can test circuits using single frequency (SF) signaling - use the SF SKIP feature.
	SF SKIP prevents the HP 4934A from transmitting signaling frequencies in the range $2600 \text{ Hz} \pm 150 \text{ Hz}$ .
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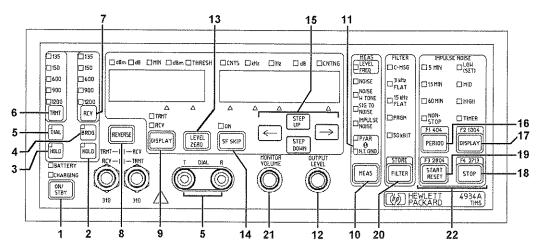
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		Getting Started
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**************************************		Introduction
		This chapter aims to get you ready to make measurements. It takes you through switch-on, introduces operating features and provides simple procedures to demonstrate how easy the HP 4934A is to use.
		·
		Switch-On
	CAUTION	Before switching on this instrument, make sure that the line voltage selector switch is set to the voltage of the power supply and the correct fuse installed. Assure the power supply voltage is in the specified range.
		Switch on the HP 4934A by pressing the <b>ON/STBY</b> key.
		The instrument automatically does a self-test check at power on (takes approximately 10 seconds). During this time all front panel indicators and displays will light (except for the CHARGING and BATTERY indicators).
		When the self-test is complete the instrument starts measuring LEVEL FREQ. Both display windows momentarily blank, then a minus sign "-" and
		period "." appear in the left window, followed by the transmitter level (in dBm). The right window displays 1004 Hz.
		If any of the self tests fail at power-on, an error code (see Page 1-7) is dis-
*		played briefly in the right window during self-test.
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		Getting Started 1-1

#### **Front Panel Features**



1 **ON/STBY** powers up the complete instrument. In the STBY (standby) mode, only some circuits have power. When a battery is fitted the **ON/STBY** key has the following indicators associated with it:

BATTERY - indicates the instrument is powered from the internal battery. During battery operation, connect the chassis terminal on the side panel to earth ground.

CHARGING - indicates the instrument is in the STBY (standby) mode with AC power connected and the battery is charging.

- 2 HOLD (RCV) connects the receive hold circuit to the RCV port when testing dial-up lines.
- 3 HOLD (TRMT) connects the transmit hold circuit to the TRMT port when testing dial-up lines.
- 4 BRDG selects a high input impedance (>50 k $\Omega$ ) for testing lines that are already terminated. In BRDG (bridged) mode, it is still necessary to use the RCV key to select the terminating impedance for the line you are testing. This ensures that the HP 4934A will display the correct results.
- **5 DIAL** connects the T (tip) and R (ring) binding posts to the TRMT port (transmitter disconnected). To test a dial-up line or talk over the test line, connect a butt-in to the T and R DIAL binding posts.

(m)	<b>6 TRMT</b> selects the transmitter source impedance.
	7 RCV selects the receiver terminating impedance or, in bridged mode, selects the impedance of the circuit under test.
	8 <b>REVERSE</b> interchanges the TRMT and RCV function of the two 310 ports. The indicators above the ports show the current function.
	9 DISPLAY selects either the received or transmitted parameters for display. The TRMT and RCV indicators above the DISPLAY key show which parameters are being displayed.
	10 MEAS selects the following measurements:  LEVEL FREQ (level frequency measurements)  NOISE (noise measurements)  NOISE W TONE (noise with tone measurements)  SIG TO NOISE (signal-to-noise measurements)  IMPULSE NOISE (impulse noise measurements)  P/AR (peak to average ratio measurements)  N.T. GND (noise to ground measurements)
	11 OUTPUT LEVEL sets the transmitter output level.
	12 LEVEL ZERO allows relative level measurements in the LEVEL FREQ mode. The displayed received signal becomes the 0 dB reference when you press LEVEL ZERO. All subsequent results are relative to this reference. The displayed results are a measure of loss, that is a higher level than the reference is indicated by a "—" sign. This is standard in the telephone industry.
	13 SF SKIP prevents the instrument from transmitting signaling frequencies in the range 2600 Hz ±150 Hz. If SF SKIP is enabled the instrument automatically prevents the selection of frequencies in this range. You can also change the SF SKIP center frequency, see Page 2-9.
	14 STEP UP, STEP DOWN, → and ← change the transmit frequency value in the LEVEL FREQ mode or the low threshold in the IMPULSE NOISE mode.  Use → and ← to select the digit to change. The selected digit is highlighted by a lit pointer. Change the value of the selected digit using the STEP UP and STEP DOWN keys.
	15 PERIOD selects one of the four Impulse Noise measurement periods.
	<b>16 DISPLAY</b> displays the Impulse Noise measurement time or threshold/count values. Only the LOW (SET) threshold value can be changed, see Page 2-20.
	17 STOP allows the Impulse Noise measurement to be stopped without affecting the Impulse Noise counter.
The second secon	Getting Started 1-3
	Getting Started 1-3

**18 START RESET** sets the Impulse Noise counter to zero and starts the Impulse Noise measurement.

19 FILTER selects one of the filters in the noise measurement modes.

C-MSG 3 kHz FLAT 15 kHz FLAT PRGM 50 kBIT

- 20 MONITOR VOLUME controls the volume of the monitor speaker.
- **21** In the LEVEL FREQ mode, the blue keys F1 to F4 select preset frequencies. At switch-on these frequencies are:

F1: 404 Hz F2: 1004 Hz F3: 2804 Hz F4: 2713 Hz

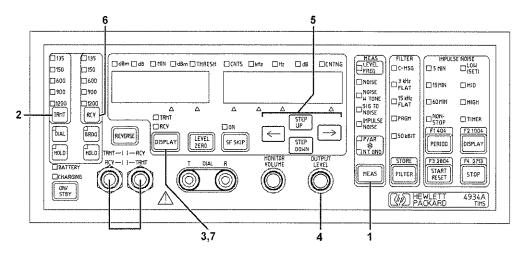
New frequencies can be assigned to F1 to F4, see Page 2-9.

#### **Demonstrating the HP 4934A**

The following demonstrations show how easy the HP 4934A is to use. A detailed explanation of the HP 4934A measurement capability is given in Chapter 2. The HP 4934A TRMT and RCV ports are connected by a looping cable in these demonstrations.

#### **Demonstration 1**

A single tone measurement with the transmitter set to -10 dBm and the frequency set to 1804 Hz.



- 1 Use **MEAS** to select LEVEL FREQ. TRANSMITTER
- **2** Use the **TRMT** key to set the transmitter impedance to  $600\Omega$
- **3** Display the transmitted level and frequency using the **DISPLAY** key (TRMT indicator lit).
- 4 Use the OUTPUT LEVEL control to adjust the transmitted level to -10 dBm.
- 5 Change the transmitted frequency to 1804 Hz using the →, ←, STEP UP and STEP DOWN keys.

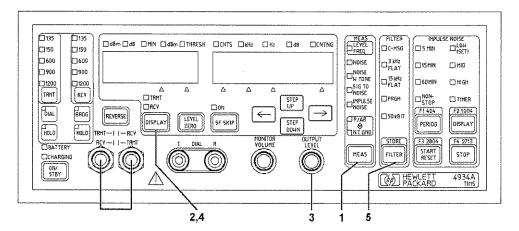
**Getting Started** 

#### RECEIVER

- **6** Use the **RCV** key to set the receiver impedance to  $600\Omega$
- 7 Display the received level and frequency using the **DISPLAY** key (RCV indicator lit).

#### **Demonstration 2**

A noise-with-tone measurement with the holding tone set to -13 dBm and the C-Message filter selected.



- 1 Use the **MEAS** key to select NOISE W TONE. TRANSMITTER
- 2 Display the transmitted level and frequency using the **DISPLAY** key (TRMT indicator lit). Level in dBm is in the left window. The frequency (fixed at 1004 Hz) is in the right window.
- 3 Set the level to -13 dBm using the OUTPUT LEVEL control. *RECEIVER*
- 4 Display the received noise level using the **DISPLAY** key (RCV indicator lit).
- 5 Select the C-MSG filter using the **FILTER** key.
- **6** Read the weighted noise in dBrnC in the left window. The received frequency is in the right window.

#### 1-6 Getting Started

# Error Codes The error codes are described in the following table: Code Description Err 1 to Err 6 Instrument faulty, see Service Manual. Err 7 Received holding tone level too high or too low- check transmitted level or circuit under test. Err 8 Impulse Noise threshold set too high - adjust. "-" sign in right Loss of holding tone during pulse Noise measurement - only

a warning, the instrument continues counting.

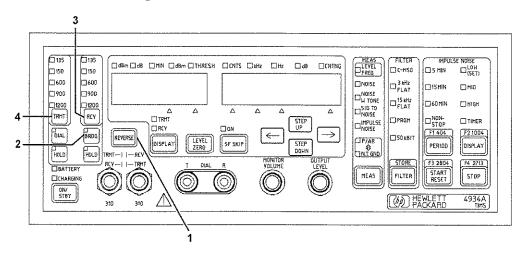
window

1-8 Getting Started

#### **Making Measurements**

#### **Preliminary Setup**

#### Connecting the HP 4934A to the Test Circuit



#### CAUTION

Ensure no more than 200 V dc or 10 V rms at 60 Hz is connected between tip and ring of the TRMT or RCV jacks.

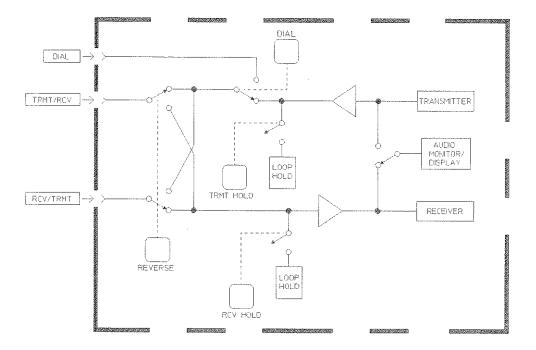
- 1 The two 310-type jacks of the HP 4934A can function as a Transmitter output or Receiver input. Pressing the REVERSE key causes the function of the two 310type jacks to be reversed. The current function of the ports is indicated by the indicators below the REVERSE key.
- 2 If the line to be tested is already terminated, press **BRDG**.
- 3 Select the receiver input impedance using the **RCV** key 135, 150, 600, 900 or 1200Ω When operating in BRDG (bridged) mode, still ensure the correct impedance is selected.

**4** Select the transmitter output impedance using the **TRMT** key - 135, 150, 600, 900 or 1200Ω

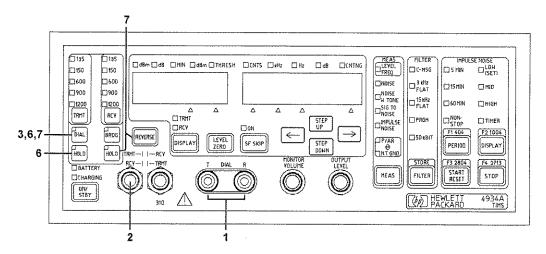
#### Dial and Hold

The HP 4934A can be used with a butt-in to dial up lines or for talking along a line. The HP 4934A can hold lines which require a DC current to maintain the connection once the butt-in is disconnected.

The diagram below shows how the hold, dial and reverse functions work.



#### Dialing using the HP 4934A and a Butt-in



- 1 Connect the butt-in to the T and R DIAL binding posts.
- **2** Connect the test circuit to the TRMT port.
- 3 Select DIAL to connect the butt-in through to the TRMT port. The DIAL indicator will light.
- 4 Dial up the line you want using the butt-in.
- 5 When the far end goes off-hook you can use the butt-in for voice communication.
- 6 To continue to hold the line and connect the HP 4934A transmitter to it, select TRMT HOLD then DIAL. You can now transmit test signals along the line. To re-establish the speech path, press **DIAL**. To drop the line, press TRMT **HOLD**.
- 7 Alternatively, to continue to hold the line and connect the HP 4934A receiver to it, select RCV HOLD then REVERSE. You can now receive test signals from the line. To re-establish the speech path, press REVERSE and DIAL. To drop the line, press RCV HOLD.

#### 135 135 IMPULSE NOISE □CNTS □±H2 □ 5 MIN □(SET) C-MSG ☐150 m150 □600 []600 □NOISE OFLAT □ 15MIN **190**0 □ f5 kHz FLAT □ 60 MIN □ Hi6H C)1200 1200 Δ \_\_\_\_\_ □ TRMT TRATE RCY MPRSH TIMER 7,9 F1 404 F2 1004 □ 50 kB f7 IP/AR PERIOD DISPLAY ON I GND. F3 2804 F4 2713 BATTER MEAS FILTER STOP

#### Receiving an Incoming Call and Holding the Line

Without a Butt-In

3,10 6

1 Connect the RCV port to the test line. Use the DISPLAY key to light the RCV indicator.

3

- 2 Adjust the volume of the audio monitor (so that you can hear any received signal) using the MONITOR VOLUME control.
- **3** When a call comes in, you will hear a *buzzing* on the audio monitor. To seize the line, press RCV **HOLD**. The caller can now speak to you or transmit test signals. To make measurements, use **MEAS** to select the appropriate measurement.
- 4 To transmit test signals while continuing to hold the line, press TRMT HOLD then REVERSE.
- 5 To drop the line, press the appropriate **HOLD** key.
  - With a Butt-In (if you want to talk)
- 6 Connect the TRMT port to the test line.
- 7 Connect the butt-in to the T and R DIAL binding posts and press DIAL to connect the butt-in through to the TRMT port. The DIAL indicator will light.
- 8 When you receive a call, the butt-in will ring. Go off-hook to receive the call.
- **9** To connect the HP 4934A transmitter to the line, select TRMT HOLD then **DIAL**. You can now transmit test signals along the line. To re-establish the speech path, press DIAL. To drop the line, press TRMT **HOLD**.

#### 2-4 Making Measurements

in the second se	
	10 Alternatively, to connect the HP 4934A receiver to the line, press RCV HOLD
	then REVERSE. You can now receive test signals from the line. To re-establish
	the speech path, press <b>REVERSE</b> . To drop the line, press RCV <b>HOLD</b> .
	Level and Frequency
	Principles
[]	LEVEL/FREQUENCY encompasses 4 related measurements: loss, attenua-
	tion distortion, gain slope and frequency. All use the same measurement configuration.
	TRANSMITTER RECEIVER
F	VARIABLE FREQUENCY COUNTER VARIABLE TELEPHONE CIRCUIT
	POWER   DETECTOR
3	
	1004 Hz Loss
	This measurement is used to determine the point-to-point loss (or gain) of a channel at 1004 Hz. 1004 Hz is transmitted instead of 1000 Hz to avoid mea-
	surement errors caused by signals which are submultiples of the 8 kHz PCM sample rate.
	1 The transmitter sends 1004 Hz at the nominal data level (usually -13 dBm0).
	2 The receiver measures the level and frequency of the received signal. The loss is the difference between the transmitted and received levels.
NOTE	If the channel is already terminated, the receiver can measure the level via a high impedance input (bridging mode).
	RA-Lin-RA
	Making Measurements 2-5

#### Attenuation Distortion

Attenuation distortion defines the flatness and usable bandwidth of the circuit.

- 1 The transmitter usually sends 1004 Hz at the nominal data level. The level received at this frequency is set as the reference level.
- 2 The transmitter is stepped through a range of spot frequencies over the channel bandwidth. At each frequency, the receiver displays the difference between the level at the reference frequency and the level received.

#### Gain Slope

This is a quick method for assessing the flatness of a channel using only three frequencies, two of which are close to the edges of the channel bandwidth. The level measured at 1004 Hz is the reference level; then the attenuation is measured at 404 Hz and 2804 Hz relative to the reference level.

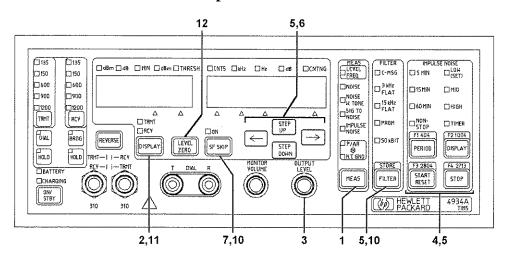
#### Frequency

Frequency shift can occur over facilities such as FDM carrier systems and is measured by comparing the frequency sent into the channel with the frequency received at the far end of the channel.

	-	-	-
N	U	1	E

The calculation of frequency shift may not be valid when measured on looped-around carrier facilities since the frequency shift in one direction may be canceled by frequency shift in the return direction.

#### **Instrument Operation**



1 Use **MEAS** to select LEVEL FREQ.

#### **TRANSMITTER**

- 2 Display the transmitted level and frequency using the DISPLAY key (the TRMT indicator will be lit). A frequency of 1004 Hz is initially transmitted each time LEVEL FREQ is selected.
- 3 Change the transmitted level if desired, using the OUTPUT LEVEL control (the level in dBm is in the left window).

NOTE

In some systems it is not desirable to transmit levels above –13 dBm0 as interference with other channels may occur.

Decide whether you want to use a preset frequency or some other frequency.

#### Preset Frequency

In the LEVEL FREQ mode, the blue keys give single keystroke access to four preset frequencies. The normal preset frequencies are 404 Hz, 1004 Hz, 2804 Hz and 2713 Hz.

4 To select a preset frequency, press the appropriate blue key.

Key	Normal Frequency
F1	404 Hz
F2	1004 Hz
F3	2804Hz
F4	2713 Hz

**5** To store a different preset frequency:

Set the new frequency in the right window, using the  $\rightarrow$ ,  $\leftarrow$ , STEP UP and STEP DOWN keys.

Enter the new frequency into one of the stores by pressing the blue **STORE** key followed by the appropriate blue F1 to F4 key.

#### NOTE

The normal frequency values are re-established when the power is cycled or when the measurement mode is switched between P/AR and N.T. GND.

Some Other Frequency

6 Change the value of the transmitted frequency in the right window using the →, ←, STEP UP and STEP DOWN keys.

Single Frequency (SF) Signaling

7 Press SF SKIP to prevent the instrument from transmitting signaling frequencies in the range 2600 Hz  $\pm 150$  Hz.

Changing the SF Skip Center Frequency

- 8 Disconnect the transmit side of the line from the test set first to avoid dropping the circuit.
- 9 Set the new frequency in the right window.
- 10 Press STORE, followed by SF SKIP.

#### NOTE

The SF SKIP center frequency 2600 Hz is re-established at power on or when the measurement mode is switched between P/AR and N.T. GND.

2-8 Making Measurements

		RECEIVER
		11 Display the received level and frequency using the <b>DISPLAY</b> key (RCV indicator will be lit).
The second secon		Receiver Reference
		12 If attenuation relative to a reference is required, press LEVEL ZERO when the reference signal is present and stable (for attenuation distortion measurements
		this is normally at 1004 Hz). This changes the level reading from an absolute value in dBm (in the left window) to a relative attenuation value in dB. All
		subsequent received level readings will be relative to this value. A negative reading "-" indicates a level higher than the reference level.
		Pressing <b>LEVEL ZERO</b> a second time changes the level reading back to absolute units in dBm.
		To change the transmitted frequency, return to step 2.
	NOTE	Error Codes will be displayed if the input level to the receiver is too high or unstable
	***************************************	(see the error codes in Chapter 1).
		Making Measurements 2-9

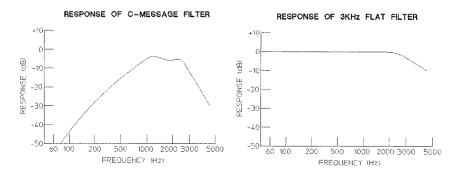
#### Message Circuit Noise

#### **Principles**

The measurement uses no test signal and quantifies background noise with a choice of band limiting filters (C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program and 50 kBit).

**C-Message:** This filter weights noise in the same way it would be heard by a telephone user. However, it is also used to evaluate the effects of noise on voice-grade data circuits because its response is relatively flat over the frequency range for data transmission.

**3 kHz Flat:** This filter attenuates much less at low frequencies (60 Hz to 500 Hz) than the C-Message filter. By performing a 3 kHz measurement after a C-Message measurement, the effect of low frequency noise (60 Hz commercial power, 20 Hz ringing, etc.) can be determined.

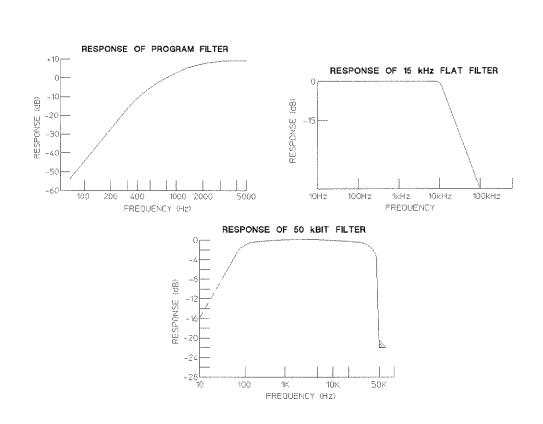


15 kHz Flat: This filter is used when measuring noise on program channels used in the broadcasting industry. Like the 3 kHz Flat filter, it passes low frequency noise.

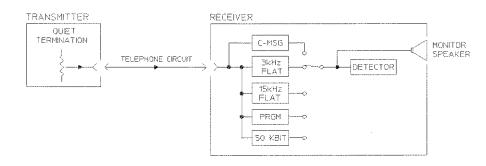
**Program:** This filter is used when measuring noise on program channels used in the broadcasting industry to communicate between the studio and transmitter site.

50 kBit: This is a weighted filter used to measure noise on wideband data circuits.

#### 2-10 Making Measurements

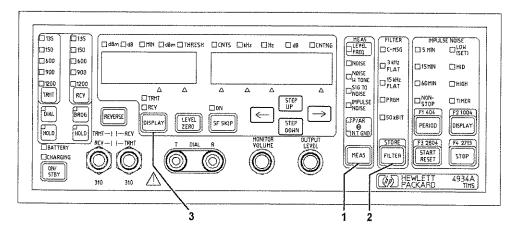


#### How it is Measured



- 1 At one end of the line, the transmitter provides a quiet termination of the appropriate impedance.
- 2 At the other end, the receiver measures the noise via a weighting filter. Noise levels are displayed in dBrn (0dBrn = -90dBm). When the C-Message filter is selected, the noise is in units of dBrnC.

#### **Instrument Operation**



During this measurement the transmitter is quiet terminated (indicated by a decimal point "." in the left window when the display is in TRMT mode).

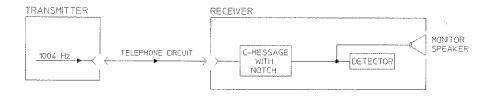
#### **RECEIVER**

- 1 Use **MEAS** to select NOISE.
- 2 Use **FILTER** to select the required filter.
- 3 Display the received noise level using the **DISPLAY** key (the RCV indicator will be lit). The noise level, in dBrn, is in the left window. If the C-Message filter is selected the result is in units of dBrnC.

#### **Noise with Tone (Notched Noise)**

#### **Principles**

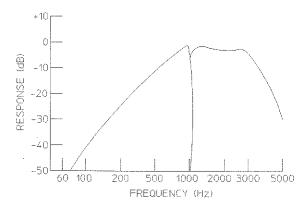
This measurement quantifies total noise which includes background noise and noise generated only when a signal is present, such as when the circuit includes compandors and/or quantizers.



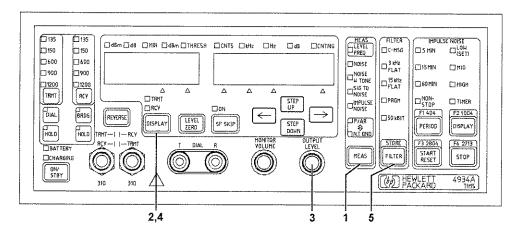
#### How it is Measured

- 1 The transmitter sends a 1004 Hz holding tone at the nominal data level.
- 2 The receiver notches out the 1004 Hz holding tone and what is left is measured via a weighting filter (C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program or 50 kBit). The measured noise level is displayed in dBrn (0 dBrn = -90 dBm). When the C-Message filter is used, the result is in units of dBrnC. The notch attenuates all frequencies in the range 995 Hz to 1025 Hz by at least 50 dB.

#### FREQUENCY RESPONSE = C-MESSAGE FILTER WITH 1004Hz NOTCH



#### **Instrument Operation**



1 Use **MEAS** to select NOISE W TONE.

#### **TRANSMITTER**

- 2 Display the transmitted level and frequency using the **DISPLAY** key (the TRMT indicator will be lit). The level, in dBm, is in the left window. The frequency in the right window is fixed at 1004 Hz.
- 3 Set the transmitted level to the nominal data level using the OUTPUT LEVEL control.

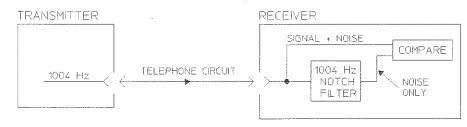
#### RECEIVER

- 4 Display the received noise level using the **DISPLAY** key (the RCV indicator will be lit).
- 5 Select the required filter using the **FILTER** key.
- 6 Read the weighted noise in dBrn, in the left window. If the C-Message filter is selected, the result is in dBrnC. The received frequency is displayed in the right window.

#### Signal to Noise

#### **Principles**

The signal-to-noise measurement determines the ratio of received signalplus-noise power to noise power and gives a measure of the margin between the data signal and the background noise.



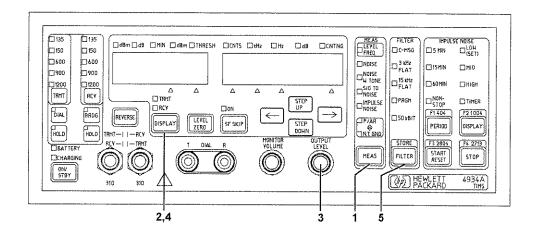
SIGNAL-TO-NOISE RATIO = 10 LOG (SIGNAL POWER + NOISE POWER)

NOISE POWER

#### How it is Measured

- 1 The transmitter sends a 1004 Hz holding tone at the nominal data level.
- 2 The receiver notches out the 1004 Hz holding tone and what is left is measured via a filter (C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program or 50 kBit) then compared with the original signal-plus-noise. The computed ratio is displayed in dB.

#### **Instrument Operation**



1 Use **MEAS** to select SIG TO NOISE.

#### TRANSMITTER

- 2 Display the transmitted level and frequency using the **DISPLAY** key (the TRMT indicator will be lit). Level, in dBm, is in the left window. The frequency (fixed at 1004 Hz) is in the right window.
- 3 Set the transmitted level to the nominal data level using the OUTPUT LEVEL control.

#### **RECEIVER**

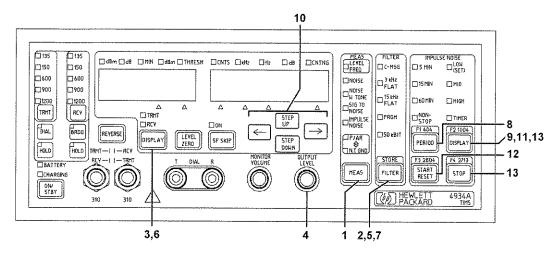
- 4 Display the received signal-to-noise ratio using the **DISPLAY** key (the RCV indicator will be lit).
- 5 Select the required filter using the **FILTER** key.
- 6 Read the signal-to-noise ratio in dB in the right window and the level of the received tone in dBm in the left window.

#### 2-16 Making Measurements

	Impulso Noise
	Impulse Noise
	Principles
	Impulse noise includes noise spikes like the clicks and pops often heard on a telephone line. The spikes are much higher in level than the background noise and, generally, last less than one millisecond.
	The impulse noise measurement counts the number of noise spikes against 3 threshold levels simultaneously. The low level threshold is selectable; the medium and high thresholds are fixed at 4 dB and 8 dB above the low thresh-
	old.
	The waveform (b) below illustrates a received holding tone (or test tone) that includes interfering impulse noise spikes.
<u> </u>	
	(a) TRANSMITTED HOLDING TONE
	Ä
	PLITUDE
	A A
	(b)  RECEIVED HOLDING TONE  (A)  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A
	WITH IMPULSE NOISE SPIKES
	TIME
	Making Measurements 2-17

The HP 4934A measures impulse noise with or without a holding tone. The HP 4934A transmits a holding tone and uses the notch filter in the receiver when either the C-Message or 3 kHz Flat Filter is selected. With the 15 kHz Flat, Program or 50 kBit Filter selected, the transmitter is quiet terminated and the receiver notch filter is not selected.

#### **Instrument Operation**



1 Use **MEAS** to select IMPULSE NOISE.

#### **TRANSMITTER**

To measure Impulse Noise with a holding tone, go to step 2. To measure Impulse Noise without a holding tone, go to step 5.

Impulse Noise with a Holding Tone

- 2 Select either the C-Message or 3 kHz Flat Filter using the **FILTER** key.
- 3 Display the transmitted level and frequency using the **DISPLAY** key (the TRMT indicator will be lit). Level, in dBm, is in the left window. The frequency (fixed at 1004 Hz) is in the right window.
- 4 Set the transmitted level to the nominated data level using the OUTPUT LEVEL control.

Impulse Noise without a Holding Tone

5 Select either the 15 kHz Flat, PRGM or 50 kBit Filter using the FILTER key. The

#### 2-18 Making Measurements

rum		
[]		transmitter is quiet terminated (indicated by a decimal point in the left window
1		when the display is in the TRMT mode).
. []		RECEIVER
[ [ ]		6 Use <b>DISPLAY</b> to select the RCV display mode.
		7 Select the required filter using the FILTER key. If you are doing a loopback test, the filter selection has already been made in the transmitter procedure.
, ri		Setting the Impulse Noise Measurement Period
		8 Use the <b>PERIOD</b> key to select a timed measurement (5, 15 or 60 minutes) or nonstop.
[ [ [		Setting the Impulse Noise Threshold
**************************************		<b>9</b> Use the Impulse Noise <b>DISPLAY</b> key to select LOW (SET). The current threshold value will appear in the left window (the THRESH and dBrn indicators will be lit).
[]		<b>10</b> Use the →, ←, <b>STEP UP</b> and <b>STEP DOWN</b> keys. keys to set the threshold value.
	NOTE	If a holding tone exists on the line:
		To maintain measurement accuracy, the impulse "low" threshold should be no more than 25 dB below the holding tone level.
		<b>11</b> Use the Impulse Noise <b>DISPLAY</b> key to display the resulting MID and HIGH threshold values. These are 4 dB and 8 dB greater than the low threshold value up to a limit of 109 dBrn.
f }		Starting/Stopping the Measurement
		12 Press START RESET to set the impulse noise counters to zero (the CNTS and CNTNG indicators will light) and start the measurement.
******		13 Use the IMPULSE NOISE <b>DISPLAY</b> key to select TIMER.
		If you select a timed measurement (5, 15 or 60 minute period) in step 8, when you press <b>START RESET</b> the time shown in the left window will decrement in 1 minute intervals to zero - the measurement then automatically stops.
		If you select NON-STOP in step 8, when you press <b>START RESET</b> the time
		starts from zero and increments in one minute intervals. Press <b>STOP</b> to end the measurement.
<u> </u>		
		Making Measurements 2-19

NOTE	During a timed measurement you can check the current LOW, MID and HIGH threshold count by using the <b>DISPLAY</b> key. After checking the counts ensure that the instrument is set to TIMER again.
	14 When the measurement is complete the impulse noise count is in the right window (the CNTS indicator will be lit). A "—" sign in the right window indicates a loss of received holding tone (impulse noise with holding tone measurement only).
NOTE	Selecting a new filter during the measurement causes the measurement to stop running.

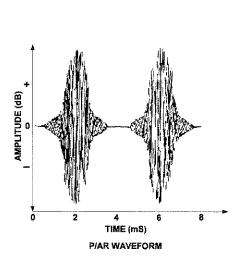
## P/AR (Peak to Average Ratio)

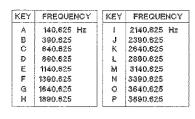
### **Principles**

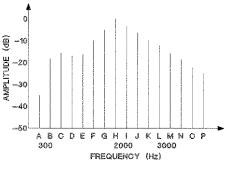
P/AR is a good quick measure of the combined effect of impairments which produce intersymbol interference on a data signal (for example, phase/delay distortion, attenuation distortion, intermodulation distortion and noise).

P/AR cannot determine which impairment is causing the problem - its value is primarily as a benchmark measurement to show up degradations with time in the transmission quality of a line.

A deviation of more than 4 P/AR units from the benchmark value usually indicates that some characteristic of the channel has changed significantly.







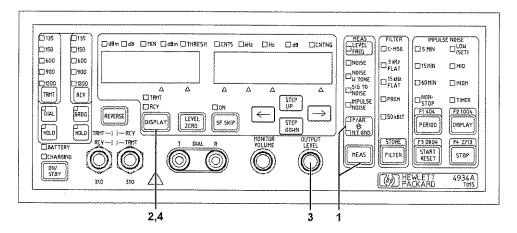
P/AR SPECTRUM

Making Measurements 2-21

### How it is Measured

- 1 The transmitter sends a complex signal which approximates a modem signal (16 frequencies with a known envelope shape).
- 2 From the received signal envelope, the receiver calculates the peak-to- average ratio. This is compared with the known peak-to-average ratio of the transmitted signal. A scaling factor ensures that a P/AR of 100 indicates no signal degradation.

### **Instrument Operation**



Use **MEAS** to select P/AR - there will be a 10 second delay before the HP 4934A starts measuring.

#### **TRANSMITTER**

3 Display the transmitted P/AR signal level (in dBm) in the left window using the **DISPLAY** key (the TRMT indicator will be lit).

Set the transmitted level to the nominal data level using the OUTPUT LEVEL control.

### RECEIVER

4 Display the received signal level in the left window and the P/AR reading in the right window using the **DISPLAY** key (the RCV indicator will be lit).

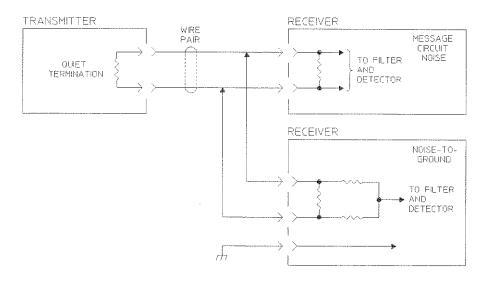
### 2-22 Making Measurements

## Noise to Ground

### **Principles**

This measurement determines the longitudinal (common mode) noise present on a circuit (with reference to ground) and is a measure of the susceptibility of the circuit to electrical coupling from external interference. Often this interference is power-line related and so is best measured using the 3 kHz Flat filter.

Common mode noise can be converted to transverse noise in the circuit by line imbalance.

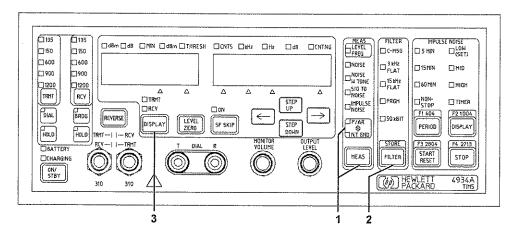


#### How it is Measured

The measurement technique is similar to the message circuit noise measurement but the input configuration is designed to respond to longitudinal signals. The ground used as the signal reference is the sleeve of the test cord, which is also connected to the instrument chassis and the power line ground.

Making Measurements 2-23

### **Instrument Operation**



During this measurement the transmitter is quiet terminated (indicated by a decimal point "." in the left window when the display is in the TRMT mode).

### RECEIVER

- 1 Use the **MEAS** key to select N.T. GND there will be a 10 second delay before the HP 4934A starts measuring.
- 2 Select the required filter using the **FILTER** key.
- 3 Display the received noise level using the **DISPLAY** key (the RCV indicator will be lit). The noise level, in dBrn, is in the left window. If you select the C-Message filter, the result is in dBrnC.

	3
	General Information
	General Information
	Introduction
	This manual contains information which allows the user to operate and cali-
	brate the Hewlett-Packard Model 4934A Transmission Impairment Measuring Set. An HP 4934A and the accessories supplied are shown at the front of
	this manual (opposite the instrument description).
	About this Version
	Applicability
	This version of the 4934A TIMS Operating & Calibration Manual
	applies to HP 4934A standard unit or with options 021 or 022 installed, running software version 1.2. These TIMS units are easily identified by
	the presence of a 9-pin RS-232 serial port on the right side, above the AC connector.
F	Some functions of older 4934As, or units running earlier versions of the software may operate differently; some functions of test sets running
	later software versions may not be covered by this supplement. Be sure
	to refer to any additional user manual supplements or release notes that came with your 4934A TIMS, or call CERJAC Telecom Operation at
	1-800-9-CERJAC or +1-508-266-3300.
	Check the Software Version
	You can check the version number of the operating software in your 4934A by observing the right display during the start up routine. The
	software version is indicated in the format ${\bf r}$ ${\bf x}$ .
	General Information 3-1
	General information 3-1

## **Specification**

Instrument specifications are listed on Page 3-10. These specifications are the performance standards or limits against which the instrument is tested.

## **Safety Information**

The following general safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation, service, and repair of this instrument. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the instrument. Hewlett-Packard Company assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements.

This is a Safety Class I instrument (provided with a protective earthing ground, incorporated in the powercord). The mains plug shall only be inserted in a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact. Any interruption of the protective conductor inside or outside of the instrument is likely to make the instrument dangerous. Intentional interruption is prohibited.

#### General

**DO NOT** operate the product in an explosive atmosphere or in the presence of flammable gasses or fumes.

**DO NOT** use repaired fuses or short-circuited fuseholders: For continued protection against fire, replace the line fuse(s) only with fuse(s) of the same voltage and current rating and type.

**DO NOT** perform procedures involving cover or shield removal unless you are qualified to do so: Operating personnel must not remove equipment covers or shields. Procedures involving the removal of covers and shields are for use by service-trained personnel only.

**DO NOT** service or adjust alone: Under certain conditions, dangerous voltages may exist even with the equipment switched off. To avoid dangerous electrical shock, service personnel must not attempt internal service or adjustment unless another person, capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation, is present.

**DO NOT** operate damaged equipment: Whenever it is possible that the safety protection features built into this product have been impaired, either through

### 3-2 General Information

physical damage, excessive moisture, or any other reason, REMOVE POWER and do not use the product until safe operation can be verified by service-trained personnel. If necessary, return the product to a Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office for service and repair to ensure the safety features are maintained.

**DO NOT** substitute parts or modify equipment: Because of the danger of introducing additional hazards, do not install substitute parts or perform any unauthorized modification to the product. Return the product to a Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office for service and repair to ensure the safety features are maintained.

### **Safety Symbols**

The following symbols on the instrument and in the manual indicate precautions which must be taken to maintain safe operation of the instrument.

Safety Symbols				
The Instruction Documentation Symbol. The product is n with this symbol when it is necessary for the user to refer instructions in the supplied documentation.				
	Indicates the field wiring terminal that must be connected to earth ground before operating the equipment - protects against electrical shock in case of fault.			
H OR L	Frame or chassis ground terminal - typically connects to the equipment's metal frame.			
$\sim$	Alternating current (AC)			
	Direct current (DC)			
A	Indicates hazardous voltages			

General Information 3-3

Safety Symbols				
WARNING	Warning denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, which if not correctly performed or adhered to could result in injury or loss of life. Do not proceed beyond a warning note until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.			
CAUTION	Caution denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, which if not correctly performed or adhered to could result in damage to or destruction of the instrument. Do not proceed beyond a warning note until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.			
CE	The CE mark shows that the product complies with all relevant European legal Directives accompanied by a year, it's when the design was proven).			
ISM 1-A	This is a symbol of an Industrial Scientific and Medical Group 1 Class A product.			
<b>(SP</b>	The CSA mark is a registered trademark of the Canadian Standards Association.			
	Indicates a functional earth terminal.			
	The recycling symbol.			
Ż	The dispose of properly symbol.			

## 3-4 General Information

	Statement of Compliance
	This instrument has been designed and tested in accordance with IEC Publication 1010-1 + A1:1992 +A2:1995 Safety requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use, and has been supplied in a safe
	condition. The instruction documentation contains information and warnings which must be followed by the user to ensure safe operation and to maintain the instrument in a safe condition.
	Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Information
1	This product has been designed to meet the protection requirements of the European
	Communities Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) directive 89/336/EEC. In order to preserve the EMC performance of the product, any cable which becomes worn or damaged must be replaced with the same type and specification.
	damaged must be replaced with the same type and specification.
\$	
And the second s	General Information 3-5

### **Declaration of Conformity**

according to ISO/IEC Guide 22 and EN45014

Manufacturer's Name:

Hewlett Packard Ltd.

Manufacturer's Address:

Telecommunications Networks Test

Division

South Queensferry West Lothian, EH30 9TG Scotland, United Kingdom

Declares that the product

**Product Name:** 

Transmission Impairment Test Set

**Model Numbers:** 

HP 4934A

**Product Options:** 

All

This declaration covers all options of the above products as detailed in TCF A-59519852-02. Conforms with the protection requirements of European Council Directive 89/336/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the member states relating to electromagnetic compatibility. Against EMC test specifications EN 55011:1991 (Group 1, Class A) and EN 50082-1:1992

As Detailed in:

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

Technical Construction File (TCF) No. A-59519852-02

Assessed by:

Dti Appointed Competent Body

EMC Test Centre.

GEC-Marconi Avionics Ltd.,

Maxwell Building,

Donibristle Industrial Park,

KY11 5LB

Scotland, United Kingdom

Technical Report Number:6893/2200/CBR, dated 21 August 1997

#### **Supplementary Information:**

The product conforms to the following safety standards:

EN 61010-1(1993) / IEC 61010-1(1990) + A1(1992) + A2 (1994)

CSA-C22.2 No. 1010.1-92

EN 60825-1(1994) / IEC 825-1 (1993)

The product herewith complies with the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC, and carries the CE-marking accordingly.

South Queensferry, Scotland

31 July 1998

WRReam

Location

Date

W.R. Pearson / Quality Manager

Europe Contact:

Your Local Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office or Hewlett Packard GmbH, Department 2Q / Standards Europe

Herrenberger Strasse 130, D7030 Boblinger (Fax: +49-7031-143143)

#### 3-6 General Information

	Tooloon A. Corronal by Manual
	<b>Instruments Covered by Manual</b>
	Attached to the instrument is a serial number plate. This serial number is in the form XXXXUXXXXX. It is in two parts; the first four digits and the let-
	ter are the serial prefix and the last five are the suffix. The prefix is the same
	for all identical instruments, it changes only when a change is made to the instrument. The suffix however, is assigned sequentially and is different for
	each instrument. The contents of this manual apply to instruments with the
	serial number prefix(es) listed under SERIAL NUMBERS on the title page.
[]	An instrument manufactured after the printing of this manual may have a number prefix that is not listed on the title page. The unlisted serial number
	prefix indicates the instrument is different from those described in this man- ual. The manual for this new instrument is accompanied by a Manual
	Changes supplement. This supplement contains "change information" that
	explains how to adapt the manual to the new instrument.
	In addition to change information, the supplement may contain information for correcting errors in the manual. To keep this manual as current and accu-
	rate as possible, Hewlett-Packard recommends that you periodically request the latest Manual Changes supplement. The supplement for this manual is
	identified with the manual print date and part number, both of which appear
	on the manual title page. Complementary copies of the supplement are available from Hewlett-Packard. For information concerning a serial number pre-
	fix that is not listed on the manual title page or in the Manual Changes supplement, contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard office.
	supplement, contact your nearest Hewlett-Fackard office.
Fig. 1	
	General Information 3-7

# **Options Available**

The following options are available and may have been ordered with the HP 4934A:

Option 001	Rechargeable Ni-Cd battery and charger.
Option 010	Delete Test Cords (two HP 15513A 1m WECO 310-to-WECO 310 cables).
Option 021	Extends frequency range to 200 kHz.
Option 910	Provides an additional copy of the Operating and Calibration Manual an two copies of the Service Manual.
Option 915	Used for ordering a copy of the Service Manual to enable a service trained person to troubleshoot and repair the instrument.
Option W30	3-year Extended Support. W30 is an extended hardware support agreement. It provides 2-year extended hardware support beyond the standard 1-year return to bench warranty.
Option 1A3	For Bell Operating Companies: Provides Bellcore Common Language Equipment Identification (CLEI) compliance (Product and Shipping carton labeling).

	Accessorie	s Supplied	
····	The accessorie	es supplied with the HP 4934A are:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Accessorie	s Supplied	Part Number
	Power Core	d	HP 8120-1378
	Operating a	and Calibration Manual	HP 04934-90054
	Test Cords	- Two 1m WECO 310-to-WECO 310 cables	HP 15513A
	Instruction	Label	HP04934-90002
	The Instruction	a Label is primarily intended to be fixed to	the inside of the
	front cover. Ho	owever, it is supplied loose so that you can. The location should be a flat clean dry su	fix it to a location
		the protective backing, then carefully position	
			water
····	Accessories	s Available	
	The following HP 4934A:	accessories are available and may have been	en ordered with the
	HP 18182A	1.5m (60-inch) test cord with a 310 male calligator clips.	connector and
	HP 15678A	19-inch rack mount kit.	
	HP 15677A	Ladder bracket.	
	HP E6321A	Soft vinyl carrying case with handles and s space for manuals and test cords.	shoulder strap and
		•	
[]			
	<del></del>		
		Gener	al Information 3-9

## **Specifications**

This section details the specifications of the 4934A TIMS. Except where otherwise stated, the following parameters are warranted performance specifications. Parameters described as "typical" or "nominal" are supplemental characteristics that provide a useful indication of typical, but non-warranted, performance. Test methods meet IEEE standards 743-1984.

## **Transmitter Frequency**

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	•
20 to 99999 Hz	1 Hz	±50 ppm	
100 to 110 kHz†	10 Hz	±120 ppm	

<sup>†</sup> Wideband option expands range to 200 kHz.

### **Additional Transmitter Functions**

SF Skip: Transmitter skips 2600±150 Hz.

Four Preset Frequencies: Normally 404, 1004, 2804, and 2713 Hz.

User can temporarily change these and the SF Skip center frequency.

## **Receiver Frequency**

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	
20 to 9999 Hz	1 Hz	±1 Hz	
10 to 110 kHz †	10 Hz	±10 Hz	<del></del>

<sup>†</sup> Wideband option expands range to 200 kHz.

### **Transmitter Level**

Range: -40 to +13 dBm.

Resolution: 0.1 dB.

Accuracy at 1004 Hz, 0 to -19 dBm: Typically 0.1 dB.

Flatness (dB relative to 1004 Hz):

	Frequency (Hz)					
Level (dBm)	20–200	200–15k	15k-60k	60k-85k	85k-110k †	
+10 to +13	+1-2.5	±0.3	±0.5	±0.7	±2.0	
-40 to +10	±1.5	<u>+</u> 0.3	±0.5	±0.6	±2.0	

<sup>†</sup> Wideband option expands range to 200 kHz.

### Distortion (dB down from fundamental, typical):

Level (dBm)	Frequency (Hz)		
	30–100	100–4k	4k-110k†
+10 to +13	20	45	45
0 to +10	20	50	45
-30 to 0	40	45	40
-40 to -30	40	43	33

<sup>†</sup> Wideband option expands range to 200 kHz.

At 1004 Hz, 0 dBm: THD typically >65 dB down from fundamental.

General Information 3-11

### **Receiver Level**

Range: -60 to +13 dBm.

Resolution: 0.1 dB.

Detector Type: Average.

Accuracy (dB):

	Frequency (Hz)						
Level (dBm)	20–50	50-200	200–15k	15k-60k	60k–85k	85k-110k *	110k–200k †
+13 to -40	±1.0	±0.5	±0.2	±0.5	±0.5	±2.0	±2.0
-40 to -60	±1.3	±0.6	±0.4	±0.8	±1.0	±2.0	±2.0

At 1004 Hz, -20 to +13 dBm  $\pm$  0.1 dB: Receiver accuracy is specified from 500 Hz when using the 135 or 150 ohm terminations.

## **Message Circuit Noise (Receiver)**

· Transmitter: off and terminated

Range: 0 to 100 dbrn (135 & 150 ohm: 10 to 100 dBrn).

Resolution: 1 dB.

Detector Type: Quasi-RMS.

**Accuracy:** For 135 and 150 ohms:  $\pm 3$  dB from 10 to 15 dBrn;  $\pm 1$  dB from 15 to 100 dBrn. For 600, 900, 1200 ohms:  $\pm 1$  dB from 10 to 100 dBrn;  $\pm 3$  dB from 0 to 10 dBrn.

Filters: C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program, 50 kbit.

#### 3-12 General Information

<sup>\*</sup> Receiver accuracy specified when Transmitter frequency is <110 kHz.

<sup>†</sup> Frequency range 110k - 200k applicable when Wideband option 021 is installed.

	Noise-with-Tone (Receiver)
	Transmitter: 1004 Hz tone.
	Notch Filter: >50 dB rejection from 995 to 1025 Hz.
	Range (at 600, 900 and 1200 ohm): 10 to 100 dBrn.
	Resolution: 1 dB.
{	
	Accuracy: ±1.5 dB from 20 to 100 dBrn, ±3 dB from 10 to 20 dBrn.
	Detector Types: (noise) Quasi-RMS; (tone) Average.
	Filters: C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program, 50 kbit.
	Signal-To-Noise Ratio (Receiver)
	• Transmitter: 1004 Hz tone.
	Signal Level Range (600, 900 and 1200 ohm): -40 to +10 dBm.
	Ratio Range: 10 to 45 dB.
	Ratio Resolution: 1 dB.
	Accuracy (signal -30 to +10 dBm): S/N 10 to 40 dB: $\pm 1$ dB; S/N 40 to 45 dB: $\pm 2$ dB.
	Detector Types: (noise) Quasi-RMS; (tone) Average.
	3-Level Impulse Noise (Receiver)
	• Transmitter: C-Message or 3 kHz Flat receive filter selected: 1004 Hz tone. Any other receive filter: off and terminated.
\$ 1.1	Level Range: -40 to +10 dBm.
	Notch Filter: >50 dB rejection of levels < -5 dBm. >40 dB rejection of levels > -5 dBm. Frequency range 995 to 1025 Hz.
	Threshold Ranges (at 600 ohm): Low 30 to 109 dBrn, Mid and High 4 and 8 dB
	higher respectively, up to 109 dBrn.
	Threshold Accuracy: 40 dBrn ±3 dB, >50 dBrn ±1 dB.
	General Information 3-13
	denotal information 5-10

Loss of Holding Tone: "-" sign in right display; latching.

Count Timer: Nominally 5, 15, 60 minutes, or nonstop.

Count Range: 0 to 9999.

Max Count Rate: Nominally 8 per second.

### **Noise-to-Ground (Receiver)**

• Transmitter: off and terminated.

Range (600, 900 and 1200 ohm): 50 to 130 dBrn.

Resolution: 1 dB.

**Accuracy:**  $\pm 1.5 \text{ dB } (60-130 \text{ dBrn}); \pm 2.5 \text{ dB } (50-60 \text{ dBrn}).$ 

Filters and Detector: See message circuit noise.

### P/AR

Transmitter

Signal: 16 frequencies in range 140 to 3890 Hz.

Level range: -40 to 0 dBm.

Resolution: 1 dB.

Receiver

P/AR Range: 0 to 120 units.

Resolution: 1 unit.

Accuracy (30 to 110 units):  $\pm 2$  units.

**Level Range:** -40 to +3 dBm RMS (135 and 150 ohm: -30 to +3 dBm RMS).

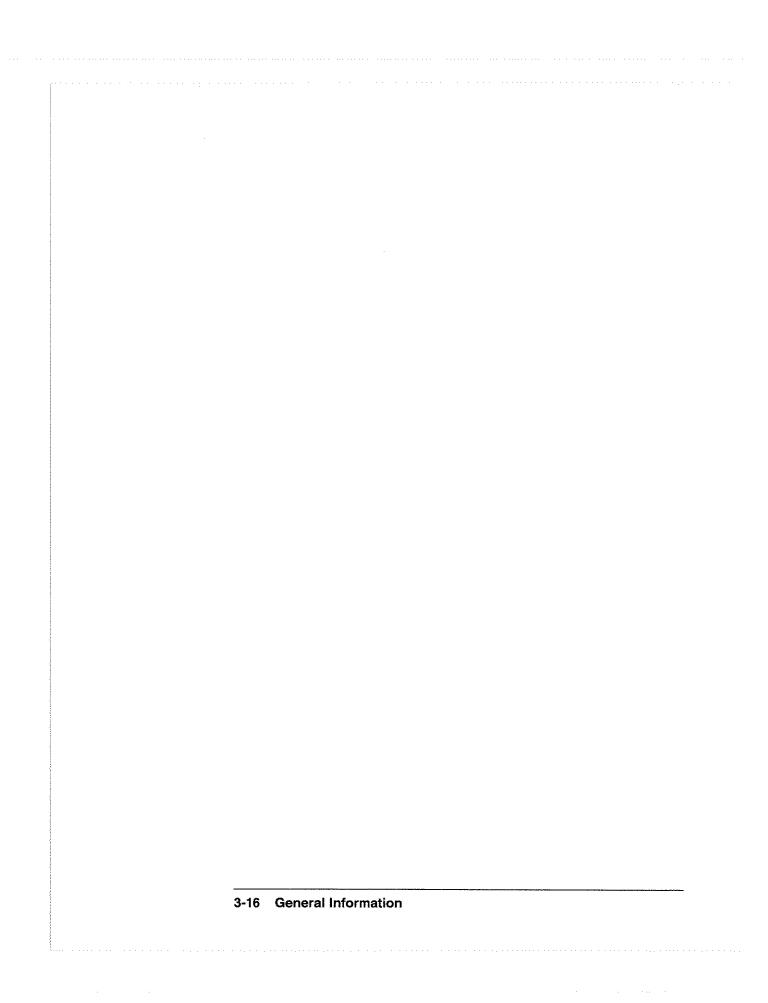
Resolution: 1 dB.

General

Maximum DC Blocking: 200 V nominal.

#### 3-14 General Information

 <b>Impedances:</b> Nominally 135,150,600, 900 and 1200 ohm. Transmit and receive impedances are independently selectable.
<b>Receiver Return Loss:</b> (600, 900 and 1200 ohm; 50 Hz to 4kHz) Typically >30 dB.
 Bridging Loss (up to 20 kHz): Typically <0.2 dB.
<b>Longitudinal Balance:</b> (typical) >80 dB at 60 Hz, >70 dB at 540 Hz, >60 dB up to 4 kHz, decreasing at 6 dB per octave up to 20 kHz.
Hold Circuits: Two, each drawing 23 mA nominal.
AC Power Requirement: Selectable between 90 to 126Vac RMS, 48 to 66 Hz and 198 to 264 Vac RMS, 48 to 66 Hz. 20 VA maximum.
<b>Battery Supply (option 001):</b> Nominally 6 hours (4 hours minimum) operation at 25 °C. Complete recharge typically in 14 hours with unit in standby mode.
<b>RS-232 port:</b> DB-9S connector; DTE; baud rates 300, 1200, 2400, 9600, 19200, 38400. 8-bits; no parity; 1 stop bit; hardware flow control.
<b>Temperature range (without batteries):</b> Operating: 0 to $+50$ °C. Storage: $-40$ to $+75$ °C.
<b>Temperature Range (with batteries):</b> Operating: 0 to +40 °C; Storage: -20 to +55 °C.
<b>Size (W H D; including handle):</b> 28.0 10.5 35.5 cm (11.0 4.1 14.0 inches)
Weight (without batteries): 3.7 kg (8.2 lb).
 Weight (with batteries): 5.0 kg (11.0 lb).
General Information 3-15



		4
		Installation
		Introduction
		This section provides installation instructions for the Hewlett-Packard Model 4934A Transmission Impairment Measuring Set and its accessories. This section also includes information about initial inspection, preparation
		for use, packaging, storage and shipment.
The state of the s		
The second secon		Initial Inspection
The state of the s	WARNING	To avoid hazardous electrical shock, do not perform electrical tests when there are signs of shipping damage to any portion of the outer enclosure (covers, panels, meters and so on).
		Inspect the shipping container for damage. If the shipping container or cushioning material is damaged, it should be kept until the contents of the shipment have been checked for completeness and the instrument has been
		checked mechanically and electrically. Procedures for checking electrical
		performance are given in Chapter 5 of this manual. If the contents are incomplete, if there is mechanical damage or defect or if the HP 4934A does
		not pass the Performance Tests, notify the nearest Hewlett-Packard office. If the shipping container is damaged or the cushioning material shows signs of
		stress, notify the carrier as well as the Hewlett-Packard office. Keep the shipping materials for the carrier's inspection. The HP office will arrange for
The state of the s		repair or replacement at HP option without waiting for claim settlement.
200 mm mm m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m		
- The state of the		
1		
		Installation 4-1
1		

WARNING	If this instrument is not used as specified, the protection provided by the equipment could be impaired. This instrument must be used in a normal condition only (in which all means for protection are intact).		
	Preparation for Use		
WARNING	To avoid the possibility of injury or death, the following precautions must be followed before the instrument is switched on.		
	A. Note that the protection provided by grounding the instrument cabinet may be lost if any power cable other than the three-pronged type supplied is used to couple the AC line voltage to the instrument.		
	B. If this instrument is to be energized via an auto-transformer to reduce or increase the line voltage, make sure that the common terminal is connected to the neutral pole of the power source.		
. 60%	C. The power cable plug shall only be inserted into a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact. The protective action must not be negated by the use of an extension cord without a protective conductor (grounding).		
	Power Requirements		
	The instrument requires a power source of 90 to 126 V AC, 48 to 66 Hz single phase. If necessary, the 4934A can be changed to 198-264 V AC, 48 to 66 Hz using an internal switch. Check instructions before doing so and ensure the correct fuse is used. The power consumption is less than 20 VA.		
	Line Fuse		
	The line fuse is located on the side panel.		
WARNING	For continued protection against fire hazard, replace the line fuse only with the same type and line rating (F 125mA, 250V for 230V operation or F 250mA, 250V for 15V operation). The use of other fuses or materials is prohibited.		
	4-2 Installation		

	Daniel Call
	Power Cable  This instrument is equipped with a three-wire power cable. When connecte
	to a properly grounded power outlet, this cable grounds the instrument cas
	Battery (Option 001 or Retrofit)
Pottowy	
Battery •	
$\angle$ !\	
CAUTION	CONTAINS NICKEL CADMIUM BATTERY MUST BE RECYCLED OR
	DISPOSED OF PROPERLY.
	Consult your local HP office for details.
	Only replace with batteries of the same type and rating. Rechargeable nickel-cadmium, 6 cell 4Ah batteries.
WARNING	Do not short circuit the battery terminals, it may cause serious personal injur The battery should only be changed by service trained personnel.
	Do not incinerate or otherwise mutilate the battery. It might burst or release
	toxic materials causing personal injury.
***************************************	For operator protection during battery operation, connect the chassis termin on the side panel to earth ground.
	The instrument will run with a fully charged battery for nominally 6 hours
	25 degrees centigrade. Full charge is ensured by charging for 14 hours at 2 degrees centigrade. The battery is not Operator replaceable, refer to to ser-
	vice-trained personnel or return to the nearest HP Service Centre.
	Installation 4

## **Mating Connectors (Front Panel)**

The TRMT and RCV front panel jacks are 310-type connectors. The mating plug for the jacks is part number HP 1251-0695.

## **Operating Environment**

This instrument is designed for indoor use only.

**Temperature** The instrument may be operated in temperatures from 0 degrees

centigrade to +50 degrees centigrade. The temperature for battery operation is 0 degrees centigrade to +50 degrees

centigrade.

**Humidity** The instrument may be operated in environments with humidity

up to 95% at 40 degrees centigrade. However, the instrument should also be protected from temperature extremes which may

cause condensation within the instrument.

Altitude The instrument may be operated at altitudes up to 4,600m

(15,000 ft.).

Air Flow To provide adequate cooling, an air gap of approximately

3 inches should be maintained around the instrument.

## Cleaning

To clean the module/instrument: Use a soft, clean damp cloth to clean the front-panel and clam shell covers.

#### CAUTION

This instrument is designed for use in Installation Category II and Pollution Degree 2 per IEC 61010 and 60644 respectively.

#### 4-4 Installation

**************************************		packaging are available through Hewlett-Packard offices. If the
	Original Packaging	Containers and material identical to those used in the factory
		service, please complete one of the blue repair tags located at the front of the service manual (if you have one) or give details on a label then attach the tag or label to the instrument.
	Packaging Tagging for Service	If the instrument is being returned to Hewlett-Packard for
		should also be protected from temperature extremes which densation within the instrument.
	Altitude	15,300m (50,000 ft.)
	Humidity	90%
	Temperature	-40 degrees centigrade to +75 degrees centigrade without a battery and -20 degrees centigrade to +55 degrees centigrade with a battery.
	ing limits:	may be stored or shipped in environments within the follow-
	Environment	
	Storage and	d Shipment
The state of the s		
		Fan 15 (Per 100 1775)
		pt. 19 (per ISO 7779)
	-	(operator position)
	aprix roup	
	LpA<70dB	
	Noise Decla	aration

instrument is being returned to Hewlett-Packard for servicing, attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, model number and full serial number. Also mark the container "FRAGILE" to ensure careful handling.

### Other Packaging

The following general instructions should be used for repacking with commercially available materials:

- a Wrap instrument in heavy paper or plastic. (If shipping to Hewlett-Packard office or service center, attach a tag indicating type of service required, return address, model number and full serial number.)
- **b** Use strong shipping container. A double-walled carton of 35-pound test material is adequate.
- c Use a layer of shock absorbing material 70 to 100 mm (3 to 4 inch) thick around all sides of the instrument to provide firm cushioning and prevent movement inside the container. Protect the control panel with the front cover provided or with cardboard.
- d Seal shipping container securely.
- e Mark the shipping container clearly.
- f In any correspondence, refer to instrument by model number and full serial number.

		5
	Dorform	ance Tests
	i Ciloiiii	ance resis
	Introduction	
		rains procedures which tests the HP 4934A electrical perpecifications in Chapter 3.
	There are two lev	els of performance testing contained in this chapter:
I I	Operational Verification	Provides >90% confidence that the instrument is operating to its full warranted specification.
	Full Performance Test	Ensures that the instrument is operating to its full warranted specification.
		rformance Test may be recorded on the Test Record at the
	end of Chapter 5, tional Verification	or on the Abbreviated Test Record at the end of the Operan procedures.
	Calibration (	<del></del> Cvcle
<u></u> ]		on the Test Record at incoming inspection can be used for
		arly maintenance and calibration or after repairs or adjust-
and the second s	money.	
[]		
energy (		
		Performance Tests 5-1
		renormance lests 5-1

# **Recommended Test Equipment**

The test equipment required is listed in the following table. Equipment which meets or exceeds the critical specifications may be substituted for the recommended model.

### **Recommended Test Equipment**

Instrument	Critical Specification	Recommended Model
AC Calibrator	Frequency range 20 Hz to 110 kHz. Voltage range1.5 mV to 80 V.	DATRON 4707A
Synthesizer	Balanced 600Ω output	HP 3336B
DMM	6 1/2 digit resolution	HP 3456A
DC Power Supply	Dual output, range 0 to 48 V	HP 6234A
Frequency Counter	Range 20 Hz to 10 MHz, .001 Hz resolution at 20 Hz.	HP5315A
Decade Transformer	Attenuation 0 to 85 dB.	Model DT72A DEKATRAN
600Ω Resistor	0.01% 0.25W	HP 0811 - 3502
100Ω Resistor	1% 0.25W	HP 0757 - 0178
20 dB Amplifier and 4 kHz low pass filter	Details of the specification and construction are in Appendix A which is at the rear of this manual.	SA1
Power Adder	Details of the specification and construction are in Appendix B which is at the rear of this manual.	SA2
WECO 310 type connector		HP 1252 - 0695

### 5-2 Performance Tests

## **Operational Verification**

The Operational Verification tests quickly establish with >90% confidence that the HP 4934A meets the specifications listed in Chapter 3. If any test fails to meet specification, refer to the Adjustments in Chapter 5 of the Service Manual. If after adjustment the specification still cannot be met, refer to the troubleshooting in Chapter 8 of the Service Manual.

The following table lists all the Operational Verification Tests.

Operational Verification	What to Do	
Transmitter Frequency	Carry out the Performance Test on Page 5-19 at the following frequencies: 20 Hz, 1000 Hz, 50 kHz and 110 kHz.	
Transmitter Level	Carry out the Performance Test on Page 5-20.	
Receiver Frequency	Carry out the procedure on Page 5-4.	
Receiver Level	Carry out the procedure on Page 5-5.	
Weighting Filters	Carry out the procedure on Page 5-6.	
Message Circuit Noise	Carry out the Performance Test on Page 5-34.	
Impulse Noise	Carry out steps 1 to 17 in the Performance Test on Page 5-39.	
Impulse Noise Count	Carry out the procedure on Page 5-9.	
Peak to Average Ratio (P/AR)	Carry out the Performance Test on Page 5-43.	
Loss of Holding Tone	Carry out the procedure on Page 5-10.	
Hold Circuits	Carry out the procedure on Page 5-11.	
Dynamic Hold Circuits	Carry out the Performance Test on Page 5-13.	

Performance Tests 5-3

## **Receiver Frequency**

1 Connect the HP 4934A TRMT port to the RCV port.

2 Set the HP 4934A as follows:

Measurement : LEVEL FREQ

Transmitter (TRMT) Impedance  $:600\Omega$ Receiver (RCV) Impedance :  $600\Omega$ Display Mode

Transmitter Level/Frequency : 0 dBm/20 Hz

: TRMT

3 Set the Display Mode to RCV. Check the displayed frequency is between 19 and 21 Hz.

4 Set the transmitter frequency (Display Mode - TRMT) to each of the values in the following table and check that the displayed receiver frequency (Display Mode -RCV) is within limits.

Transmitter Frequency	Receiver Frequency	
1,000 Hz	998 to 1002 Hz	
50,000 Hz	49.99 to 50.01 kHz	
110,000 Hz	109.99 to 110.01 kHz	

[]			
	-		
[]	R	Receiver Level	•
1) (******)	1	Connect the HP 4934A TRMT port to the RC	CV port.
l	2	Set the HP 4934A as follows:	
		Measurement	: LEVEL FREQ
		Transmitter (TRMT) Impedance	$:600\Omega$
r****	•	Receiver (RCV) Impedance	: 600Ω
ll		Display Mode	: TRMT
[]		Transmitter Level/Frequency	: 0 dBm/1004 Hz
	3	Set the Display Mode to RCV. Check the display MBm.	layed level is between $-0.2$ and $+0.2$
	4	Set the transmitter level to -19 dBm (Display	y Mode - TRMT).
	5	Check that the received level (Display Mode and –18.8 dBm.	- RCV) reading is between -19.2
1			
L)		v	
( )			Performance Tests 5-5

## **Weighting Filters**

### **EQUIPMENT**

AC Calibrator: DATRON 4707A

### CAUTION

Ensure that the AC Calibrator OUTPUT is switched off or set to the minimum level before proceeding with the following procedure.

1 Connect the AC Calibrator output to the HP 4934A RCV port.

C-Message Filter

2 Set the HP 4934A as follows:

3 Set the AC Calibrator output level to 0.7746 V then switch on the OUTPUT.

#### NOTE

Do not adjust the AC Calibrator output level during the remainder of this test.

**4** Set the AC Calibrator to each of the frequencies listed in the following table and check the HP 4934A noise readings.

AC Calibrator Frequency	HP 4934A Noise Reading
300 Hz	71 to 77 dBm
600 Hz	83 to 87 dBrn
1,000 Hz	89 to 91 dBrn
2,500 Hz	87 to 91 dBrn
5,000 Hz	57 to 65 dBrn

#### 5-6 Performance Tests

#### 3 kHz Flat Filter

- 5 Select the 3 kHz FLAT filter.
- **6** Set the AC Calibrator to each of the frequencies in the following table and check the HP 4934A noise readings.

AC Calibrator Frequency	HP 4934A Noise Reading
400 Hz	88 to 92 dBrn
1,000 Hz	89 to 91 dBrn
3,000 Hz	84 to 90 dBrn
6,000 Hz	74 to 82 dBrn

### 15 kHz Flat Filter

- 7 Select the 15 kHz FLAT filter.
- 8 Set the AC Calibrator to each of the frequencies in the following table and check the HP 4934A noise readings

AC Calibrator Frequency	HP 4934A Noise Reading
400 Hz	88 to 92 dBrn
. 1,000 Hz	89 to 91 dBrn
15,000 Hz	84 to 90 dBrn
30,000 Hz	74 to 82 dBrn

### Program Filter

- 9 Select the PRGM filter.
- **10** Set the AC Calibrator to each of the frequencies in the following table and check the HP 4934A noise readings.

AC Calibrator Frequency	HP 4934A Noise Reading
100 Hz	61 to 67 dBrn
500 Hz	81 to 85 dBrn
1,000 Hz	88 to 92 dBrn
2,000 Hz	92 to 98 dBrn
7,000 Hz	92 to 100 dBrn
10,000 Hz	76 to 86 dBrn

Performance Tests

50 kBit Filter

- 11 Select the 50 kBit filter.
- **12** Set the AC Calibrator to each of the frequencies in the following table and check the HP 4934A noise readings.

AC Calibrator Frequency	HP 4934A Noise Reading
50 Hz	85 to 90 dBm
1,000 Hz	89 to 91 dBm
15,000 Hz	87 to 91 dBm
25,000 Hz	86 to 90 dBrn
50,000 Hz	< 69 dBrn

	I	mpulse Noise Count	
CAUTION		nsure that the AC Calibrator OUTPUT is swite efore proceeding with the following procedure	•
	1	Connect the AC Calibrator output to the HP	4934A RCV port.
	2	Set the HP 4934A as follows:	
		Measurement	: IMPULSE NOISE
		Transmitter (TRMT) Impedance	: 600Ω
		Receiver (RCV) Impedance	: $600\Omega$
		Display Mode	: RCV
		Filter	: 15 kHz FLAT
		Period	: NON-STOP
		Impulse Noise Display	: LOW (SET)
	3	Set the AC Calibrator output level to 0.7746 OUTPUT.	5 V at 2,000 Hz then switch on the
	4	Set the LOW (SET) threshold to 75 dBrn.	
	5	Press START RESET to start the measurem	ent.
	6	Wait 60 seconds then press STOP.	
	7	Check the reading on the HP 4934A display	$y$ is $480 \pm 48$ counts.
	8	Select the MID threshold. Check the reading	g on the display is $480 \pm 48$ counts.
	9	Select the HIGH threshold. Check the reading	ng on the display is $480 \pm 48$ counts
		•	
	_	<del></del>	Performance Tests 5-

# **Loss of Holding Tone**

1 Connect the HP 4934A TRMT port to the RCV port.

2 Set the HP 4934A as follows:

Measurement : NOISE W TONE

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Filter & : C-MSG \\ Transmitter (TRMT) Impedance & : 600\Omega \\ Receiver (RCV) Impedance & : 600\Omega \\ Display Mode & : TRMT \\ \end{tabular}$ 

Transmitter Level : 0 dBm

3 Set the Display Mode to RCV and remove the cable from the RCV port.

4 Err 7 should be displayed in the right window.

## **Hold Circuit**

#### WARNING

Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service trained personnel, aware of the hazards involved, should perform the test.

: HP 1252-0695

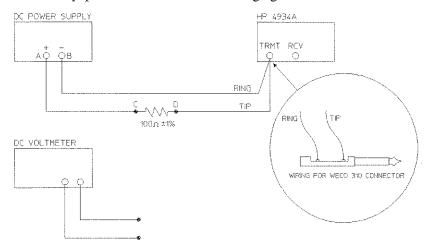
## **EQUIPMENT**

DC Voltmeter : HP 3456A DC Power Supply : HP 6234A  $100\Omega$  1% Resistor : HP 0757-0178

# PROCEDURE

WECO 310 Connector

1 Connect the equipment as shown in the following figure.



#### 2 Set the HP 4934A as follows:

Measurement : LEVEL FREQ

Transmitter (TRMT) Impedance :  $600\Omega$ Receiver (RCV) Impedance :  $600\Omega$ 

Transmit Hold Select : TRMT HOLD

Receive Hold Select : RCV HOLD

Performance Tests 5-11

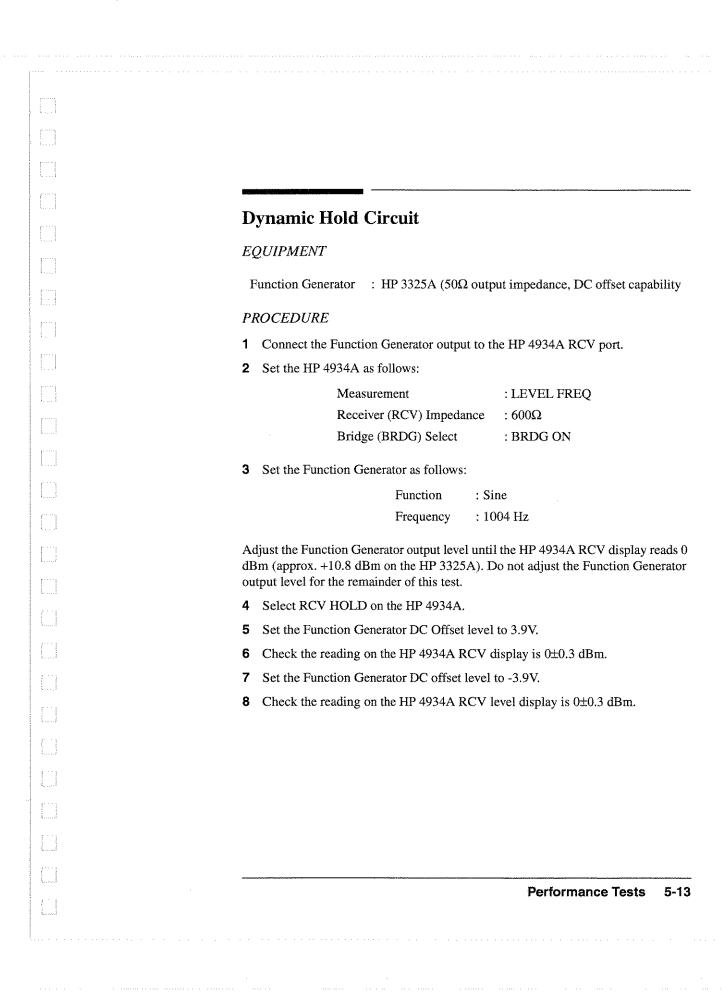
#### Transmitter Hold Circuit

- 3 Connect the DC Voltmeter across points A and B shown in the previous figure.
- **4** Adjust the DC Power Supply output level until a 48 V reading is obtained on the DC Voltmeter.
- 5 Connect the DC Voltmeter across points C and D shown in the previous figure and note the reading.
- Calculate the hold current as follows:
   Hold Current = (Voltage noted in step 5)+100
   The specification of the hold current is nominally 26 mA.
- **7** Switch off the DC Power Supply.
- 8 Reverse the polarity of the connections to the DC Power Supply.
- **9** Switch on the DC Power Supply.
- **10** Repeat steps 5 to 7.

#### Receiver Hold Circuit

- 11 Press REVERSE.
- **12** Repeat steps 5 to 10.

5-12 Performance Tests



Hewlett-PackardTested by:Model 4934ADate:Transmission Impairment Measuring SetSerial No.:

# Table 1 Operation Verification Test Record

Page No.	1	Test Description		Result	
			Min	Actual	Max
	Transmit	ter Frequency Accuracy			***************************************
5-19	Step 3:	20 Hz	19.999 Hz		20.001 Hz
	Step 4:	1000 Hz	999.95 Hz		1000.05 Hz
	**************************************	50,000 Hz	49,997.5 Hz		50,002.5 Hz
	***************************************	110,000 Hz	109,986.8 Hz		110,013.2 Hz
	Transmit	ter Level Accuracy			
5-21	Step 4:	0 dBm	0.7657 V		0.7836 V
	Step 5:	-5 dBm	0.4306 V		0.4406 V
		-10 dBm	0.2421 V		0.2478 V
		-19 dBm	0.0859 V		0.0879 V
	Receiver	Frequency			And the second s
5-4	Step 3:	20 Hz	19 Hz		21 Hz
	Step 4:	1000 Hz	998 Hz		1002 Hz
		50,000 Hz	49.99 kHz		50.01 kHz
		110,000 Hz	109.99 kHz		110.01 kHz
	Receiver	Level			<b>5</b>
5-5	Step 3:	0 dBm	-0.2 dBm		0.2 dBm
	Step 5:	-19 dBm	-19.2 dBm		-18.8 dBm

5-14 Performance Tests

Table 1

# **Operation Verification Test Record**

Page No.	Т	est Description		Result	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Min	Actual	Max
	Weighting	Filters			
		C-Message Filter			
5-6	Step 4:	300 Hz	71 dBrn		77 dBm
		600 Hz	83 dBrn		87 dBrn
		1000 Hz	89 dBrn		91 dBrn
		2500 Hz	87 dBrn		91 dBrn
		5000 Hz	57 dBrn		65 dBrn
		3 kHz Flat Filter			
5-7	Step 6:	400 Hz	88 dBrn	and the same of th	92 dBrn
		1000 Hz	89 dBrn		91 dBrn
		3000 Hz	84 dBrn		90 dBrn
		6000 Hz	74 dBm		82 dBrn
		15 kHz Flat Filter			
5-7	Step 8:	400 Hz	88 dBrn		92 dBrn
		1000 Hz	89 dBm		91 dBrn
		15,000 Hz	84 dBrn		90 dBrn
		30,000 Hz	74 dBrn		82 dBrn
		Program Filter			
5-7	Step 10:	100 Hz	61 dBrn		67 dBm
		500 Hz	81 dBrn		85 dBrn
		1000 Hz	88 dBrn		92 dBm
		2000 Hz	92 dBrn		98 dBrn
		7000 Hz	92 dBrn		100 dBrn
		10000 Hz	76 dBrn		86 dBrn

Performance Tests 5-15

Table 1

# **Operation Verification Test Record**

Page No.	1	est Description		Result	
			Min	Actual	Мах
		50 kBit Filter	***************************************		
5-8	Step 12:	50 Hz	85 dBrn		90 dBrn
	***************************************	1000 Hz	89 dBrn		91 dBrn
	***************************************	15000 Hz	87 dBrn		91 dBrn
	-	25000 Hz	86 dBrn		90 dBrn
	Addinated to the state of the s	50000 Hz			69 dBrn
	Impulse N	loise			**************************************
5-9	Step 7:	Low Count	432		528
	Step 8:	Mid Count	432		528
	Step 9:	High Count	432		528
	Noise to 0	Ground Accuracy			
5-42	Step 4:	65.17 V	127 dBrn		130 dBrn
	Step 5:	8.2049 V	109 dBrn		112 dBm
		0.8205 V	89 dBrn		92 dBrn
		82.049 mV	69 dBrn		72 dBrn
		9.2061 mV	50 dBrn		53 dBm
	Peak to A	verage Ratio			
5-43	Step 3:	-23 dBm	98		102
	Step 4:	-20 dBm	98		102
		-40 dBm	98		102
	Loss of H	olding Tone			
5-10	Step 4:	Err 7 displayed			

5-16 Performance Tests

Table 1	Operation Verification Test F	Record		
Page No.	Test Description		Result	
5-12	Hold Current Step 6: Current nominally	Min	Actual	Mas
	26 mA			
•				
		-		
			Performance	

## **Performance Tests**

The following procedures check the electrical performance of the HP 4934A to the specifications listed in Chapter 3.

If any of the following tests fail, carry out the adjustments described in Chapter 5 of the Service Manual. If this fails to correct the problem, refer to the troubleshooting section in Chapter 8 of the Service Manual or return the instrument to the nearest HP Service Office.

5-18 Performance Tests

# **Transmitter Frequency Accuracy SPECIFICATION** Frequency Range : 20 Hz to 110 kHz : 20 Hz to 99.999 kHz±0.005% Frequency Accuracy : 100 kHz to 110 kHz±0.012% **DESCRIPTION** A Frequency Counter is used to check the accuracy and range of the HP 4934A transmitter. **EQUIPMENT** Frequency Counter : HP 5315A **PROCEDURE** 1 Set the HP 4934A as follows: Measurement : LEVEL FREQ Transmitter (TRMT) Impedance : $600\Omega$ : TRMT Display Mode Transmitter Output Level/Frequency : 0 dBm/20 Hz 2 Connect the HP 4934A TRMT port to the Frequency Counter input. Check the reading on the Frequency Counter is between 19.999 and 20.001 Hz. Set the HP 4934A transmitter frequency to each of the values in the following table and check the Frequency Counter reading. **Transmitter Frequency** Frequency Counter Reading 1000 Hz 999.95 to 1000.05 Hz 10,000 Hz 9,999.5 to 10000.5 Hz 50,000 Hz 49,997.5 to 50002.5 Hz 99,999 Hz 99,994 to 100,004 Hz 110,000 Hz 109,986.8 to 110,013.2 Hz

# **Transmitter Level Range**

#### **SPECIFICATION**

Level Range: -40 dBm to +13 dBm

#### **DESCRIPTION**

An AC Voltmeter and a  $600\Omega$  resistor are used to check the level range of the HP 4934A transmitter.

#### **EQUIPMENT**

AC Voltmeter

: HP 3456A

 $600\Omega \pm 0.01\%$  Resistor : HP 0811-3502

#### **PROCEDURE**

1 Connect the  $600\Omega$  resistor across the AC Voltmeter input.

2 Connect the HP 4934A TRMT port to the AC Voltmeter input.

**3** Set the HP 4934A as follows:

Measurement

: LEVEL FREQ

Transmitter (TRMT) Impedance :  $600\Omega$ 

Display Mode

: TRMT

Transmitter Frequency

: 1004 Hz

- 4 Set the HP 4934A transmitter output level to a maximum by turning the OUTPUT LEVEL control fully clockwise. The reading on the AC Voltmeter should be greater than 3.42 V.
- 5 Set the HP 4934A transmitter output level to a minimum by turning the OUTPUT LEVEL control fully counter-clockwise. The reading on the AC Voltmeter should be less than 0.00775 V.

5-20 Performance Tests

<u></u>	
t	
<u></u>	Transmitter Level Accuracy
<b>\  </b>	SPECIFICATION
	Level Accuracy (at 1004 Hz): -19 dBm to 0 dBm ±0.1 dB (typical)
Œ	DESCRIPTION
	An AC Voltmeter and $600\Omega$ resistor are used to check the HP 4934A transmitter output level accuracy at 1004 Hz.
	EQUIPMENT
	AC Voltmeter : HP 3456A
	$600\Omega \pm 0.01\%$ Resistor : HP 0811-3502
	PROCEDURE
	1 Connect the $600\Omega$ resistor across the AC Voltmeter input.
£	2 Connect the HP 4934A TRMT port to the AC Voltmeter input.
C.J.	<b>3</b> Set the HP 4934A as follows:
	Measurement : LEVEL FREQ
	Transmitter (TRMT) Impedance : $600\Omega$
	Display Mode : TRMT
(C)	Transmitter Level/Frequency : 0 dBm/1004 Hz
<u>  </u>	4 Check the reading on the AC Voltmeter is between 0.7657 and 0.7836 V.
	5 Set the HP 4934A transmitter output level to each of the values in the following table and check the AC Voltmeter readings.
	HP 4934A Output Level AC Voltmeter Reading
	-5 dBm 0.4306 to 0.4406V
	-10 dBm 0.2421 to 0.2478V
(1.7)	-19 dBm 0.0859 to 0.0879V
<i>(</i> ** 1	Performance Tests 5-2

## Transmitter Flatness at +10 dBm

#### **SPECIFICATION**

Transmitter Flatness 20 Hz to 200 Hz :  $\pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ 

200 Hz to 15 kHz : ±0.2 dB 15 kHz to 85 kHz : ±0.5 dB

#### DESCRIPTION

An AC Voltmeter and  $600\Omega$  resistor are used to check the HP 4934A transmitter flatness at +10 dBm over the frequency range 20 Hz to 85 kHz.

#### **EQUIPMENT**

AC Voltmeter : HP 3456A  $600\Omega \pm 0.01\%$  Resistor : HP 0811-3502

#### **PROCEDURE**

1 Connect the  $600\Omega$  resistor across the AC Voltmeter input.

2 Connect the HP 4934A TRMT port to the AC Voltmeter input.

**3** Set the HP 4934A as follows:

Measurement : LEVEL FREQ

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Transmitter (TRMT) Impedance} & : 600\Omega \\ \mbox{Display Mode} & : TRMT \\ \mbox{Transmitter Frequency} & : 1004 \mbox{ Hz} \end{array}$ 

- **4** Adjust the HP 4934A transmitter output level until a reading of 2.4495 V is obtained on the AC Voltmeter.
- 5 Set the HP 4934A transmitter frequency to each of the values in the following table and check the AC Voltmeter readings.

#### 5-22 Performance Tests

HP 4934A Transmitter Frequency	AC Voltmeter Reading
20 Hz	2.1831 to 2.7484 V
200 Hz	2.3937 to 2.5065 V
5 kHz	2.3937 to 2.5065 V
15 kHz	2.3937 to 2.5065 V
30 kHz	2.3125 to 2.5946 V
85 kHz	2.3125 to 2.5946 V

## Transmitter Flatness at 40 dBm

#### SPECIFICATION

Transmitter Flatness 20 Hz to 200 Hz :  $\pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ 

200 Hz to 15 kHz : ±0.2 dB 15 kHz to 85 kHz : ±0.5 dB

#### **DESCRIPTION**

An AC Voltmeter, AC Calibrator and 20 dB Amplifier are used to check the HP 4934A transmitter flatness at –40 dBm over the frequency range 20 Hz to 85 kHz.

The 20 dB Amplifier is required to increase the -40 dBm level to within the specified range of the AC Voltmeter. The amplifier provides a  $600\Omega$  termination and is powered from a separate DC Power Supply.

If a high input impedance amplifier is used, a  $600\Omega$  termination is required.

Variations in the gain of the 20 dB Amplifier are compensated for at each of the test frequencies in the following procedure.

#### **EQUIPMENT**

AC Voltmeter : HP 3456A

AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A

20 dB Amplifier : SA1 (see Appendix A)

Dual Output DC Power Supply : HP 6234A

#### **PROCEDURE**

## CAUTION

Ensure that the AC Calibrator OUTPUT is switched off or set to the minimum level before proceeding with the following procedure.

#### 5-24 Performance Tests

1 Connect the equipment as shown in the following figure: AC CALIBRATOR AC VOLTMETER 1/52 0/P () HP 4934A SA1 0/P () TRMI () DC POWER SUPPLY - GND CONNECT TO SA1 2 Set the SA1 gain to 20 dB and filter to FLAT. Set the AC Calibrator to 7.746 mV at 1000 Hz then switch on the OUTPUT. 4 Connect the AC Calibrator output to the input of SA1 and the SA1 output to the AC Voltmeter input. 5 Note the reading on the AC Voltmeter. Set the HP 4934A as follows: Measurement : LEVEL FREQ Transmitter (TRMT) Impedance :  $600\Omega$ Display Mode : TRMT Transmitter Frequency : 1000 Hz 7 Disconnect the AC Calibrator from the input of SA1. Connect the HP 4934A TRMT port to the input of SA1. Adjust the HP 4934A transmitter output level until the reading on the AC Voltmeter is the same as that noted in step 5. NOTE Do not change the HP 4934A transmitter output level or the AC Calibrator output level during the remainder of this procedure. **Performance Tests** 5-25

- **10** Adjust the HP 4934A transmitter frequency to each of the values in the table on Pages 5-27 to 5-29. Note the reading on the AC Voltmeter at each frequency.
- 11 Reconnect the AC Calibrator to SA1.
- **12** Adjust the AC Calibrator frequency to each of the values in the table on Pages 5-27 to 5-29. Note the reading on the AC Voltmeter at each frequency.
- 13 Use the AC Voltmeter readings and the table on Pages 5-27 to 5-29 to check the flatness. This is best explained by the following example:
  If the frequency is 20 Hz, and the AC Voltmeter reading in step 12 were 71.0 mV Look up 71 mV in the V<sub>out</sub> column, then check the 20 Hz column for the allowable voltage range when the HP 4934A is connected to the AC Voltmeter. If the reading in step 10 is within the 79.7 to 63.3 mV range, the 20 Hz check would be good.

5-26 Performance Tests

V <sub>out</sub> (in mV)	±1dB at 20 Hz and 50 Hz	±0.2 dB at 200 Hz and 15 kHz	±0.5 dB at 60 kHz and 85 kHz
65.0	72.9 to 57.9	66.5 to 63.5	68.9 to 61.4
65.4	73.4 to 58.3	66.9 to 63.9	69.3 to 61.7
65.8	73.8 to 58.6	67.3 to 64.3	69.7 to 62.1
66.2	74.3 to 59.0	67.7 to 64.7	70.1 to 62.5
66.6	74.7 to 59.4	68.2 to 65.1	70.5 to 62.9
67.0	75.2 to 59.7	68.6 to 65.5	71.0 to 63.3
67.4	75.6 to 60.1	69.0 to 65.9	71.4 to 63.6
67.8	76.1 to 60.4	69.4 to 66.3	71.8 to 64.0
68.2	76.5 to 60.8	69.8 to 66.6	72.2 to 64.4
68.6	77.0 to 61.1	70.2 to 67.0	72.7 to 64.8
69.0	77.4 to 61.5	70.6 to 67.4	73.1 to 65.1
69.4	77.9 to 61.9	71.0 to 67.8	73.5 to 65.5
69.8	78.3 to 62.2	71.4 to 68.2	73.9 to 65.9
70.2	78.8 to 62.6	71.8 to 68.6	74.4 to 66.3
70.6	79.2 to 62.9	72.2 to 69.0	74.8 to 66.7
71.0	79.7 to 63.3	72.7 to 69.4	75.2 to 67.0
71.4	80.1 to 63.6	73.1 to 69.8	75.6 to 67.4
71.8	80.6 to 64.0	73.5 to 70.2	76.1 to 67.8
72.2	81.0 to 64.3	73.9 to 70.6	76.5 to 68.2
72.6	81.5 to 64.7	74.3 to 70.9	76.9 to 68.5
73.0	81.9 to 65.1	74.7 to 71.3	77.3 to 68.9
73.4	82.4 to 65.4	75.1 to 71.7	77.7 to 69.3
73.8	82.8 to 65.8	75.5 to 72.1	78.2 to 69.7
74.2	83.3 to 66.1	75.9 to 72.5	78.6 to 70.0
74.6	83.7 to 66.5	76.3 to 72.9	79.0 to 70.4

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V <sub>out</sub> (in mV)	±1dB at 20 Hz and 50 Hz	±0.2 dB at 200 Hz and 15 kHz	±0.5 dB at 60 kHz and 85 kHz
75.0	84.2 to 66.8	76.7 to 73.3	79.4 to 70.8
75.4	84.6 to 67.2	77.2 to 73.7	79.9 to 71.2
75.8	85.0 to 67.6	77.6 to 74.1	80.3 to 71.6
76.2	85.5 to 67.9	78.0 to 74.5	80.7 to 71.9
76.6	85.9 to 68.3	78.4 to 74.9	81.1 to 72.3
77.0	86.4 to 68.6	78.8 to 75.2	81.6 to 72.7
77.4	86.8 to 69.0	79.2 to 75.6	82.0 to 73.1
77.8	87.3 to 69.3	79.6 to 76.0	82.4 to 73.4
78.2	87.7 to 69.7	80.0 to 76.4	82.8 to 73.8
78.6	88.2 to 70.1	80.4 to 76.8	83.3 to 74.2
79.0	88.6 to 70.4	80.8 to 77.2	83.7 to 74.6
79.4	89.1 to 70.8	81.2 to 77.6	84.1 to 75.0
79.8	89.5 to 71.1	81.7 to 78.0	84.5 to 75.3
80.2	90.0 to 71.5	82.1 to 78.4	85.0 to 75.7
80.6	90.4 to 71.8	82.5 to 78.8	85.4 to 76.1
81.0	90.9 to 72.2	82.9 to 79.2	85.8 to 76.5
81.4	91.3 to 72.5	83.3 to 79.5	86.2 to 76.8
81.8	91.8 to 72.9	83.7 to 79.9	86.6 to 77.2
82.2	92.2 to 73.3	84.1 to 80.3	87.1 to 77.6
82.6	92.7 to 73.6	84.5 to 80.7	87.5 to 78.0
83.0	93.1 to 74.0	84.9 to 81.1	87.9 to 78.4
83.4	93.6 to 74.3	85.3 to 81.5	88.3 to 78.7
83.8	94.0 to 74.7	85.8 to 81.9	88.8 to 79.1
84.2	94.5 to 75.0	86.2 to 82.3	89.2 to 79.5
84.6	94.9 to 75.4	86.6 to 82.7	89.6 to 79.9

5-28 Performance Tests

V <sub>out</sub> (in mV)	±1dB at 20 Hz and 50 Hz	±0.2 dB at 200 Hz and 15 kHz	±0.5 dB at 60 kHz and 85 kHz
85.0	95.4 to 75.8	87.0 to 83.1	90.0 to 80.2
85.4	95.8 to 76.1	87.4 to 83.5	90.5 to 80.6
85.8 86.2	96.3 to 76.5	87.8 to 83.8	90.9 to 81.0
86.6	96.7 to 76.8	88.2 to 84.2	91.3 to 81.4
	97.2 to 77.2	88.6 to 84.6	91.7 to 81.8
87.0	97.6 to 77.5	89.0 to 85.0	92.2 to 82.1
87.4	98.1 to 77.9	89.4 to 85.4	92.6 to 82.5
87.8	98.5 to 78.3	89.8 to 85.8	93.0 to 82.9
88.2	99.0 to 78.6	90.3 to 86.2	93.4 to 83.3
88.6	99.4 to 79.0	90.7 to 86.6	93.8 to 83.6
89.0	99.9 to 79.3	91.1 to 87.0	94.3 to 84.0
89.4	100.3 to 79.7	91.5 to 87.4	94.7 to 84.4
89.8	100.8 to 80.0	91.9 to 87.8	95.1 to 84.8
90.2	101.2 to 80.4	92.3 to 88.1	95.5 to 85.2
90.6	101.7 to 80.7	92.7 to 88.5	96.0 to 85.5
91.0	102.1 to 81.1	93.1 to 88.9	96.4 to 85.9
FACTOR	1.12202 to .89125	1.02329 to .97724	1.05925 to .94406

Performance Tests 5-29

# **Receiver Frequency Range/Accuracy**

#### **SPECIFICATION**

Frequency Range

: 20 Hz to 110 kHz

Frequency Accuracy

: 20 Hz to 9.999 kHz 0.5 Hz

: 10 kHz to 110 kHz 5 Hz

#### DESCRIPTION

An AC Calibrator and Frequency Counter are used to check the HP 4934A receiver range and accuracy.

## **EQUIPMENT**

AC Calibrator

: DATRON 4707A

Frequency Counter

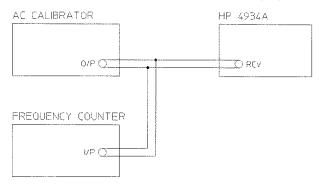
: HP 5315A

#### **PROCEDURE**

## CAUTION

Ensure that the AC Calibrator OUTPUT is switched off or set to the minimum level before proceeding with the following procedure.

1 Connect the equipment as shown in the following figure:



2 Set the AC Calibrator output level to 0.7746 V then switch on the OUTPUT. Set the AC Calibrator frequency to 20 Hz as observed on the Frequency Counter.

#### 5-30 Performance Tests

	ii				
	()				
		3	Set the HP 4934A as follows:		
	ii		Measurement	: LEVEL FREQ	
			Receiver (RCV) Imped		
			Display Mode	: RCV	
		4	Check the HP 4934A receiver freque	ency reading is between 19 Hz and 2	1 Hz.
		5	Set the AC Calibrator frequency to ea		
			(as observed on the Frequency Count frequency reading.	ter) and check the HP 4934A receive	er
	A TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY		AC Calibrator Frequency	HP 4934A Receiver Reading	
			1,000 Hz	999 to 1001 Hz	
	L/		10,000 Hz	9,995 to 10,005 Hz	
			50,000 Hz	49.99 to 50.01 kHz	
			100,000 Hz	99.99 to 100.01 kHz	
			110,000 Hz	109.99 to 110.01 kHz	
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		<del></del>	<del> </del>	Performance Tests	5-31

# **Receiver Level Accuracy**

#### **SPECIFICATION**

Input Level: -40 dBm to +13 dBm

Frequency Range 20 Hz to 50 Hz :±1 dB

50 Hz to 200 Hz :  $\pm 0.5$  dB 200 Hz to 15 kHz :  $\pm 02$  dB 15 kHz to 85 kHz :  $\pm 05$  dB

Level Accuracy (at 1004 Hz):  $-20 \text{ to } +10 \text{ dBm } \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ 

#### DESCRIPTION

An AC Calibrator is used to check the HP 4934A receiver level accuracy.

#### **EQUIPMENT**

AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A

#### **PROCEDURE**

#### CAUTION

Ensure that the AC Calibrator OUTPUT is switched off or set to the minimum level before proceeding with the following procedure.

- 1 Connect the AC Calibrator output to the HP 4934A RCV port.
- 2 Set the HP 4934A as follows:

Measurement : LEVEL FREQ

Receiver (RCV) Impedance :  $600\Omega$ Display Mode : RCV

- **3** Set the AC Calibrator output level to 2.4495 V at 1000 Hz then switch on the OUTPUT.
- 4 Check the HP 4934A receiver level reading is between 9.9 and 10.1 dBm.
- **5** Set the AC Calibrator output level to 77.46 mV.

#### 5-32 Performance Tests

- 6 Check the HP 4934A receiver level reading is between -20.1 and -19.9 dBm.
- 7 Set the AC Calibrator output level to 2.748 V at 20 Hz.
- 8 Check the HP 4934A receiver level reading is between 10 and 12 dBm.
- **9** Set the AC Calibrator to each of the frequencies in the following table and check the HP 4934A receiver level readings.

AC Calibrator Frequency	HP 4934A Receiver Level
50 Hz	10.5 to 11.5 dBm
200 Hz	10.8 to 11.2 dBm
15,000 Hz	10.8 to 11.2 dBm
85,000 Hz	10.5 to 11.5 dBm

- **10** Set the AC Calibrator output level to 7.746 mV at 20 Hz.
- 11 Check the HP 4934A receiver level reading is between -41 and -39 dBm.
- **12** Set the AC Calibrator to each of the frequencies in the following table and check the HP 4934A receiver level readings.

AC Calibrator Frequency	HP 4934A Receiver Level
50 Hz	-40.5 to -39.5 dBm
200 Hz	-40.2 to -39.8 dBm
15,000 Hz	-40.2 to -39.8 dBm
85,000 Hz	-40.5 to -39.5 dBm

# **Message Circuit Noise Accuracy**

#### **SPECIFICATION**

TRANSMITTER: Quiet Terminated

**RECEIVER** 

Filters: C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program and 50 kBit

Range  $~600,\,900$  and  $1200\Omega~:0$  to 100~dBrn

135 and 150 $\Omega$  : 7 to 100 dBrn

Accuracy : 10 dBm to 100 dBm ±1 dBm

: 0 dBrn to 10 dBrn ±3 dBrn

#### DESCRIPTION

The Message Circuit Noise accuracy is checked using an AC Calibrator and Decade Transformer. The Decade Transformer attenuates a test signal from the AC Calibrator.

## **EQUIPMENT**

AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A

Decade Transformer : Model DT72A DEKATRAN

#### **PROCEDURE**

#### CAUTION

Ensure that the AC Calibrator OUTPUT is switched off or set to the minimum level before proceeding with the following procedure.

1 Connect the equipment as shown in the following figure:



#### 5-34 Performance Tests

2 Set the HP 4934A as follows: Measurement : NOISE Filter : C-MSG Display Mode : RCV Receiver (RCV) Impedance :  $600\Omega$ Set the AC Calibrator output level to 2.1831 V at 1000 Hz then switch on the OUTPUT. 4 Set the Decade Transformer to 1.0000000. Check the message circuit noise reading on the HP 4934A is between 98 and 100 Set the AC Calibrator output level to 0.7746 V. Check the reading on the HP 4934A is between 89 and 91 dBrn. Set the Decade Transformer to each of the settings listed in the following table and check the HP 4934A noise reading. **Decade Transformer Settings HP 4934A Noise Reading** (dB) 0.3162278 79 to 81 dBrn (-10)0.1000000 (-20)69 to 71 dBm 0.0316228 (-30)59 to 61 dBm 0.0100000 49 to 51 dBm (-40)0.0031623 (-50)39 to 41 dBrn 0.0010000 29 to 31 dBrn (-60)0.0003162 (-70)19 to 21 dBrn 0.0001000 9 to 11 dBrn (-80)0.0000562 (-85)2 to 8 dBrn

5-35

**Performance Tests** 

## **Notch Filter Rejection**

**SPECIFICATION** 

Rejection (995 to 1025 Hz): >50 dB

**DESCRIPTION** 

An AC Calibrator is used to check the HP 4934A Notch Filter rejection.

**EQUIPMENT** 

AC Calibrator

: DATRON 4707A

#### **PROCEDURE**

#### CAUTION

Ensure that the AC Calibrator OUTPUT is switched off or set to the minimum level before proceeding with the following procedure.

- 1 Connect the AC Calibrator output to the HP 4934A RCV port.
- 2 Set the HP 4934A as follows:

Measurement

: NOISE W TONE

Filter

: C-MSG

1 11101

: 600Ω

Display Mode

: RCV

- **3** Set the AC Calibrator output level to 0.7746 V at 995 Hz then switch on the OUTPUT.
- 4 Check the reading on the HP 4934A is less than 40 dBrn.

Receiver (RCV) Impedance

5 Set the AC Calibrator to each of the frequencies in the following table and check the HP 4934A noise readings.

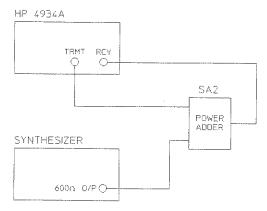
AC Calibrator Frequency	HP 4934A Noise Reading		
1004 Hz	<40 dBrn		
1015 Hz	<40 dBrn		
1025 Hz	<40 dBrn		

## 5-36 Performance Tests

[]		Peri	formance Tests 5-37
	***************************************	or errors will occur.	
	NOTE	Do not use an AC Calibrator in place of a Synthesizer with	h a $600\Omega$ balanced output
		Power Adder : SA2 (see Appendix B)	
		Synthesizer : HP 3336B	
		EQUIPMENT	
		A Synthesizer and Power Adder (SA2) are used to che Ratio accuracy. Signal to Noise Ratio is the amplitude tone to the background noise. An 1800 Hz tone is used and is added to the HP 4934A 1004 Hz holding tone.	le ratio of the holding ed to simulate the noise
		DESCRIPTION	
			: 40 to 45 dB±2 dB
		Signal to Noise Ratio Accuracy	: 10 to 40 dB±1 dB
		Signal Level Range 600, 900 and 1200Ω Signal to Noise Ratio Range (Signal Level >-30 dBm)	:-40 to +10 dBm : 10to 45 dB
		Notch Filter)	
		Filters: C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program	m and 50 kBit (all +
		RECEIVER	_
		Holding Tone Frequency : 1004 Hz fixed tone Other Specifications : See LEVEL FREQ in the S	Specifications in Chapter 3
		TRANSMITTER	
) 		SPECIFICATION	
)		Signal to Noise Ratio Accuracy	

#### **PROCEDURE**

1 Connect the equipment as shown in the following figure:



2 Set the HP 4934A as follows:

Measurement : SIG TO NOISE Filter : 15 kHz FLAT

Transmitter (TRMT) Impedance :  $600\Omega$ Receiver (RCV) Impedance :  $600\Omega$ Display Mode : TRMT Transmitter Level : +10 dBm

- 3 Set the Synthesizer output level to 0 dBm at 1800 Hz.
- 4 Set the HP 4934A Display Mode to RCV, then check the signal to noise ratio reading on the display is  $10 \text{ dB} \pm 1 \text{ dB}$ .
- 5 Set the Synthesizer output level to each of the values in the following table and check the noise reading on the HP 4934A.

Synthesizer Level	HP 4934A Noise Reading
-10 dBm	20 dB±1 dB
-20 dBm	30 dB±1 dB
-30 dBm	40 dB±1 dB
-35 dBm	45 dB±2 dB

## 5-38 Performance Tests

		Period		: NON-STOP  Performance Tests 5-39
1		Filter		: 15 kHz FLAT
			y Mode	: RCV
			rer (RCV) Impedance	: 600Ω
			rement	: IMPULSE NOISE
<u> </u>		3 Set the HP 4934A		
\$ **** )		OUTPUT.  Low Threshold Cha	eck	
			tor output level to 1.73	2 mV at 1000 Hz then switch on the
		1 Connect the AC Ca	llibrator output to the I	-IP 4934A RCV input.
		PROCEDURE		
	CAUTION	Ensure that the AC Cal		vitched off or set to the minimum level are.
()		AC Calibrator : D	ATRON 4707A	
<u>                                     </u>		<b>EQUIPMENT</b>		
		An AC Calibrator is thresholds.	used to verify the Lo	w, Mid and High impulse noise
		DESCRIPTION		
		Threshold Accuracy	: > 40 dBrn±3 dI	3, >50 dBm±1dB
		High Threshold	: 38 to 109 dBrn	
r)		Mid Threshold	: 34 to 109 dBrn	
(****)		Level Range Range - Low Thresho	: -40 to +10 dBm	1
		RECEIVER		
(***)		SPECIFICATION		
[]		Impulse Noise	Threshold Accu	ıracy
[]				
l)				

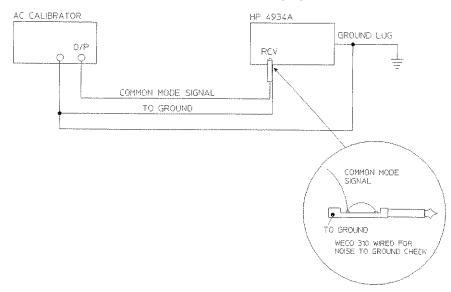
- 4 Set the Impulse Noise LOW (SET) threshold to 43 dBrn.
- 5 Start the measurement by pressing **START RESET**; the displayed count should remain at zero.
- 6 Slowly increase the AC Calibrator output level until the HP 4934A starts counting; the AC Calibrator level should be less than 3.456 mV.
- 7 Press **STOP** to stop the low threshold check. *Mid Threshold Check*
- **8** Set the AC Calibrator output level to 2.745 mV.
- 9 Select the Mid threshold using the HP 4934A Impulse Noise **DISPLAY** key.
- **10** Press **START RESET** to start the measurement; the displayed count should remain at zero.
- 11 Slowly increase the AC Calibrator output level until the HP 4934A starts counting; the AC Calibrator level should be less than 5.477 mV.
- **12** Press **STOP** to stop the Mid threshold check. *High Threshold Check*
- **13** Set the AC Calibrator output level to 5.477 mV.
- 14 Select the HIGH threshold using the HP 4934A Impulse Noise DISPLAY key.
- 15 Press the START RESET key; the displayed count should remain at zero.
- **16** Slowly increase the AC Calibrator output level until the HP 4934A starts counting; the AC Calibrator level should be less than 6.895 mV.
- **17** Press **STOP** to stop the high threshold check.
- **18** Repeat the above procedure for each of the LOW (SET) threshold settings listed in the following table:

HP 4934A Settings	Low	Check	Mid	Check	High	Check
Low (SET) Threshold	Min	Мах	Min	Max	Min	Max
60 dBrn	15.455 mV	19.457 mV	24.495 mV	30.837 mV	38.822 mV	48.874 mV
80 dBrn	0.1546 V	0.1946 V	0.2449 V	0.3084 V	0.3882 V	0.4887 V
100 dBrn	1.5455 V	1.9457 V	2.4495 V	3.0837 V	3.8822 V	4.8874 V

#### 5-40 Performance Tests

Range 600, 900 and 1200Ω: 50 to 130 dBrn  Accuracy: ±1.5 dB  DESCRIPTION  A common mode signal from an AC Calibrator is used to check the Ground accuracy.  EQUIPMENT  AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A  WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE		
SPECIFICATION  TRANSMITTER: Quiet terminated  RECEIVER  Filters: C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program and 50 kBit Range 600, 900 and 1200Ω: 50 to 130 dBrn  Accuracy: ±1.5 dB  DESCRIPTION  A common mode signal from an AC Calibrator is used to check the Ground accuracy.  EQUIPMENT  AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A  WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE  WARNING  Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		
SPECIFICATION  TRANSMITTER: Quiet terminated  RECEIVER  Filters: C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program and 50 kBit Range 600, 900 and 1200Ω: 50 to 130 dBrn  Accuracy: ±1.5 dB  DESCRIPTION  A common mode signal from an AC Calibrator is used to check the Ground accuracy.  EQUIPMENT  AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A  WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE  WARNING  Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		
SPECIFICATION  TRANSMITTER: Quiet terminated  RECEIVER  Filters: C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program and 50 kBit Range 600, 900 and 1200Ω: 50 to 130 dBrn  Accuracy: ±1.5 dB  DESCRIPTION  A common mode signal from an AC Calibrator is used to check the Ground accuracy.  EQUIPMENT  AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A  WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE  WARNING  Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		
SPECIFICATION  TRANSMITTER: Quiet terminated  RECEIVER  Filters: C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program and 50 kBit Range 600, 900 and 1200Ω: 50 to 130 dBrn  Accuracy: ±1.5 dB  DESCRIPTION  A common mode signal from an AC Calibrator is used to check the Ground accuracy.  EQUIPMENT  AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A  WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE  WARNING  Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		Noise to Ground Accuracy
TRANSMITTER: Quiet terminated RECEIVER Filters: C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program and 50 kBit Range 600, 900 and 1200Ω: 50 to 130 dBrn Accuracy: ±1.5 dB  DESCRIPTION A common mode signal from an AC Calibrator is used to check the Ground accuracy.  EQUIPMENT  AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE  WARNING  Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		·
RECEIVER Filters: C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program and 50 kBit Range 600, 900 and 1200Ω: 50 to 130 dBrn Accuracy: ±1.5 dB  DESCRIPTION A common mode signal from an AC Calibrator is used to check the Ground accuracy.  EQUIPMENT  AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE  WARNING  Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		
Filters: C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program and 50 kBit Range 600, 900 and 1200Ω: 50 to 130 dBrn  Accuracy: ±1.5 dB  DESCRIPTION  A common mode signal from an AC Calibrator is used to check the Ground accuracy.  EQUIPMENT  AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A  WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE  WARNING  Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		
Accuracy: ±1.5 dB  DESCRIPTION  A common mode signal from an AC Calibrator is used to check the Ground accuracy.  EQUIPMENT  AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A  WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE  WARNING Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		Filters: C-Message, 3 kHz Flat, 15 kHz Flat, Program and 50 kBit
DESCRIPTION  A common mode signal from an AC Calibrator is used to check the Ground accuracy.  EQUIPMENT  AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A  WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE  WARNING Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		·
A common mode signal from an AC Calibrator is used to check the Ground accuracy.  EQUIPMENT  AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A  WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE  Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		•
Ground accuracy.  EQUIPMENT  AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A  WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE  WARNING Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		DESCRIPTION
AC Calibrator : DATRON 4707A WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE  WARNING Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		A common mode signal from an AC Calibrator is used to check the Ground accuracy.
WECO 310 Connector : HP 1251-0695  PROCEDURE  WARNING Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		EQUIPMENT
WARNING Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service		
		PROCEDURE
	WARNING	Hazardous voltages are present during this procedure - only service t personnel, aware of the hazards involved, should perform the test.
Ensure that the AC Calibrator OUTPUT is switched off or set to the minimum before proceeding with the following procedure.	CAUTION	Ensure that the AC Calibrator OUTPUT is switched off or set to the minimum before proceeding with the following procedure.

1 Connect the equipment as shown in the following figure:



#### 2 Set the HP 4934A as follows:

 Measurement
 : N.T. GND

 Transmitter (TRMT) Impedance
 :  $600\Omega$  

 Receiver (RCV) Impedance
 :  $600\Omega$  

 Display Mode
 : RCV

 Filter
 : C-MSG

- 3 Set the AC Calibrator output level to 65.17 V at 1000 Hz then switch on the OUTPUT.
- 4 Check the reading on the HP 4934A display is between 127 and 130 dBrn.
- 5 Set the AC Calibrator output level to each of the values in the following table and check the N.T. GND reading on the HP 4934A display.

AC Calibrator Setting	N.T. GND Reading
8.2049 V	109 dBrn to 112 dBrn
0.8205 V	89 dBrn to 92 dBrn
82.049 V	69 dBrn to 72 dBrn
9.2061 V	50 dBrn to 53 dBrn

#### 5-42 Performance Tests

Pools to Ave	erage Ratio (P/A)	D) Agairagy
		Accuracy
SPECIFICATIO		
TRANSMITTE	R	
Signal Spectrum	: 16 Frequencies 140	Hz to 3890 Hz
Level	: -40 to 0 dBm	
Level Resolution	1 : 1 dB	
RECEIVER		
P/AR Range	: 0 to 120 P/AR Units	
Resolution	: 1 P/AR Unit	
Accuracy	: 30 to 110 P/AR Unit	ss ±2 P/AR Units
PROCEDURE		
1 Connect the I	HP 4934A TRMT port to	the RCV port using a short cable.
	934A as follows:	The state of the s
	Measurement	: P/AR
	Transmitter (TRMT) Imp	
	Receiver (RCV) Impedar	
	Display Mode	: TRMT
•	Transmitter Level	: -23 dBm
	ay Mode to RCV. Check on the state of the st	the reading on the HP 4934A displa
4 Set the transn		values in the following table and ched
•	• •	•
	Output Level	P/AR Reading
	-20 dBm	98 to 102 P/AR Units
	-40 dBm	98 to 102 P/AR Units
***************************************		Harmonia tanninin dalam bahara da tan ara da
		Performance Tests

Hewlett-Packard Model 4934A Transmission Impairment Measuring Set

Location:

Serial No.:

Tested by:

Temperature:

Certified by:

Humidity:

Date:

#### Table 2

#### **Performance Test Record**

Page No.	Te	st Description	Result		
			Min	Actual	Max
	Transmitte Accuracy	er Frequency			
5-19	Step 3:	20 Hz	19.999 Hz		20.001 Hz
	Step 4:	1000 Hz	999.95 Hz		1000.05 Hz
		10,000 Hz	9,999.5 Hz		10,000.5 Hz
		50,000 Hz	49,997.5 Hz		50,002.5 Hz
		100,000 Hz	99,994 Hz		100,004 Hz
		110,000 Hz	109,986.8 Hz		110,013.2 Hz
			1		
	Transmitte	er Level Range			
5-20	Step 4:	Fully clockwise	3.42 V		
	Step 5:	Fully anti-clockwise			0.00775V
	Transmitte	er Level Accuracy			
5-21	Step 4:	0 dBm	0.7657 V		0.7836 V
	Step 5:	-5 dBm	0.4306 V		0.4406 V
		-10 dBm	0.2421 V		0.2478 V
		-19 dBm	0.0859 V		0.0879 V

## 5-44 Performance Tests

## Table 2

## **Performance Test Record**

Page No.	Tes	st Description		Result	······································
			Min	Actual	Max
	Transmitte	er Flatness at 10 dBm			Attitue
5-22	Step 5:	20 Hz	2.1831 V		2.7484 V
	****	200 Hz	2.3937 V	,	2.5065 V
		5,000 Hz	2.3937 V		2.5065 V
		15,000 Hz	2.3937 V		2.5065 V
		30,000 Hz	2.3125 V		2.5946 V
		85,000 Hz	2.3125 V		2.5946 V
	Transmitte dBm	er Flatness at -40			
5-24	20 Hz to 2	200 Hz: ±1.0 dB			
	200 Hz to	15 kHz: ±0.2 dB			
	15 kHz to	85 kHz: ±0.5 dB			
	Receiver H Accuracy	requency Range and			
5-30	Step 4:	20 Hz	19 Hz		21 Hz
	Step 5:	1000 Hz	999 Hz		1001 Hz
		10,000 Hz	9,995 Hz		10,005 Hz
		50,000 Hz	49.99 kHz		50.01 kHz
		100,000 Hz	99.99 kHz		100.01 kHz
		110,000 Hz	109.99 kHz		110.01 kHz
	Receiver L	Level Accuracy			And the second s
5-32	Step 4:	1000 Hz	9.9 dBm		10.1 dBm
	Step 6:		-20.1 dBm		-19.9 dBm
	Step 8:	20 Hz	10 dBm		12 dBm

Performance Tests 5-45

Table 2

## **Performance Test Record**

Page No.	Test Description		Result		
			Min	Actual	Max
	Receiver L	evel Accuracy (cntd)	aran maran m		\$\$\tag{\text{constraints}}
	Step 9:	50 Hz	10.5 dBm		11.5 dBm
		200 Hz	10.8 dBm		11.2 dBm
		15,000 Hz	10.8 dBm	-	11.2 dBm
		85,000 Hz	10.5 dBm		11.5 dBm
	Step 11:	20 Hz	-41 dBm	With the same of t	-39 dBm
	Step 12:	50 Hz	-40.5 dBm		-39.5 dBm
	Additional of the Control of the Con	200 Hz	-40.2 dBm		-39.8 dBm
	***************************************	15,000 Hz	-40.2 dBm		-39.8 dBm
	di d	85,000 Hz	-40.5 dBm		-39.5 dBm
5-35	Message C Accuracy Step 5: Step 7: Step 8:	ircuit Noise	98 dBrn 89 dBrn 79 dBrn 69 dBrn 59 dBrn 49 dBrn 29 dBrn 19 dBrn 9 dBrn 2 dBrn		100 dBm 91 dBm 81 dBm 71 dBm 61 dBm 51 dBm 31 dBm 11 dBm 21 dBm 11 dBm 8 dBm

5-46 Performance Tests

_	_		
Тэ	h	۵	2

## **Performance Test Record**

Page No.	Test Description			Result		
			Min	Actual	Мах	
	Notch Filte	er Rejection				
5-36	Step 4:	995 Hz			40 dBrn	
	Step 5	1004 Hz			40 dBrn	
		1015 Hz	***************************************		40 dBrn	
		1025 Hz			40 dBrn	
	Signal to N	loise Ratio Accuracy				
5-38	Step 4:		9 dB		11 dB	
	Step 5:		19 dB		21 dB	
			29 dB		31 dB	
		•	39 dB		41 dB	
			43 dB		47 dB	
	Impulse No Accuracy	oise Threshold				
5-40	Step 6:	Count starts at			3.456mV	
	Step 11:	Count starts at			5.477mV	
	Step 16:	Count starts at			6.895mV	
	Step 18:	60 dBrn				
		Low	15.455 mV		19.457mV	
		Mid	24.495 mV		30.837mV	
		High	38.822 mV		48.874mV	
		80 dBrn				
		Low	0.1546 V		0.1946V	
		Mid	0.2449 V		0.3084V	
		High	0.3882 V		0.4887V	

Performance Tests 5-47

Table 2 Performance Test Record

Page No.	Te	st Description		Result		
***************************************	Impulse N Accuracy	loise Threshold (cntd)	Min	Actual	Мах	
		100 dBrn				
		Low	1.5455 V		1.9457V	
		Mid	2.4495 V		3.0837V	
		High	3.8822 V		4.8874V	
	Noise to C	Ground Accuracy				
5-42	Step 4:	65.17 V	127 dBrn		130 dBrn	
	Step 5:	8.2049 V	109 dBrn		112 dBrn	
		0.8205 V	89 dBrn		92 dBrn	
		82.049 mV	69 dBrn		72 dBrn	
		9.2061 mV	50 dBrn		53 dBrn	
	P/AR Acci	uracy				
5-43	Step 3:	-23 dBm	98	***	102	
	Step 4:	-20 dBm	98		102	
	***************************************	-40 dBm	98		102	
	Marine Control of the					

5-48 Performance Tests

Software Downloading
Introduction
This chapter describes how to use a PC to download new operating software to the 4934A TIMS.
The basic procedure for downloading software is as follows:
<ul> <li>Check the distribution diskette for "readme" files.</li> <li>Connect a PC to the 4934A using a serial cable.</li> <li>Put the 4934A into Download mode and set the baud rate.</li> </ul>
• Execute the download command on the PC.
The following section describes the procedure in detail.
Software Downloading

# **Quick Download Procedure**

#### NOTE

Be sure to check the distribution diskette for any "readme" files which may contain additional information and instructions about the download procedure.

For 4934A pinout information, see 4934A TIMS Serial Port Pinout in Chapter 7. For cable information, see Cable Pinout in Chapter 7.

- 1. Switch off the 4934A and connect the unit to the PC from which you will download the software.
- For a direct connection, use a straight-through RS-232 serial cable to connect the 4934A's serial port to a COM port on the PC.
- For a dial-up connection (using modems), use a null-modem cable or adapter to connect the 4934A's serial port to the modem. Set up the far-end PC and modem as appropriate for your system.
- Switch on the 4934A and promptly press the START RESET key during the startup routine (while the serial number is being displayed).
   When the unit is in Download mode, the left display shows + dl and the right display shows the installed software revision.
- 3. Use the RCV key to set the 4934A's baud rate for the download procedure. Each time you press RCV, the right display shows the currently selected baud rate. The baud rate for software download can be set to 1200, 2400, 9600, 19200, or 38400 (defaults to 9600 at power up).

Make sure your PC COM port is correctly set up to communicate with the 4934A

- 4. At the PC, insert the distribution diskette into the A: or B: floppy drive.
- 5. From a DOS prompt, select the drive by typing A: (or B:) and then press return.
- 6. Next type DOWNLOAD and then press return.
- 7. Press a key to begin the download, or press Esc to cancel.

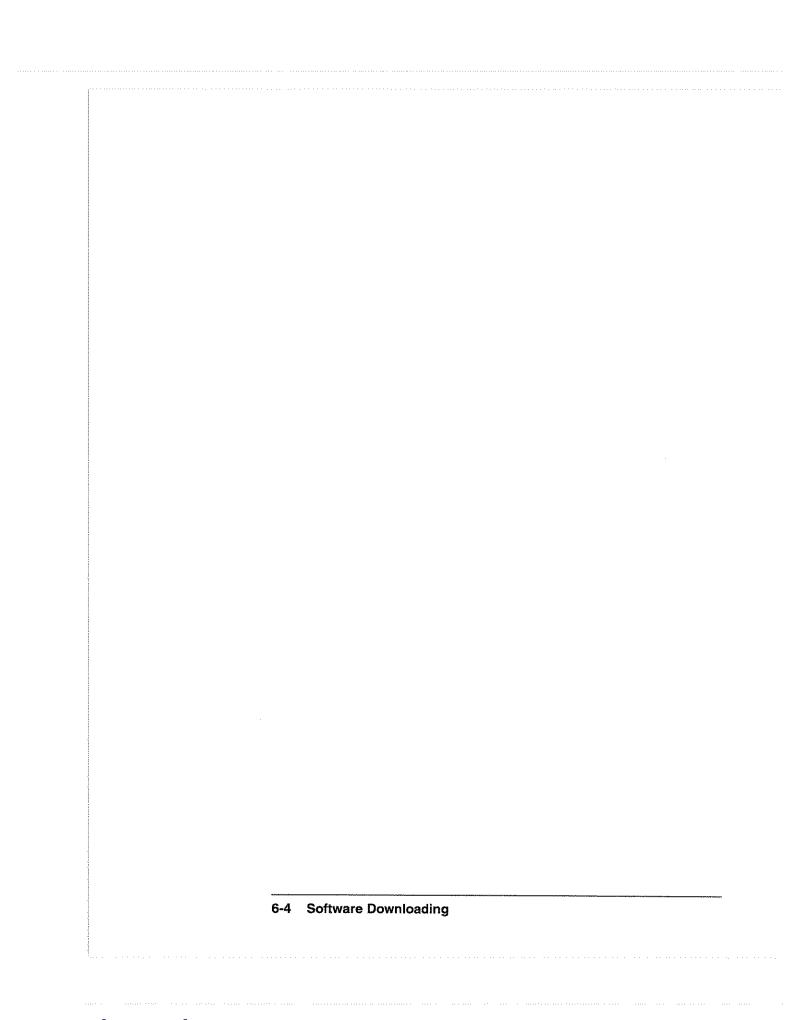
#### NOTE

If you interrupt the download program, the 4934A will be inoperable until a successful download is performed.

8. When the download is complete, the 4934 reboots. The software revision is displayed on the right display at start up.

#### 6-2 Software Downloading

	About the DOWNLOAD Program
	The DOWNLOAD.EXE executable file is included on the distribution diskette when you receive your operating software upgrade. While simply typing DOWNLOAD to execute the program is adequate for most applications, the DOWNLOAD program
7	accepts several variables that modify its operation for special cases.
You can type  OOWNLOAD /? to	The full format for the download command is as follows:
get help with this	DOWNLOAD filename.ext /Pn /In /Bnnnn /Annn  The parts of the command are described below.
VALIALIAMAN	<b>DOWNLOAD:</b> The root command. Starts the software download process. If no
	parameters are specified the default values are used (see below) which is equivalent to typing DOWNLOAD /P1 /I4 /B38.4 /A3F8.
Each software .OUT ile is keyed to	filename.ext: Selects the software file to be downloaded. Operating software files end with the extension .OUT. If no file is specified, the program downloads the first
erial numbers. A particular copy of a	file in the working directory that has the .OUT extension. Distribution diskettes include only one software file, so it is rare that you would need to use the file name in the download command.
OUT file may be valid for only one or several test sets.	/Pn: Specifies the COM port to be used on the PC, where n is 1 through 4. For example /P3 selects COM3. If no port is specified, COM1 is used.
lepending on your equirements.	/In: Specifies the system interrupt request line (IRQ) for the COM port, where n is 1–7. For example /I4 selects IRQ 4. If no IRQ is specified, IRQ 4 is used for COM1 and COM3 and IRQ 3 is used for COM2 and COM4.
	/Bnnn: Specifies the baud rate for the COM port, where nnnn is 1200, 4800, 9600, 19.2, or 38.4. For example /B19.2 sets the baud rate to 19.2 Kbaud. If no baud rate is specified, 38.4 Kbaud is used.
	/Annn: Specifies the COM port's base address in hexadecimal notation, where each digit of nnn can be 0 through F. For example /A3F8 sets the base address for 3F8h. If no base address is specified the base addresses 3F8, 2F8, 3E8, and 2E8 are used for
	COM1 through COM4, respectively.
	Software Downloading 6-3
	Software Downloading 6-3
	Each software .OUT file is keyed to ndividual 4934A terial numbers. A particular copy of a OUT file may be valid for only one or everal test sets, lepending on your



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	Danas I. Oanska I
	Remote Control
	Introduction
	The 4934A TIMS can be controlled remotely through its RS-232 serial port. When
()	connected to a controller, for example a PC running a terminal emulation program the unit can be operated just as if the front-panel controls were being used.
	The TIMS is operated using a set of control commands to set parameters, execute
	tests, and so forth. A set of query commands is used to retrieve measurements for display on the controller device.
)	
)	
	Parata A1 1 7
	Remote Control 7

## The Serial Port

The serial port is on the 4934A's right side, above the AC connector. Your unit will have a serial port if a 200 kHz option is installed. This port is used for remote control (see page 7-1) and for downloading software (see Software Downloading, page 6-1).

## **Serial Port Type**

The serial port is a DB-9S (9-pin socket) connector. The 4934A acts a DTE device; if you are connecting to a DCE device you can use a straight-through cable (see *Cable Pinout*, page 7-3). To connect another DTE device, a null-modem must be used. The pinout of the serial port is as follows:

#### 4934A TIMS Serial Port Pinout

Pin Number	Functio	ons	
1	No con	nection.	
2	TXD	Transmit data output.	The serial port uses the following communication
3	RXD	Receive data input.	parameters:
4	DSR	Data set ready input.	<ul><li>◆8 data bits</li><li>→ No parity</li></ul>
5	GND	Ground,	•1 stop bit
6	DTR	Data terminal ready output.	Hardware flow control
7	CTS	Clear to send input.	
8	RTS	Request to send output.	COMMUNICATION OF THE PROPERTY
9	No conf	nection.	<del>_</del>

#### **Baud Rates**

The serial port supports the following baud rates: 300, 1200, 2400, 9600, 19200, and 38400. Note that 38400 baud is only available for software downloading. The 4934A always defaults to 9600 baud at power up.

To change the baud rate for remote control, see *Setting the Baud Rate*, page 7-4. To change the baud rate for software downloading, see *Quick Download Procedure*, page 6-2.

### 7-2 Remote Control

## **Cable Pinout**

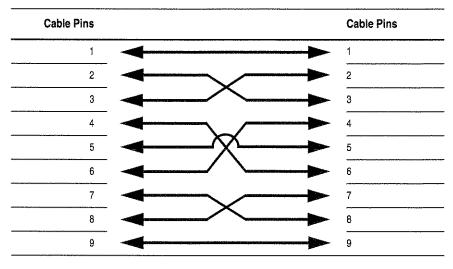
The following table shows the pinouts for a straight-through 9-pin cable. Straight-Through Cable

PC-End Pins		4934A-End Pins
1	<del></del>	1
2	<del></del>	2
3	<b>—</b>	3
4	<b>←</b>	4
5	<b>←</b>	5
6	<b>←</b>	6
7	<b>—</b>	7
8	<b></b>	8
9	<b>—</b>	9

## **Null Modem**

The following table shows the pinouts for a null modem cable. This is the cable to be used when a Vectra is being used as the controller.

#### **Null-Modem Cable**



Remote Control 7-3

# **Setting up for Remote Control**

## Connecting the TIMS to a Controller

To connect the 4934A to a controller, use an appropriate serial cable from the unit's serial port (on the right side) to the serial port on the controller.

For 4934A pinout information, see 4934A TIMS Serial Port Pinout, page 7-2. For cable information, see Cable Pinout, page 7-3.

## **Setting the Baud Rate**

To change the 4934A serial port baud rate for remote control operation first put the unit into LEVEL FREQ mode. Next press STORE followed by P/AR N.T. GND to cycle through the baud rate choices. The display shows bd in the left display and the current baud rate in the right display.

The baud rates available are 300, 1200, 2400, 9600, and 19200.

NOTE

The 4934A always resets to 9600 baud at power up. The 4934A uses 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, and hardware flow control.

#### **Activating Remote Mode**

The 4934A enters remote control mode when it detects the RMT command at the serial input. While the unit is in remote mode, the front-panel controls are locked out (pressing any key displays a not local message).

## **Deactivating Remote Mode**

The 4934A exits remote mode when it detects the LCL command at the serial port. The unit returns to normal operation. You can also deactivate remote operation by switching the unit off and then back on again.

#### 7-4 Remote Control

# **Control Commands**

Control commands change the 4934A's operation. Control commands emulate a front-panel key; sending a command is comparable to pressing the corresponding key. Another set of commands (query commands) retrieve results from the unit (see Query Commands, page 7-8).

When the 4934A accepts a command it returns **OK** to the controller. Unknown commands cause the unit to return ERR. Inappropriate commands are ignored.

#### **HP 4934A TIMS Remote Control Commands**

Command	Description
RESET	Resets unit to power on condition.
RMT	Puts unit into remote mode, disable front panel.
LCL	Returns unit to front-panel (local) control.
TRMT	Same as pressing the TRMT key.
RCV	Same as pressing the RCV key.
NORM	Sets input jacks to TRMT-RCV configuration (as with REVERSE key)
REV	Sets input jacks to RCV-TRMT configuration (as with REVERSE key)
T135	Sets Tx Impedance to 135 ohms (as with the TRMT key).
T150	Sets Tx Impedance to 150 ohms.
T600	Sets Tx Impedance to 600 ohms.
T900	Sets Tx Impedance to 900 ohms.
T1200	Sets Tx Impedance to 1200 ohms.
R135	Sets Rx Impedance to 135 ohms (as with the RCV key).
R150	Sets Rx Impedance to 150 ohms.
R600	Sets Rx Impedance to 600 ohms.
R900	Sets Rx Impedance to 900 ohms.
R1200	Sets Rx Impedance to 1200 ohms.

Remote Control 7-5

HP 4934A TIMS Remote Control Commands, continued

Command	Description
DIALON	Sets DIAL key on.
DIALOFF	Sets DIAL key off.
TERM	Sets BRDG key off.
BRIDGE	Sets BRDG key on.
THOLDON	Sets the Tx HOLD key on.
THOLDOFF	Sets the Tx HOLD key off.
RHOLDON	Sets the Rx HOLD key on.
RHOLDOFF	Sets the Rx HOLD key off.
LF	Sets MEAS to LEVEL FREQ selection (as with the MEAS key).
NOISE	Sets MEAS to NOISE selection.
NWT	Sets MEAS to NOISE W TONE selection.
STN	Sets MEAS to SIG TO NOISE selection.
IMN	Sets MEAS to IMPULSE NOISE selection.
PAR	Sets MEAS to P/AR selection.
NTG	Sets MEAS to N.T.GND selection,
CMES	Sets FILTER to C-MSG selection (as with the FILTER key).
3K	Sets FILTER to 3 kHz FLAT selection.
15K	Sets FILTER to 15 kHz FLAT selection.
PROG	Sets FILTER to PRGM selection.
50KB	Sets FiLTER to 50 kBIT selection.
5M	Sets Impulse Noise PERIOD to 5 MIN (as with PERIOD key).
15M	Sets Impulse Noise PERIOD to 15 MIN selection.
60M	Sets Impulse Noise PERIOD to 60 MIN selection.
CONT	Sets Impulse Noise PERIOD to NON-STOP selection.

## 7-6 Remote Control

# **HP 4934A TIMS Remote Control Commands, continued** Command Description LOW Sets Impulse Noise DISPLAY to LOW (SET) selection. MID Sets Impulse Noise DISPLAY to MID selection. HIGH Sets Impulse Noise DISPLAY to HIGH selection. TIMER Sets Impulse Noise DISPLAY to TIMER selection. **START** Same as pressing the START RESET key. STOP Same as pressing the STOP key. Acts as the OUTPUT LEVEL knob; sets level to nn.n dBm LEV nn.n (range: -36 to 13 dBm) Acts as frequency selection buttons; sets frequency to nnnnnn Hz. FREQ nnnnnn THRESH nn Acts as Impulse Noise LOW Threshold (SET) selection. ZERON Sets LEVEL ZERO on. **ZEROFF** Sets LEVEL ZERO off. Sets SF SKIP on. SKIPON **SKIPOFF** Sets SF SKIP off. STORE Same as pressing the STORE key. Requires subsequent F1, F2, F3, or F4 command to complete action. Does not work with SF SKIP. F1 Same as pressing the F1 404 key. F2 Same as pressing the F2 1004 key. Same as pressing the F3 2804 key (and START command). F3 F4 Same as pressing the F4 2713 key (and STOP command).

# **Query Commands**

Query commands retrieve measurements or other data from the 4934A.

#### **HP 4934A TIMS Remote Query Commands**

Command	Description	
UCS?	Returns unit configuration.	
DISP?	Returns current results; see below.	
VERS?	Returns software version number.	
SN?	Returns unit serial number.	····
ERR?	Returns last range error message; see next page.	
ID?	Returns "HP 4934A."	

# Results Display (DISP?) Format

The DISP? command returns results in one of two format, depending on the current MEAS (measurement) mode.

For LEVEL FREQ, NOISE, NOISE W TONE, SIG TO NOISE, IMPULSE NOISE (TRMT), P/AR, and N.T. GND measurement modes, the DISP? command returns:

## value1, value2

where *value1* is the value displayed on the left display and *value2* is the measurement displayed on the right display. All levels and signal-to-noise ratio values include the tenths digit.

For IMPULSE NOISE (RCV) measurements, the DISP? command returns:

#### LL, MM, HH, TT

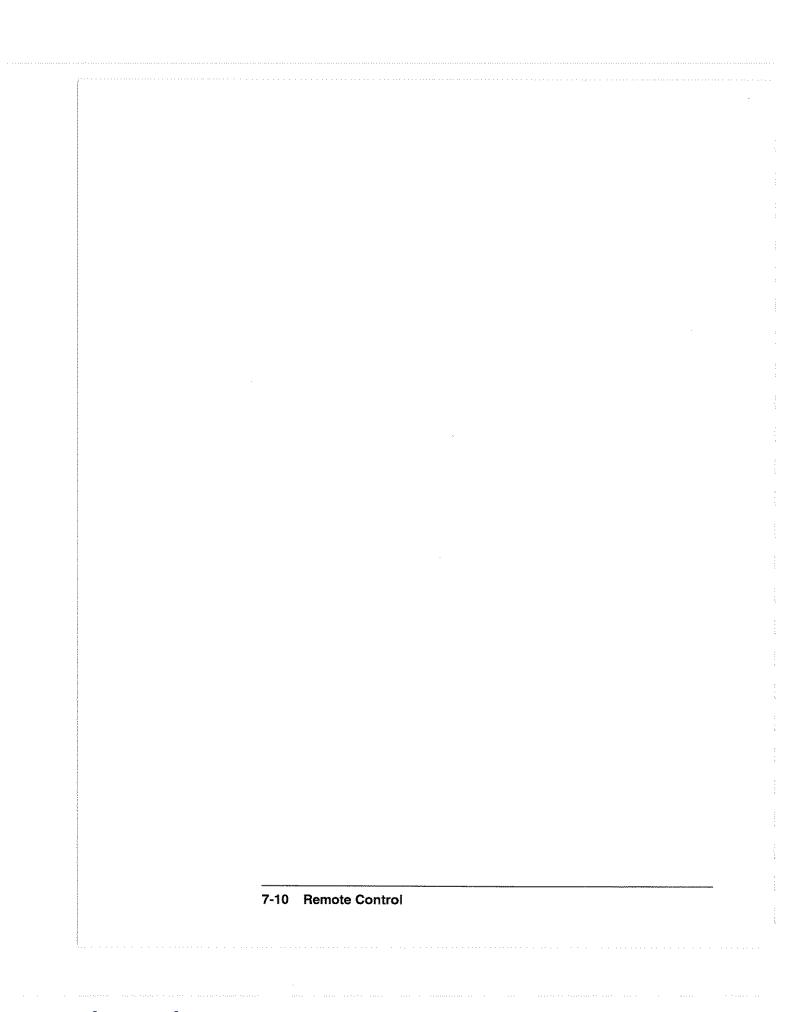
where LL is the count of impulse noise low threshold crossing; MM is the count of middle threshold crossings, HH is the count of high threshold crossings; and TT is the timer value in minutes.

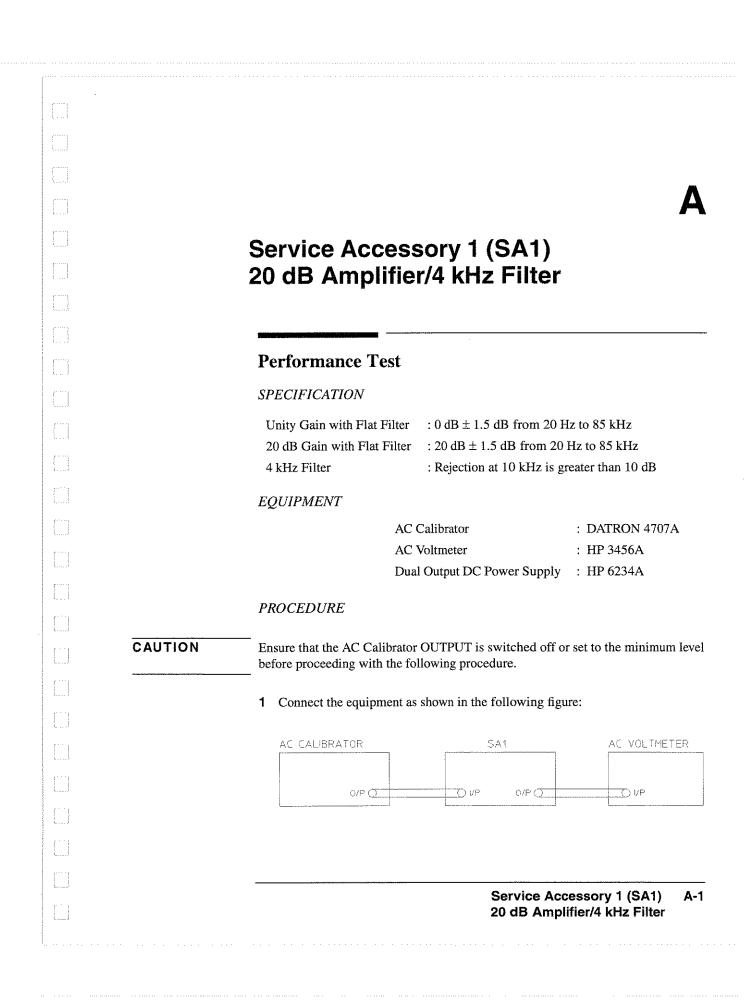
#### 7-8 Remote Control

# **Range Error Messages** The LEV, FREQ, and THRESH commands accept a range of valid values. If an out-of-range value is entered, the 4934A still returns OK to the controller. However, the ERR? can check for the most recent out-of-range command value. NOTE The ERR? command identifies only the most recent out-of-range value entered. The ERR? returns one of the following responses. **ERR?** Responses Response Description No Errors No range errors were detected since the last ERR? command. Level over range The last LEV value was too high. Level under range The last LEV value was too low. Frequency over range The last FREQ value was too high. Frequency under range The last FREQ value was too low. Threshold over range The last THRESH value was too high. The last THRESH value was too low. Threshold under range

Remote Control

7-9





## Unity Gain and Flatness Check

2 Set SA1 as follows:

Gain : Unity
Filter : Flat

- **3** Set the AC Calibrator output level to 0.7746 V at 20 Hz then switch on the OUTPUT.
- 4 Check that the AC Voltmeter is between 0.6517 V and 0.9206 V.
- 5 Set the AC Calibrator to each frequency listed in the following table and check the corresponding AC Voltmeter reading

AC Calibrator Frequency	AC Voltmeter Reading		
50 Hz	0.6517 V to 0.9206 V		
200 Hz	0.6517 V to 0.9206 V		
1000 Hz	0.6517 V to 0.9206 V		
15 kHz	0.6517 V to 0.9206 V		
60 kHz	0.6517 V to 0.9206 V		
85 kHz	0.6517 V to 0.9206 V		

#### 20 dB Gain and Flatness Check

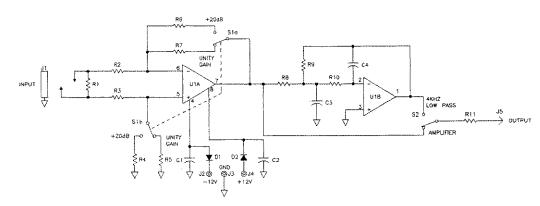
6 Set SA1 as follows:

Gain : 20 dB Filter : Flat

- **7** Set the AC Calibrator output level to 7.746 mV at 20 Hz.
- 8 Check that the AC Voltmeter reading is between 65.17 mV and 92.06 mV.
- **9** Set the AC Calibrator to each frequency listed in the following table and check the corresponding AC Voltmeter reading.

A-2 Service Accessory 1 (SA1) 20 dB Amplifier/4 kHz Filter

AC Calibrator Frequency  50 Hz  200 Hz  1000 Hz  15 kHz  60 kHz  85 kHz   Filter Check  SA1 as follows:  Gain : Unity Filter : 4 kHz  the AC Calibrator frequency to 100 ast the AC Calibrator output level to 46 V.  adjust the AC Calibrator output level to 46 v.	2 L.P.  O Hz.  until the reading on the AC Voltmeter
50 Hz 200 Hz 1000 Hz 15 kHz 60 kHz 85 kHz  Filter Check SA1 as follows:  Gain : Unity Filter : 4 kHz the AC Calibrator frequency to 100 ast the AC Calibrator output level to 46 V.	65.17 mV to 92.06 mV
50 Hz 200 Hz 1000 Hz 15 kHz 60 kHz 85 kHz  Filter Check SA1 as follows:  Gain : Unity Filter : 4 kHz the AC Calibrator frequency to 100 ast the AC Calibrator output level to 46 V.	65.17 mV to 92.06 mV
50 Hz 200 Hz 1000 Hz 15 kHz 60 kHz 85 kHz  Filter Check SA1 as follows:  Gain : Unity Filter : 4 kHz the AC Calibrator frequency to 100 ast the AC Calibrator output level to 46 V.	65.17 mV to 92.06 mV
50 Hz 200 Hz 1000 Hz 15 kHz 60 kHz 85 kHz  Filter Check SA1 as follows:  Gain : Unity Filter : 4 kHz the AC Calibrator frequency to 100 ast the AC Calibrator output level to 46 V.	65.17 mV to 92.06 mV
200 Hz 1000 Hz 15 kHz 60 kHz 85 kHz  Filter Check SA1 as follows:  Gain : Unity Filter : 4 kHz  the AC Calibrator frequency to 100 ast the AC Calibrator output level to 46 V.	65.17 mV to 92.06 mV
1000 Hz 15 kHz 60 kHz 85 kHz  Filter Check SA1 as follows:  Gain : Unity Filter : 4 kHz the AC Calibrator frequency to 100 ast the AC Calibrator output level to 46 V.	65.17 mV to 92.06 mV
15 kHz 60 kHz 85 kHz  Filter Check SA1 as follows:  Gain : Unity Filter : 4 kHz  The AC Calibrator frequency to 100 ast the AC Calibrator output level unity 46 V.	65.17 mV to 92.06 mV 65.17 mV to 92.06 mV 65.17 mV to 92.06 mV
60 kHz 85 kHz  Filter Check  SA1 as follows:  Gain : Unity Filter : 4 kHz  the AC Calibrator frequency to 100 ast the AC Calibrator output level to 46 V.	65.17 mV to 92.06 mV 65.17 mV to 92.06 mV L.P.  O Hz. until the reading on the AC Voltmeter
85 kHz  Filter Check  SA1 as follows:  Gain : Unity Filter : 4 kHz  the AC Calibrator frequency to 100  ast the AC Calibrator output level u  46 V.	65.17 mV to 92.06 mV  L.P.  O Hz.  until the reading on the AC Voltmeter
Filter Check SA1 as follows:  Gain: Unity Filter: 4 kHz The AC Calibrator frequency to 100 ast the AC Calibrator output level of 46 V.	L.P.  Hz.  until the reading on the AC Voltmeter
Gain: Unity Filter: 4 kHz  the AC Calibrator frequency to 100  ast the AC Calibrator output level of 46 V.	2 L.P.  O Hz.  until the reading on the AC Voltmeter
Gain: Unity Filter: 4 kHz  the AC Calibrator frequency to 100  ast the AC Calibrator output level of 46 V.	2 L.P.  O Hz.  until the reading on the AC Voltmeter
Gain: Unity Filter: 4 kHz  the AC Calibrator frequency to 100  ast the AC Calibrator output level of 160 V.	2 L.P.  O Hz.  until the reading on the AC Voltmeter
Filter: 4 kHz  the AC Calibrator frequency to 100  ast the AC Calibrator output level to 46 V.	2 L.P.  O Hz.  until the reading on the AC Voltmeter
Filter: 4 kHz the AC Calibrator frequency to 100 ast the AC Calibrator output level u 46 V.	2 L.P.  O Hz.  until the reading on the AC Voltmeter
ust the AC Calibrator output level u 46 V.	until the reading on the AC Voltmeter
46 V.	
	val for the remainder of the test
adjust the AC Calibrator output lev	val for the remainder of the test
	ci for the remainder of the test.
the AC Calibratan frameworks to 10	LITA
the AC Calibrator frequency to 10	
ck that the reading on the AC Volti	meter is less than 0.2450 V.
- And the second	
	Service Accessory 1 (SA1) 20 dB Amplifier/4 kHz Filter

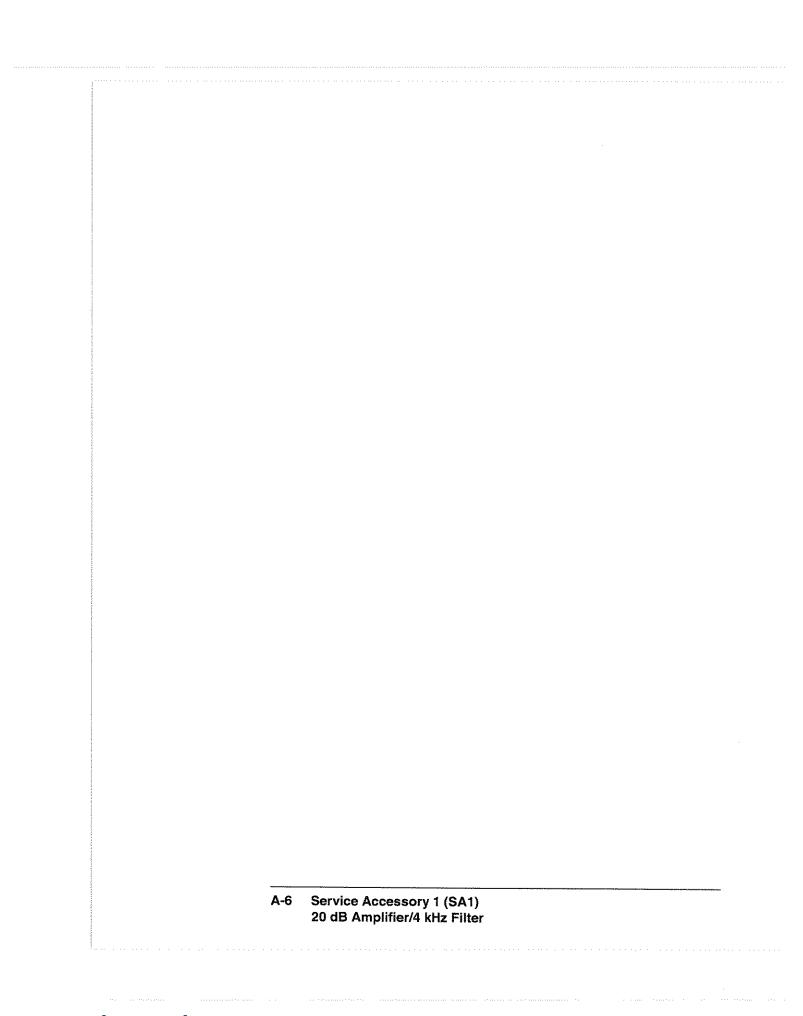


SA1 Schematic Replaceable Parts

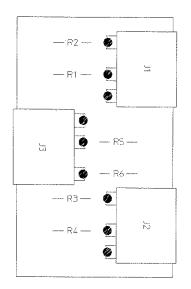
Ref. Designator	Description	Qty.	HP Part No.
SA1	Amplifier/Filter Assembly	1	04935-60018
		Westing Was Additional Property of the Control of t	
C1	Capacitor 0.12μF ±5%	2	0160-3468
C2	Capacitor 0.12μF ±5%		0160-3468
C3	Capacitor 10k pF ±1%	1	0160-3548
C4	Capacitor 1k pF ±1%	1	0160-2387
D1	Diode	2	1901-0040
D2	Diode		1901-0040
<b>R</b> 1	Resistor 600Ω ±0.1%	2	0698-7408
R2	Resistor 10 kΩ ±1%	4	0757-0442
R3	Resistor 10 kΩ ±1%		0757-0442
R4	Resistor 100 kΩ ±1%	2	0757-0465
R5	Resistor 10 kΩ ±2%		0757-0442

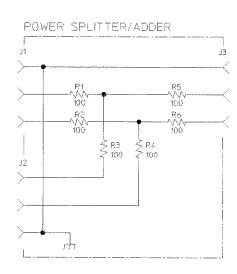
A-4 Service Accessory 1 (SA1) 20 dB Amplifier/4 kHz Filter

## Replaceable Parts (Continued) Resistor 100 k $\Omega \pm 1\%$ 0757-0465 R6 Resistor 10 k $\Omega$ ±1% **R**7 0757-0442 R8 Resistor 42.2 k $\Omega$ ±1% 0698-3450 2 R9 Resistor 42.2 k $\Omega$ ±1% 0698-3450 R10 Resistor 2.87 k $\Omega \pm 1\%$ 0698-3151 1 Resistor $600\Omega \pm 0.1\%$ R11 0698-7408 MC3400L U1 1 1826-0712 **S**1 Switch 2 3101-0973 **S2** Switch 3101-0973 Connector J1 1 1251-3677 J2 **Binding Post** 3 1510-0076 J3 **Binding Post** 1510-0076 J4 **Binding Post** 1510-0076 **BNC Connector** J5 1 1250-1780



- 2 Set the Synthesizer output level to 0 dBm at 200 Hz.
- 3 Adjust the Synthesizer output level until the reading on the AC Voltmeter is between 1.5420 V and 1.5491 V
- 4 Connect the  $600\Omega$  resistor across J2 and the AC Voltmeter across J3.
- **5** Check the AC Voltmeter reading is between 0.7702 V and 0.7791 V.
- 6 Connect the AC Voltmeter across J2 and the resistor across J3 then repeat step 5.
- 7 Repeat steps 2 to 6 with the Synthesizer frequency at 40 kHz.





## Replaceable Parts

Ref. Designator	Description	Qty.	HP Part No.
R1 to R6	Resistor Fxd 100Ω 0.1% 1/8 W	6	0698-6323
J1 to J3	Connector 3-pin	3	1251-2533
MSC	Connector single pin	9	1251-0600
MSC	Blank Printed Circuit Board	1	03779-20045

B-2 Service Accessory 2 (SA2) Power Splitter/Adder

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