# Keysight X-Series Signal Analyzers

This manual provides documentation for the following Analyzers:

PXA Signal Analyzer N9030A



Functional Tests

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#### Table of Contents

1.	Functional Tests	
	Functional Test Versus Performance Verification	. 4
	Contents of this Document.	. 5
	Before Performing a Functional Test	. 6
	Test Equipment	. /
2.	Displayed Average Noise Level (DANL)	
	Procedure	12
3.	Frequency Readout Accuracy	
	Procedure	17
4.	Second Harmonic Distortion (SHD)	
	Procedure	2
5.	Amplitude Accuracy at 50 MHz	
	Procedure	25
	Testing Preamp Option (P03, P08, P13, P26, P43, P44, P50)	27
6.	Frequency Response (Flatness)	
	Procedure	31
7.	Frequency Response (Flatness), Preamp On	
	Procedure	37
8.	Scale Fidelity	
	Procedure	43
	BBIQ Input Frequency Response otion BBA only)	
	Procedure	47

Contents

Keysight X-Series Signal Analyzers PXA N9030A

**Functional Tests** 

## 1 Functional Tests

Functional tests are tests of various instrument parameters that give a high degree of confidence that the analyzer is operating correctly. They are recommended as a check of analyzer operation for incoming inspection or after a repair. Measurement uncertainty analysis is not available for functional tests, and the analyzer is checked against limits that are wider than the published specifications. The functional tests are designed to test an analyzer operating within the temperature range defined by the analyzer specifications using a minimum set of test equipment. If a test does not pass, performance verification tests must be run to determine whether a problem exists.



## Functional Test Versus Performance Verification

Functional tests use a minimum set of test equipment to check a much smaller range of parameters (and a limited number of data points for each parameter) than do performance verification tests. Functional tests use limits that are wider than the published specifications; measurement uncertainty analysis is **not** available for functional tests.

#### NOTE

If a functional test does not pass, you must run performance verification tests to determine whether a problem exists.

Performance verification tests span a wide range of instrument parameters and provide the highest level of confidence that the instrument conforms to published specifications. These tests can be time consuming and require extensive test equipment.

### Contents of this Document

This chapter includes the following:

- "Before Performing a Functional Test" on page 6 (what to do first).
- "Test Equipment" on page 7 (a list of the equipment required for all of the tests).

Subsequent chapters describe the following Functional Tests:

- "Displayed Average Noise Level (DANL)" on page 11
- "Frequency Readout Accuracy" on page 15
- "Second Harmonic Distortion (SHD)" on page 19
- "Amplitude Accuracy at 50 MHz" on page 23
- "Frequency Response (Flatness)" on page 29
- "Frequency Response (Flatness), Preamp On" on page 35
- "Scale Fidelity" on page 41

Each functional test includes:

- Test limits (pass/fail criteria)
- A description of the test
- The equipment required for the test
- A figure showing how to connect the equipment
- Step-by-step instructions
- One or more tables in which to record the measurement results

Chapter 1 5

## Before Performing a Functional Test

- 1. Ensure that you have the proper test equipment.
- 2. Switch on the unit under test (UUT) and let it warm up (in accordance with warm-up requirements in the instrument specifications).
- **3.** Allow sufficient warm-up time for the required test equipment (refer to individual instrument documentation for warm-up specifications).
- 4. Ensure that the analyzer's frequency reference is set to Internal:
  - a. Press the Input/Output, More, Freq Ref In keys.
  - b. If the Freq Ref In softkey does not show Internal, press the Freq Ref In softkey and select Internal.
- **5.** Following instrument warm-up, perform the auto align routine:

Press System, Alignments, Align Now, All.

NOTE

Functional test accuracy depends on the precision of the test equipment used. Ensure that all of the test equipment is calibrated before running a functional test.

## Test Equipment

The table below summarizes the test equipment needed to perform all of the functional tests. Alternate equipment model numbers are given in case the recommended equipment is not available. If neither the recommended nor the alternative test equipment are available, substitute equipment that meets or exceeds the critical specifications listed.

Table 1-1

Analyzer Option	ltem	Critical Specifications	Recommended Keysight Model	Alternate Keysight Model
	Adapters			
503, 508, 513, 526	3.5 mm (f) to 3.5mm (f) (connector saver for source)	Frequency: 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	83059B	1250-1749
543, 544, 550	2.4 mm (f) to 2.4mm (f) (connector saver for source)	Frequency: 10 MHz to 50 GHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	11900B	
543, 544, 550	2.4 mm (f) to 3.5mm (f)	Frequency: 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	11901B	
All	BNC (f) to SMA (m)	Frequency: 40 MHz	1250-1200	
All	Type N (f) to Type N (f)	Frequency: 10 MHz to 18 GHz VSWR: < 1.05:1	1250-1472	1250-0777
All	Type N (m) to 3.5 mm (m)	Frequency: 10 MHz to 18 GHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	1250-1743	
All	Type N (m) to 3.5 mm (f)	Frequency: 10 MHz to 18 GHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	1250-1744	
All	Type N (f) to 3.5 mm (f)	Frequency: 10 MHz to 18 GHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	1250-1745	
All	Type N (m) to BNC (f)	Frequency: 10 MHz to 1 GHz VSWR: < 1.05:1	1250-1476	
	Attenuators			
All	10 dB Step Attenuator	Frequency: 50 MHz  Range: 0 to 70 dB	8495A	8496A
All	10 dB Fixed Attenuator (2 required)	Frequency: 50 MHz VSWR: < 1.2:1	8493C Option 010	8493A Option 010 or 8493B Option 010

Chapter 1 7

Table 1-1

Analyzer Option	ltem	Critical Specifications	Recommended Keysight Model	Alternate Keysight Model		
Preamp Options (Pxx)	30 dB Fixed Attenuator	<b>Accuracy</b> : < 0.05 dB @ 50 MHz	11708A			
	Cables					
All	3.5 mm (1 meter)	Frequency: 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz VSWR: < 1.4:1 Loss: < 2.0 dB	11500E	8120-4921		
543, 544, 550	2.4 mm (f) to 2.4 mm (m) (1 meter)	Frequency: 10 MHz to 50 GHz VSWR: < 1.55:1 at 50 GHz Loss: < 6.0 dB	8120-6164			
BBA	Cable, BNC	BNC male Length: 23 cm (9 in) max	10502A			
All	Cable, BNC (3 required)	120 cm (48 in.) BNC cable	10503A			
	Signal Source					
All	Synthesized Sweeper	Frequency: 10 MHz to 50 GHz <sup>a</sup> Harmonic level: < - 40 dBc Amplitude range: 10 to - 20 dBm Frequency Accuracy: 0.02%	PSG <sup>b</sup>	83630B, 83640B, 83650B		
BBA	RF Signal Generator	Frequency: 250 kHz to 40 MHz Amplitude: ~-10 dBm Flatness: < ±0.75 dB	E4438C	33250A		
	Power Meter					
All	Power Meter	Power Reference Accuracy: ±1.2% Compatible with power sensor	E4418B	E4419B		
All	Power Sensor	Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 3.66 GHz Amplitude Range: -70 to -20 dBm	8481D	8487D 8485D		
503, 508, 513	Power Sensor	Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 13.66 GHz	8481A			
		Amplitude Range: -30 to +20 dBm				
526	Power Sensor	Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 26.5 GHz Amplitude Range: -30 to +20 dBm	8485A			
543, 544, 550	Power Sensor Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 50 GHz  Amplitude Range: -30 to +20 dBm		8487A			
P03	Low Power Sensor	Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 3.6 GHz Amplitude Range: -70 to -20 dBm	8481D	8485D 8487D		

### Functional Tests Test Equipment

Table 1-1

Analyzer Option	Item	Critical Specifications	Recommended Keysight Model	Alternate Keysight Model
Preamp other than PO3	Low Power Sensor	Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 50 GHz <sup>c</sup> Amplitude Range: -70 to -20 dBm	8487D	8485D
	Miscellaneous Equipment			
All	Filter, 50 MHz Low Pass	Cutoff Frequency: 50 MHz  Rejection at 65 MHz: > 40 dB  Rejection at 75 MHz: > 60 dB  Rejection at 80 MHz: > 60 dB  Frequency: 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz	0955-0306	
526	Power Splitter, 3.5 mm	Nominal Insertion Loss: 6 dB Tracking Between Ports: < 0.25 dB	11667B	
543, 544, 550	Power Splitter, 2.4 mm	Nominal Insertion Loss: 8.5 dB Tracking Between Ports: < 0.4 dB	11667C	
503, 508, 513	Power Splitter	Nominal Insertion Loss: 6 dB Tracking Between Ports: < 0.25 dB	11667A	11667B
503, 508, 513, 526	Termination, $50\Omega$	Type N (m) Connector Frequency: 30 Hz to 26.5 GHz	909A Option 012	
544, 545, 550	Termination, $50\Omega$	2.4 mm (f) Connector  Frequency: 30 Hz to 50 GHz	85138B	
BBA	Termination, $50\Omega$	Connector: BNC male Frequency: 250 kHz to 40 MHz	11593A	

- a. Maximum frequency equal to or greater than the maximum frequency of the PXA.
- b. PSG model numbers: E8244A, E8254A, E8247C Option 520, E8247C Option H31 or 540, E8257D Option 520, E8257D Option 550, E8257D Option 567, E8267D Option 544.
- c. Maximum frequency equal to or greater than the maximum frequency of the preamplifier option.

Functional Tests Test Equipment

Keysight X-Series Signal Analyzers PXA N9030A

**Functional Tests** 

## 2 Displayed Average Noise Level (DANL)

### Test Limits (with 0 dB input attenuation)

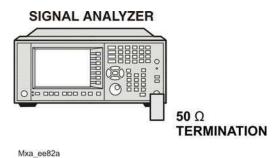
See Table 2-1 on page 13 for values.

The Displayed Average Noise Level (DANL) of the signal analyzer is measured across a 10 kHz frequency span at several center frequencies. The analyzer input is terminated into a  $50\Omega$  load. A test is performed to assure the measurement is not performed in the presence of a residual response. The measurement is then averaged, and the result is normalized to a 1 Hz bandwidth.

ltem	Critical Specifications (for this test)	Recommended Keysight Model
Termination, $50\Omega$ Type-N(m) <sup>a</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 18 GHz	909A Option 012
Termination, $50\Omega$ 2.4 mm (f) <sup>b</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 50 GHz	85138B

- a. for Options 503, 508, 513, and 526
- b. for Options 543, 544, and 550

Figure 2-1 DANL Test Setup





### Procedure

- 1. Configure the equipment as shown in Figure 2-1
- 2. Press Mode, Spectrum Analyzer, Mode Preset on the analyzer.
- 3. Set up the signal analyzer by pressing:

FREQ Channel, Center Freq, 10, MHz
Input/Output, RF Input, RF Coupling, select DC (except Options 543, 544, and 550)
SPAN X Scale, Span, 10, kHz
AMPTD Y Scale, -70, dBm
AMPTD Y Scale, Attenuation, MechAtten, 0, dB
BW, Res BW, 1, kHz
BW, Video BW, 100, Hz
Meas Setup, Average/Hold, Number, 20, Enter
Trace/Detector, Trace Average
Single

- 4. Press Restart, then wait for Average/Hold to display 20/20.
- 5. Press View/Display, Display, then press Display Line, On.
- **6.** Rotate the knob and set the display line at the average amplitude of the displayed noise floor by visual inspection.
- 7. Confirm that the measurement is performed on the analyzer noise floor and not on a residual response within the displayed 10 kHz span.

#### NOTE

Ignore the residual response if one appears when taking the measurement.

- 8. Enter the value of the display line as the Measured Average Noise Level at 10 MHz column in Table 2-1.
- **9.** Normalize the measured value to a 1 Hz BW by adding 30 dB to the measured value.

#### NOTE

The 30 dB value is added because the formula used to calculate the value of the noise power in a 1 Hz BW when measured with a 1 kHz BW is:

Normalized Noise = 10 Log (BW 2/BW 1) where BW 2 is the 1 kHz BW we measure and BW 1 is 1 Hz BW to which we want to normalize.

Therefore, 10 Log (1000) = 30 dB, so the noise floor will be 30 dB lower in a 1 Hz BW.

**10.**Enter the normalized value of the displayed average noise level in Table 2-1.

- **11.**The value of the normalized displayed average noise should be less than the specification value.
- **12.**Change the analyzer center frequency to the next value listed in Table 2-1. Press: FREQ Channel, Center Freq, [Table 2-1 Value], GHz
- 13. Repeat step 4 through step 12 to fill in the remainder of Table 2-1 for your analyzer frequency range.

Table 2-1 Displayed Average Noise Level (DANL) Results

Center Frequency	Measured Average Noise Level (dBm)	Normalized Average Noise Level/(1 Hz BW) (dBm)	Test Limits (dBm) Options 503, 508, 513, 526	Test Limits (dBm) Options 543, 544, 550
10 MHz			-153	-153
2 GHz			-152	-152
6 GHz			-146	-142
13 GHz			-147	-145
20 GHz			-140	-139
26.5 GHz			-135	-137
30 GHz			N/A	-136
35 GHz			N/A	-131
40 GHz			N/A	-129
43.5 GHz			N/A	-126
50 GHz			N/A	-126

Displayed Average Noise Level (DANL) Procedure

Keysight X-Series Signal Analyzers PXA N9030A

**Functional Tests** 

## 3 Frequency Readout Accuracy

#### **Test Limits**

Frequency Readout Accuracy is equivalent to the following equation:

 $\pm$ (**0.25**% × span + **5**% × RBW + **2** Hz + **0.5** × horizontal resolution)

See Table 3-1 on page 17 for actual values.

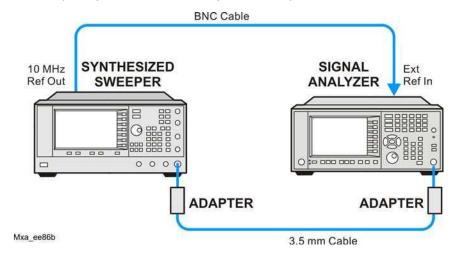
The frequency readout accuracy is measured in several spans and center frequencies that allow both internal analyzer synthesizer modes and prefilter bandwidths to be tested. Frequency reference error is eliminated by using the same frequency standard for the analyzer and signal source.

Item	Critical Specification (for this test)	Recommended Keysight Model
Adapter, Type-N (m), to 3.5 mm (f) <sup>a</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 1.51 GHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	1250-1744
Adapter, 3.5 mm (f) to 3.5 mm (f) <sup>a</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 1.51 GHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	83059B
Adapter, 2.4 mm (f) to 2.4 mm (f) <sup>b</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 1.51 GHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	11900B
Cable, 2.4 mm, 1 meter <sup>b</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 1.51 GHz VSWR: < 1.4:1	8120-6164
Cable, 3.5 mm, 1 meter <sup>a</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 1.51 GHz VSWR: < 1.4:1	11500E
Cable, BNC, 120 cm	Frequency: 10 MHz	10503A
Synthesized Sweeper	Frequency: 10 MHz to 1.51 GHz	PSG

- a. for Options 503, 508, 513, 526
- b. for Options 543, 544, 550



Figure 3-1 Frequency Readout Accuracy Test Setup



## Procedure

- 1. Configure the equipment as shown in Figure 3-1. Confirm the analyzer's built-in auto alignment has been performed within the past 24 hours.
- 2. On the synthesized sweeper, press **PRESET**, then set the controls as follows:

FREQUENCY, 1505, MHz POWER LEVEL, -10, dBm RF, On

**3.** Set up the signal analyzer by pressing:

Mode, Spectrum Analyzer Mode Preset Input/Output, More, Freq Ref In, External FREQ Channel, Center Freq, 1505, MHz SPAN X Scale, Span, 2990, MHz Trace/Detector, More, Detector, Sample Single

4. Press Restart.

Press **Peak Search** on the analyzer. If the instrument is functioning correctly, the marker reading in the active function block will be between the values listed in **Table 3-1**. Record the marker value in the Marker Frequency Readout column in **Table 3-1**.

- **5.** On the signal analyzer, change the span and center frequency as listed in Table 3-1.
- **6.** Change the synthesized sweeper frequency to match the center frequency of the analyzer.
- 7. Repeat step 4 through step 6 until the Marker Frequency Readout column of Table 3-1 is complete.

## Table 3-1 Frequency Readout Accuracy Results

Span (MHz)	Center Frequency (MHz)	Minimum	Marker Frequency Readout	Maximum
2990	1505	1495.9 MHz		1514.1 MHz
127.2	1505	1504.56 MHz		1505.44 MHz
54.1	1505	1504.8122 MHz		1505.1878 MHz
7.95	1505	1504.97240 MHz		1505.0276 MHz
0.106	1505	1504.999630 MHz		1505.000370 MHz
1.98	517.59	517.58316 MHz		517.59684 MHz
1.98	832.50	832.49316 MHz		832.50684 MHz

Frequency Readout Accuracy Procedure

**Functional Tests** 

## 4 Second Harmonic Distortion (SHD)

#### **Test Limits**

Applied Frequency	Mixer Level <sup>a</sup>	Distortion
40 MHz	–15 dBm	< -60 dBc

a. Mixer Level = Input Level - RF Attenuation

This test checks the second harmonic distortion of the signal analyzer by tuning to twice the input frequency and examining the level of the distortion product. A low pass filter is inserted between the source and the signal analyzer to prevent the source second harmonic from artificially raising the second harmonic product displayed on the analyzer.

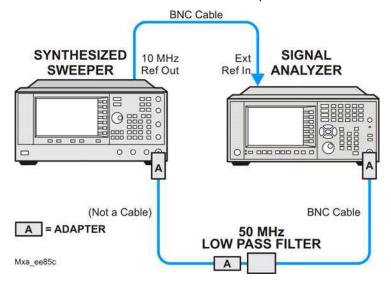
Item	Critical Specifications (for this test)	Recommended Keysight Model
Adapter, Type-N (m) to BNC (f)	Frequency: 10 MHz to 80 MHz VSWR: < 1.05:1	1250-1476
Adapter, BNC (f) to SMA (m)	Frequency: 40 to 80 MHz	1250-1200
Adapter, 3.5 mm (f) to 3.5 mm (f) <sup>a</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 80 MHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	83059B
Adapter, 2.4 mm (f) to 3.5 mm (f) <sup>b</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 80 MHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	11901B
Cable, BNC 120 cm (2 required)	Frequency: 10 to 40 MHz	10503A
Filter, 50 MHz Low Pass	Cutoff Frequency: 50 MHz Rejection at 65 MHz: > 40 dB Rejection at 75 MHz: > 60 dB	0955-0306
Synthesized Sweeper	Frequency: 50 MHz Spectral Purity: Better than -30 dBc	PSG

a. for Options 503, 508, 513, 526



## b. for Options 543, 544, 550

Figure 4-1 Second Harmonic Distortion Test Setup



## Procedure

- 1. Configure the equipment as shown in Figure 4-1
- **2.** Press **Mode**, **Spectrum Analyzer**, **Mode Preset** on the signal analyzer and Preset the synthesized sweeper.
- 3. Set up the synthesized sweeper by pressing:

Frequency, 40, MHz Amplitude, -5, dBm

4. Set up the signal analyzer by pressing:

Input/Output, More, Freq Ref In, External FREQ Channel, Center Freq, 40, MHz SPAN X Scale, Span, 1, MHz AMPTD Y Scale, Attenuation, Mech Atten, 10, dB

- 5. On the analyzer, press Peak Search.
- **6.** Adjust the synthesized sweeper amplitude for a signal analyzer display of  $-5 \text{ dBm} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ .
- 7. On the signal analyzer, activate the marker delta function by pressing the Marker and Delta keys.
- 8. On the signal analyzer, press:

FREQ Channel, Center Freq, 80, MHz Meas Setup, Average/Hold Number, 20, Enter Trace/Detector, Trace Average Single

9. Press **Peak Search**. Enter the displayed value under the Measured Second Harmonic Distortion (dBc) heading in Table 4-1.

Table 4-1 Second Harmonic Distortion Results

Applied Frequency	Measured Second Harmonic Distortion (dBc)	Mixer Level	Specification
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dBc)
40		-15	-60

Chapter 4 21

Second Harmonic Distortion (SHD) Procedure

Keysight X-Series Signal Analyzers PXA N9030A

**Functional Tests** 

## 5 Amplitude Accuracy at 50 MHz

#### **Test Limits**

Amplitude Accuracy should remain within 1.13 dB of the measured source value across the range of source levels and changes in resolution bandwidth. The Preamp (option P03, P08, P13, P26, P43, P44, P50) should remain within ±1.3 dB of measured values.

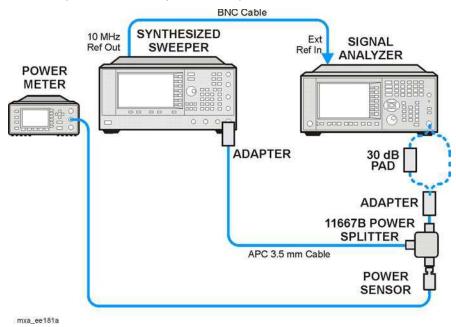
A synthesized sweeper is used as the signal source for the test. The source amplitude is varied using the signal source amplitude control. The attenuation and resolution bandwidth are varied on the signal analyzer. The source amplitude is measured by the power meter and signal analyzer at each setting, and the values compared. The difference between each pair of measurements indicates the amplitude accuracy.

Item	Critical Specifications	Recommended Keysight Model
Adapter <sup>a</sup>	Type-N (m), to 3.5 mm (m)	1250-1743
Adapter <sup>a</sup>	3.5 mm (f) to 3.5 mm (f)	83059B
Adapter <sup>b</sup>	2.4 mm (f) to 3.5 mm (m)	11901A
Adapter <sup>b</sup>	2.4 mm (f) to 3.5 mm (f)	11901B
Attenuator, 30 dB	Accuracy: < 0.5 dB at 50 MHz	11708A
Cable	3.5 mm, 1 meter	11500E
Cable	BNC, 120 cm	10503A
Power Meter	Compatible with power sensor	E4418B
Power Sensor	Amplitude Range: -25 dBm to 10 dBm	8485A
Power Splitter	3.5 mm (f) connectors 6 dB loss	11667B
Synthesized Sweeper	Typical Temperature Stability: 0.01 dBc/°C	PSG

- a. for Options 503, 508, 513, 526
- b. for Options 543, 544, 550



Figure 5-1 Amplitude Accuracy Test Setup



### Procedure

- 1. Zero and calibrate the power meter.
- 2. Configure equipment as shown in Figure 5-1, with the power splitter connected directly to the signal analyzer input through the adapter.

#### **CAUTION**

To minimize stress on the test equipment connections, support the power sensor.

- 3. If the auto alignment for the analyzer has not been performed within the past 24 hours, press **System**, **Alignments**, **Align Now**, **All** to perform the auto alignment routine.
- 4. Press Mode, Spectrum Analyzer, Mode Preset on the analyzer.
- **5.** Set up the synthesized sweeper by pressing:

CW, 50, MHz Power Level, -4, dBm RF (On)

**6.** Set up the signal analyzer by pressing:

Input/Output, More, Freq Ref In, External
FREQ Channel, Center Freq, 50, MHz
SPAN X Scale, 2, MHz
AMPTD Y Scale, Attenuation, Mech Atten, 10, dB
Input/Output, RF Input, RF Coupling, select DC (except Options 543, 544, 550)
Sweep/Control, Sweep Setup, Swp Time Rules, SA - Accuracy
Meas Setup, Average/Hold Number, 20, Enter
Trace/Detector, Trace Average
Single

- 7. Perform the following steps for each row listed in Table 5-1:
  - a. Set the synthesized sweeper amplitude to the value listed in the Nominal Source Amplitude column in Table 5-1
  - b. Set the Mech Atten as indicated in the Attenuation column in Table
     5-1
  - c. Set the Span as listed in the Span column of Table 5-1
  - d. Record the synthesized sweeper amplitude, as measured by the power meter, in the Power Meter Amplitude column of Table 5-1
  - e. On the signal analyzer, press Restart.
  - f. Wait for the signal analyzer to finish averaging.
  - g. Press Peak Search.

Chapter 5 25

- Record the signal amplitude, as measured by the analyzer in the Measured Amplitude column of Table 5-1
- i. Calculate the signal amplitude accuracy error using the following equation, and record the results under the Amplitude Accuracy Error column:

Amplitude Accuracy Error = Meas\_amp - Power\_meter

Table 5-1 Amplitude Accuracy Results

Nominal Source Amplitude (dBm)	Attenuation (dB)	Span (MHz)	Measured Amplitude Meas_amp (dBm)	Power Meter Amplitude Power_meter (dBm)	Amplitude Accuracy Error (dB)	Test Limit (dB)
-4	10	2				±1.13 dB
<b>-</b> 9	10	1				±1.13 dB
-14	10	0.5				±1.13 dB
-4	20	0.1				±1.13 dB
-14	20	0.1				±1.13 dB
-4	30	0.1				±1.13 dB
-14	30	0.1				±1.13 dB

## Testing Preamp Option (P03, P08, P13, P26, P43, P44, P50)

Instruments containing Options P03, P08, P13, P26, P43, P44, P50 must have the preamp function turned on and tested.

#### Procedure

- 1. On the analyzer, press AMPTD Y Scale, More, Internal Preamp, Low Band.
- 2. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 5-1 on page 24, using a 30 dB Pad between the adaptor and the signal analyzer input.
- 3. Set the synthesized sweeper amplitude to the value listed in the Nominal Source Amplitude column in Table 5-2
- 4. Set the signal analyzer input attenuation to 0 dB.
- 5. Set the Span as listed in Table 5-2
- **6.** Record the synthesized sweeper amplitude, as measured by the power meter, in the Power Meter Amplitude column of Table 5-2
- 7. On the signal analyzer, press **Restart**.
- 8. Wait for the analyzer to finish averaging.
- 9. Press Peak Search.
- **10.**Record the signal amplitude as measured by the analyzer in the measured amplitude column of Table 5-2
- 11. Calculate the signal amplitude accuracy using the following equation:

Amplitude Accuracy Error = Meas\_amp + 30 dB - Power\_meter

**12.**Record the results under the Amplitude Accuracy Error column of Table 5-2

Table 5-2 Amplitude Accuracy Results (Option P03, P08, P13, P26, P43, P44, P50)

Nominal Source Amplitude (dBm)	Low- band Preamp	Res BW (kHz)	Span (kHz)	Measured Amplitude Meas_amp (dBm)	Power Meter Amplitude Power_meter (dBm)	Amplitude Accuracy Error (dB)	Test Limit (dB)
-13	ON	1	106				±1.30 dB

Chapter 5 27

Amplitude Accuracy at 50 MHz Testing Preamp Option (P03, P08, P13, P26, P43, P44, P50)

Keysight X-Series Signal Analyzers PXA N9030A

**Functional Tests** 

# 6 Frequency Response (Flatness)

#### **Test Limits**

Frequency Range	Limit Relative to 50 MHz
20 Hz to 3.6 GHz	±1.5 dB
> 3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz	±2.5 dB
> 8.4 GHz to 13.6 GHz	±3.0 dB
> 13.6 GHz to 26.5 GHz	±3.5 dB
> 26.5 GHz to 34.5 GHz	±3.5 dB
> 34.5 GHz to 50 GHz	±4.2 dB

The frequency response test measures the signal analyzer's amplitude error as a function of the tuned frequency. Measurements are made ranging from 50 MHz to the maximum frequency range of your analyzer. The signal source amplitude is measured with a power meter to eliminate error due to source flatness. The measured value is normalized to 50 MHz.

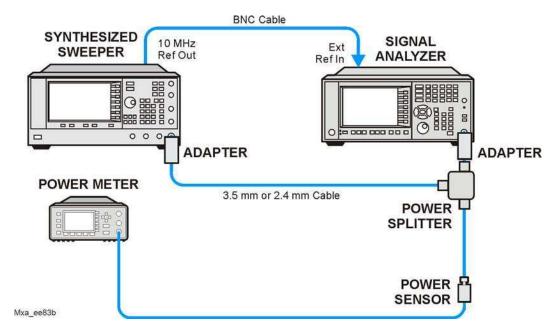
ltem	Critical Specifications (for this test)	Recommended Keysight Model
Adapter, Type N (m) to 3.5 mm (m) <sup>a</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 18 GHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	1250-1743
Adapter, 3.5 mm (f) to 3.5 mm (f) <sup>a</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	83059B
Cable, 3.5 mm, 1 meter <sup>a</sup> (Opt 503, 508, 513, 526)	Frequency: 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz VSWR: < 1.4:1	11500E
Cable, 2.4 mm, 1 meter <sup>b</sup> (Opt 543, 544, 550)	Frequency: 10 MHz to 50 GHz VSWR: < 1.55:1	8120-6164



Item	Critical Specifications (for this test)	Recommended Keysight Model	
Cables, BNC 120 cm	Frequency: 10 MHz	10503A	
Power Meter	Compatible with power sensor	E4418B	
Power Sensor	Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 26.5 GHz	8485A	
Power Sensor <sup>b</sup>	Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 50 GHz	8487A	
Power Splitter <sup>a</sup>	Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 26.5 GHz Tracking between ports: < 0.25 dB	11667B	
Power Splitter <sup>b</sup>	Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 50 GHz Tracking between ports: < 0.4 dB	11667C	
Synthesized Sweeper	Frequency Range: 50 MHz to maximum frequency of PXA	PSG	

- a. for Options 503, 508, 513, 526
- b. for Options 543, 544, 550

Figure 6-1 Frequency Response Test Setup



### Procedure

- 1. Zero and calibrate the power meter and power sensor as described in the power meter operation manual.
- 2. Configure the equipment as shown in Figure 6-1.

#### **NOTE**

Connect the power splitter to the signal analyzer input using the appropriate adapter. Do not use a cable.

- **3.** Assure the signal analyzer's built-in auto alignment has been performed within the last 24 hours.
- **4.** Press **Mode**, **Spectrum Analyzer**, **Mode Preset** on the signal analyzer, and press **Preset** on the synthesized sweeper.
- **5.** Set up the synthesized sweeper by pressing:

CW, 50, MHz Power level, -4, dBm

**6.** Set up the signal analyzer by pressing:

Input/Output, More, Freq Ref In, External FREQ Channel, Center Freq, 50, MHz SPAN X Scale, Span, 50, kHz AMPTD Y Scale, Ref Level, 0, dBm

- 7. Adjust the synthesized sweeper output power for a power meter reading of  $-10 \text{ dBm} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ .
- 8. On the signal analyzer, press Single.
- **9.** Press the **Peak Search** key on the signal analyzer to position the marker on the peak of the signal.
- 10.Refer to Table 6-1, "Frequency Response (Flatness) Results." Enter the amplitude of the signal displayed on the signal analyzer into the Meas<sub>Amp</sub> column of Table 6-1.
- 11.Enter the power meter reading into the Power<sub>Meter</sub> column of Table 6-1.
- **12.**Tune the synthesized sweeper and signal analyzer to the next frequency listed in Table 6-1.
- **13.**Enter the power sensor calibration factor into the power meter.
- **14.**For frequencies 3.6 GHz and above, press **AMPTD Y Scale**, then **Presel Center** to center the preselector filter for an optimum amplitude measurement.
- **15.**Repeat step 7 through step 14 and complete the remainder of Table 6-1 for the frequency range of your analyzer.

Chapter 6 31

- **16.**Compute the measurement error (Meas<sub>Error</sub> = Meas<sub>Amp</sub> Power<sub>Meter</sub>).
- 17. Compute the flatness error normalized to 50 MHz:  $(Meas_{Error} Meas_{Error} @ 50 MHz)$
- **18.**Enter the computed flatness error value into the Flat<sub>Norm</sub> column of Table 6-1.
- **19.**Compare the value of  $Flat_{Norm}$  to the test limit.

Table 6-1 Frequency Response (Flatness) Results

Center Frequency	Analyzer Amplitude Meas <sub>amp</sub>	Power Meter Measurement Power <sub>meter</sub>	Meas Error Meas <sub>error</sub>	Flatness Normalized to 50 MHz Flat <sub>Norm</sub>	Flatness Error Test Limits (dB)
50 MHz				0	Ref
1 GHz					±1.5 dB
2 GHz					1.5 dB
3 GHz					±1.5 dB
3.5 GHz					±1.5 dB
4 GHz					±2.5 dB
6 GHz					±2.5 dB
8 GHz					±2.5 dB
9 GHz					±3.0 dB
11 GHz					±3.0 dB
13 GHz					±3.0 dB
14 GHz					±3.5 dB
17 GHz					±3.5 dB
20 GHz					±3.5 dB
23 GHz					±3.5 dB
26 GHz					±3.5 dB
29 GHz					±3.5 dB
32 GHz					±3.5 dB
35 GHz					±4.2 dB
38 GHz					±4.2 dB
41 GHz					±4.2 dB
42.5 GHz					±4.2 dB

# Table 6-1 Frequency Response (Flatness) Results

Center Frequency	Analyzer Amplitude Meas <sub>amp</sub>	Power Meter Measurement Power <sub>meter</sub>	Meas Error Meas <sub>error</sub>	Flatness Normalized to 50 MHz Flat <sub>Norm</sub>	Flatness Error Test Limits (dB)
43.5 GHz					±4.2 dB
46.5 GHz					±4.2 dB
49.5 GHz					±4.2 dB

Chapter 6 33

Frequency Response (Flatness) Procedure

Keysight X-Series Signal Analyzers PXA N9030A

**Functional Tests** 

# 7 Frequency Response (Flatness), Preamp On

## **Test Limits**

Frequency Range	Limit Relative to 50 MHz
100 kHz to 3.6 GHz	±2.0 dB
> 3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz	±3.0 dB
> 8.4 GHz to 13.6 GHz	±3.5 dB
> 13.6 GHz to 26.5 GHz	±4.0 dB
> 26.5 GHz to 34.5 GHz	±4.5 dB
> 34.5 GHz to 50 GHz	±6.0 dB

The frequency response test, with preamplifier on, measures the signal analyzer's amplitude error as a function of the tuned frequency. Measurements are made ranging from 50 MHz to the maximum frequency range of the preamp. The signal source amplitude is measured with a power meter to eliminate error due to source flatness. The measured value is normalized to 50 MHz.

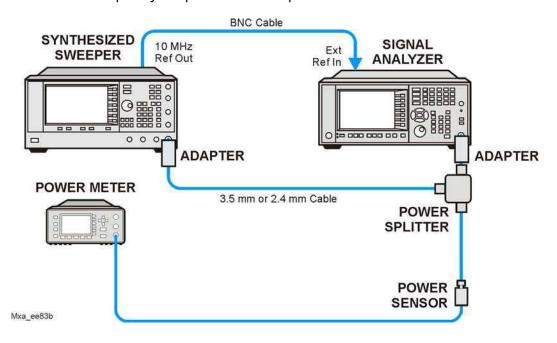
Item	Critical Specifications (for this test)	Recommended Keysight Model
Adapter, Type N (m) to 3.5 mm (m) <sup>a</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 18 GHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	1250-1743
Adapter, 3.5 mm (f) to 3.5 mm (f) <sup>a</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	83059B
Cable, 3.5 mm, 1 meter <sup>a</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz VSWR: < 1.4:1	11500E



Item	Critical Specifications (for this test)	Recommended Keysight Model
Cable, 2.4 mm, 1 meter <sup>b</sup>	Frequency: 10 MHz to 50 GHz VSWR: < 1.55:1	8120-6164
Cables, BNC 120 cm	Frequency: 10 MHz	10503A
Power Meter	Compatible with power sensor	E4418B
Attenuator, 30 dB Fixed	Frequency: 50 MHz Accuracy: ±0.05 dB	11708A
Power Sensor <sup>a</sup>	Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 26.5 GHz Amplitude Range: -65 dBm to -55 dBm	8485D
Power Sensor <sup>b</sup>	Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 50 GHz Amplitude Range: -65 dBm to -55 dBm	8487D
Power Splitter <sup>a</sup> Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 26.5 GHz Tracking between ports: < 0.25 dB		11667B
Power Splitter <sup>b</sup>	Frequency Range: 50 MHz to 50 GHz Tracking between ports: < 0.4 dB	11667C
Synthesized Sweeper	<b>Frequency Rang</b> e: 50 MHz to maximum frequency of the PXA	PSG

- a. for Options P03, P08, P13, P26
- b. for Options P43, P44, P50

Figure 7-1 Frequency Response Test Setup



# Procedure

- 1. Zero and calibrate the power meter and power sensor as described in the power meter operation manual.
- 2. Configure the equipment as shown in Figure 7-1.

#### NOTE

Connect the power splitter to the signal analyzer input using the appropriate adapter. Do not use a cable.

- **3.** Assure the signal analyzer's built-in auto alignment has been performed within the last 24 hours.
- **4.** Press **Mode**, **Spectrum Analyzer**, **Mode Preset** on the signal analyzer, and press **Preset** on the synthesized sweeper.
- **5.** Set up the synthesized sweeper by pressing:

CW, 50, MHz Power level, -54, dBm

**6.** Set up the signal analyzer by pressing:

Input/Output, More, Freq Ref In, External FREQ Channel, Center Freq, 50, MHz SPAN X Scale, Span, 50, kHz AMPTD Y Scale, More, Internal Preamp, Full Range AMPTD Y Scale, Attenuation, Mech Atten, 0, dB AMPTD Y Scale, Ref Level, -55, dBm

- 7. Adjust the synthesized sweeper output power for a power meter reading of  $-60 \text{ dBm} \pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ .
- 8. On the signal analyzer, press Single.
- **9.** Press the **Peak Search** key on the signal analyzer to position the marker on the peak of the signal.
- 10.Refer to Table 7-1, "Frequency Response (Flatness) Results." Enter the amplitude of the signal displayed on the signal analyzer into the Meas<sub>Amp</sub> column of Table 7-1.
- 11.Enter the power meter reading into the Power<sub>Meter</sub> column of Table 7-1.
- **12.**Tune the synthesized sweeper and signal analyzer to the next frequency listed in Table 7-1.
- **13.**Enter the power sensor calibration factor into the power meter.
- **14.**For frequencies 3.6 GHz and above, press **AMPTD Y Scale**, then **Presel Center** to center the preselector filter for an optimum amplitude measurement.

Chapter 7 37

- **15.**Repeat step 7 through step 14 and complete the remainder of Table 7-1 for the frequency range of your preamp.
- $\textbf{16.} Compute the measurement error (Meas_{Error} = Meas_{Amp} Power_{Meter}).$
- **17.**Compute the flatness error normalized to 50 MHz: (Meas<sub>Error</sub> Meas<sub>Error</sub> @ 50 MHz)
- **18.**Enter the computed flatness error value into the Flat<sub>Norm</sub> column of Table 7-1.
- **19.**Compare the value of Flat<sub>Norm</sub> to the test limit.

Table 7-1 Frequency Response (Flatness) Results

Center Frequency	Analyzer Amplitude Meas <sub>amp</sub>	Power Meter Measurement Power <sub>meter</sub>	Meas Error Meas <sub>error</sub>	Flatness Normalized to 50 MHz Flat <sub>Norm</sub>	Flatness Error Test Limits (dB)
50 MHz				0	Ref
1 GHz					±2.0 dB
2 GHz					±2.0 dB
3 GHz					±2.0 dB
3.5 GHz					±2.0 dB
4 GHz					±3.0 dB
6 GHz					±3.0 dB
8 GHz					±3.0 dB
9 GHz					±3.5 dB
11 GHz					±3.5 dB
13 GHz					±3.5 dB
14 GHz					±4.0 dB
17 GHz					±4.0 dB
20 GHz					±4.0 dB
23 GHz					±4.0 dB
26 GHz					±4.0 dB
29 GHz					±4.0 dB
32 GHz					±4.0 dB
35 GHz					±5.0 dB
38 GHz					±5.0 dB
41 GHz					±5.0 dB

Table 7-1 Frequency Response (Flatness) Results

Center Frequency	Analyzer Amplitude Meas <sub>amp</sub>	Power Meter Measurement Power <sub>meter</sub>	Meas Error Meas <sub>error</sub>	Flatness Normalized to 50 MHz Flat <sub>Norm</sub>	Flatness Error Test Limits (dB)
42.5 GHz					±5.0 dB
43.5 GHz					±5.0 dB
46.5 GHz					±5.0 dB
49.5 GHz					±5.0 dB

Chapter 7 39

Frequency Response (Flatness), Preamp On Procedure

Keysight X-Series Signal Analyzers PXA N9030A

**Functional Tests** 

# 8 Scale Fidelity

### **Test Limits**

The scale fidelity error will be  $\leq \pm 1.0$  dB with  $\leq -10$  dBm at the mixer.

This test checks the scale fidelity of the instrument by maintaining a constant reference level and measuring signals of different amplitudes over most of the display range. This test sets the input attenuator to 10 dB and the Reference Level to 0 dBm. The external attenuator is set to 0 dB, and the amplitude of the source is adjusted to set the displayed signal at the reference level.

The instrument's internal marker is used to measure the reference amplitude. The Marker Delta function is activated and the RF input is reduced using the external precision step attenuator. Signal input levels from 0 dBm to -50 dBm are measured.

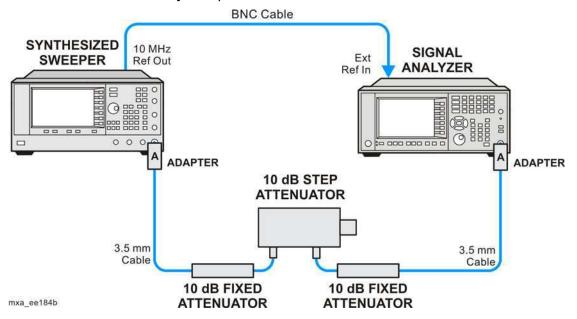
Item	Critical Specifications (for this test)	Recommended Keysight Model
Adapter, Type-N (m), to 3.5 mm (f) <sup>a</sup>	Frequency: 50 MHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	1250-1745
Adapter, 3.5 mm (f) to 3.5 mm (f) <sup>a</sup>	Frequency: 50 MHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	83059B
Adapter, 2.4 mm (f) to 3.5 mm (f) (2 required) <sup>b</sup>	Frequency: 50 MHz VSWR: < 1.1:1	11901B
Attenuator, 10 dB Step	Range: 0-50 dB Frequency: 50 MHz Accuracy: ±0.25 dB	8495A
Attenuator, 10 dB fixed (2 required)	Frequency: 50 MHz VSWR: < 1.2:1	8493C, option 010
Cable, 3.5 mm, 1 meter (2 required)	Frequency: 50 MHz VSWR: < 1.4:1	11500E



Item	Critical Specifications (for this test)	Recommended Keysight Model
Cable, BNC 120 cm	Frequency: 10 MHz	10503A
Synthesized Sweeper	Output Level Accuracy: 0 to -15 dBm: ±1.0 dB at 50 MHz	PSG

- a. for Options 503, 508, 513, 526
- b. for Options 543, 544, 550

Figure 8-1 Scale Fidelity Setup



NOTE

Averaging is used for all measurements to improve repeatability and reduce measurement uncertainty.

# Procedure

- 1. Configure the equipment as shown in Figure 8-1
- 2. Preset the Source and press Mode, Spectrum Analyzer, Mode Preset on the analyzer.
- 3. Set up the synthesized sweeper by pressing:

Frequency, 50, MHz Amplitude, +5, dBm RF On/Off, On

4. Set up the signal analyzer by pressing:

Input/Output, More, Freq Ref In, External FREQ Channel, Center Freq, 50, MHz SPAN X Scale, Span, 1, MHz AMPTD Y Scale, Ref Level, 0, dBm Meas Setup, Average/Hold Number, 10, Enter Trace/Detector, Trace Average Peak Search

- 5. Set the external 10 dB step attenuator to 0 dB.
- **6.** Adjust the amplitude on the signal source until the marker amplitude on the analyzer reads -15 dBm  $\pm 0.2$  dB.
- 7. On the analyzer, press the **Single**, **Restart** to trigger a 10 sweep average.
- 8. On the analyzer, activate the Marker Delta function by pressing Peak Search, Marker Delta.
- **9.** Perform the following steps for each attenuator setting listed in the table below:
  - a. Select the next External attenuator setting.
  - b. Press the **Restart** key to trigger a 10 sweep average.
  - c. Enter the delta marker value into Table 8-1.
  - d. Check delta marker reading against the test limits.

Chapter 8 43

Table 8-1 Scale Fidelity Results

External Attenuator Setting	Minimum (dB)	Marker Delta Value (dB)	Maximum (dB)
0	N/A	Reference	N/A
10	11.0		9.0
20	21.0		19.0
30	31.0		29.0
40	41.0		39.0
50	51.0		49.0

Keysight X-Series Signal Analyzers PXA N9030A

**Functional Tests** 

# 9 BBIQ Input Frequency Response (Option BBA only)

## **Test Limits**

Frequency Range	Limit Relative to 250 kHz
Frequency Range	Limit Relative to 250 kHz
250 kHz to 10 MHz (Standard)	± 1.75 dB
250 kHz to 25 MHz (Option B25)	± 1.75 dB
250 kHz to 40 MHz (Option S40 or SU1)	± 1.75 dB

This procedure tests the amplitude response of each of the BBIQ inputs versus frequency. For each input, a reference measurement is made at 250 kHz and then subsequent measurements are made at several frequencies up to the maximum IQ bandwidth. The amplitude difference between the measurement at 250 kHz and subsequent frequencies is calculated and compared to the test limit.

ltem	Critical Specifications	Recommended Keysight Model
RF Signal Generator	Frequency: 250 kHz to 40 MHz Amplitude: ~-10 dBm Flatness: < ±0.75 dB	E4438C
Cable, BNC	Connectors: BNC male Length: 23 cm (9 in) max	10502A
Cable, BNC, 120 cm	Connectors: BNC male Frequency: 250 kHz to 40 MHz	10503A
50 Ohm Termination	Connector: BNC male Frequency: 250 kHz to 40 MHz	11593A



Figure 9-1 BBIQ Input Frequency Response Setup (I Input)

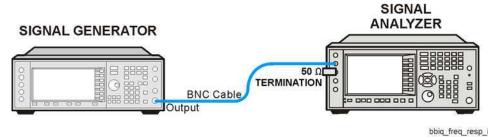


Figure 9-2 BBIQ Input Frequency Response Setup (I Input)

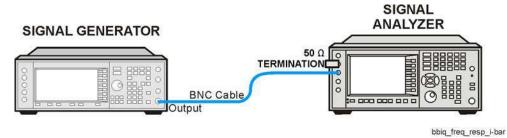


Figure 9-3 BBIQ Input Frequency Response Setup (Q Input)

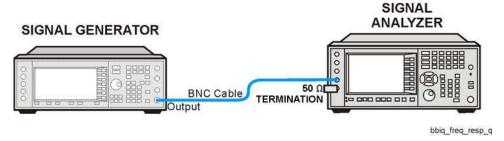
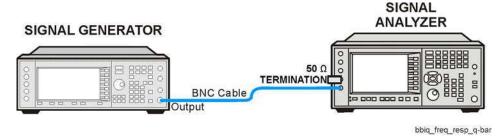


Figure 9-4 BBIQ Input Frequency Response Setup (Q Input)



# Procedure

- On the X-Series analyzer, press Mode, IQ Analyzer (Basic). Press Mode Preset.
- 2. Press Input/Output, I/Q (to change to I/Q inputs), I/Q (to bring up the I/Q input menu), I/Q Cable Calibrate. Follow the instructions on screen. Use the short BNC cable listed above to perform the calibration. This process has several steps and will take about 3 minutes to perform.
- 3. Press I/Q Path, I+jQ, I Setup, Differential (On). Press Return, Q Setup, Q Same as I (Yes).
- 4. Preset the RF Signal Generator and set the controls as follows:

Frequency 250 kHz Amplitude –10 dBm RF On

#### NOTE

Once the RF Signal Generator's Amplitude is set, do not change the RF Signal Generator's Amplitude setting during the rest of this procedure.

- Connect the longer BNC cable between the RF Signal Generator's RF OUTPUT and the I input of the X-Series analyzer, see Figure 9-1
- **6.** Connect the 50 Ohm termination to the I input of the X-Series analyzer, see Figure 9-1
- 7. Press Mode Preset on the X-Series analyzer. Press System, Show, System. Note if either of the options listed below are present:

N9030A-B25 N9030A-S40 N9030A-B40

- 8. If none of the options listed in step 7 are present, the maximum IQ band width is 10 MHz
- **9.** If N9030A-B25 is present, but N9030A-S40 and N9030A-B40 are not present, the maximum IQ bandwidth is 25 MHz
- **10.**If either N9030A-S40 or N9030A-B40 is present, the maximum IQ band width is 40 MHz.
- 11. Press FREQ on the X-Series analyzer and set the Center Freq equal to one half the maximum IQ bandwidth determined above. For example, if the maximum IQ bandwidth is 40 MHz, set the Center Freq to 20 MHz.
- **12.**Press **SPAN** on the X-Series analyzer and set the Span equal to the maximum IQ bandwidth determined above.
- 13. Press BW on the X-Series analyzer and set the Res BW to 100 kHz.

Chapter 9 47

- **14.**Press **Peak Search** on the X-Series analyzer. Record the marker amplitude reading in Table 9-1 for the I Input at 250 kHz.
- **15.**Set the RF Signal Generator to each of the remaining frequencies listed in Table 9-1, up to the maximum IQ bandwidth of the X-Series analyzer. At each frequency, do the following:
  - a. Press Peak Search
  - **b.** Record the marker amplitude reading in Table 9-1 for the I Input at the current RF Signal Generator frequency

Table 9-1 BBIQ Input Frequency Response, I and I Inputs

RF Signal	l In	put	H	nput	Test Limits
Generator Frequency	Marker Amplitude	Frequency Response	Marker Amplitude	Frequency Response	
250 kHz		0.0 dB		0.0 dB	±1.75 dB
2 MHz					±1.75 dB
5 MHz					±1.75 dB
7.5 MHz					±1.75 dB
9.9 MHz					±1.75 dB
	Stop	here if Maximum IÇ	Bandwidth is 10	MHz	•
12.5 MHz					±1.75 dB
15 MHz					±1.75 dB
17.5 MHz					±1.75 dB
20 MHz					±1.75 dB
22.5 MHz					±1.75 dB
24.9 MHz					±1.75 dB
	Stop	here if Maximum IÇ	Bandwidth is 25	MHz	
30 MHz					±1.75 dB
35 MHz					±1.75 dB
39.9 MHz					±1.75 dB

- 16.Set the RF Signal Generator frequency to 250 kHz
- 17. Connect the BNC Cable between the RF Signal Generator RF Output and the I input on the X-Series analyzer, see Figure 9-2
- **18.**Connect the 50 Ohm termination to the I input on the X-Series analyzer, see Figure 9-2

- **19.**Press **Peak Search** on the X-Series analyzer. Record the marker amplitude reading in Table 9-1 for the I Input at 250 kHz.
- **20.**Set the RF Signal Generator to each of the remaining frequencies listed in Table 9-1, up to the maximum IQ bandwidth of the X-Series analyzer. At each frequency, do the following:
  - a. Press Peak Search
  - **b.** Record the marker amplitude reading in Table 9-1 for the I Input at the current RF Signal Generator frequency
- 21. Connect the BNC Cable between the RF Signal Generator RF Output and the Q input on the X-Series analyzer, see Figure 9-3
- **22.**Connect the 50 Ohm termination to the Q input on the X-Series analyzer, see Figure 9-3
- 23. Set the RF Signal Generator frequency to 250 kHz.
- **24.**Press **Peak Search** on the X-Series analyzer. Record the marker amplitude reading in Table 9-2 for the Q Input at 250 kHz.
- 25.Set the RF Signal Generator to each of the remaining frequencies listed in Table 9-2, up to the maximum IQ bandwidth of the X-Series analyzer. At each frequency, do the following:

#### Press Peak Search

Record the marker amplitude reading in Table 9-2 for the Q Input at the current RF Signal Generator frequency

Table 9-2 BBIQ Input Frequency Response, Q and Q Inputs

RF Signal Generator	Q Input		Q Input		Test Limits			
Frequency	Marker Amplitude	Frequency Response	Marker Amplitude	Frequency Response				
250 kHz		0.0 dB		0.0 dB	±1.75 dB			
2 MHz					±1.75 dB			
5 MHz					±1.75 dB			
7.5 MHz					±1.75 dB			
9.9 MHz					±1.75 dB			
Stop here if Maximum IQ Band width is 10 MHz								
12.5 MHz					±1.75 dB			
15 MHz					±1.75 dB			
17.5 MHz					±1.75 dB			
20 MHz					±1.75 dB			

Chapter 9 49

Table 9-2 BBIQ Input Frequency Response, Q and Q Inputs

RF Signal Generator	Q Input		Q Input		Test Limits			
Frequency	Marker Amplitude	Frequency Response	Marker Amplitude	Frequency Response				
22.5 MHz					±1.75 dB			
24.9 MHz					±1.75 dB			
Stop here if Maximum IQ Band width is 25 MHz								
30 MHz					±1.75 dB			
35 MHz					±1.75 dB			
39.9 MHz					±1.75 dB			

- 26. Set the RF Signal Generator frequency to 250 kHz
- 27. Connect the BNC Cable between the RF Signal Generator RF Output and the Q input on the X-Series analyzer, see Figure 9-4
- **28.**Connect the 50 Ohm termination to the Q input on the X-Series analyzer, see Figure 9-4
- **29.**Press **Peak Search** on the X-Series analyzer. Record the marker amplitude reading in Table 9-2 for the Q Input at 250 kHz.
- **30.**Set the RF Signal Generator to each of the remaining frequencies listed in Table 9-2, up to the maximum IQ bandwidth of the X-Series analyzer. At each frequency, do the following:
  - a. Press Peak Search
  - **b.** Record the marker amplitude reading in Table 9-2 for the Q Input at the current RF Signal Generator frequency
- **31.**In Table 9-1 and Table 9-2, calculate the Frequency Response for each input by subtracting the Marker Amplitude at 250 kHz for that input from the Marker Amplitude for each frequency greater than 250 kHz.

Frequency Response = Marker Amplitude (Freq > 250 kHz) – Marker Amplitude (250 kHz)

**32.**Compare the Frequency Response values to the Test Limits.

```
Index
Α
amplitude accuracy test 23
 option 1DS 27
amplitude linearity test 41
BBIQ frequency response 45
D
DANL test 11
displayed average noise level. See DANL 11
Ε
equipment
 functional tests 7
 warm-up time 6
F
frequency readout accuracy test 15
frequency response
 (flatness) test 29
 BBIQ 45
frequency response (flatness) test
 preamp on 35
functional testing
 performance verification 4
functional tests
 before performing 6
 equipment list 7
 introduction 3
 vs performance verification tests 4
 warm-up time 6
 See also individual functional tests 3
performance verification tests vs functional tests 4
second harmonic distortion test 19
tests. See functional tests
```



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