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# **ADVANTEST®**

***R6441 Series***  
***Digital Multimeter***  
***Operation Manual***

**MANUAL NUMBER FOE-8311238B04**

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***Applicable Models***

***R6441A***  
***R6441B***  
***R6441C***

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**First printing February 15, 1994**  
**Printed in Japan**

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# MANUAL CHANGES

**ADVANTEST®**  
ADVANTEST Corporation

Date	Feb 17/2003	Manual Change No.	FEE-8440084A01
Manual Name	R6441 Series Digital Multimeter Operation Manual R6451 Series Digital Multimeter Operation Manual		

When you use a R15807A BATTERY UNIT(Ni-MH Battery), parts of the Operation Manual is changed as follows.  
When using R15807, it is not necessary to change.

■ All pages      R15807 is changed into R15807A.

■ Page 1-3      Change "Section 1.2" and "Section 1.3"

## 1.2 User's Options

The following units can be mounted in the instrument by the user:

Unit	Model	Remarks
GPIB interface unit *	R13220	
BCD data output unit *	R13015	Has BCD output and parallel control.
Print interface unit *	R13221	Corresponds to Centronics.
Comparator unit *	R13016	Allows contact output of HI/LO/PASS for measurement data.
Memory card interface unit	R13222	Enables setting conditions and measurement data to be read/written.
Battery unit	<u>R15807A</u>	Enables continuous up to six hours of use with a <u>storage</u> battery.

Note: Only one of the units marked with an asterisk (\*) can be mounted in the instrument.

## 1.3 Replacing Parts with Limited Life

The R6441/51 series uses the following parts with limited life that are not listed in Safety Summary.

Replace the parts listed below after their expected lifespan has expired.

Part name	Life
Storage battery	<u>3 years or a repetition of recharge and electric discharge, 500 times.</u> (See section 8.3.)
Relay	1,000,000 times

## 2.5 Precautions when Instrument is Discarded

- (1) Never disassemble the instrument.  
The instrument uses a lithium battery as a RAM backup power supply. Also, it uses a storage battery in the battery unit.
- (2) Contact ADVANTEST when discarding the instrument.  
(Refer to the end of this manual for our address and other information.)

## 8. R15807A BATTERY UNIT (Ni-MH Battery)

### 8.1 Outline

The R15807A (Ni-MH Battery) is the battery unit which can be re-charged and is applied for the R6441/51 series.

### 8.2 Specifications

Built-in battery	12 V <u>Nickel-Metal hydride battery</u>
Continuous use time	Approx. 6 hours
Charging time	Approximately 12 hours when AC power is supplied with the <u>R6441/51/52</u> set to OFF. The charging can be made while the <u>R6441/51/52</u> is set ON. However, since the charging supplements only the discharged amount, the charging time cannot be prescribed.
Low battery display	When the remaining time for usage decreases to approx. <u>20</u> minutes, it is indicated on the indicator of the front panel.
External dimensions	203 (W) × 29 (H) × 140 (D) mm
Weight	1 kg or less



### 8.3 Precautions

(1) Precautions for use

- ① Plug the R15807A battery unit into the R6441/51/52 prior to charging.
- ② Do not give extreme shock to the built-in battery.
- ③ Do not disassemble the battery. There is a risk of explosion or fire if a non-ADVANTEST battery is used.

(2) Cautions for discarding

- ① Never disassemble the battery unit. It uses the Nickel-Metal Hydride battery. If it is broken and alkali liquid adhere to clothes or skin, wash out it immediately. If the acid enter an eye, wash out it with clean water and receive medical treatment.
- ② Keep the battery away from fire or fireworks.
- ③ Do not put the battery in the fire. It may cause explosion.
- ④ Do not incinerate. Recycle by using standard industrial battery recyclers. For assistans with disposal, contact your nearest ADVANTEST office.

(3) Note for the purpose of this manual, the battery life is considered to have expired when the actual capacity is 60 % or less of the rated capacity.

- ① Before the R15807A is used for the first time after its purchase or when it has not been used for long period of time, recharge it for approx. 12 hours.
- ② The built-in battery can be recharged 500 times until their capacity falls to 60 % of the rated 1.8Ah at operating temperatures of +25 °C ± 5 °C.
- ③ Recharge the R15807A at 0 °C to +35 °C and discharge it at 0 °C to +40 °C.
- ④ When you store over a long period of time, please limit R15807A to the following preservation period by the preservation temperature range and preservation humidity range.

-20 °C through 30 °C	less than 1 year
-20 °C through 40 °C	less than 3 months
-20 °C through 50 °C	less than 1 month
Preservation humidity range	65 % ± 20 %

When you store exceeding the preservation period of a limit, please recharge within each preservation period.

- ⑤ Estimated three year life expectancy  
The battery life may be affected substantially by operating conditions such as overcharging or discharging, atmospheric temperature and the amount of time between recharges.

### 13.5 General Specifications

Ambient conditions      Temperature 0 °C to 50 °C (0 °C to 35 °C when the battery is recharged, 0 °C to 40 °C when the battery is used.)  
Humidity 85 % RH or less (75 % or less for 20 MΩ or 200 MΩ of resistance measurement ) (However, no do be dewy.)

- (6) R15807A battery unit
- |                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Built-in battery    | 12 V <u>Nickel-Metal hydride battery</u>   |
| Battery capacity    | · 1.8 Ah   |
| Charging method     | When the <u>R6441/51/52</u> is connected to AC power with the <u>R6441/51/52</u> powered off, the time taken to fill up it is approx. <u>12 hours.</u>   |
| Low battery display | When remaining time reaches approx. <u>20</u> minutes, low battery indicator is lit up on the front panel.<br>It does not affect <u>R6441/51</u> series. |

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## Safety Summary

To ensure thorough understanding of all functions and to ensure efficient use of this instrument, please read the manual carefully before using. Note that ADC Corporation (hereafter referred to as ADC) bears absolutely no responsibility for the result of operations caused due to incorrect or inappropriate use of this instrument.

If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by ADC, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

- **Warning Labels**

Warning labels are applied to ADC products in locations where specific dangers exist. Pay careful attention to these labels during handling. Do not remove or tear these labels. If you have any questions regarding warning labels, please ask your nearest ADC dealer. Our address and phone number are listed at the end of this manual.

Symbols of those warning labels are shown below together with their meaning.

**DANGER:** Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which will result in death or serious personal injury.

**WARNING:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which will result in death or serious personal injury.

**CAUTION:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which will result in personal injury or a damage to property including the product.

- **Basic Precautions**

Please observe the following precautions to prevent fire, burn, electric shock, and personal injury.

- Use a power cable rated for the voltage in question. Be sure however to use a power cable conforming to safety standards of your nation when using a product overseas.
- When inserting the plug into the electrical outlet, first turn the power switch OFF and then insert the plug as far as it will go.
- When removing the plug from the electrical outlet, first turn the power switch OFF and then pull it out by gripping the plug. Do not pull on the power cable itself. Make sure your hands are dry at this time.
- Before turning on the power, be sure to check that the supply voltage matches the voltage requirements of the instrument.
- Connect the power cable to a power outlet that is connected to a protected ground terminal. Grounding will be defeated if you use an extension cord which does not include a protective conductor terminal.
- Be sure to use fuses rated for the voltage in question.
- Do not use this instrument with the case open.
- Do not place anything on the product and do not apply excessive pressure to the product. Also, do not place flower pots or other containers containing liquid such as chemicals near this

product.

- When the product has ventilation outlets, do not stick or drop metal or easily flammable objects into the ventilation outlets.
- When using the product on a cart, fix it with belts to avoid its drop.
- When connecting the product to peripheral equipment, turn the power off.

- **Caution Symbols Used Within this Manual**

Symbols indicating items requiring caution which are used in this manual are shown below together with their meaning.

**DANGER:** Indicates an item where there is a danger of serious personal injury (death or serious injury).

**WARNING:** Indicates an item relating to personal safety or health.

**CAUTION:** Indicates an item relating to possible damage to the product or instrument or relating to a restriction on operation.

- **Safety Marks on the Product**

The following safety marks can be found on ADC products.



: ATTENTION - Refer to manual.



: Protective ground (earth) terminal.



: DANGER - High voltage.



: CAUTION - Risk of electric shock.

- **Replacing Parts with Limited Life**

The following parts used in the instrument are main parts with limited life.

Replace the parts listed below before their expected lifespan has expired to maintain the performance and function of the instrument.

Note that the estimated lifespan for the parts listed below may be shortened by factors such as the environment where the instrument is stored or used, and how often the instrument is used.

The parts inside are not user-replaceable. For a part replacement, please contact the ADC sales office for servicing.

Each product may use parts with limited life.

For more information, refer to the section in this document where the parts with limited life are described.

## Main Parts with Limited Life

Part name	Life
Unit power supply	5 years
Fan motor	5 years
Electrolytic capacitor	5 years
LCD display	6 years
LCD backlight	2.5 years
Floppy disk drive	5 years
Memory backup battery	5 years

- **Hard Disk Mounted Products**

The operational warnings are listed below.

- Do not move, shock and vibrate the product while the power is turned on. Reading or writing data in the hard disk unit is performed with the memory disk turning at a high speed. It is a very delicate process.
- Store and operate the products under the following environmental conditions.
  - An area with no sudden temperature changes.
  - An area away from shock or vibrations.
  - An area free from moisture, dirt, or dust.
  - An area away from magnets or an instrument which generates a magnetic field.
- Make back-ups of important data.
  - The data stored in the disk may become damaged if the product is mishandled. The hard disc has a limited life span which depends on the operational conditions. Note that there is no guarantee for any loss of data.

- **Precautions when Disposing of this Instrument**

When disposing of harmful substances, be sure dispose of them properly with abiding by the state-provided law.

Harmful substances: (1) PCB (polycarbon biphenyl)  
 (2) Mercury  
 (3) Ni-Cd (nickel cadmium)  
 (4) Other

Items possessing cyan, organic phosphorous and hexadic chromium and items which may leak cadmium or arsenic (excluding lead in solder).

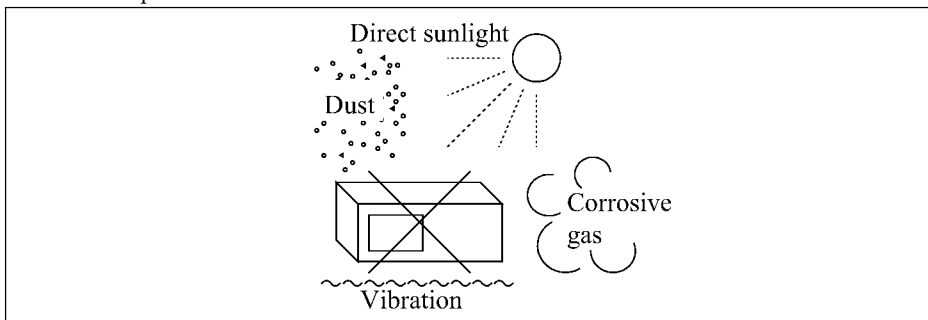
Example: fluorescent tubes, batteries

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# Environmental Conditions

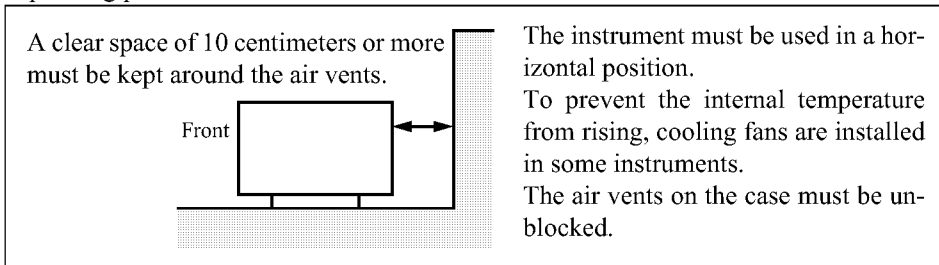
This instrument should only be used in an area which satisfies the following conditions:

- An area free from corrosive gas
- An area away from direct sunlight
- A dust-free area
- An area free from vibrations
- Altitude of up to 2000 m



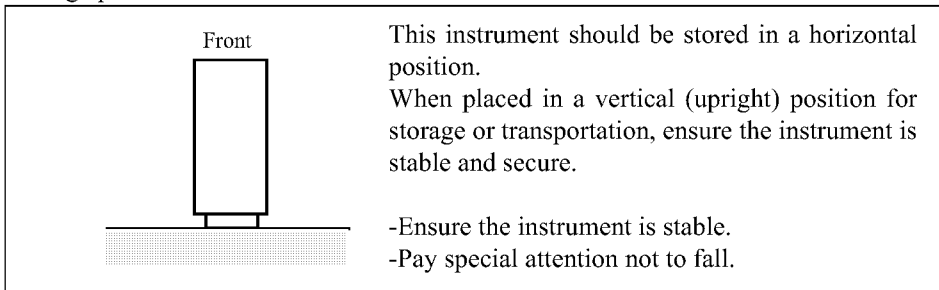
**Figure-1 Environmental Conditions**

- Operating position



**Figure-2 Operating Position**

- Storage position



**Figure-3 Storage Position**

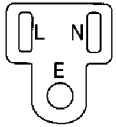
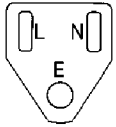
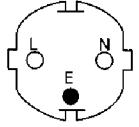

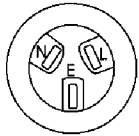

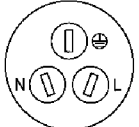
- The classification of the transient over-voltage, which exists typically in the main power supply, and the pollution degree is defined by IEC61010-1 and described below.

Impulse withstand voltage (over-voltage) category II defined by IEC60364-4-443

Pollution Degree 2

## Types of Power Cable

Replace any references to the power cable type, according to the following table, with the appropriate power cable type for your country.

Plug configuration	Standards	Rating, color and length	Model number (Option number)
	PSE: Japan  Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law	125 V at 7 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01402  Angled: A01412
	UL: United States of America  CSA: Canada	125 V at 7 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01403 (Option 95)  Angled: A01413
	CEE: Europe DEMKO: Denmark NEMKO: Norway VDE: Germany KEMA: The Netherlands CEBEC: Belgium OVE: Austria FIMKO: Finland SEMKO: Sweden	250 V at 6 A Gray 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01404 (Option 96)  Angled: A01414
	SEV: Switzerland	250 V at 6 A Gray 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01405 (Option 97)  Angled: A01415
	SAA: Australia, New Zealand	250 V at 6 A Gray 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01406 (Option 98)  Angled: -----
	BS: United Kingdom	250 V at 6 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01407 (Option 99)  Angled: A01417
	CCC: China	250 V at 10 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A114009 (Option 94)  Angled: A114109














**R6441 SERIES  
DIGITAL MULTIMETER  
INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

**Safe Use of R6441 Series**

## PREFACE

### Safe Use of R6441 Series

1. This manual contains some information and warning which have to be followed by the user to ensure safe operation and to retain the instrument in safe condition.  
Before getting started, be sure to read this manual.
2. To ensure safe use of this instrument, be sure to use it within the maximum allowable input voltage and current to be applied between input terminals.
3. The electric symbols used for this instrument are as follows:

Symbol	Description	Remarks
	High voltage indication	Indicates that connection/disconnection to/from the indicated terminal is dangerous.
	Refer to instruction manual.	To avoid injury to users or damage to the instrument, warns users to refer to the instruction manual.
	Alternating current (AC)	
	Direct current (DC)	
	Earth	Indicates the field wiring terminal requiring grounding before use of this instrument to prevent electric shock.
	Fuse	
	Diode check function	
	Continuity check function	
	Battery	

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**Safe Use of R6441 Series**

**How to Use This Manual**

Chapter	Contents
1. GENERAL INFORMATION	Provides an outline and introduces features of this instrument and user's options.
2. BEFORE USING THE INSTRUMENT	Shows how to check accessories, environment for use, confirmation and change of power supply, power supply cables, fuses, input cables, and the maximum input voltage and current conditions for measurement terminals. Also, explains precautions for cleaning, transport, and storage.
3. PANEL DESCRIPTIONS	Describes keys, switches, and terminals on both front and rear panels.
4. OPERATIONS	Describes self test, error messages, basic key operations, and initialization of measurement conditions.
5. FUNCTIONS	Describes various functions.
6. MEASUREMENT	Describes various methods of measurement, measurement explanations, and precautions.
7. HOW TO USE VARIOUS INTERFACES	Describes how to use the RS-232, BCD data output, comparators, GPIB, printer, memory cards.
8. R15807 BATTERY UNIT	Explains the R15807 battery unit.
9. Q & A FOR PROBLEM SOLVING	Refer to this chapter if a problem occurs in the instrument.
10. ERROR MESSAGES	Lists error messages used in the instrument.
11. CALIBRATION	Describes how to calibrate the instrument.
12. MEASUREMENT SPEED	Describes measurement operations and provides examples of calculations for the instrument.
13. PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS	Shows the specifications of the instrument.

The following precautionary labels are used in this manual:

- Note : Notes
- CAUTION : Denotes restrictions.
- WARNING : Warns of potential damage to the instrument.
- DANGER : Warns of potential danger of bodily injury.

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12-1	Measurement Period .....	12-2

## **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

### **1.1 General Description of Products**

The R6441 Series (R6441A, R6441B, R6441C) are 19999 display-type digital multimeters which use an integration-type A/D converter.

**Features:**

- The maximum sampling rate of these instruments is 80 times/s.
- The instruments can be connected to external units via interfaces to enable system configuration.
- The instruments are equipped with arithmetic functions such as a null function, scaling function, comparator function, smoothing function, dB/dBm calculation, and MAX/MIN display.
- With an IC memory card (option) installed, the instruments can store/read setting conditions and measurement data.
- The instruments can be equipped with an internal battery unit (option) .
- The display of the instruments consists of fluorescent display tubes, making it bright and easy to read.

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**1.1 General Description of Products**

Measurement functions:

Measurement functions depends on the model type.

Measurement function	R6441A	R6441B	R6441C
(1) Direct-current voltage measurement	○	○	○
(2) Alternating-current voltage measurement	Ave	Trms	Trms
(3) Resistance measurement	○	○	○
(4) Direct current measurement	○	○	○
(5) Alternating current measurement	Ave	Trms	Trms
(6) Alternating-current voltage (AC + DC coupling mode) measurement	—	○	—
(7) Alternating current (AC + DC coupling mode) measurement	—	○	—
(8) High-speed AC voltage measurement	○	—	—
(9) High-speed AC current measurement	○	—	—
(10) Diode measurement	○	○	○
(11) Continuity measurement	○	○	○
(12) In-circuit resistance measurement	○	○	○
(13) Frequency measurement (Alternating-current voltage)	—	○	—

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**1.2 User's Options**

## 1.2 User's Options

The following units can be mounted in the instrument by the user:

Unit	Model	Remarks
GPIB interface unit*	R13220	
BCD data output unit*	R13015	Has BCD output and parallel control.
Print interface unit*	R13221	Corresponds to Centronics.
Comparator unit*	R13016	Allows contact output of HI/LO/PASS for measurement data.
Memory card interface unit	R13222	Enables setting conditions and measurement data to be read/written.
Battery unit	R15807	Enables continuous up to six hours of use with a lead-acid battery.

Note · Only one of the units marked with an asterisk (\*) can be mounted in the instrument.

## 1.3 Replacing Parts with Limited Life

The R6441 series uses the following parts with limited life that are not listed in Safety Summary. Replace the parts listed below after their expected lifespan has expired.

Part name	Life
Lead-acid battery	3 years (See section 8.3.)
Relay	1,000,000 times



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**2.1 External Appearance and Accessory Check**

## 2. BEFORE USING THE INSTRUMENT

### 2.1 External Appearance and Accessory Check

On receiving the instrument, check it for any shipping damages. Next, check that the model name and the quantity of standard accessories are as shown in Table 2-1.

If any crack or damage is found or if any of the standard accessories is missing, contact ATCE, your nearest dealer, or sales and support office.

A list of address and telephone numbers is given at the end of this manual.

Note: When ordering additional accessories, use the model name (or stock number).

Table 2-1 Standard Accessory List

Item	Model name	Stock No.	Quantity	Remarks
Power cable (See Table 2-4)	A01402	DCB-DD2428X01	1	Power cable 3-pin plug
		JCD-AL003EX03	1	AC adapter
Input cable	A01034	AAA-A01034	1	Input cable
Power fuse	218.160	DFT-AAR16A	2 *1	For 100/120 V (slow)
	218.080	DFT-AAR08A		For 220/240 V (slow)
Protection fuse	BLN15 (R6441A/B)	DFS-AM15A	0 *2	For A terminal (fast 250 V)
	BLN6 (R6441C)	DFS-AM6A	0 *2	For A terminal (fast 250 V)
	216.500	DFS-ANR5A	1	For mA terminal (fast 250 V)
Instruction manual	—	JR6441	1	Japanese manual *3
	—	ER6441		English manual *3

Note: \*1: One of the two fuses marked with an asterisk is fitted in the fuse holder of the power connector.

\*2: Don't Standard accessory (optional). Please order when change fuse.

\*3: One of the two Instruction manual marked with "\*3" is fitted in the country.

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**2.1 External Appearance and Accessory Check**

---

Table 2-2 Accessory List

Accessory	Optional	Quantity
BCD data output unit R13015	Interface cable to R6441	1
Comparator unit R13016	DCB-SS5402X01	
GPIB interface unit R13220	Cable clamp (Connecting clamp) YEE-00623	1
Printer interface unit R13221		
Memory card interface unit R13222	Connector mounting screw M3 × 6mm	1
Battery unit R15807	Connector mounting screw M3 × 6mm	2



## 2.2 Ambient Conditions

### (1) Location

- ① Do not use the instrument in these places:
- Dusty places or those where there is much vibration
  - Places exposed to direct sunlight
  - Poorly ventilated places
  - Places subjected to corrosive or inflammable gases, or steam
- ② Use the instrument under the following conditions:
- Ambient temperature : 0°C to 50°C
  - Humidity : Less than 85%  
(However, no do be dewy.)

This instrument is designed for indoor use.  
It may occasionally be subjected to temperatures between 0°C and -10°C without degradation of its safety.

### (2) Noise reduction

Although the instrument is designed to take account of AC power supply line noise, it should be used under conditions where as little noise as possible will be generated.

If noise cannot be avoided, use noise filters.

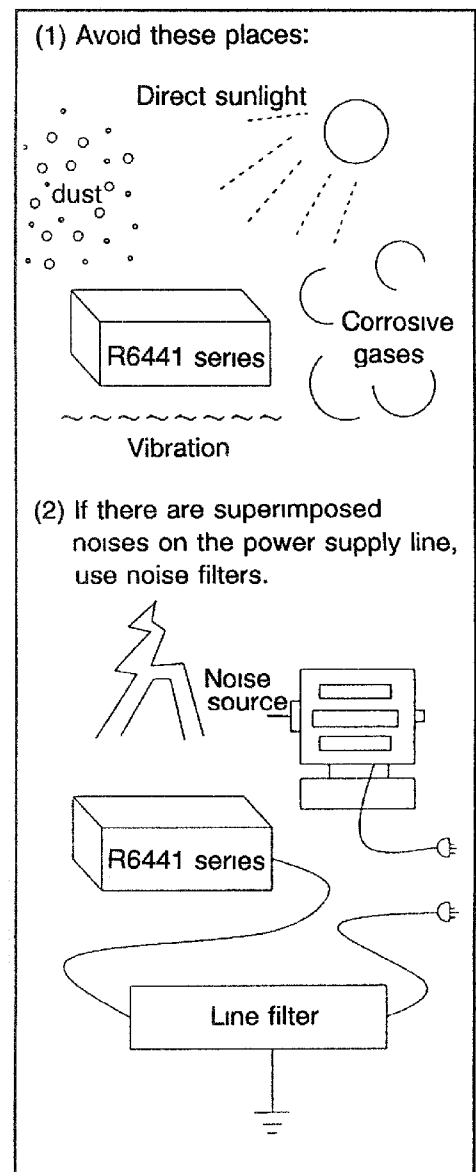


Figure 2-1 Ambient Conditions

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**2.3 Before Getting Started**

**2.3 Before Getting Started**

**2.3.1 Confirmation and Setting of Power Supply Voltage**

(1) Confirmation of power supply voltage

Before switching on the instrument, make sure that it is set to the voltage of the power supply.

Table 2-3 Commercial Power Supply Voltage and Corresponding Power Supply Voltage Settings Display

Commercial power supply voltage	Indication of setting power supply voltage for this instrument	Corresponding fuse	
		Type name	Stock No.
90 V to 110 V	100 V	218.160	DFT-AAR16A
103 V to 132 V	120 V		
198V to 242 V	220 V	218.080	DFT-AAR08A
207 V to 250 V	240 V		

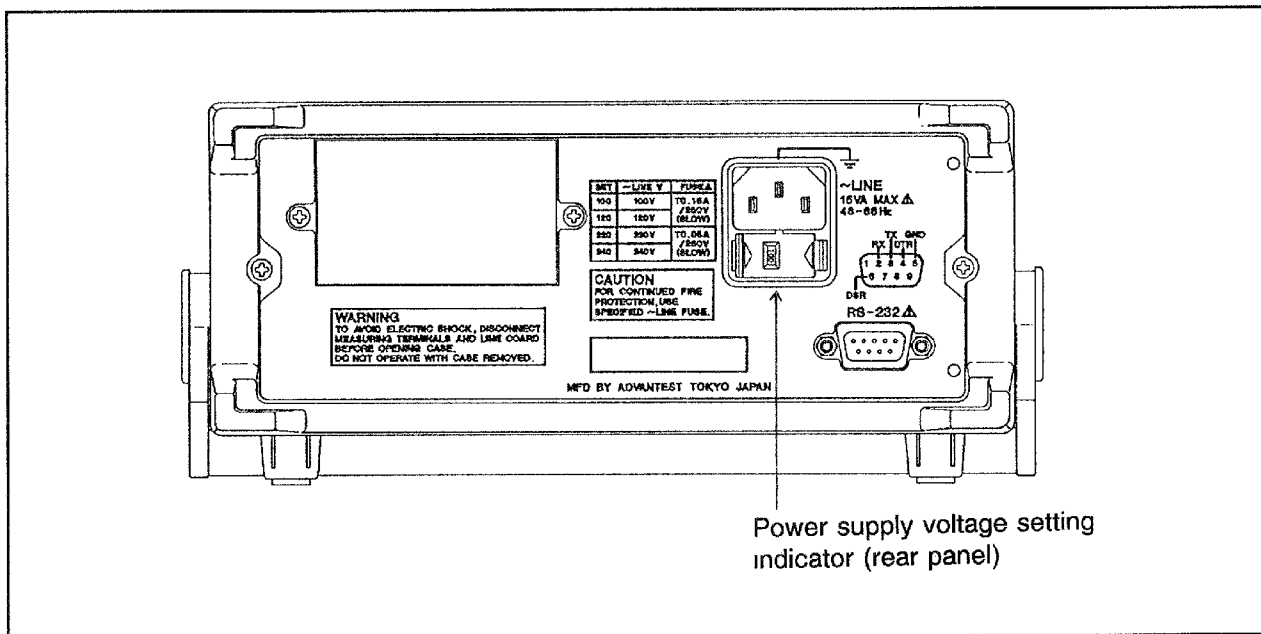


Figure 2-2 Power Supply Voltage Setting Indicator

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**2.3 Before Getting Started**

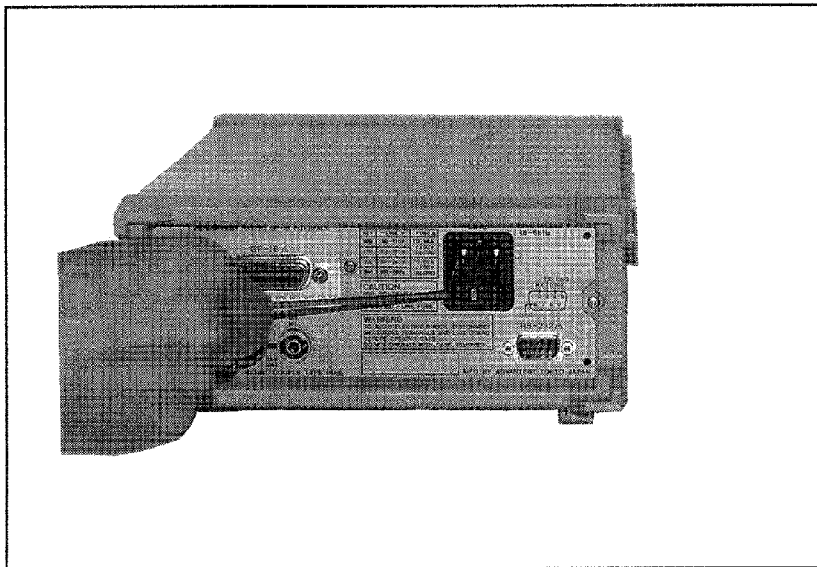
**(2) Changing power supply voltage**

If the setting of the power supply voltage for the instrument is different from the commercial power supply voltage, change the setting of the instrument as follows:

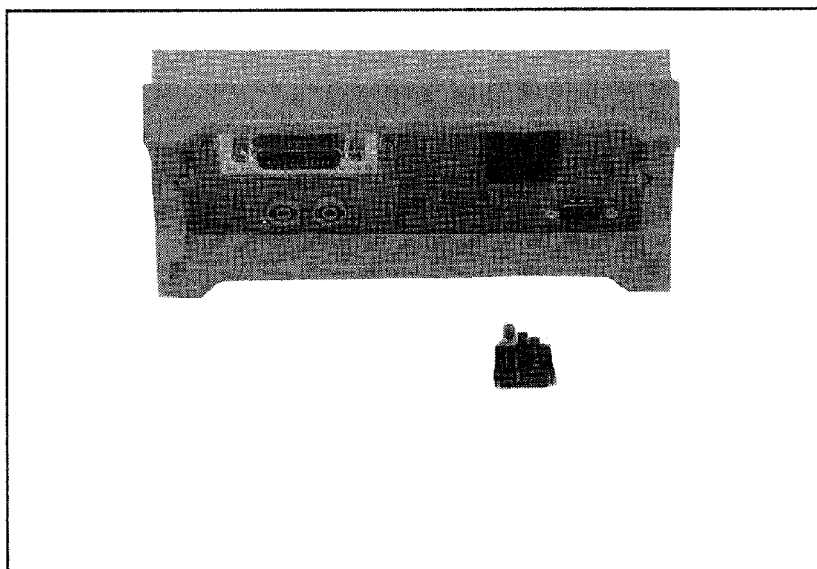
**Procedure**

① Remove the holder case.

- To unlatch the side lock, push both sides inwards with a screwdriver.

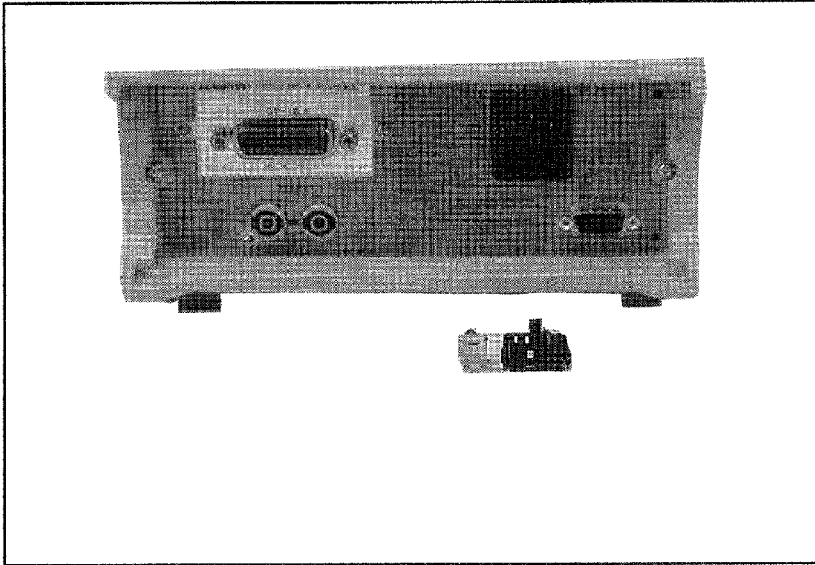


② Remove the fuse holder and holder case.



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**2.3 Before Getting Started**



③ Voltage display of the fuse holder

Adjustment the voltage displayed on the fuse holder in the holder case window so that it matches that of the commercial power supply to be used.

Table 2-3 shows the display and voltage range available.

④ Changing the fuse

Insert a fuse of the correct rating and replace the fuse holder and holder case.

### 2.3.2 Power Supply Cables

CAUTION

1. Operating the instrument using a commercial power supply
  - (1) Be sure to use the power supply cable supplied. Available voltages are 90 V to 110 V, 48 Hz to 66 Hz. (Depending on specifications, 103 V to 132 V, 198 V to 242 V, or 207 V to 250 V is possible.)
  - (2) Before any other connection is made the protective earth terminal shall be connected to a protective conductor.
2. The mains plug shall only be inserted in a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact.
3. The protective action must not be negated by the use of an extension cord without a protective conductor.
4. Before connecting the power supply cable, make sure that POWER switch is set to OFF.
5. When installing any accessory unit, be sure to turn OFF the POWER switch then disconnect the power and input cables.

- Power Plug Cables (used in Japan only)

Power plug cables (standard) conforms to industry standards.

A three-pin power connector is insufficient for Japan, so a 3-pin-to-2-pin adapter is provided. It is extremely important when using this adapter for connection to a power outlet to ground the ground pin extending from the adapter, or the grounding terminal on this instrument's rear panel.

The adapter's pins have different widths. When inserting the adapter in the receptacle, be sure to orient it properly.

If the adapter (standard) will not fit into the receptacle, use the optional adapter KPR-13.

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**2.3 Before Getting Started**

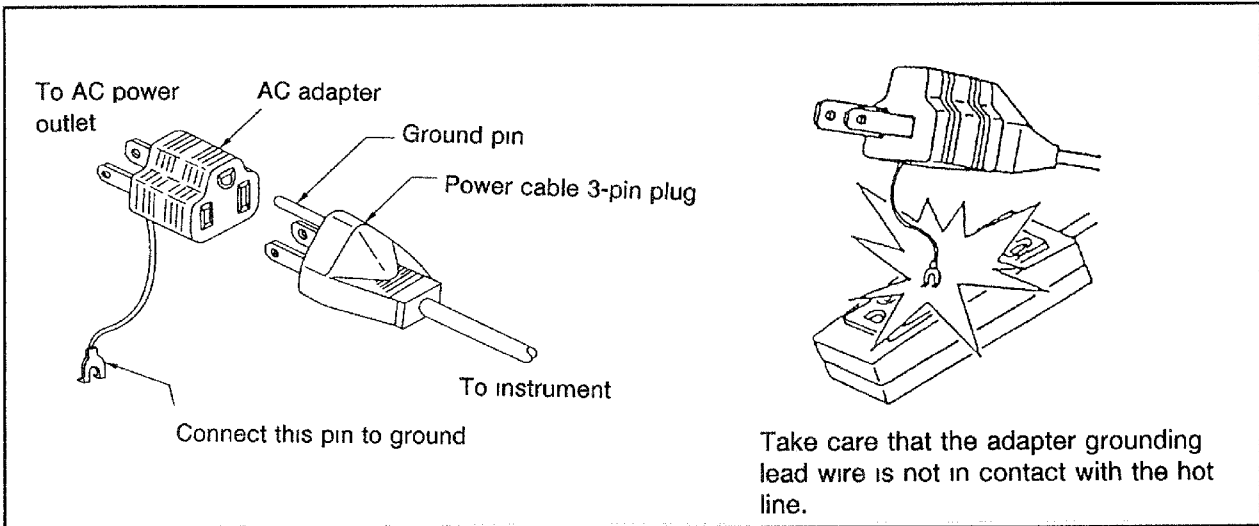


Figure 2-3 Power Cable

- Power Plugs for use outside Japan

The following types of plugs are available. Consult us if other types of plugs are required.

Table 2-4 Power Plugs for Use outside Japan

Straight type	A01402 (Standard)	A01403 (Opt.95)	A01404 (Opt.96)	A01405 (Opt.97)	A01406 (Opt.98)	A01408
Angle type	A01412	A01413	A01414	A01415	-	-
Applicable Standards	JIS: Japan Law on Electrical Appliances	UL: US CSA: Canada	*	SEV: Switzerland	SAA: Australia New Zealand	
Rating and Color	125 V/7 A, black, 2m	125 V/7 A, black, 2m	250 V/6A, grey, 2m	250 V/6A, grey, 2m	250 V/6A, grey, 2m	250 / 6A
Plug						

CCE: Europe; VED: W. Germany; OVE: Australia; SEMKO: Sweden; DEMKO: Denmark;  
KEMA: Holland; FIMKO: Finland; NEMKO: Norway; CEBEC: Belgium

### 2.3.3 Fuses

There are two types of fuse on this instrument: a power fuse and a protection fuse. Replace them using the following procedure:

CAUTION

1. Make sure that only fuses with the required rated current and of the specified type are used for replacement. The use of makeshift fuses and the short-circuiting of fuse holders are prohibited.
2. Visual inspection is insufficient for checking fuse disconnection. Measure the resistance value to determine whether the connection is good or not. (Normal values are below 15  $\Omega$ .)
3. Any interruption of the protective conductor inside or outside the instrument or disconnection of the protective earth terminal is likely to make the instrument dangerous. Intentional interruption is prohibited.

#### (1) Replacing the power fuse

Procedure:

- ① Turn off the POWER switch.
- ② Remove the power cable.
- ③ Perform the operation in step (2) of subsection 2.3.1.

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**2.3 Before Getting Started**

(2) Replacing the protection fuse

To protect internal circuits if an overcurrent is applied to the current input terminal, this instrument is equipped with two current-disconnect-type fuses for mA and A input terminals.

Procedure:

(a) mA input terminal protection fuse

The protection fuse for the mA input terminal is mounted on the input terminal of the front panel.

- ① Rotate the input terminal while pushing in it, then pull it out.
- ② Replace the fuse with another of the correct rating as shown in Table 2-1 then reinsert the terminal.

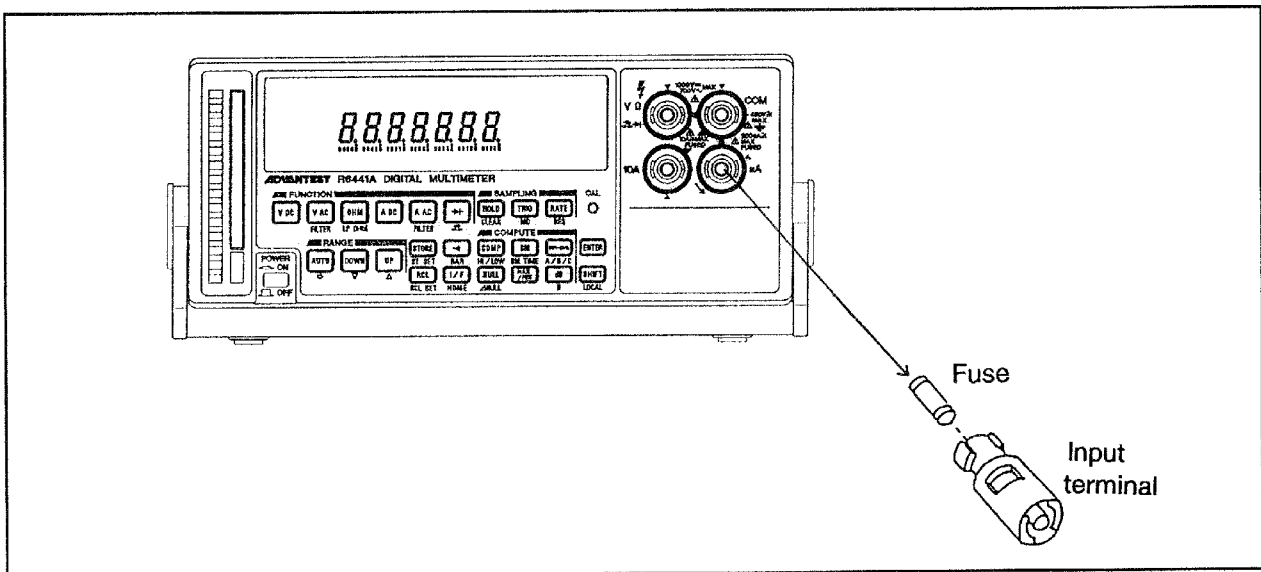


Figure 2-4 mA Input Terminal Protection Fuse



(b) A input terminal protection fuse

Since the protection fuse for the A input terminal is mounted in the instrument near the front panel, the instrument cover should be removed before replacement.

- ① Remove the instrument cover, referring to ① to ③ of subsection 7.1.1.
- ② Replace the fuse with another of the correct rating as shown in Table 2-1 then replace the case.

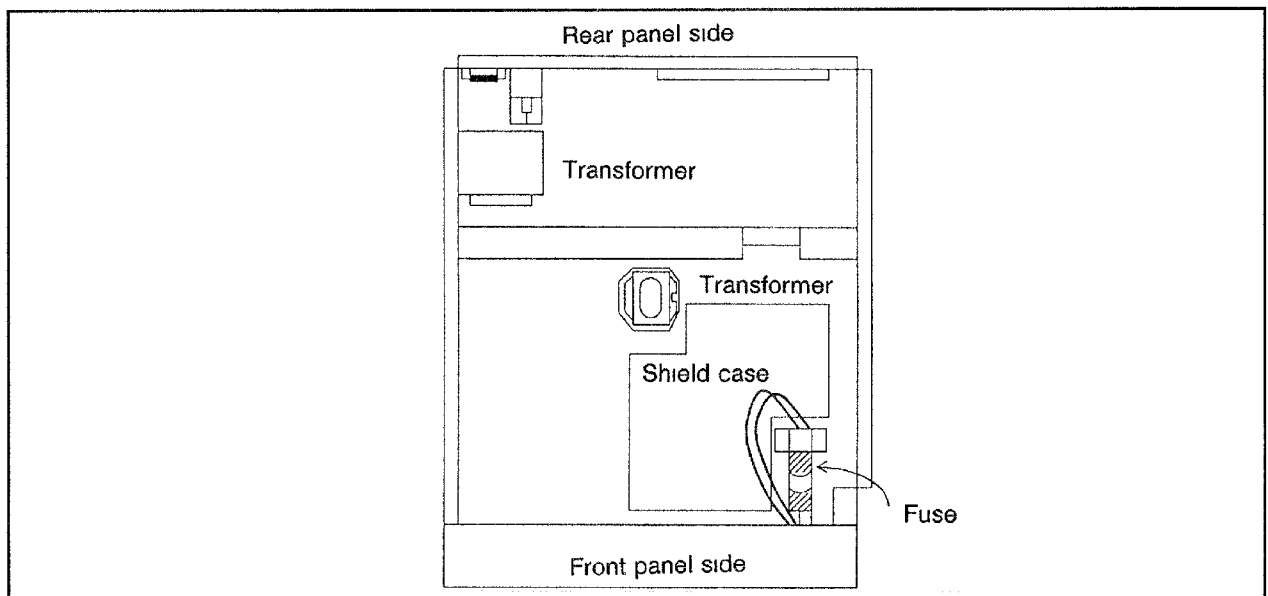


Figure 2-5 A Input Terminal Protection Fuse

CAUTION

Use the correct fuse to ensure that the current is disconnected if a voltage of 250 V is inadvertently applied to the current input terminal.  
Replace with a fuse of the correct rating.

### 2.3.4 Warming Up

Warm up the instrument for at least sixty minutes to achieve sufficient measurement accuracy.

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2.3 Before Getting Started

2.3.5 Input Cables

Use the A01034 supplied as the input cable of the instrument.

If a problem of short-term stability occurs during measurement of high resistance (megohm) or high sensitivity (microvolt), use the A01001, whose HI side has a shielding line.

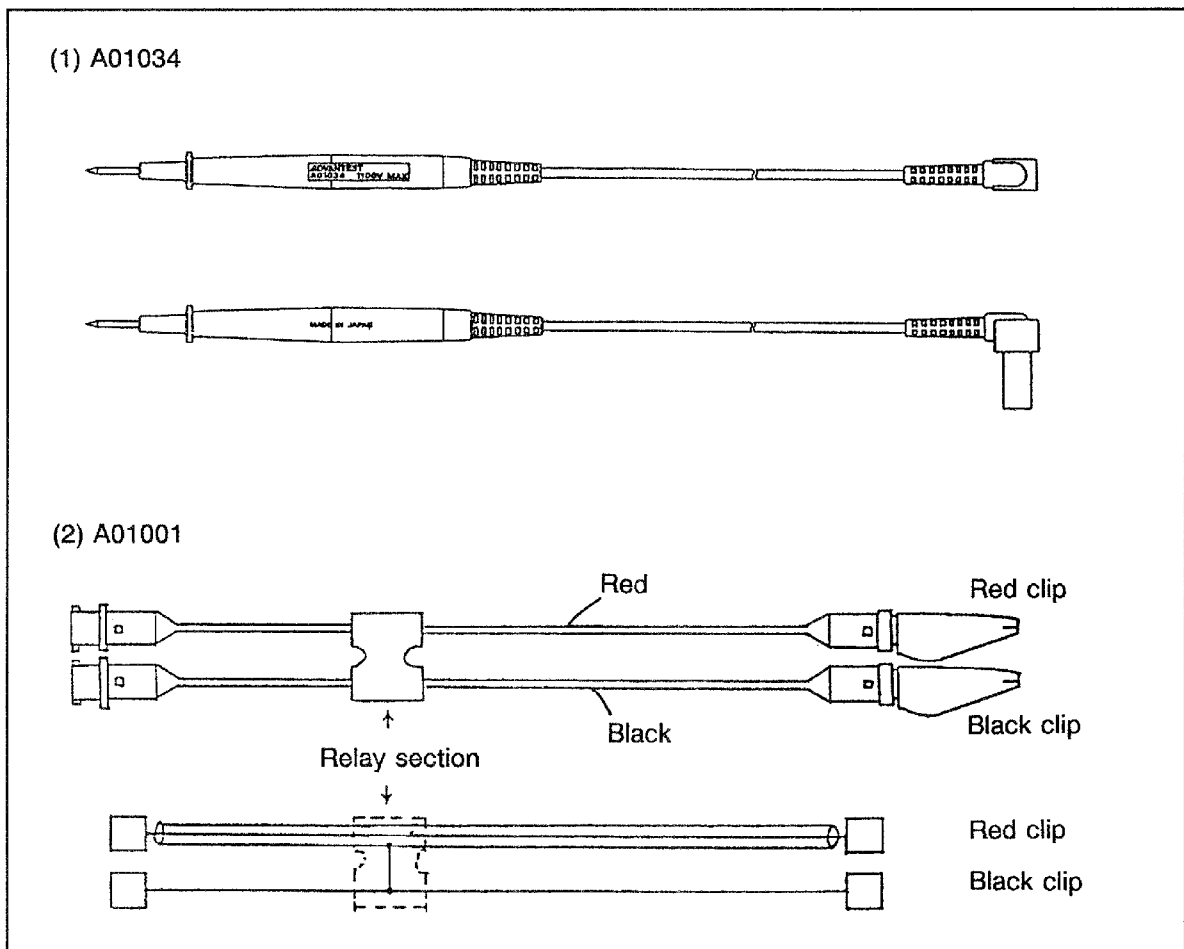


Figure 2-6 Structure of Input Cable

CAUTION

The red line of the A01001 is a shielding line. Take care not cut it inadvertently.

### 2.3.6 Conditions of Maximum Input Voltage and Current for Measurement Terminals

Table 2-5 shows the maximum values of input terminal between ① and ② voltage and current for safe operation of the instrument.

Table 2-5 Maximum Voltage and Current Applied

Terminal name		Maximum voltage and current
①	②	
Body	COM V $\Omega$ Hz Hi Lo mA A	450VMAX
COM	Hi Lo	200VMAX
COM	V $\Omega$	1000VMAX
COM	mA	330mA 250VMAX
COM	A (R6441A/B only)	10A 250VMAX
Hi	Lo	5A 250VMAX

**WARNING**

1. Do not apply voltage or use a current exceeding the maximum value.  
This may cause breakage or malfunction of the instrument, or electric shock.
  
2. A maximum value of circuit voltage for measuring current  
The current cannot measure for the potential of 250 V or more. In this case, the current may cause blown fuses, equipment breakage, or incidental injuries.

## **2.4 Cleaning, Storage, and Transportation**

### **(1) Cleaning**

Use a silicon cloth or other cloth to clean the instrument.

Note: For maintenance or cleaning, do not use a solvent that will deteriorate plastics (such as benzene, acetone, or other organic solvents).

### **(2) Transportation**

Use the original packing material for transportation. If it is not available, pack the instrument as follows:

- ① Pack the instrument in a vinyl sheet.
- ② Use a corrugated cardboard box at least 5 mm thick and insert the instrument into the box using a packing material for cushioning.
- ③ After packing the instrument, insert the accessories, then insert more cushioning material again. Then seal the box and secure it using packing strings.

### **(3) Storage**

If the instrument is not to be used for a long time, cover it with a vinyl sheet or place it in a corrugated cardboard box and store it in a place with no humidity and away from direct sunlight.

Storage conditions:      – 25°C to +70°C  
                                  – 20°C to +50°C (with battery unit mounted)

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***2.5 Precautions when Instrument is Discarded***

## **2.5 Precautions when Instrument is Discarded**

- (1) Never disassemble the instrument.

The instrument uses a lithium battery as a RAM backup power supply. Also, it uses a lead-acid battery in the battery unit.

- (2) Contact ADVANTEST when discarding the instrument.

(Refer to the end of this manual for our address and other information.)



### 3. PANEL DESCRIPTIONS

#### 3.1 Front Panel

The front panel of the instrument consists of operation keys, displays, input terminals, IC memory cards, and connectors.

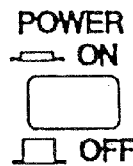
Note that the operation keys, displays, and input terminals differ among the R6441A, R6441B, and R6441C.

R6441A : Read the description below while referring to Figure 3-1.

R6441B : Read the description below while referring to Figure 3-2.

R6441C : Read the description below while referring to Figure 3-3.


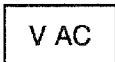
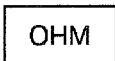
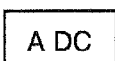
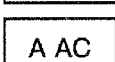
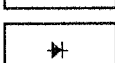
#### ① Power switch



Pressing the switch turns on the power to the instrument.

Pressing the switch again turns off the power to the instrument.

#### ② Measurement function selection keys

	: Selects direct-current voltage measurement.
	: Selects alternating-current voltage measurement .
	: Selects resistance measurement (two-line type).
	: Selects direct current measurement.
	: Selects alternating-current current measurement .
	: Selects diode measurement.

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**3.1 Front Panel**



- Press these keys after the **SHIFT**.

(a) R6441A

**SHIFT** **V AC** : Selects high-speed AC voltage measurement .  
FILTER

**SHIFT** **OHM** : Selects in-circuit resistance measurement.  
LP OHM

**SHIFT** **A AC** : Selects high-speed AC current measurement.  
FILTER

**SHIFT**  : Selects continuity measurement. (If continuity is detected, a buzzer will sound.)  




(b) R6441B

**SHIFT** **V DC** : Selects frequency measurement.  
FREQ

**SHIFT** **V AC** : Selects alternating-current voltage measurement (AC + DC  
AC + DC coupling mode).

**SHIFT** **OHM** : Selects in-circuit resistance measurement.  
LP OHM

**SHIFT** **A AC** : Selects alternating current measurement (AC + DC coupling  
AC + DC mode).


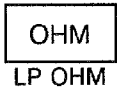
**SHIFT**  : Selects continuity measurement. (If continuity is detected, a  
 buzzer will sound.)


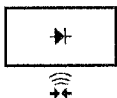


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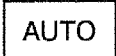
3.1 Front Panel

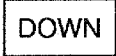
(c) R6441C

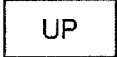
  : Selects in-circuit resistance measurement.

  : Selects continuity measurement. (If continuity is detected, a buzzer will sound.)



③ Measurement range selection keys

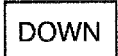
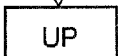


 : Switches the measurement range to AUTO or MANUAL.

 : Switches the measurement range to MANUAL and decreases it by one level.

 : Switches the measurement range to MANUAL and increases it by one level.

● Press these keys when in the parameter setting mode (for parameter editing).

 : Moves the blinking position to the right.  


 }  
 } : Changes the contents of the blinking line.  
  


④ Sample mode and sample rate selection keys

**HOLD** : Sets the sampling mode to FREE-RUN or HOLD.

**TRIG** : Orders measurement start when the sampling mode is in HOLD.

**RATE** : Sets the sampling mode to high speed (FAST), middle speed (MID), or low speed (SLOW).

- Press these keys after the **SHIFT** . (Enters to parameter setting mode.)

**SHIFT** **HOLD** : Sets the parameter initialization setting mode.  
CLEAR

**SHIFT** **RATE** : Sets the mode in which the number of digits displayed is  
RES determined.

- Press this key in the parameter setting mode (constant setting).

**TRIG** : Calls the display output result.  
MD

⑤ Operation selection keys

- COMP** : Selects setting or canceling of the comparator calculation.
- SM** : Selects setting or canceling of the smoothing calculation.
- C(M-B)/A** : Selects setting or canceling of the scaling calculation.
- NULL** : Selects setting or canceling of the null calculation.
- MAX /MIN** : Selects setting or canceling of the MAX and MIN calculation.
- dB** : Selects setting or canceling of the dB and dBm calculation.

- Press these keys after the **SHIFT** . (Enters to parameter setting mode.)

- SHIFT** **COMP** : Sets the setting mode for comparison upper limit (HI) or lower limit (LOW) in the comparator calculation, or for comparison result buzzer sounding.  
HI/LOW
- SHIFT** **SM** : Sets the setting mode in which the number of times for running average of smoothing calculation is performed is determined.  
SM TIME
- SHIFT** **C(M-B)/A** : Sets the setting mode constant A, B, or C for scaling calculation.  
A/B/C
- SHIFT** **NULL** : Sets the null value setting mode for null calculation.  
ΔNULL
- SHIFT** **dB** : Sets the setting mode for constant D of dB or dBm calculation.  
D

⑥ Store/recall selection keys

If the IC memory card is inserted when the memory card interface unit R13222 (option) is installed, measurement conditions and measurement data can be stored (write) or recalled (read) to or from the card.

**STORE** : Stores (writes) data into the IC memory card.

**RCL** : Recalls (reads) data from the IC memory card.

- Press these keys after the **SHIFT** .

**SHIFT** **STORE** : Sets the store condition setting mode.  
ST SET

**SHIFT** **RCL** : Sets the recall condition setting mode.  
RCL SET

- Press these keys in the calibration (CAL) mode.

**STORE** : Writes calibration values.

**RCL** : Reads calibration values.


⑦ Buzzer selection keys

**»»** : Turns ON the buzzer. Pressing the key again turns OFF the buzzer.  
(If the buzzer is set to ON, it sounds when a key is pressed, when a setting is made remotely, or when the comparison result of a comparator calculation is generated.)

- Press this key after the **SHIFT** .

**SHIFT** **»»** : Turns ON the bar graph. Pressing it again turns OFF the bar graph.  
BAR

⑧ Interface selection keys

 : Sets the interface setting mode.

Available interface types are as follows:


- Serial interface (standard equipment)
- BCD data output unit (option R13015)
- Comparator unit (option R13016)
- GPIB interface unit (option R13220)
- Printer interface unit (option R13221)
- Memory card interface unit (option R13222)

- Press this key in the setting mode.

 : The instrument exits the setting mode and returns to the measurement state display.

⑨ Calibration selection key

CAL


 : Sets the calibration (CAL) mode. Pressing the key again returns the mode to the normal measurement state.

⑩ ENTER key


- Press this key in the setting mode.

 : Fixes the setting.

⑪ SHIFT/LOCAL keys

 : Sets the shift mode.

- Press this key in the remote operation.

 : The instrument enters local operation.

Note: If the LLO (LOCAL LOCKOUT) command is set through the GPIB interface, the key entry will be ignored.

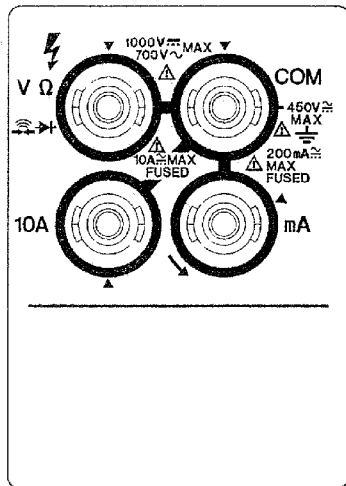


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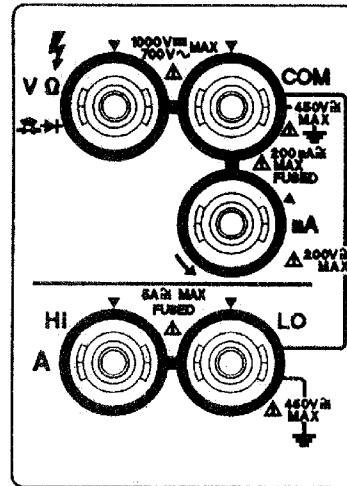
**3.1 Front Panel**

③ Connector

(a) R6441A/B



(b) R6441C



(a) R6441A/B

V Ω : HI terminal for DC voltage, AC voltage, resistance, diode, or continuity measurement

COM : LO terminal common to all types of measurement

10A : 10A HI terminal for DC current or AC current measurement

mA : 200 mA HI terminal for DC current or AC current measurement

(b) R6441C

V Ω : HI terminal for DC voltage, AC voltage, resistance, diode, or continuity measurement

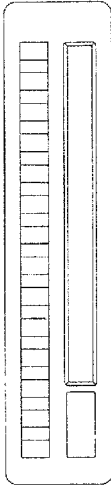
COM : LO terminal common to all types of measurement

mA : 2  $\mu$ A to 200 mA HI terminal for DC current or AC current measurement

HI : 2 A, 5 A HI terminal for DC current or AC current measurement

LO : 2 A, 5 A LO terminal for DC current or AC current measurement

⑭ IC memory card connector



The IC memory card is available when memory card interface unit R13222 (option) is installed.

The optional product should be used for the IC memory card.

Also, SRAM (Static Random Access Memory) cards falling within JEIDA (Japan Electronics Industry Development Association) guideline Ver. 4 or above can be used. However, the attribute field of the IC memory card must include the following device information:

Device information:

Device type : with SRAM backup  
Device speed : 100 ns to 250 ns  
Common memory capacity : 64 kbytes to 16 Mbytes

Note that this instrument can use up to 64 kbytes.



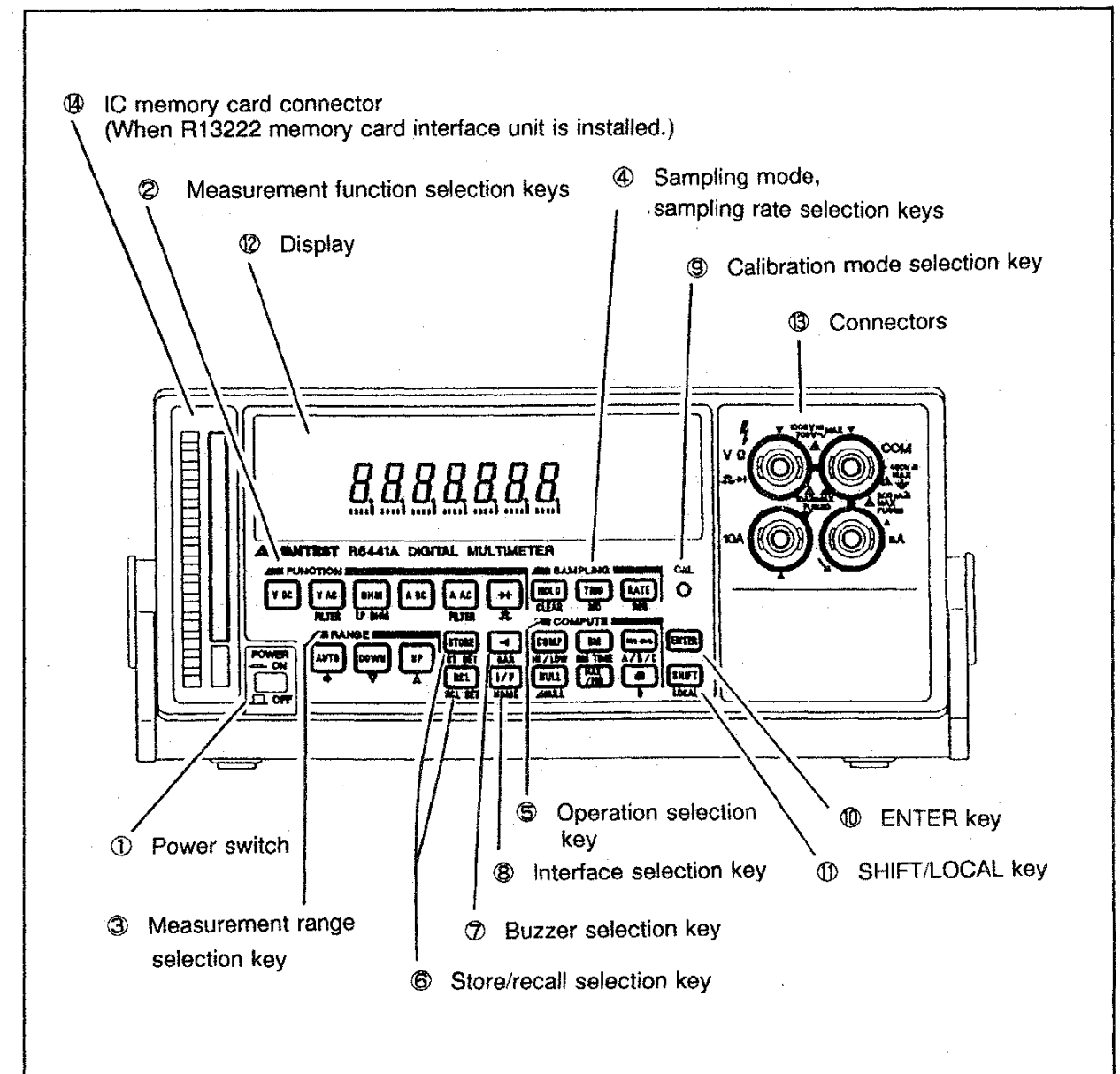


Figure 3-1 R6441A Front-panel Description

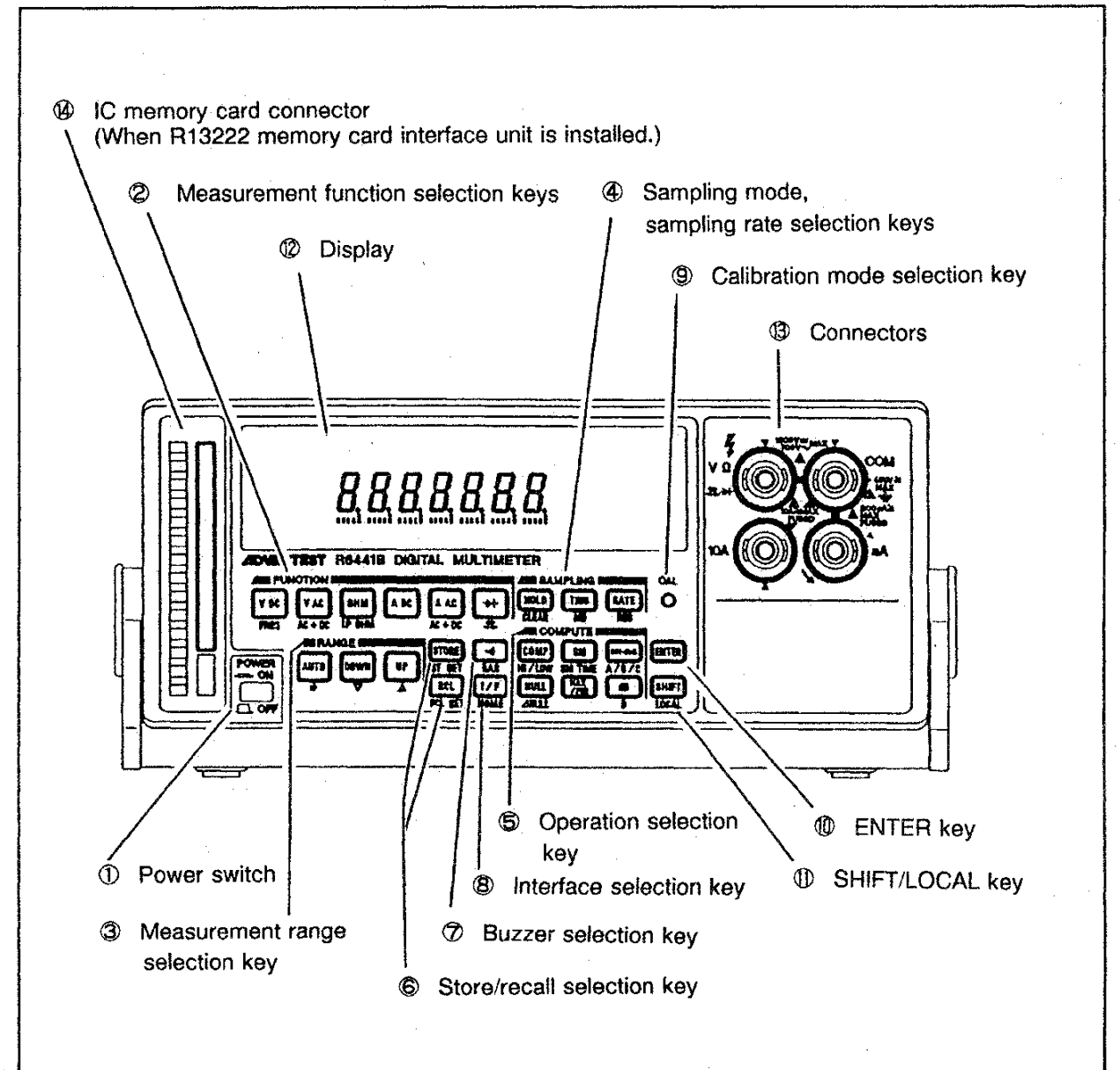


Figure 3-2 R6441B Front-panel Description

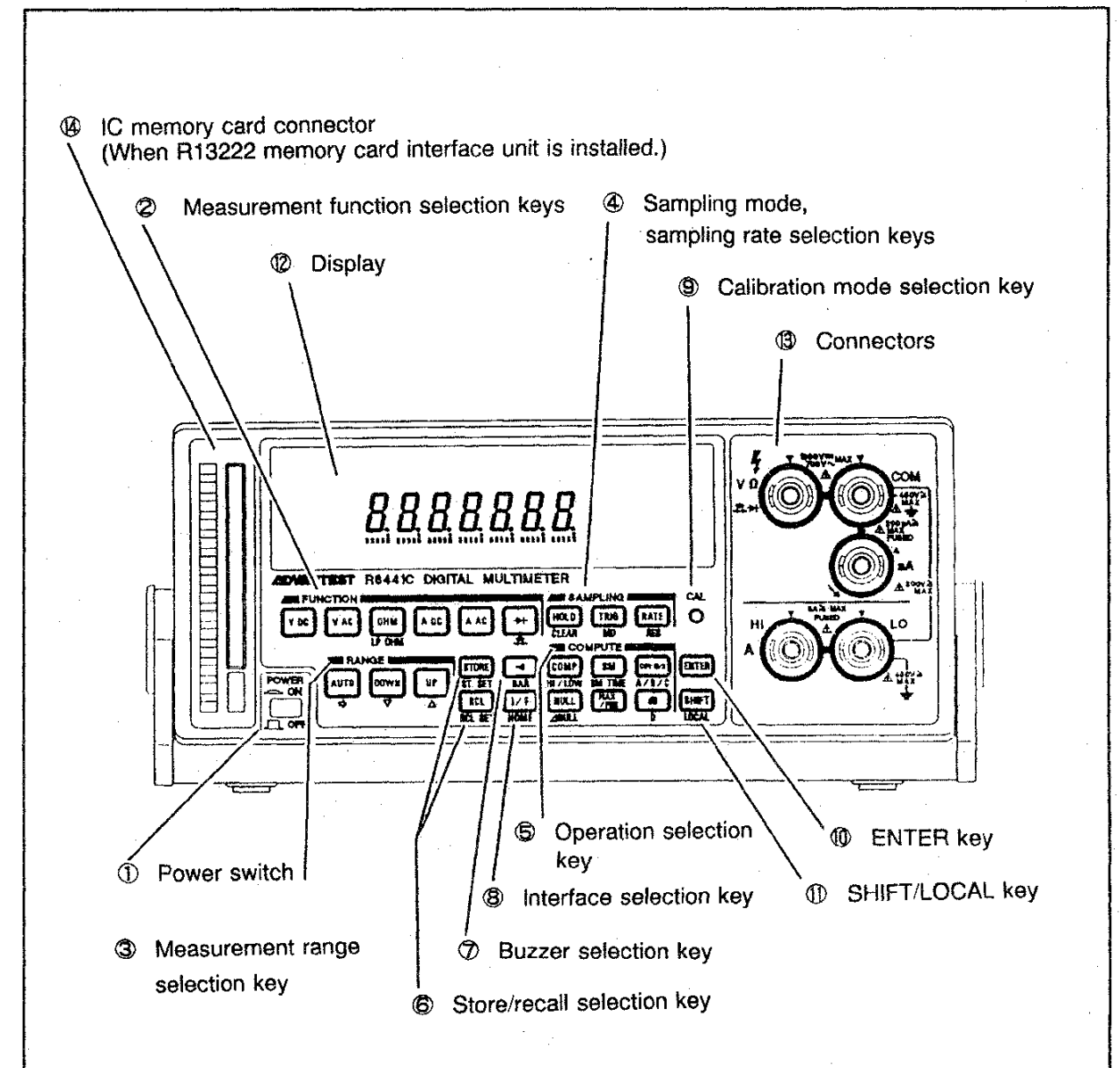
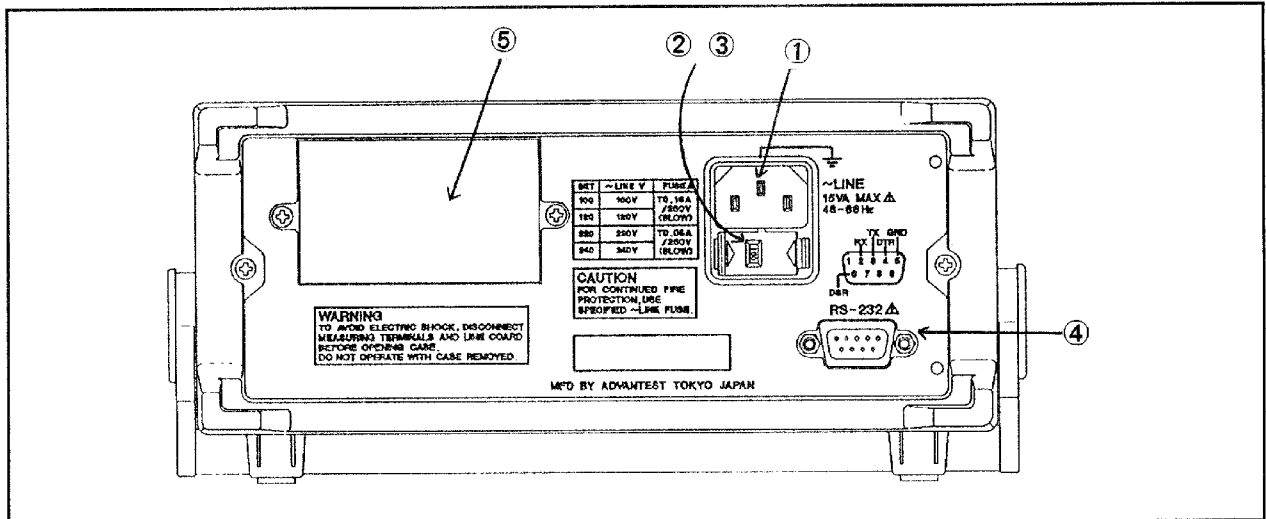


Figure 3-3 R6441C Front-panel Description

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**3.2 Rear-panel Description**

**3.2 Rear-panel Description**



- ① Power supply connector : Connector for AC power supply  
Connects the power cable (standard equipment A01402) to this connector.
- ② Power supply change : Selects the power type among 100 V, 120 V, 220 V, and 240 V.
- ③ Fuse holder : Is equipped with a slow-blow 0.16 A (100/200 V) or 0.08 A (220/240 V) fuse. The holder contains spare fuses.
- ④ RS-232 connector : Connector for RS-232  
Enables the setting of data output and measurement conditions and easy configuration of the automatic measurement system.
- ⑤ Accessory interface : Accommodates one of the following interfaces:  
GPIB  
BCD  
Printer interface  
Comparator output



## 4. OPERATIONS

### 4.1 Getting Started

The self test items which are automatically performed when the instrument is started (by turning ON the POWER switch), their error messages, and the operation flow after getting started are described below:

Table 4-1 Self Test Items and Error Messages

Test No.	Self test item	Error message
1	RAM read/write check	ERR 1
2	Communication check for panel control CPU	ERR 2
3	CAL data check	ERR 3, 4, 5
4	Backup parameter check	ERR 6
5	Communication check for analog control CPU	ERR 7

## 4.2 Initialization of Measurement Conditions

### (1) Storing/retaining measurement conditions

When the POWER switch is turned OFF the measurement conditions are stored/retained in the internal memory.

### (2) Initializing condition

To initialize the instrument, perform the following:

#### ① Master reset

- For panel operation

1. Press the **SHIFT** .

2. Press the **HOLD**  
**CLEAR** .

3. Press the **ENTER** .

- For remote control

Transfer the remote control command "Z".

#### ② Setting start conditions

The start conditions can be set only by remote control.

Transfer the remote control command "C".

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**4.2 Initialization of Measurement Conditions**

Table 4-2 Initialization

Item	Initialization setting	Mater reset	Power on	
Function	DCV	<input type="radio"/>		
Range	Auto range	<input type="radio"/>		
Hold operation	Free-run	<input type="radio"/>		
Sampling rate	SLOW	<input type="radio"/>		
Number of digits displayed	4 1/2 digit mode	<input type="radio"/>		
Arithmetic function	OFF	<input type="radio"/>		
Arithmetic constant	Comparator constant			
	HI	<u>00001E + 0</u>	<input type="radio"/>	
	LOW	<u>00000E + 0</u>	<input type="radio"/>	
	Number of times for SM	<u>10</u>	<input type="radio"/>	
	Scaling constant			
	A	<u>00001E + 0</u>	<input type="radio"/>	
	B	<u>00000E + 0</u>	<input type="radio"/>	
	C	<u>00001E + 0</u>	<input type="radio"/>	
	Null constant	<u>00000E + 0</u>	<input type="radio"/>	
	dB constant	D	<u>00001E + 0</u>	<input type="radio"/>
Remote operating conditions	Refer to each "Interface" section.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	
Panel display	Enable	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	
CAL mode	Cancel	<input type="radio"/>		
Each test mode	Cancel	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	



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**4.3 Basic Key Operations**

**4.3 Basic Key Operations**

- (1) Setting measurement functions  
(For details, refer to Chapter 6.)

Measurement function	Key operation		
	R6441A	R6441B	R6441C
(1) DC voltage measurement	V DC	V DC	V DC
(2) AC voltage measurement	V AC	V AC	V AC
(3) Resistance measurement	OHM	OHM	OHM
(4) DC current measurement	A DC	A DC	A DC
(5) AC current measurement	A AC	A AC	A AC
(6) AC voltage measurement (AC + DC coupling mode)	—	SHIFT V AC AC+DC	—
(7) AC current measurement (AC + DC coupling mode)	—	SHIFT A AC AC+DC	—
(8) High-speed AC voltage measurement	SHIFT V AC FILTER	—	—
(9) High-speed AC current measurement	SHIFT A AC FILTER	—	—
(10) Diode measurement	▶	▶	▶
(11) Continuity measurement	SHIFT ▶ ⚡	SHIFT ▶ ⚡	SHIFT ▶ ⚡
(12) In-circuit resistance measurement	SHIFT OHM LP OHM	SHIFT OHM LP OHM	SHIFT OHM LP OHM
(13) Frequency measurement	—	SHIFT V DC FREQ	—

- (4) Changing from manual range to auto range

Key operation:

Press the  .

- (5) Changing range in manual range

Key operation:

Press the  or  .

- (6) Changing from free-run mode to hold mode

Key operation:

Press the  .

- (7) Sampling execution instruction in hold mode

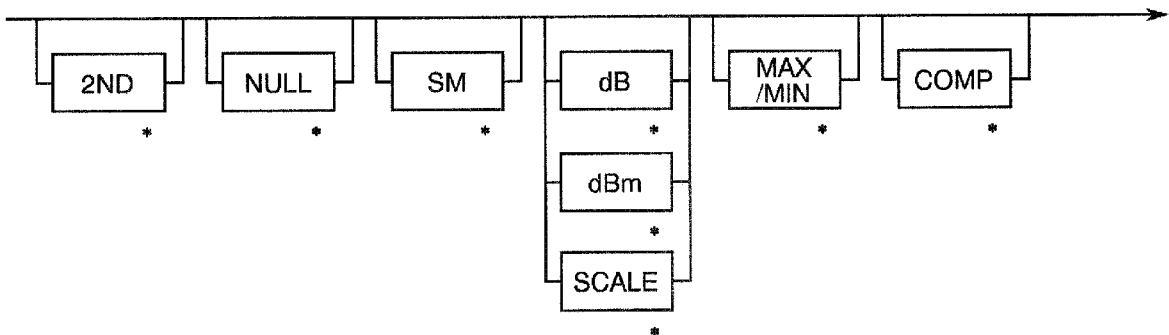
Key operation:

Press the  .

- (8) Execution and halting calculation

This operation will halt the calculation being executed or execute a halted operation.

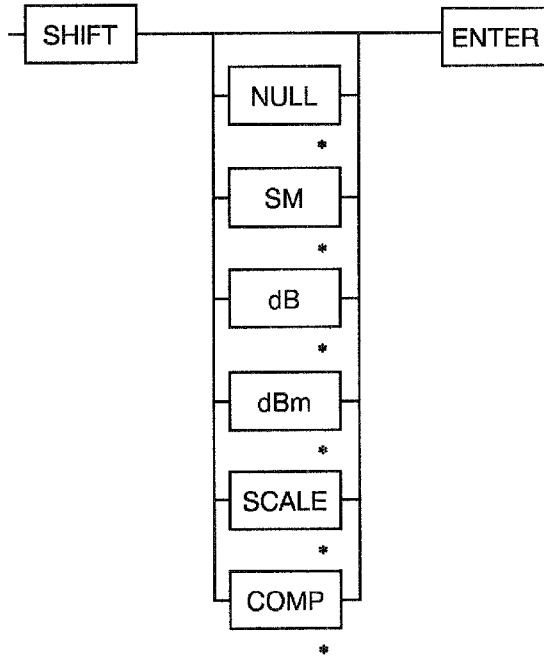
Key operation:



Note: Press the keys marked with an asterisk as required.

(9) Setting of arithmetic (calculation) constant

Key operation:



Note: Press the keys marked with an asterisk as required.

## 5. FUNCTIONS

### 5.1 Range Setting

The **AUTO** , **DOWN** , and **UP** are used for range setting.

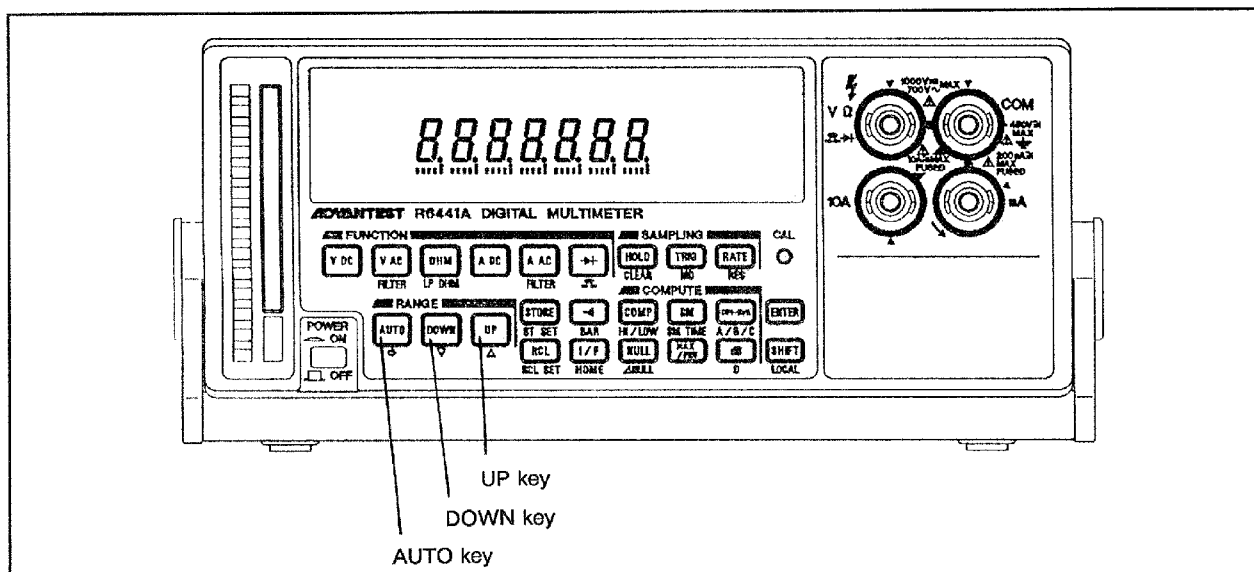


Figure 5-1 Range Setting

- Setting of auto range and manual range

The **AUTO** is used for selection of the auto range and manual range.

When the auto range is set, AUTO is lit on the display.

When the manual range is set, AUTO goes off.

- Operation during manual range setting

Pressing the **DOWN** decreases the range by one level, with the setting remaining in the manual range.

Pressing the **UP** increases the range by one level, with the setting remaining in the manual range.

- Operation during auto range setting

Pressing the **AUTO** does not change the range level but changes the setting to the manual range.

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**5.2 Setting of Sampling Conditions**

## 5.2 Setting of Sampling Conditions

The **HOLD** , **TRIG** , and **RATE** are used for setting the sampling conditions.

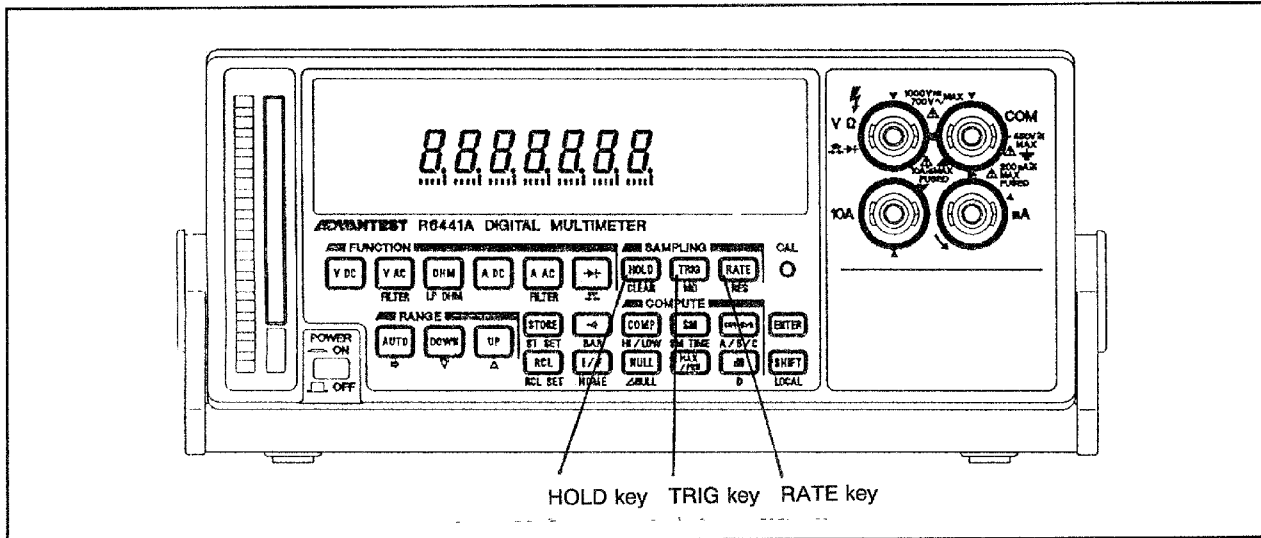


Figure 5-2 Setting of Sampling Conditions

(1) Setting of hold free-run

The setting alternates between free-run and hold run each time the **HOLD** is pressed.

HOLD indicates the state of the setting.

(2) Setting of trigger

Pressing the **TRIG** once allows one sampling to be executed in the hold state.

In the sampling state, the sampling indicator is lit up on the display.



(5) Changing the display digits

The  and  are used to set the number of digits displayed.

The  and  are used to change the setting.

The range of the number of digits displayed is 19999 to 1999.

After setting the constant, press the .

### 5.3 Arithmetic Functions

(1) Calculation items

The following are the calculation items and their functions:

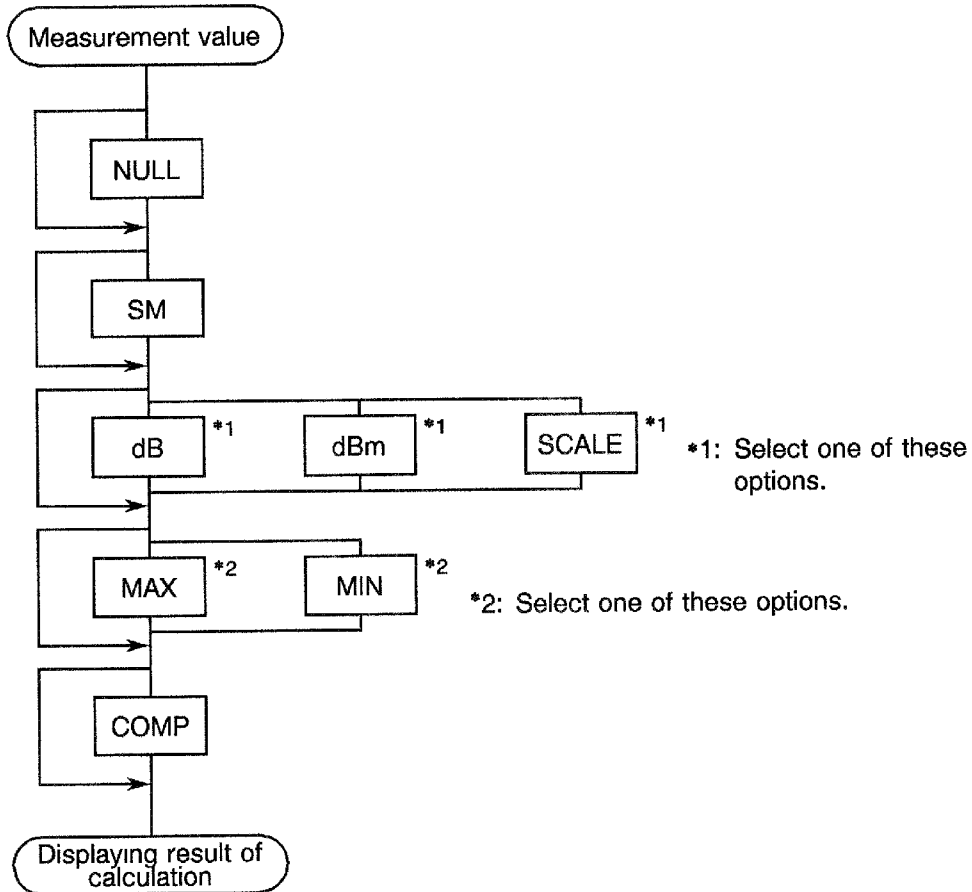
Calculation item	Function
NULL	Subtracts a fixed value from measurement value.
SM	Obtains running average.
dB	Performs 20LOG calculation.
dBm	Performs 10LOG calculation.
SCALE	Performs scaling calculation.
MAX/MIN	Obtains maximum or minimum value after calculation.
COMP	Determines comparison result (good or no good).



(2) Combination of calculation

The result of calculation can be computed again according to the calculation flowchart below.

Calculation flow



Any types of calculation can be combined according to the calculation flow above.

If multiple types of calculation are set to ON, upstream result of the calculation is computed again as shown in below. The following are the sequence and the results of calculation execution when all types of calculation are set to ON.

Key	Description	Display
NULL	NULL calculation is performed on the measurement value.	Result 1
SM	Smoothing calculation is performed on result 1.	Result 2
dB/dBM/SCALE	Either of dB, dBm, or SCALE calculation is performed on result 2.	Result 3
MAX/MIN	Either of MAX or MIN calculation is performed on result 3.	Result 4
COMP	One type of comparator calculation is performed on result 4.	Result 5

### 5.3.1 NULL Arithmetic Function

(1) NULL calculation

The NULL operation is used to calculate the measured value from which the NULL constant has been subtracted.

Displayed value = Measurement value - NULL constant
---

Pressing the NULL starts the NULL calculation and lights up the NULL indicator on the display.

In the execution of NULL calculation, pressing the NULL again cancels the calculation and turns off the NULL indicator.

(2) NULL constant

NULL constant utilizes the sampling data immediately after execution of NULL calculation (NULL is pressed). When in the overload condition, NULL calculation cannot be executed.

Pressing the SHIFT NULL in the execution of NULL calculation causes the NULL  $\Delta$ NULL constant to be displayed .

The range of NULL constant setting is:

Setting range	Minimum setting value	
	R6441A/B	R6441C
- 99999.E + 6 to + 99999.E + 6	0.0000E-3	0.0000E-9

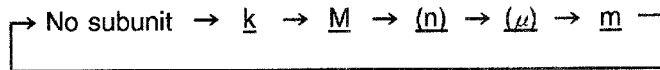
To set the exponent part, use the subunits (n  $\mu$  m k M).

The NULL constant can be changed using the following procedure (only during the NULL operation):

- ① Press the **SHIFT** then **NULL** to enter the setting mode for the NULL constant.  
 $\Delta$ NULL
- ② Pressing the **AUTO** to highlight the point to be changed. The highlighted point moves in the following order.
  - Uppermost digit of the number to lowermost digit
  - Subunit
  - Decimal

- ③ Highlight the point to be changed and use the **UP** or **DOWN** to change the value of the number and sub-unit.

Note that the subunit changes in the following order:



( ): Displayed in R6441C only.

- ④ After setting the NULL constant, press the **ENTER**.

Note that it is not permissible to specify a NULL constant which causes the NULL calculation result to overload. The error message "Err 10" will be displayed.

### (3) Auto range and NULL calculation

If the NULL calculation is executed, its operation is effective in the range in which the NULL calculation has been executed (NULL ON range) or in the range above the NULL ON range.

If the range decreases and is below the NULL ON range, the NULL calculation will be canceled. The auto range operation is applied to the measurement values not to the NULL calculation result. Therefore, if the measurement is not executed in the maximum range, the result may be displayed as an overload.

(4) NULL operation when changing the measurement function

If the NULL operation has been set to a measurement function and the function has been changed to a new one, the NULL calculation will be canceled for the new function. However, when the new function is changed back to the old one, the NULL calculation will become available with the previously set NULL constant.

If the NULL operation is executed using the new measurement function, press the NULL again.

(5) NULL operation when changing the measurement range

The NULL operation is effective in the range to which the NULL operation is set or in a higher range. However, if the NULL calculation is below the preset-level range, it will be canceled. When the NULL operation is again set to the preset level or a higher range, the NULL calculation is executed using the previously set NULL constants.

(6) NULL operation when changing the sample rate

When the sample rate is changed as follows, the NULL calculation is canceled. If the sample rate is returned to its original setting, the NULL calculation will be executed using the previously set NULL constants.

Sample rate before change	→	Sample rate after change
FAST	→	MID/SLOW
MID	→	SLOW

CAUTION

While the NULL calculation is being executed, the actual measurement value is not displayed.

Therefore, great care should be taken, since in some circumstances a dangerous voltage may not be noticeable on the input connector or test lead line.

### 5.3.2 Smoothing Function

(1) Smoothing calculation

The smoothing function may be used when there is a superimposed noise on the measurement signals. Since the running average is calculated for a specified number of times of the measurement value, the measurement value having less dispersion will be obtained.

The calculation expression of the smoothing function is:

$$\text{Display} = (\text{Measurement value } 1 + \dots + \text{Measurement value } N)/N$$

Pressing the **SM** starts the calculation and lights up the SM on the display or makes it blink.

If the **SM** is pressed again during the execution of the smoothing calculation, the calculation will be canceled and the SM will be turned off.

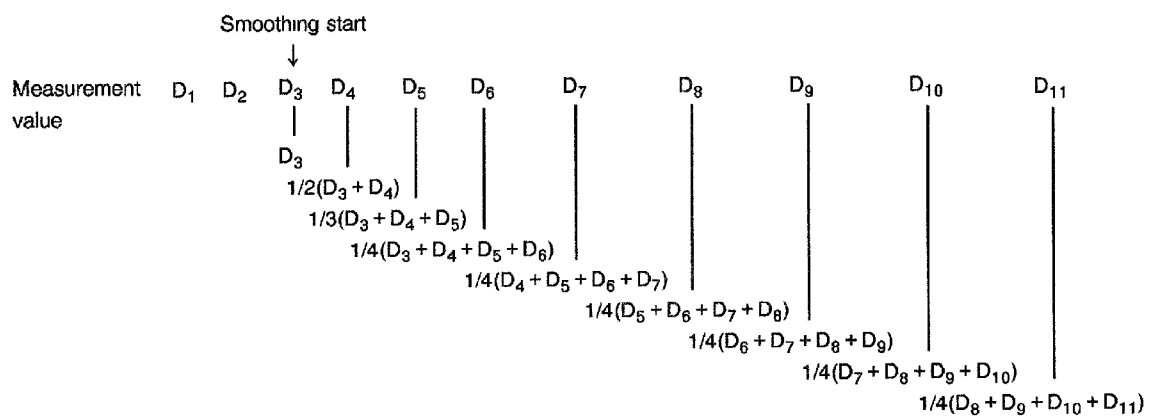
The SM blinks until the smoothing has been repeated N times. The SM lights up when the number of times smoothing has been performed reaches N.

The N + 1st data appears as follows:

$$\text{Display} = (\text{Measurement value } 2 + \dots + \text{Measurement value } N + 1)/N$$

Each time one complete cycle of smoothing calculation is completed, the running average is displayed for all the cycles of the measurement up till that time.

The following is an example in which the number of times smoothing is to be performed is specified as four.



When n cycles of smoothing have been completed, the result of the smoothing calculation D(sm) is as follows:

Result of smoothing calculation $D(sm) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{i=n-T+1}^n D_i$	D(sm)	Result of smoothing calculation when n cycles of smoothing have been completed
	D <sub>i</sub>	Measurement value (before smoothing calculation)
	T	Specified number of times of smoothing (range:2 to 100 times)

(2) Setting the number of times of smoothing

To set the number of times of smoothing, press the SHIFT and SM to enter the times setting mode.

SM TIME

The available setting range is 2 to 100.

Use the UP  
△ for increasing the number and the DOWN  
▽ to decrease it.

The setting number changes in the order shown below:



(3) Smoothing operation when changing the measurement function

If the measurement function in which smoothing has been is changed to a new one, smoothing cannot be executed in the new function.

If the function is changed back to the old setting, smoothing will be executed starting at N = 1.

If it is required to execute smoothing in a new measurement function, press the SM again.

(4) Smoothing operation when changing the measurement range

If the range level is changed in the smoothing operation, it will restart at N = 1.

(5) Smoothing operation when changing other settings

If any of the following is changed in the smoothing operation, it will restart at N = 1.

- Measurement range
- Sample rate
- Number of times of smoothing

(6) Smoothing calculation and OL (overload)

If the measurement value is overloaded during smoothing, the value will be ignored. (In this case, all the data for the specified times, excluding the failed cycle due to overload, are used as valid data.)

### 5.3.3 dB and dBm Arithmetic Functions

(1) dB calculation and dBm calculation

dB calculation is used for decibel conversion and can be applied to the voltage and current measurements.

dBm calculation is used for the calculation of power gain per 1 mV and can be applied to the voltage measurement only.

If the measurement value obtained during the execution of dB/dBm calculation is zero, it will be determined to be an error and the error message "Err D" will appear.

The dB, dBm, and scaling calculations cannot be selected at the same time. (Select any one of them.)

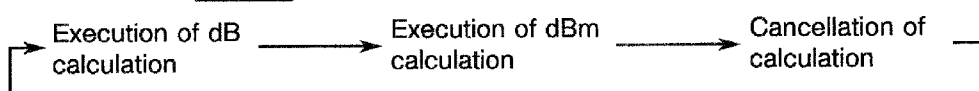
The calculation expressions of dB and dBm are as follows:

$$\text{For dB: Display} = 20 \log_{10} \frac{\text{Measurement value}}{\text{Constant D}}$$

$$\text{For dBm: Display} = 10 \log_{10} \frac{(\text{Measurement value})^2 / \text{constant D}}{10^{-3}}$$

Pressing the  dB starts the calculation and lights up the dB on the display. In case of dBm, the subunit "m" will light up at the same time.

Every time the  dB is pressed, the operation type is changed as follows:



(2) Setting constant D

The range available for constant D is:

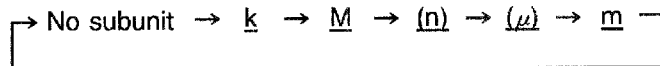
Setting range	Minimum setting value	
	R6441A/B	R6441C
0.0001E-3 to +99999.E+6	0.0001E-3	0.0001E-9

Use the subunits (n  $\mu$  m k M) to set the exponent part.

Key operation:

- ① Press the SHIFT then dB  
D to enter the setting mode for the constant D.
- ② Pressing the AUTO to highlight the point to be changed. The highlighted point moves in the following order.
  - Uppermost digit of the number to lowermost digit
  - Subunit
  - Decimal
- ③ Highlight the point to be changed and use the UP or DOWN to change the value of the number and sub-unit.

Note that the subunit changes in the following order:



( ): Displayed in R6441C only.

If it is required to set the measurement value to the constant D, press the TRIG in this mode.

The data for which the measurement has been completed and displayed will be set as the constant D together with the subunit.

- ④ After setting the constant D, press the ENTER.



(3) dB/dBm calculation when changing the measurement functions

If the measurement function in which the dB/dBm calculation has been set is changed to a new one, the calculation cannot be executed in the new function.

When the function is changed back to the old one, the dB/dBm calculation is effective again. If it is required to execute the dB/dBm calculation in the new function, press the  again.

(4) Display of dB/dBm calculation results

Unlike in the case of other measurement values, the decimal position of the dB/dBm calculation result is independent of the preset range, i.e., the decimal position is always fixed. (XXX.XXX)

Example: When the 20 V range and 10 V is entered for the DC voltage measurement

Measurement value : 10.000 mV

dB calculation result : 20.00 dB

CAUTION

While the dB/dBm calculation is being executed, the actual measurement value is not displayed.

Therefore, great care should be taken, since in some circumstances a dangerous voltage may not be noticeable on the input connector or test lead line.

### 5.3.4 Scaling Function

#### (1) Scaling calculation

The calculation expression of the scaling is:

$$\text{Display} = \frac{\text{Measurement value} - \text{M-B constant}}{\text{Constant A}} \times \text{Constant C}$$

Pressing the  $\boxed{C(M-B)/A}$  lights up the SCALE on the display and starts the scaling calculation.

If the  $\boxed{C(M-B)/A}$  is pressed again during the execution of the scaling calculation, the calculation will be canceled and the SCALE on the display goes off.

#### (2) Scaling constant

The scaling constant is set as follows:

[Examples of scaling constant A and B]

	Key operation	Display	Meaning
①	$\boxed{\text{SHIFT}}$	----	Shift mode
②	$\boxed{C(M-B)/A}$ A/B/C	A	Constant A setting mode
③	$\boxed{\text{ENTER}}$	12345	Previously set value of constant A (Example)
④	$\boxed{\text{AUTO}}$ $\boxed{\text{UP}}$ $\boxed{\text{DOWN}}$ ↔      Δ      ▽	12333	Changing setting value of constant A Refer to "(3) Changing numeric value of constant".
⑤	$\boxed{\text{ENTER}}$	Measurement value	Setting end

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**5.3 Arithmetic Functions**

(Cont'd)

	Key operation	Display	Meaning
①	SHIFT	----	Shift mode
②	C(M-B)/A A/B/C	A	Constant A setting mode
③	UP △	B	Constant B setting mode
④	ENTER	12345	Previously set value of constant A (Example)
⑤	AUTO →    UP △    DOWN ▽	12333	Changing setting value of constant A Refer to "(3) Changing numeric value of constant".
⑥	ENTER	Measurement value	Setting end

Note: Press the I/F to suspend the setting.

(3) Changing numeric value of constant

The ranges of constant A, B, and C are as follows:

Constant	Setting range	Minimum setting value	
		R6441A/B	R6441C
A	- 99999.E + 6 to + 99999.E + 6	0.0001E-3	0.0001E-9
B	- 99999.E + 6 to + 99999.E + 6	0.0001E-3	0.0001E-9
C	- 99999.E + 6 to + 99999.E + 6	0.0001E-3	0.0001E-9

Use the subunits (n μ m k M) to set the exponent part.

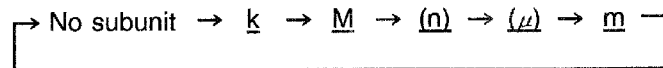
Key operation:

- ① Pressing the **AUTO** in the constant setting mode to highlight the point to be changed.  
The highlighted point moves in the following order:

- Uppermost digit of the number to lowermost digit
- Subunit
- Decimal

- ② Highlight the point to be changed and use the **UP** or **DOWN** to change the value of the number and subunit.

Note that the subunit changes in the following order:



( ): Displayed in R6441C only.

If it is required to set the measurement value to the scaling constant, press the **TRIG** in this mode.

The data for which the measurement has been completed and displayed will be set as the scaling constant together with the subunit.

- ③ After setting the constant, press the **ENTER** .

#### (4) S.OL (Scaling over)

If the result of scaling calculation exceeds  $999.99E+6$ , "S.OL" will appear.

In this case, even if the auto range function is used, the level of the range cannot be increased. (This is because the function judges the range level using the measurement value before the calculation.)

Also, if the result of the scaling calculation is will appear as follows.

R6441A/B: below  $0.0001E-3$ , "0.00001E-3"

R6441C: below  $0.0001E-9$ , "0.00001E-9"

#### (5) Scaling calculation when changing the measurement functions

If the measurement function in which the scaling operation has been set is changed to a new one, the calculation cannot be executed in the new function. If the function is changed back to the old one, the scaling calculation will be enabled.

If it is required to execute the scaling calculation in the new function, press the  $\boxed{C(M-B)/A}$  again.

(6) Displaying the result of scaling calculation

Unlike in the case of other measurement values, the decimal position of the scaling calculation result is independent of the preset range.

Example: 2000 mV range, 1 V is input for measuring DC voltage.

Measurement value : 1000.0 mV  
Scaling calculation result : 1.0000 V

CAUTION

While the scaling calculation is being executed, the actual measurement value is not displayed.

Therefore, great care should be taken, since in some circumstances a dangerous voltage may not be noticeable on the input connector or test lead line.

### 5.3.5 MAX and MIN Arithmetic Function

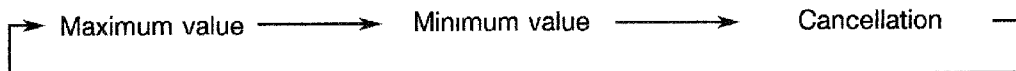
(1) MAX calculation and MIN calculations

The calculation expressions of MAX and MIN are as follows:

MAX: Display = Maximum value of the results of calculation

MIN: Display = Minimum value of the results of calculation

Every time the  $\boxed{\begin{smallmatrix} \text{MAX} \\ \text{MIN} \end{smallmatrix}}$  is pressed, the operations are changed as follows:



If the MAX calculation is selected, the MAX will light up on the display and the maximum value appears.

If the MIN calculation is selected, the MIN will light up on the display and the minimum value appears.

The MAX and MIN calculations are executed independently, and if either has been set, the calculation for the setting will be started and the result of it alone will appear.

If the setting is changed from MAX to MIN calculation, the MIN value after the change will appear.

When the error message "Err d" or "OL C" is output, the calculation for MAX and MIN cannot be executed.

If the MAX/MIN calculation is executed using the new measurement function, press the



again.

(2) Changing of measurement functions and MAX/MIN calculations

If the function in which the MAX or MIN calculation has been set is changed to a new function, neither calculation can be executed in the new function. When the function returns to the old one, the MAX or MIN value will be cleared and the calculation will start automatically.

(3) Changing other conditions and MAX/MIN calculation

If any of the following is changed, the MAX or MIN value will be cleared and the calculation will start for the changed condition.

- Measurement range
- Sample rate
- Number of displayed digits
- ON/OFF for calculations except for comparator
- Calculation constant during operation

Example: If the constant A is changed during execution of MAX or scaling calculation, the MAX value will be cleared and the calculation for a new MAX value will start after the change.

### 5.3.6 Comparator Function

(1) Comparator calculation

The calculation expression of the comparator function is:

HIGH = (Measurement value > Setting value for HI)
LOW = (Measurement value < Setting value for LOW)
PASS = (Setting value for LOW $\leq$ Measurement value $\leq$ Setting value for HI)
HI LO = (Measurement value > Setting value for HI) & (Measurement value < Setting value for LOW)

Pressing the **COMP** starts the calculation.

One of the indicators HIGH, PASS, or LOW will light up on the right side of display.

(2) Setting judgment conditions

The following are setting examples for the HI constant, LO constant, and buzzer:

	Key operation	Display	Indicator	Meaning
①	<b>SHIFT</b>	-----		Shift mode
②	<b>COMP</b> HI/LOW	CP HI		HI constant setting mode
③	<b>ENTER</b>	54321	HIGH	Previously set value of HI constant
④	<b>AUTO</b> <b>UP</b> <b>DOWN</b> ⇨            Δ            ▽	54321	HIGH	Changing the setting value of HI constant Refer to "(3) Setting numeric value of constant".
⑤	<b>ENTER</b>	Measurement value		Setting end

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**5.3 Arithmetic Functions**

(cont'd)

Key operation		Display	Indicator	Meaning
①	SHIFT	----		Shift mode
②	COMP HI/LOW	CP HI		HI constant setting mode
③	UP △	CP LO		LO constant setting mode
④	ENTER	54321	LOW	Previously set value of LOW constant
⑤	AUTO ⇨    UP △    DOWN ▽	54321	LOW	Changing the setting value of LOW constant Refer to "(3) Setting numeric value of constants".
⑥	ENTER	Measurement value		Setting end
①	SHIFT	----		Shift mode
②	COMP HI/LOW	CP HI		HI constant setting mode
③	DOWN ▽	CP	»»	Buzzer setting mode
④	ENTER	CP	»» LOW	Previously buzzer setting condition
⑤	UP △    DOWN ▽	CP	»» HIGH	Changing the previously buzzer setting condition Refer to "(4) Setting the buzzer".
⑥	ENTER	Measurement value		Setting end



(3) Setting numeric value of constants

The ranges for the HI and LO constants are as follows:

Constant	Setting range	Minimum setting value	
		R6441A/B	R6441C
HI	- 99999.E + 6 to + 99999.E + 6	0.0000E-3	0.0000E-9
LO	- 99999.E + 6 to + 99999.E + 6	0.0000E-3	0.0000E-9

Use the subunits (n μ m k M) to set the exponent part.

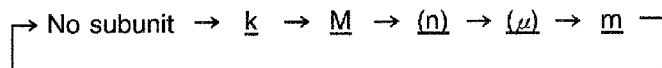
Key operation:

- ① Press the **AUTO** to highlight the point to be changed. The highlighted point moves in the following order:

- Uppermost digit of the numeric value to the lowermost
- Subunit
- Decimal

- ② Highlight the point to be changed and use the **UP** or **DOWN** to change the numeric value and subunit.

The subunit changes in the following order:



( ): Displayed in R6441C only.

If the measurement value is set to the HI or LO constant, press the **TRIG** in this mode.

The data for which the measurement has been completed and displayed will be set as a constant together with the subunit.

- ③ After setting, press the **ENTER**.

If the constant setting is made in such a way that the HI constant is less than the LO constant, in some cases the result of the calculation will be "HI and LO". In this case, the result is indicated by the indicators HIGH and LOW are lit at the same time.

(4) Setting the buzzer

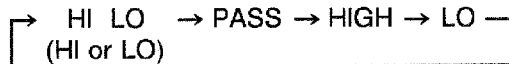
The buzzer tone can be changed according to the result of the calculation. However, the buzzer sounds only when  $\gg$  is lit up on the display. When  $\gg$  is off, the buzzer does not sound.

The setting of buzzer tones according to the result of the calculation is as follows:

Enter the buzzer setting mode.

Use the  or  to select the buzzer setting.

Each time the setting key is pressed, the setting is changed in the following order:



(5) Changing the measurement function and comparator operation

If the measurement function in which the comparator operation has been set is changed to a new one, the comparator operation will be canceled in the new function. If the function is changed back to the old function, the comparator operation will start automatically.

If the comparator operation is executed using the new measurement function, press the  again.

(6) Changing the measurement range and comparator operation

After the measurement range has been changed, the comparator function continues to operate.

The judgment standard value does not change from the previously set value because it has a unit.



## 6. MEASUREMENT

### 6.1 DC Voltage Measurement

(1) Connect the object to be measured between the COM and V terminals on the front panel.

(2) Press the V DC .

**WARNING**

To avoid damaging the instrument, do not apply a voltage exceeding the maximum allowable voltage.

Terminal name		Maximum applicable voltage
COM	V	1100 V MAX
COM or V	Earth to body	450 V MAX

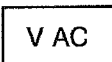
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6.2 AC Voltage Measurement/High-speed AC Voltage Measurement (R6441A)

6.2 AC Voltage Measurement/High-speed AC Voltage Measurement (R6441A)


(1) Connect the object to be measured between the COM and V terminals on the front panel.

(2) • AC voltage:

Press the  .

• High-speed AC voltage :

① Press the  .

② Press the  .

WARNING

To avoid damaging the instrument, do not apply a voltage exceeding the maximum allowable voltage.

Maximum applicable voltage: Prescribed by the product of the voltage of the signal and frequency. Less than 800 Vrms, 1000 Vpeak, or  $17 \sqrt{V \cdot \text{Hz}}$

### 6.3 AC Voltage Measurement (R6441B)

(1) Connect the object to be measured between the COM and V terminals on the front panel.

(2) ● AC voltage:

Press the V AC .

● AC voltage (AC + DC coupling mode):

① Press the SHIFT .

② Press the V AC .  
FILTER

Note: Crest factor: 3:1

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the instrument, do not apply a voltage exceeding the maximum allowable voltage.

Maximum applicable voltage: Prescribed by the product of the voltage of the signal and frequency. Less than 800 Vrms, 1000 Vpeak, or 17 V\*Hz

## 6.4 AC Voltage Measurement (R6441C)

(1) Connect the object to be measured between the COM and V terminals on the front panel.

(2) • AC voltage:

Press the V AC .

Note: Crest factor (the ratio of the maximum value to the RMS (root-mean-square) value of an AC input signal) is 3:1.

### WARNING

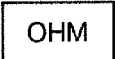
To avoid damaging the instrument, do not apply a voltage exceeding the maximum allowable voltage.

Maximum applicable voltage: Prescribed by the product of the voltage of the signal and frequency. Less than 800 Vrms, 1000 Vpeak, or  $17 \sqrt{V \cdot \text{Hz}}$

## 6.5 Resistance Measurement/In-circuit Resistance Measurement

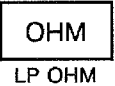
(1) Connect the object to be measured between the COM and  $\Omega$  terminals on the front panel.

(2) • Resistance measurement:

Press the  .

• In-circuit resistance measurement::

① Press the  .

② Press the  .

### WARNING

When measuring the resistance, the maximum allowable voltage to be applied between the COM and  $\Omega$  terminals is 500 V<sub>peak</sub>. To avoid damaging the instrument, do not apply a voltage exceeding the maximum allowable voltage.

If low resistance is measured, it is necessary to measure the resistance of the lead line as well. If it is desired to eliminate the resistance component due to the lead line, use the NULL function in the arithmetic function.



## 6.6 DC Current Measurement (R6441A/B)

- (1)
  - When measuring the 2 A/10 A, connect the object to be measured between the COM and 10 A terminals on the front panel.
  - When measuring the 20 mA/200 mA, connect the object to be measured between the COM and mA terminals on the front panel.
- (2) Press the A DC .

— WARNING —

1. Do not apply more than 10 A.
2. When other functions are used after 10 A has been applied, a thermoelectric power is generated because the temperature in the input terminal and internal circuits is increased by the applied 10 A.  
If, in particular, high-sensitivity measurement is made after 10 A is applied, the internal temperature should be balanced in advance.
3. Use replacement fuses with the same rating.

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**6.6 DC Current Measurement (R6441A/B)**

**CAUTION**

1. Select a correct input terminal according to the input range to be used. Selection of a wrong one may result in wrong measurements.

2 A/10 A range:           Select the 10 A input terminal.

20 mA/200 mA range:   Select the mA input terminal.

2. In the AUTO range mode, the optimum range is automatically selected to suit the current measurement requirements of each input terminal.

Terminal	Range	
10 A	10 A 2000 mA	The AUTO range selected is that shown in the column to the left (10 A to 2000 mA).
mA	200 mA 20 mA	The AUTO range selected is that shown in the column to the left (200 mA to 20 mA).

## 6.7 DC Current Measurement (R6441C)

- (1) ● When measuring the 2 A/5 A, connect the object to be measured between the HI and LO terminals on the front panel.
- When measuring the 2000 nA/20  $\mu$ A/200  $\mu$ A/2000  $\mu$ A/20 mA/200 mA, connect the object to be measured between the COM and mA terminals on the front panel.

- (2) Press the A DC .

The current measurement range 2 A/5 A of R6441C employs a current measurement method based on the differential magnetic field method.

Therefore, a residual magnetic field may be generated owing to factors such as measurement environment. If this is the case, use the NULL function.

### WARNING

1. Do not apply more than 5 A.
2. When other functions are used after 5 A has been applied, a thermoelectric power is generated because the temperature in the input terminal and internal circuits is increased by the applied 5 A.  
If, in particular, high-sensitivity measurement is made after 5 A is applied, the internal temperature should be balanced in advance.
3. Use replacement fuses with the same rating.

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**6.7 DC Current Measurement (R6441C)**

**CAUTION**

1. Select a correct input terminal according to the input range to be used. Selection of a wrong one may result in wrong measurements.

2 A/5 A range : Select the HI and LO input terminal.

2000 nA/20  $\mu$ A/200  $\mu$ A/2000  $\mu$ A/20 mA/200 mA range:

Select the COM and mA input terminal.

2. In the AUTO range mode, the optimum range is automatically selected to suit the current measurement requirements of each input terminal.

Terminal	Range	
HI, LO	5 A 2000 mA	The AUTO range selected is that shown in the column to the left (5 A to 2000 mA).
COM, mA	2000 nA 20 $\mu$ A 200 $\mu$ A 2000 $\mu$ A 20 mA 200 mA	The AUTO range selected is that shown in the column to the left (2000 nA to 200 mA).

## 6.8 AC Current Measurement/High-speed AC Current Measurement (R6441A)

- (1) • When measuring the 10 A, connect the object to be measured between the COM and 10 A terminals on the front panel.
- When measuring the 200 mA, connect the object to be measured between the COM and mA terminals on the front panel.

- (2) • To measure AC current

Press the A AC .

- To measure high-speed AC current

① Press the SHIFT .

② Press the A AC  
FILTER .

### WARNING

1. Do not apply more than 10 A.
2. When other functions are used after 10 A has been applied, a thermoelectric power is generated because the temperature in the input terminal and internal circuits is increased by the applied 10 A.  
If, in particular, high-sensitivity measurement is made after 10 A is applied, the internal temperature should be balanced in advance.
3. Use replacement fuses with the same rating.

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**6.8 AC Current Measurement/High-speed AC Current Measurement (R6441A)**

---

**CAUTION**

Select a correct input terminal according to the input range to be used. Selection of a wrong one may result in wrong measurements.

200 mA range : Select the mA input terminal.

10 A range : Select the 10 A input terminal.

## 6.9 AC Current Measurement (R6441B)

- (1) ● When measuring the 10 A, connect the object to be measured between the COM and 10 A terminals on the front panel.
- When measuring the 200 mA, connect the object to be measured between the COM and mA terminals on the front panel.

- (2) ● To measure AC current

Press the A AC .

- To measure AC current (AC + DC coupling mode)

① Press the SHIFT .

② Press the A AC .  
FILTER

### WARNING

1. Do not apply more than 10 A.
2. When other functions are used after 10 A has been applied, a thermoelectric power is generated because the temperature in the input terminal and internal circuits is increased by the applied 10 A.  
If, in particular, high-sensitivity measurement is made after 10 A is applied, the internal temperature should be balanced in advance.
3. Use replacement fuses with the same rating.

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**6.9 AC Current Measurement (R6441B)**

---

**CAUTION**

Select a correct input terminal according to the input range to be used. Selection of a wrong one may result in wrong measurements.

200 mA range : Select the mA input terminal.

10 A range : Select the 10 A input terminal.



## 6.10 AC Current Measurement (R6441C)

- (1)
  - When measuring the 2 A/5 A, connect the object to be measured between the HI and LO terminals on the front panel.
  - When measuring the 200  $\mu$ A/2000  $\mu$ A/20 mA/200 mA, connect the object to be measured between the COM and mA terminals on the front panel.
- (2) Press the A AC.

The current measurement range 2 A/5 A of R6441C employs a current measurement method based on the differential magnetic field method.

Therefore, a residual magnetic field may be generated owing to factors such as measurement environment. If this is the case, use the NULL function.

————— WARNING —————

1. Do not apply more than 5 A.
2. When other functions are used after 5 A has been applied, a thermoelectric power is generated because the temperature in the input terminal and internal circuits is increased by the applied 5 A.  
If, in particular, high-sensitivity measurement is made after 5 A is applied, the internal temperature should be balanced in advance.
3. Use replacement fuses with the same rating.

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**6.10 AC Current Measurement (R6441C)**

**CAUTION**

1. Select a correct input terminal according to the input range to be used. Selection of a wrong one may result in wrong measurements.

20  $\mu$ A to 200 mA range: Select the mA input terminal.

2 A/5 A range: Select the HI, LO input terminal.

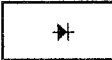
2. In the AUTO range mode, the optimum range is automatically selected to suit the current measurement requirements of each input terminal.

Terminal	Range	
HI, LO	2 A 5 A	The AUTO range selected is that shown in the column to the left (2 A to 5 A).
COM, mA	200 $\mu$ A 2000 $\mu$ A 20 mA 200 mA	The AUTO range selected is that shown in the column to the left (200 $\mu$ A to 200 mA).

## 6.11 Diode Measurement

- (1) Connect the diode between the  $\rightarrow+$  and COM terminals on the front panel.


A DC current of approximately 1mA flows from the COM terminal to the  $\rightarrow+$  terminal. Measure and display the voltage generated between the terminals (voltage drop in the forward direction).


- (2) Press the  .


A diode mark will light up as a function indicator.



Note: The generated voltage to be measured is less than 2 V. If the voltage exceeds this value, "OL" (over) will be displayed.

## 6.12 Continuity Measurement

- (1) Connect the object to be measured for its continuity between the  terminal and the COM terminal on the front panel.

A DC current of approximately 3 mA flows from the  terminal to the COM terminal. Measure and display the resistance value between the terminals (voltage drop in the forward direction). If continuity is detected, a buzzer will sound.

- (2) Press the  .

- (3) Press the  .  


Note: The resistance to be measured is less than 200  $\Omega$ . If the value exceeds this value, "OL" (over) will be displayed. If the value is less than 20  $\Omega$ , a buzzer will sound to indicate continuity.

For the continuity measurement, the buzzer is always set to ON.

### 6.13 Frequency Measurement (R6441B only)

(1) The frequency of the AC voltage is measured by connecting the DUT between the V and COM terminals on the front panel.

(2) ① Press the 

SHIFT
-------

 .

② Press the 

V DC
------

 .  
FREQ

Note: If the measurement is made with the range below 20 Hz or above 200 kHz, accurate measurement cannot be guaranteed.

## 7. USING VARIOUS INTERFACES

### 7.1 Mounting Various Interfaces

#### 7.1.1 Mounting of GPIB/BCD/Printer/Comparator Unit

Only one of the following units can be mounted on the rear panel of the instrument.

- GPIB interface unit
- BCD data output unit
- Printer interface unit
- Comparator unit

CAUTION

Before a unit is mounted to the instrument, disconnect the power supply plug and input cable to avoid the possibility of electric shock or damage to the instrument.

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**7.1 Mounting Various Interfaces**

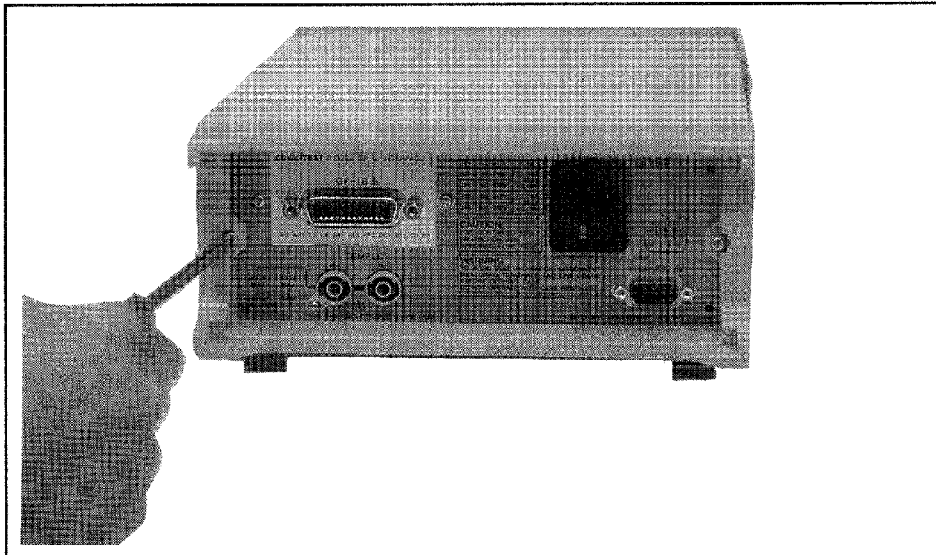
Mounting procedure:

**CAUTION**

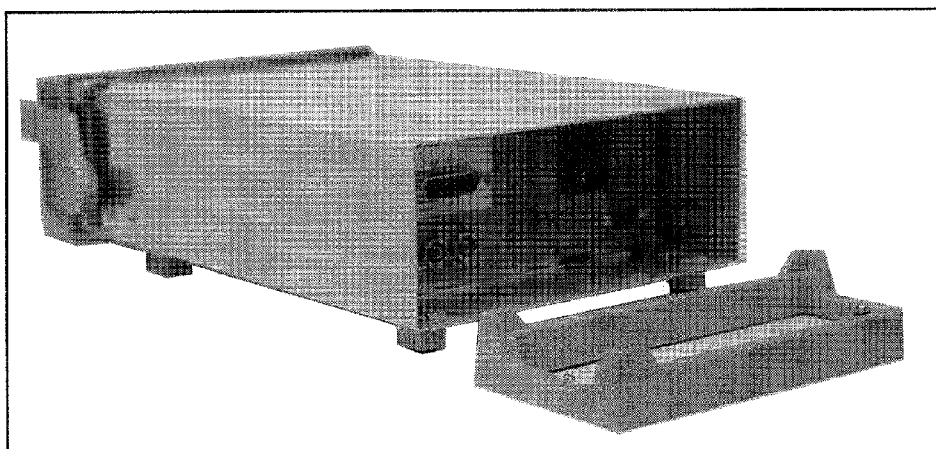
When the apparatus is connected to its supply, terminals may be live, and the opening of covers or removal of parts (except those to which access can be gained by hand) is likely to expose live parts.

The apparatus shall be disconnected from all voltage sources before it is opened for any adjustment, replacement, maintenance or repair.

- ① Remove the Phillips-head (cross-tip) screw securing the rear foot on the rear panel using a 3 mm Phillips-head (cross-tip) screwdriver.



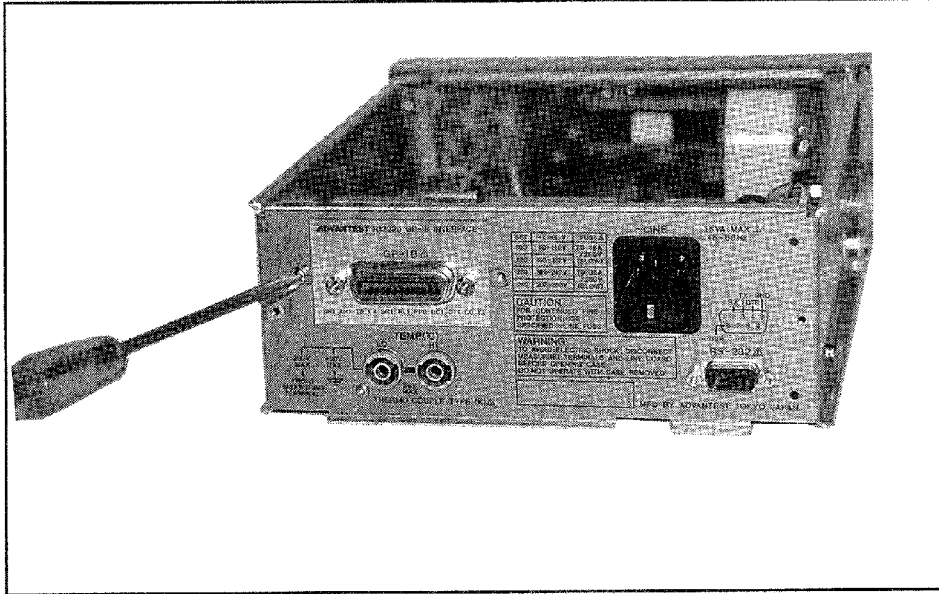
- ② Remove the rear foot.



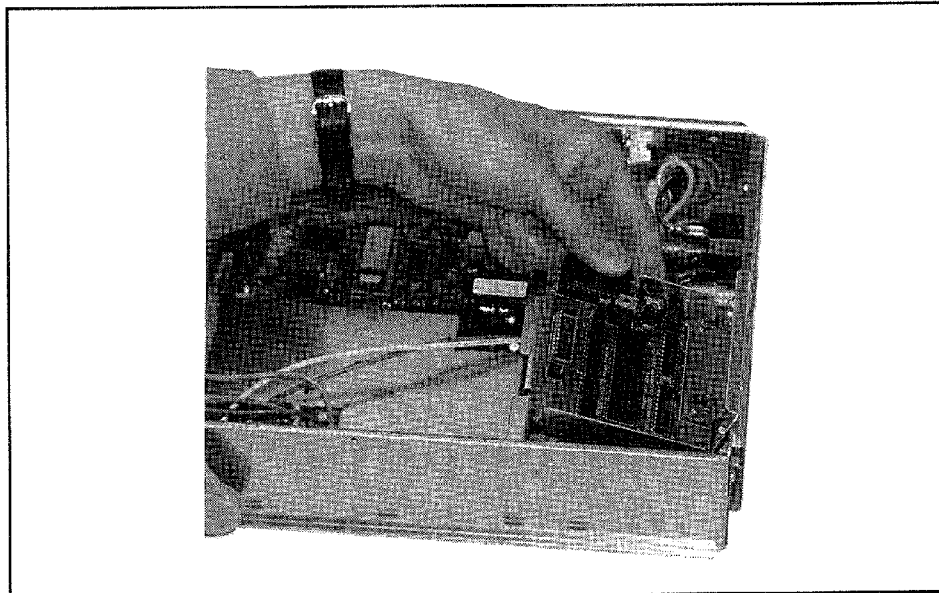
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**7.1 Mounting Various Interfaces**

- ③ Remove the case from the instrument.
- ④ With the 3 mm Phillips-head screwdriver, remove the Phillips-head screws securing the blind patch and other options to the interface.



- ⑤ Slide the interface board into the slot to mount it.



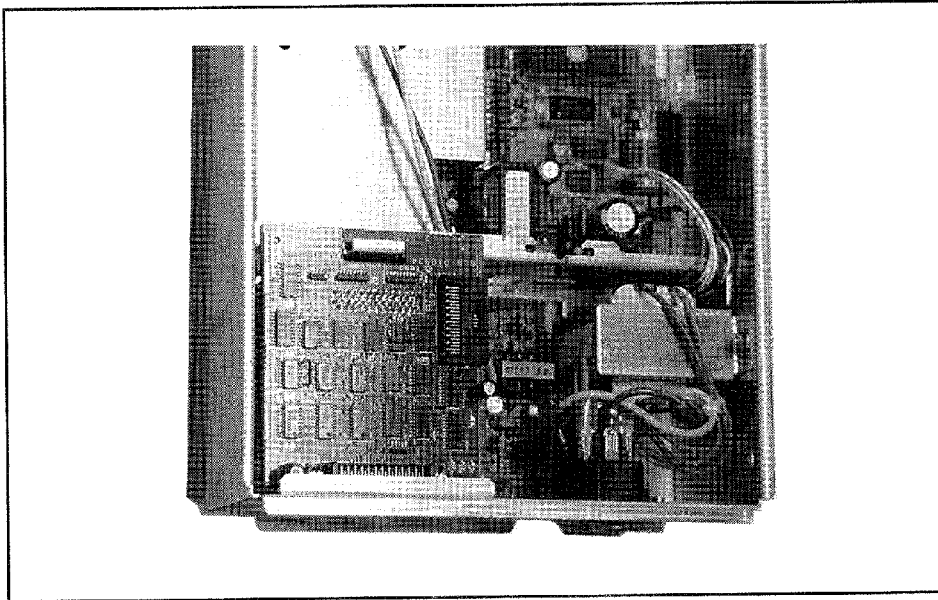


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7.1 Mounting Various Interfaces

- ⑥ Fix the Phillips-head screws removed in step ④.

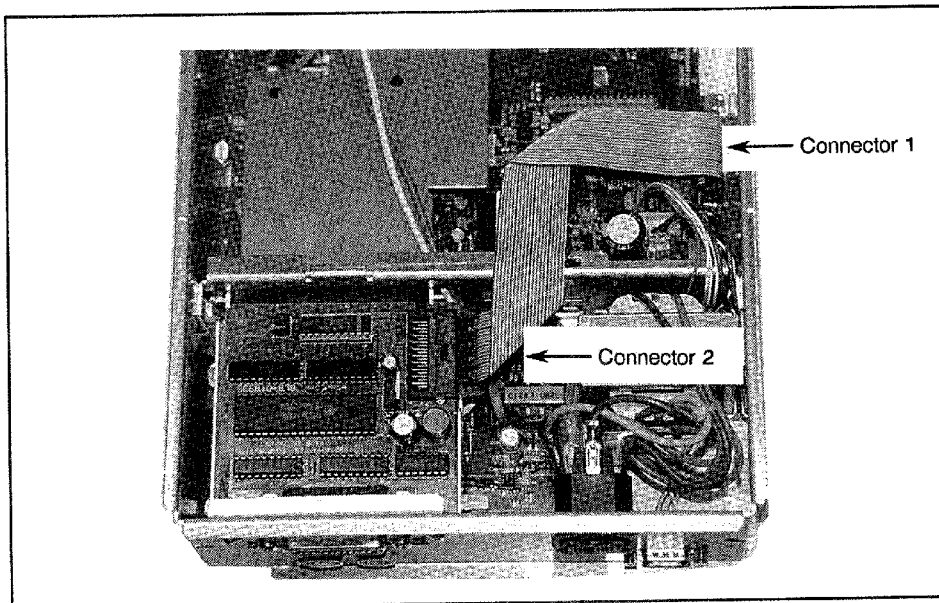
Mounting example of BCD board:



- ⑦ Connect the cable to the instrument.

- Memory card interface unit not installed

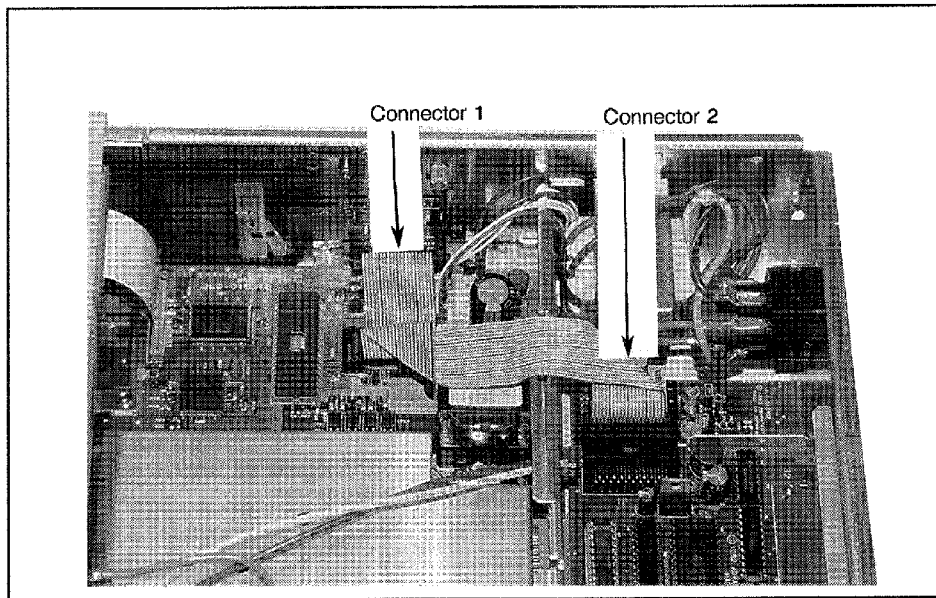
Connect connectors 1 and 2 using the cable supplied, as shown in the photograph.



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**7.1 Mounting Various Interfaces**

- Memory card interface unit installed  
Use the connector on the memory card interface unit for connection.  
Connect connectors 1 and 2 using the cable supplied, as shown in the photograph.



- ⑧ Replace the instrument case and secure the rear foot with the Phillips-head screws.

### 7.1.2 Mounting Memory Card Interface Unit

**CAUTION**

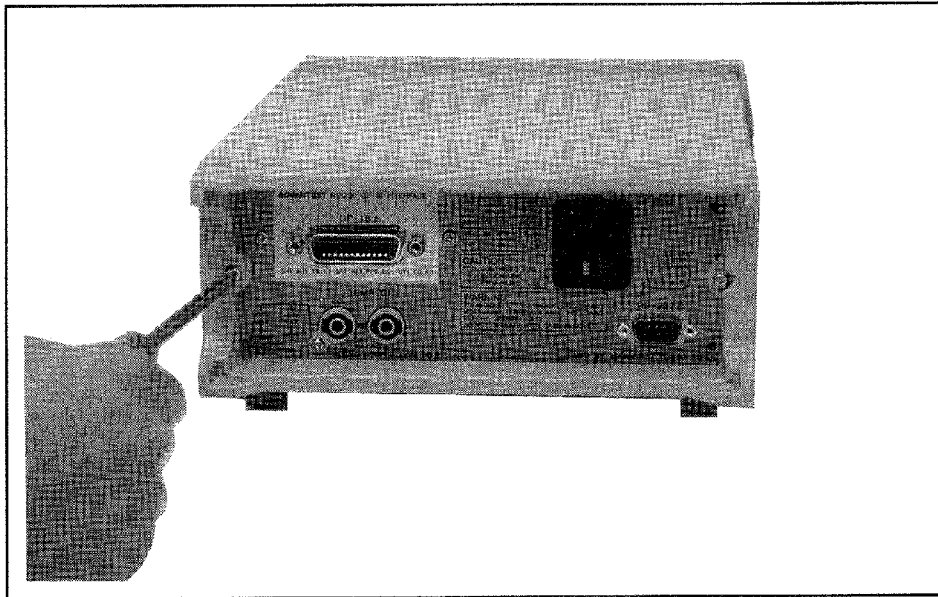
1. Before mounting the memory card interface unit on the instrument, be sure to disconnect the power supply plug and input cable to avoid the possibility of electric shock or damage to the instrument.
2. To protect the electric circuit of the instrument against static electricity, be sure to use an earth band. The memory card interface unit consists of parts (such as CMOSs) which are sensitive to static electricity.
3. Use specified tools or their equivalents to avoid damage to Phillips-head screws.

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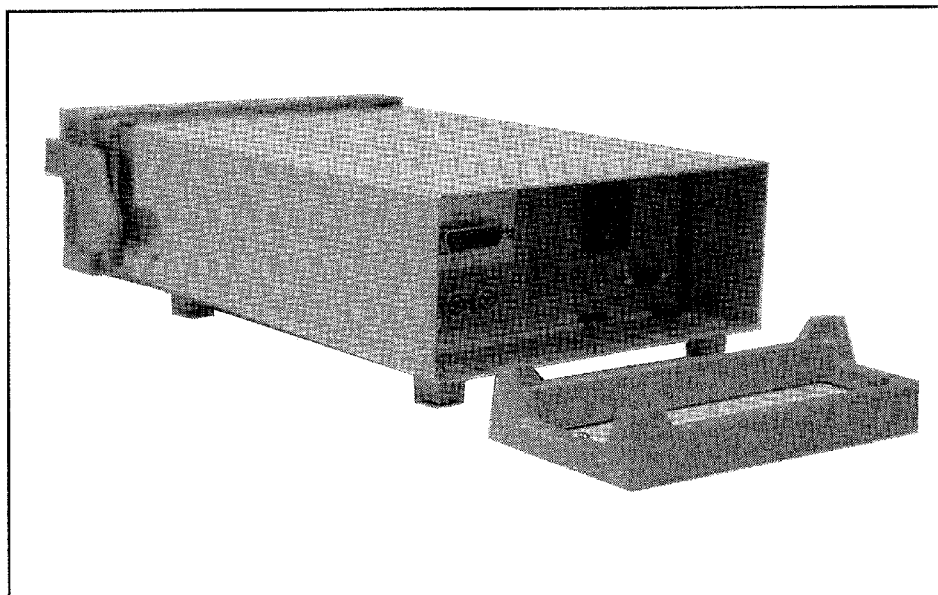
**7.1 Mounting Various Interfaces**

Mounting procedure:

- ① Remove the two Phillips-head screws securing the rear foot on the rear panel using the 3 mm Phillips-head screwdriver.



- ② Remove the rear foot.



- ③ Remove the case from the instrument.



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***7.1 Mounting Various Interfaces***

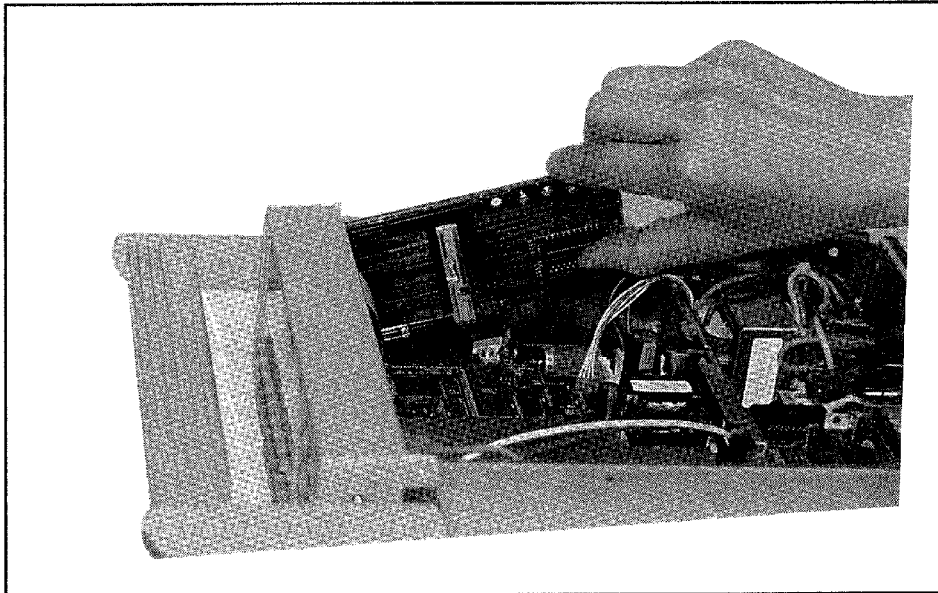
④ • Battery unit mounted

After removing the battery unit, mount the memory card interface unit. To remove the battery unit, remove the two Phillips-head screws from the sides of the instrument and disconnect the connection cable from the instrument. (To mount the battery unit, see section 7.4.)

• Battery unit not mounted

Go to ⑤.

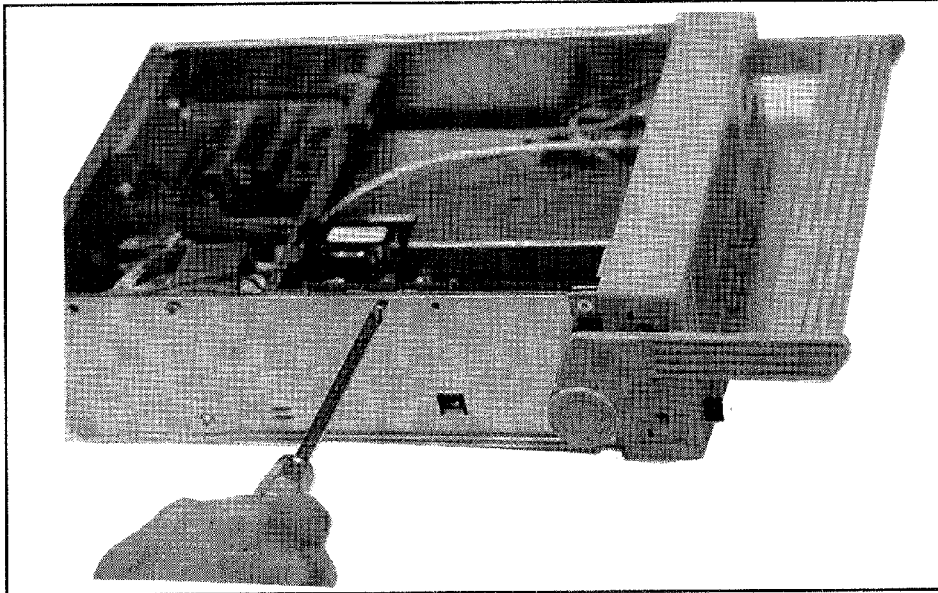
⑤ Mount the memory card interface unit.



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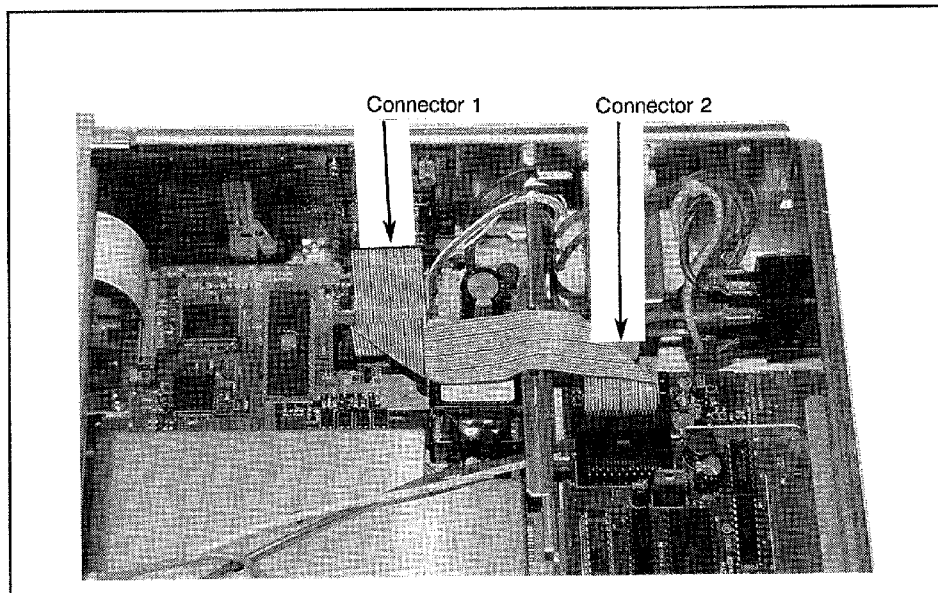
**7.1 Mounting Various Interfaces**

- ⑥ Secure the memory card interface unit using the two Phillips-head screws.



- ⑦ External control option mounted on the rear panel

For connection to an instrument equipped with the external control option, use the connector on the memory card interface unit.



- ⑧ Cover the case on the instrument and secure the rear foot using the Phillips-head screws.

## 7.2 Selecting External Interfaces

To set the operating conditions of the external interfaces, use the .

With the , set the following conditions:

<u>Setting condition</u>	<u>Display</u>
• GPIB	GP
• RS-232	SCI
• BCD	BCD
• Comparator	CP
• IC memory card	CARD
• Printer	PR

In addition to the IC memory card, only one interface can be selected.

The IC memory card is used for initialization.

- Key Operation

- ① Press the .
- ② Press the  and , displays the connected interface.
- ③ Press the , selects the displayed interface.

## 7.3 RS-232 Interface

### 7.3.1 Configuration of RS-232 Interface

The RS-232 interface is a standard equipment of the instrument.

It enables the setting of various measurement functions for the instrument, the setting of measurement parameters, the reading of the measurement data, and easy configuration of the automatic measurement system.

Since the interface is electrically isolated from the measurement signal system, external instruments do not affect measurement values.

### 7.3.2 RS-232 Data Format

Start bits	7-data bits	Parity bits	Stop bits
------------	-------------	-------------	-----------

Start bits	8-data bits	Stop bits
------------	-------------	-----------

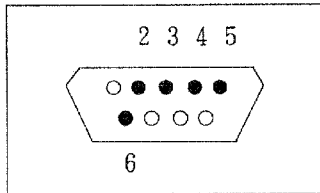
Setting condition		Factory setting
Output data ON/OFF header:	on, off	on
Talk only:	on, off	off
Baud rate:	9600, 4800, 2400, 1200, 600, or 300	9600
Parity:	even, odd, or no	None
Number of data bits:	8, 7 data bits , 1 parity bit	8 BIT
Number of stop bits:	1, 2 bits	1 BIT
Echo:	on, off	on

For the setting method (operation of front panel), see subsection 7.3.3.

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**7.3 RS-232 Interface**

The RS-232 connector on the rear panel of the instrument is a 9-pin connector (DB-9, male connector).



Pin number	Input/output	Description
2	Input	Receive data (RxD)
3	Output	Transmission data (TxD)
4	Output	Data terminal ready (DTR)
5	—	Signal ground (SG)
6	Input	Data set ready (DSR)

The instrument is equipped with 50-character buffer, if the buffer is full, the "data terminal ready (DTR)" is set to false. If the DTR is false, the data transmission must be stopped before the number of characters for the data reaches ten.

When the characters in the input buffer have been processed, the number of characters in the buffer decreases and the DTR is set to true.

"Transmission data (TxD)" checks the state of the "data set ready (DSR)" in the instrument, and if the DSR is set to false, suspends the output. When the DSR is set to true, the "Transmission data (TxD)" restarts the data transmission.

**CAUTION**

The instrument cannot perform flow control using the X parameters (XON/XOFF). Care should be taken when the instrument is connected to instruments with the X parameters.



### 7.3.3 Setting RS-232

The setting conditions and the factory settings of the RS-232 are as follows:

Initial states of measurement condition are as follows:

Item	Initialize setting	Master reset	Power on
Status byte	0	○	○
Inable all status	255	○	○
String delimiter	, (comma)	○	○

(1) Press the I/F to select the SCI.

(2) Setting the output data ON/OFF header and talk only mode ON/OFF

① Enter the option setting mode.

Each time the AUTO is pressed, the selectable point flashes in the following order:



- Output data header

Display	Description
H	: Indicates header ON.
-	: Indicates header OFF.

- Talk only (Used for automatically sending the measurement values to the printer or terminals.)

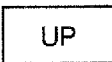
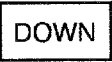
Display	Description
0	: Indicates talk only ON.
-	: Indicates talk only OFF.

② Flash the point to be selected and use the UP and DOWN to change the setting.

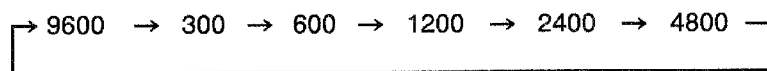


(3) Setting the baud rate

Enter the baud rate setting mode.

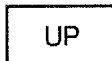
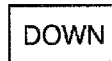
Use the  and  to change the baud rate setting.

The baud rate options are changed in the following order:

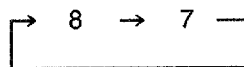


(4) Setting the data length

Enter the data length setting mode.

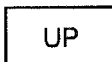
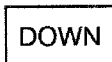
Use the  and  to change the data length setting.

The data length options are changed in the following order:

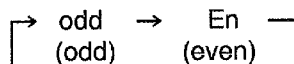


(5) Setting parity

Enter the parity setting mode.

Use the  and  to change the parity setting.

Only when the data length setting is 7 bit, the parity options are changed in the following order:

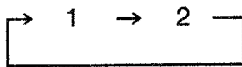


(6) Setting the stop bits

Enter the stop bits setting mode.

Use the  and  to change the stop bits setting.

Only when the data length setting is 8 bit, the stop bit options are changed in the following order:

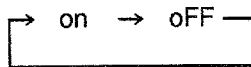


(7) Setting the echo

Enter the echo setting mode.

Use the  and  to change the echo setting.

The echo options are changed in the following order:



### 7.3.4 Output Data Format

The types of the output data transmitted through RS-232 are classified into:

- Echo
- Prompt
- Measurement data
- Inquiry result (for inquiry command)
- Recall data (when the IC memory card is used)

The contents and format of each data type are as follows:

#### (1) Echo output

The echo is output only when the RS-232 setting sets the echo output to ON. Basically, the received data are transmitted without any change, but <^C> (CONTROL C), <LF> is not transmitted as the echo output.

(<LF> + (PROMPT) + (DELIMITER))

Note: The delimiter is set to <CR> + <LF> and cannot be changed.

#### (2) Prompt

The result of a command received through the RS-232 is output while being displayed by the prompts. <LF> is output first, followed by the prompt delimiter.

There are the following three kinds of prompt:

Prompt	Contents
= >	The command is normally received/analyzed and processed.
? >	An abnormality is detected when a command is received, analyzed, or executed. (Err 10).
@ >	An abnormality is detected when accessing the IC memory card. (Err 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, or 39)

For the meanings of the error messages, see "Table 10-1 Error Messages".

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(3) Output of the measurement data (for only mode)

In the only mode, the measurement data can be output only when the RS-232 is available for transmission after the measurement and the transmission buffer has become empty.

The delimiter is output for each measurement value.

The data output format of the measurement values and the calculation data is as follows:

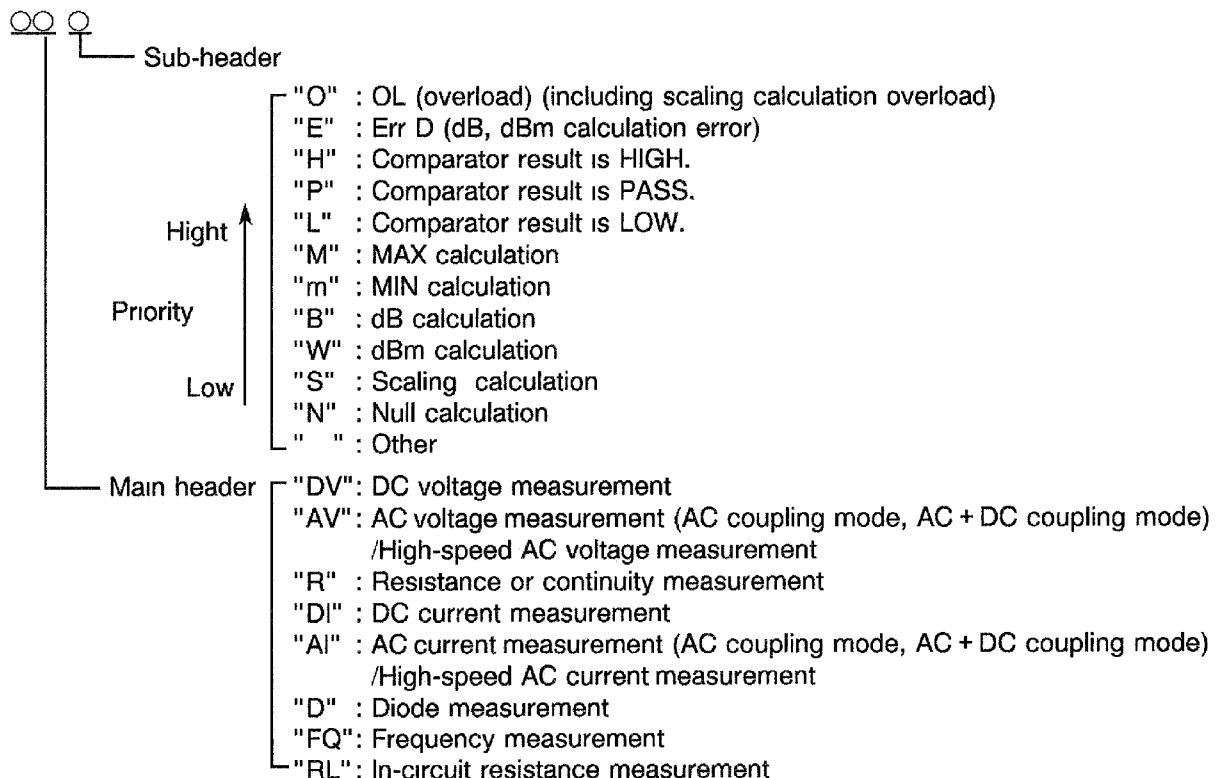
<u>000</u>	<u>±0000000</u>	<u>E±0</u>	<u>CR LF</u>
H	D	E	L

H : Header (ASCII code consisting of three characters)  
D : Mantissa (polarity + decimal + number with four to five digits)  
E : Exponent (E + polarity + number with one digit)  
L : Delimiter (used for end indication of one data)

1. Header

When the header is set to ON, an ASCII code consisting of three characters is output as follows:

When the header is set to OFF, the code is omitted.



## 2. Mantissa and Exponent

The mantissa part of the measurement value varies in accordance with the settings of the sample rate and the number of displayed digits.

The decimal position moves according to the display of the instrument.

The exponent part is displayed in accordance with the selection of the measurement functions and measurement ranges and its displayed value corresponds to the setting of the subunit (m, K, M, G etc.).

## 3. Delimiter

The delimiter consists of two bytes data: CR(13<sub>(10)</sub>) and (LF(10<sub>(10)</sub>)).

### (4) Inquiry result output by inquiry command

The result of the inquiry by the inquiry command is output in the order: <LF>, inquiry result, delimiter, and prompt.

If there are multiple results of inquiry, as in the case of the test results, each result will be separated by the string delimiter, and the last result is followed by the delimiter.

(<LF> + (Inquiry result) + (String delimiter)  
(Inquiry result) + (String delimiter)  
.  
(Inquiry result) + (Delimiter)

The string delimiter selected by SL command (see "7.6.5 Remote Commands") will be output.

(5) Recalling the measurement data file of the IC memory card

When recalling the IC memory card, a prompt is output when the recall inquiry is set after the command has been analyzed. If the recall is made correctly the recall result will be output. (For recall of the measurement data file only)

If the recall fails, a prompt indicating that the operation on the IC memory card has failed (@>) will be output.

The following are the output data when the recall of the measurement data has been correctly:

- Recall of the setting information for measuring the measurement data file  
To generate the recall of the setting information used for measurement, each of items is separated by a string delimiter, and the last item is followed by the delimiter.

(<LF>) + (Prompt) + (Delimiter)  
(Model name, version) + (String delimiter)  
⋮  
(Measurement data, the number of samples) + (Delimiter)

- Recall of the measurement data for the measurement data file  
To generate the recall of the measurement data, each measurement data is separated by a string delimiters, and the last data is followed by the delimiter.

(<LF>) + (Prompt) + (Delimiter)  
(Recalled measurement data) + (String delimiter)  
⋮  
(Recalled measurement data) + (Delimiter)

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### 7.3.5 Sample Programs I

This section introduces sample programs that run on NEC's PC9801.  
Before starting the program, set the baud rate, parity, stop-bit, and other parameters.

Example 1: After setting the instrument to the TALK ONLY mode, perform DC voltage measurement in the 20 V range.

Read the measurement data from R6441 and display them on the CRT.

	Program		Description
100	'	100	Open the RS-232 line 1 file.
110	OPEN "COM1:" AS #1	110	
120	'	120	
130	PRINT #1, "Z,F1,R5,PR2"	130	Set parameters for R6441.
140	INPUT #1, MEAS\$		Z : Initialize
150	PRINT MEAS\$		F1 : DC voltage measurement
160	GOTO 140		R5 : 20 V range
170	CLOSE #1		PR2: Sampling rate set to MID
180	END	140	Read out measurement data from R6441.
		150	Display measurement data on CRT.
		160	Branch to line 140.
		170	Close the file.
		180	Program end.



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Example 2: Set the resistance measurement and check the end of the measurement by reading the status byte, then obtain the measurement data.

Perform the measurement after setting the echo off on the panel.

Program	Description
100 '	100
110 OPEN "COM1:" AS #1	110 Open the RS-232 line 1 file.
120 '	120
130 PRINT #1,"F3,PR3"	130 Set parameters for R6441. F3 : Resistance measurement PR3: Sampling rate set to SLOW
140 PRINT #1,PROMPT1\$	140 Read the prompt from R6441.
150 PRINT #1,"SB?"	150 Set parameters for R6441. SB?: Introduce the status byte.
160 PRINT #1,SB\$	160 Read the status byte from R6441, and convert it for character-string type "SB".
170 INPUT #1,PROMPT2\$	170 Read the prompt from R6441.
180 SB=VAL(RIGHT\$(SB\$,3))	180 Convert the status byte from the character-string type to the numeric type and substitutes it for the variable "SB".
190 IF SB=65 THEN GOSUB *ENTER	190 If the status indicate the end of measurement, branch to the *ENTER.
200 GOTO 150	200 Branch to line 150.
210 CLOSE #1	210 Close the file.
220 END	220 Program end.
230 '	230
240 '	240
250 *ENTER	250 Label : ENTER
260 PRINT #1,"MD?"	260 Set parameters for R6441. MD? : Introduce the measurement data.
270 INPUT #1,MEAS\$	270 Read out measurement data from R6441.
280 PRINT MEAS\$	280 Display measurement data on CRT.
290 INPUT#1, PROMPT3\$	290 Read the prompt from R6441.
300 RETURN	300 Subroutine end.

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Example 3: Read out the data file which has been stored in the IC memory card in advance and display the setting information on the CRT at the storing time and measurement data. (This example requires the R13222 memory card interface unit and the IC memory card.)

Perform the measurement after setting the echo off on the panel.

Program	Description
100 '	100 '
110 OPEN "COM1:" AS #1	110 Open the RS-232 line 1 file.
120 '	120
130 DIM DVM1\$(21)	130 *1: Define the character type array variable "DVM1".
140 PRINT #1,"SL2"	140 Set the string delimiter of R6441 to "CR + LF".
150 INPUT #1,PROMPT1\$	150 Read the prompt from R6441.
160 PRINT #1,"RCL:D001:C"	160 Request R6441 to read out the setting information of the file "D001" in the IC memory card.
170 INPUT #1,PROMPT2\$	170 Read the prompt from R6441.
180 FOR I=1 TO 100 :NEXT I	180 *2: Waiting time
190 FOR I=1 TO 21	190 Repetition of 21 times
200 INPUT #1,DVM1\$(I)	200 Read out one line of the setting information from R6441.
210 PRINT I,DVM\$(I)	210 Display the read setting information on the CRT.
220 NEXT I	220
230 '	230
240 D\$=MID\$(DVM1\$(21),10,14)	240 With the read setting information, take out the number of data in the file into the character-type array variable "D\$".
250 DCOUNT=VAL(D\$)	250 Convert the number of data from the character-type array to the numeric type and assign it for the variable "DCOUNT".
260 PRINT #1,"RCL:D001:D:1:"+D\$	260 Request R6441 to read out all the data in the file "D001" of the IC memory card, starting at the beginning in the file.
270 INPUT #1,PROMPT3\$	270 Read the prompt from R6441.
280 '	280
290 FOR I=1 TO 100 :NEXT	290 *2: Waiting time
300 FOR I=1 TO DCOUNT	300 Repetition of the number of data.
310 INPUT #1,B\$	310 Read out one data from R6441.
320 PRINT I,B\$	320 Display one data on the CRT.
330 NEXT I	330
340 '	340
350 CLOSE #1	350 Close the file.
360 END	360 Program end.

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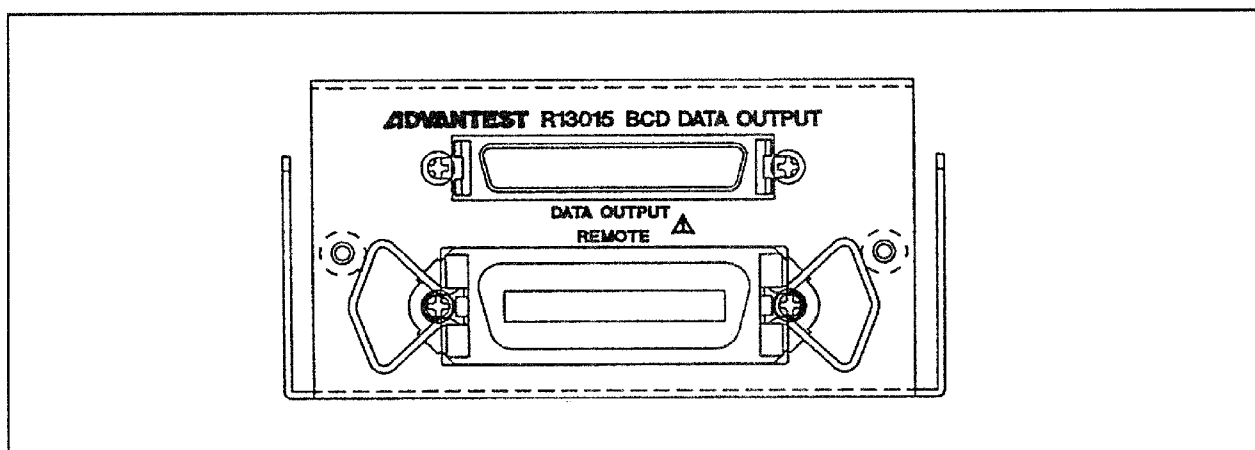
- \*1 : There are 21 line of setting information in the data file which has been stored in the IC memory card. A\$ is the character type array variable with which all the setting information is read out from the data file.
  
- \*2 : A waiting time of approx. 20 msec is required for analysis processing of the read out command.

## 7.4 BCD Data Output Unit R13015

### 7.4.1 Outline

With the BCD data output unit R13015 installed on the instrument, the measurement result will be converted into a BCD parallel code and can be output to external digital equipments such as a digital recorder. Also, it is equipped with a remote control which enables the external controller to control the setting of various measurement conditions and the start of the measurement.

Since the input/output signal system is electrically isolated from the measurement signal system of the instrument, measurement values cannot be affected by external equipments.



#### DATA OUTPUT connector

Used for data output. (Dai-ichi Electronics Industry Co. ; DHA-RA50)

#### REMOTE connector

Used for the remote control input. (Dai-ichi Electronics Industry Co. product 57-40240)

Use a Dai-ichi Electronics Industry Co. product 57-30240 for connector or an equivalent connector.

Use our product MO-09 or MO-28 for cables.

### 7.4.2 Specifications and Performances

Data output

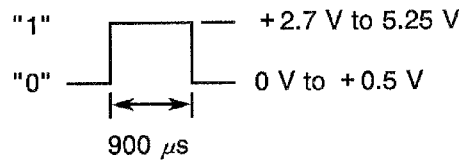
Output code : BCD (Binary Coded Decimal) code

Contents : Measurement data, decimal, polarity, and unit

Signal level : TTL level positive pulse

Print command signal (PRINT CMD)

: TTL level positive pulse

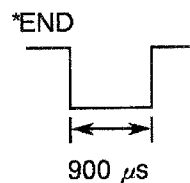


Control signals: Control using the 15 lines of \*STROBE, \*FCA, \*FCB, \*FCC, \*FCD, \*RCA, \*RCB, \*RCC, \*RCD, \*PRA, \*PRB, \*HOLD, \*NULL, \*COMP, and \*BUZ

TTL level negative pulse (\* indicates the negative pulse signals.)

(\* STROBE signal operates on the fall edge.)

\* END signal : TTL level negative pulse



External start signal:

EXT ST. A : TTL level positive pulse  
Operates on the rise edge.

\*EXT ST. B : TTL level negative pulse  
Operates on the fall edge.

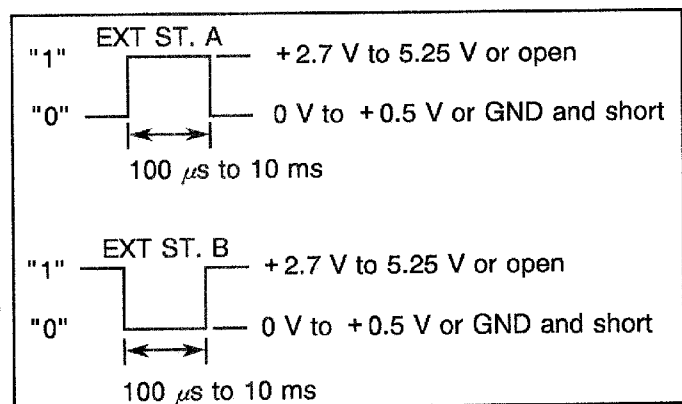


Figure 7-1 Figure Title

### 7.4.3 Output Data Codes

Table 7-1 BCD Data Output Codes

Output name	Output signal	Code				Output name	Output signal	Code			
		8	4	2	1			8	4	2	1
Data	0	0	0	0	0	Function	* (OVER)	0	0	0	0
	1	0	0	0	1		H (HIGH)	1	1	0	1
	2	0	0	1	0		L (LOW)	1	1	1	0
	3	0	0	1	1		(PASS)	0	1	1	0
	4	0	1	0	0		Space	0	1	1	0
	5	0	1	0	1	Unit	mV	0	0	0	0
	6	0	1	1	0		kHz	0	0	0	1
	7	0	1	1	1		V	0	0	1	0
	8	1	0	0	0		°C	0	0	1	1
	9	1	0	0	1		Ω	0	1	0	0
	-	1	0	1	0		kΩ	0	1	0	1
	+	1	0	1	1		MΩ	1	0	1	1
	Space	1	1	0	0		μA	1	0	0	0
	Decimal	10 <sup>0</sup>		0	0		0	mA	1	0	1
10 <sup>1</sup>			0	0	1		A (space)	1	1	1	1
10 <sup>2</sup>			0	1	0	Hz (space)	1	1	1	1	
10 <sup>3</sup>			0	1	1	%	0	1	1	0	
10 <sup>4</sup>			1	0	0						

- A space should be used for the polarity of the AC voltage (AC, AC + DC), AC current (AC, AC + DC), or resistance measurement.  
However, when the NULL calculation is executed, " + " or " - " is output.
- In the FAST (three digit) mode, a space is used as 10<sup>0</sup> digit.



### 7.4.4 Remote Control Setting Codes

Remote control codes are set on the fall edge of the STROBE signal.

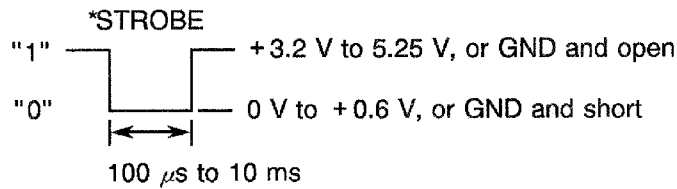


Table 7-3 Measurement Function Setting Codes

Measurement function	Setting code				R6441A	R6441B	R6441C
	*FCD	*FCC	*FCB	*FCA			
DC voltage measurement	0	0	0	1	○	○	○
AC voltage measurement	0	0	1	0	○	○	○
Resistance measurement	0	0	1	1	○	○	○
DC current measurement	0	1	0	1	○	○	○
AC current measurement	0	1	1	0	○	○	○
AC voltage measurement (AC + DC coupling mode)	1	0	0	0	—	○	—
AC current measurement (AC + DC coupling mode)	1	0	0	1	—	○	—
High-speed AC voltage measurement	1	1	0	0	○	—	—
High-speed AC current measurement	1	1	0	1	○	—	—
Diode measurement	1	0	1	1	○	○	○
Continuity measurement	0	1	1	1	○	○	○
In-circuit resistance measurement	0	1	0	0	○	○	○
Frequency measurement	1	1	1	0	—	○	—



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Table 7-4 Measurement Ranges Setting Codes

Measurement range						Setting code			
DC voltage	AC voltage (AC, AC + DC)	Resistance	DC current/ AC current	AC current	Frequency	*RCD	*RCC	*RCB	*RCA
AUTO	AUTO	AUTO	AUTO	(AUTO)	AUTO	0	0	0	0
-	-	-	(2000 nA)	-	-	0	0	0	1
20 mV	-	-	(20 $\mu$ A)	-	20 Hz	0	0	1	0
200 mV	200 mV	200 $\Omega$	(200 $\mu$ A)	(200 $\mu$ A)	200 Hz	0	0	1	1
2000 mV	2000 mV	2000 $\Omega$	(2000 $\mu$ A)	(2000 $\mu$ A)	2000 Hz	0	1	0	0
20 V	20 V	20 k $\Omega$	20 mA	(20 mV)	20 kHz	0	1	0	1
200 V	200 V	200 k $\Omega$	200 mA	200 mA	200 kHz	0	1	1	0
1000 V	700 V	2000 k $\Omega$	2000 mA	(2000 mA)	-	0	1	1	1
-	-	20 M $\Omega$	10 A (5 A)	10 A (5 A)	-	1	0	0	0
-	-	200 M $\Omega$	-	-	-	1	0	0	1

Note: If a code which is not permitted is used for the setting, it will be ignored.  
 Ranges on R6441 only are shown in parentheses.

Table 7-5 Other Setting Codes

Sampling mode	*PRA	FAST	*PRB:0 *PRA:1
	*PRB	MID	*PRB:1 *PRA:0
		SLOW	*PRB:1 *PRA:1
Hold	*HOLD	OFF	0
		ON	1
Null calculation	*NULL	OFF	0
		ON	1
Comparator calculation	*COMP	OFF	0
		ON	1
Buzzer	*BUZ	OFF	0
		ON	1

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**7.4 BCD Data Output Unit R13015**

Comparator output

According to the result of the comparator calculation, any of HI, PASS, or LO will be set to high level.

Output current (I out)  $\pm 35$  mA

Table 7-6 Pin Assignment of Remote Control Input Connector: 57-40240  
(Dai-ichi Electronics Co.)

Pin No.	Signal
1	GND
2	*EXT.ST.B
3	*FCA
4	*FCB
5	*FCC
6	*FCD
7	*RCA
8	*RCB
9	*RCC
10	*RCD
11	*STROBE
12	GND
13	GND
14	*PRA
15	*PRB
16	*HOLD
17	*NULL
18	*COMP
19	*BUZZER
20	HI
21	PASS
22	LO
23	*END
24	GND

### 7.4.5 Operation

(1) BCD selection

	Key operation	Display	Meaning
①	I/F	SCI on	Option setting mode
②	UP    DOWN	bcd off	Display for selecting BCD
③	ENTER	bcd on	Confirmation for the settings above setting
	ENTER	Measurement value	Setting end

Note: Use the I/F to suspend the setting.

(2) Connection with various units

- ① Check the input level of the unit to be connected.  
Figure 7-2 shows the output circuit of the BCD output unit.
  - Data, function, decimal, and print command signal
  - Unit output (40 to 43 pins)
  - HI level pins other than above
  
- ② Since the output data are output at the print command signal output timing, use the print command signal as the STROBE signal for transmitting data to the external instrument.

(3) Remote control

The five control lines \*RCA, \*RCB, \*RCC, \*RCD, and \*STROBE are used to control the measurement ranges on the REMOTE connector. The five signal lines operate using negative logic, so if the line is to be set to "1" (true), connect each pin of the signal lines to GND (pins 1 and 24).

If it is to be set to "0" (false), open each signal line.

For remote setting, set the codes of range to be set (four bits of \*RCA, \*RCB, \*RCC, and \*RCD) and set \*STROBE to "remote enable (0)".

The setting is made at the fall edge of the STROBE signal.

Figure 7-2 shows the input circuit for the \*RCA, \*RCB, \*RCC, \*RCD, and \*STROBE signals.

(4) External start

The sampling start can be controlled externally. There are two inputs for the external start signal: REMOTE connector (pin 2) and DATA OUTPUT (pin 48). There are connected to the OR circuit in the instrument.

A pulse of 100 ms to 10 ms is applied as the external start signal.

(5) Measurement timing

If the instrument is incorporated in the measurement system by mounting the BCD data output unit, set the system sequence in accordance with the timing chart in "12.1 Measurement operation".

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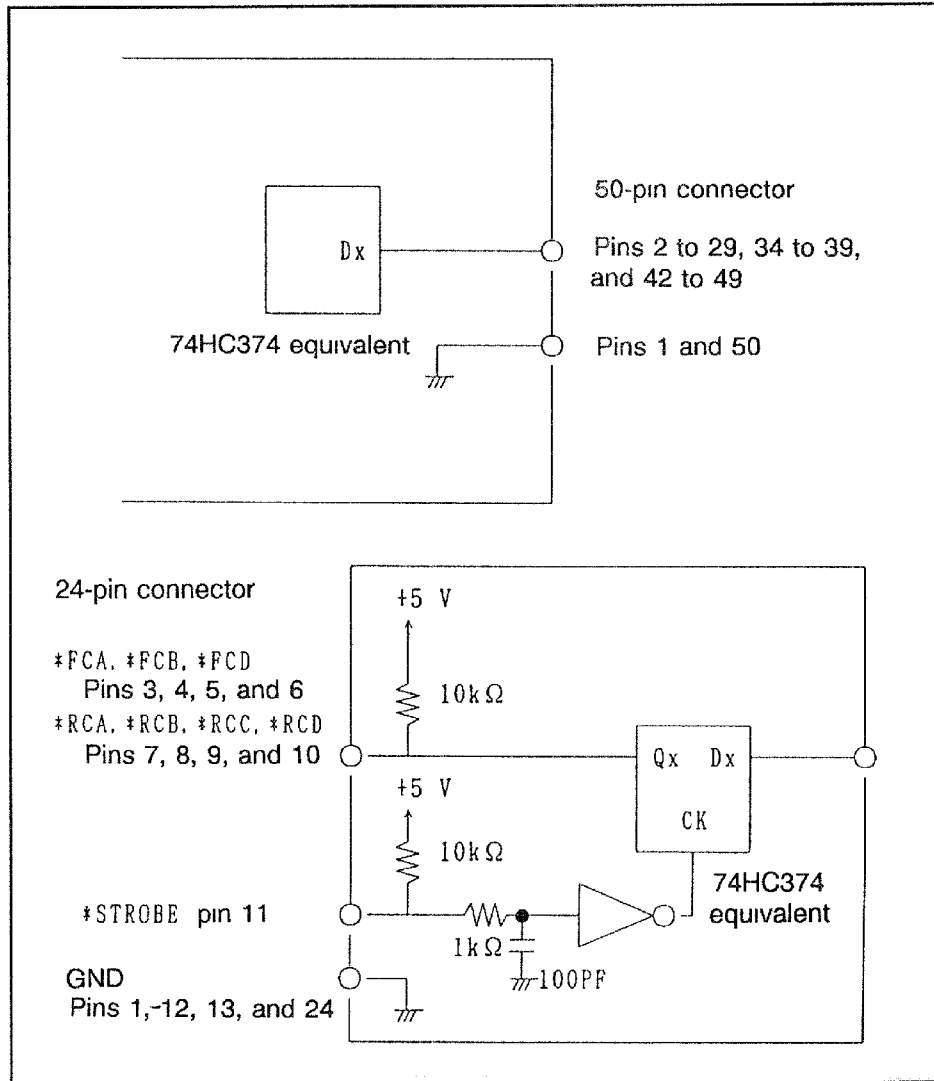


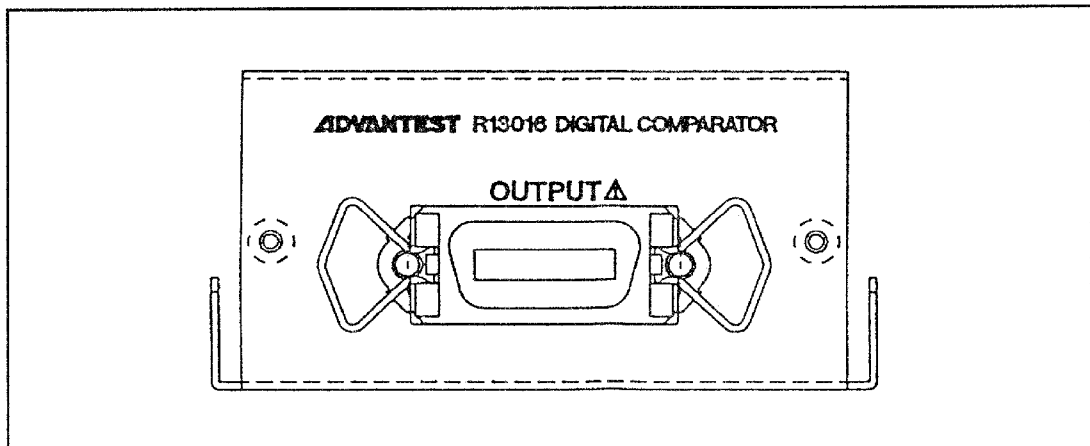
Figure 7-2 Input/Output Circuits of BCD Output Unit

## 7.5 Comparator Unit R13016

### 7.5.1 Outline

With the comparator unit R13016 installed in the instrument, the instrument can digitally compare the measurement value with the upper/lower limit values preset on the panel, classify the results into HI, PASS, and LO, and make buzzer sound according to the result. With a photo MOS relay contact and open collector output, the comparison result can be sent to an external equipment. Also, it is equipped with an external start function.

Since the photo MOS relay contact and open collector output are electrically isolated from the measurement signal system, the measurement values cannot be affected by external equipments.



Output connector

The comparison result is output by the photo MOS relay contact and open collector.  
The pin numbers and signal names of the connector are as follows:

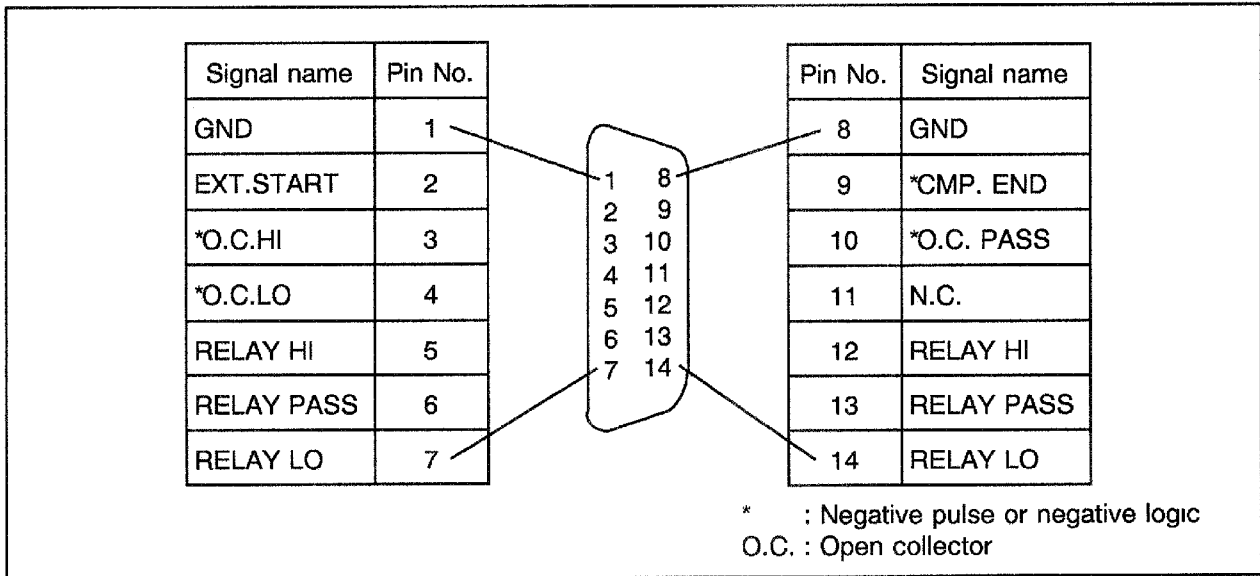


Figure 7-3 Pin Numbers and Signal Names of Comparator Unit

### 7.5.2 Specifications

Setting values of upper limit (HI LIMIT) and lower limit (LO LIMIT)

: Numeric value five digits + exponent (0.00000E-3 to ± 999999 + E6)

Comparison level : Two values of upper limit (HI LIMIT) and lower limit (LO LIMIT)

Judgment conditions : HigH ; Measurement data > HI LIMIT

PASS ; HI LIMIT > measurement data > LO LIMIT

LOw ; Measurement data < LO LIMIT

Level setting : Key entry on the panel

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**7.5 Comparator Unit R13016**

Photo MOS relay contact and transistor output (open collector):

ON ; Photo MOS relay contact make, transistor output ON  
 OFF ; Photo MOS relay contact break, transistor output OFF

Output Judgment	HI	PASS	LO
HI	ON	OFF	OFF
PASS	OFF	ON	OFF
LO	OFF	OFF	ON

Photo MOS relay contact capacity:

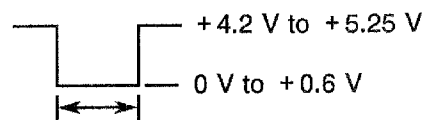
Contact allowable voltage: DC 50 V  
 Contact allowable current: DC 120 mA  
 Contact-to-logic earth withstand voltage: 150 Vpeak

Transistor output capacity:

Collector-to-emitter voltage: DC + 50 Vmax  
 Collector current: DC 300 mA

Compare end signal \*CMP. END:

TTL level negative pulse

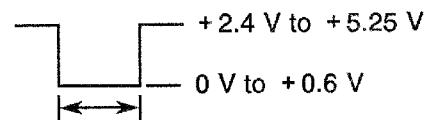


Approx. 900  $\mu$ s

Digital comparator

External start signal EXT. START:

TTL level negative pulse



100  $\mu$ s to 10 ms

Buzzer alarm : The buzzer sounds when the comparison result is HI, PASS, LO, and HI or LO.



Output connector : 57-40140 (Dai-ichi Electronics Industry Co.)  
The connection cable corresponding to the connector is ADVANTEST MO-29 (optional product).

### 7.5.3 Operation

- (1) After turning ON the power switch of the instrument, input the measurement signal.
- (2) Selecting the comparator

	Key operation	Display	Meaning
①	I/F	SCI on	Option setting mode
②	UP    DOWN	CP oFF	Display for selecting comparator
③	ENTER	CP on	Confirmation of setting end
④	ENTER	Measurement value	Setting end

- (3) Setting upper and lower limit values

Using the panel of the instrument, set the values in the same manner as for the setting of the instrument.

See subsection "5.3.6".

- (4) The measurement and comparison will be started. The comparison end signal (negative pulse) is output when the comparison result is determined.

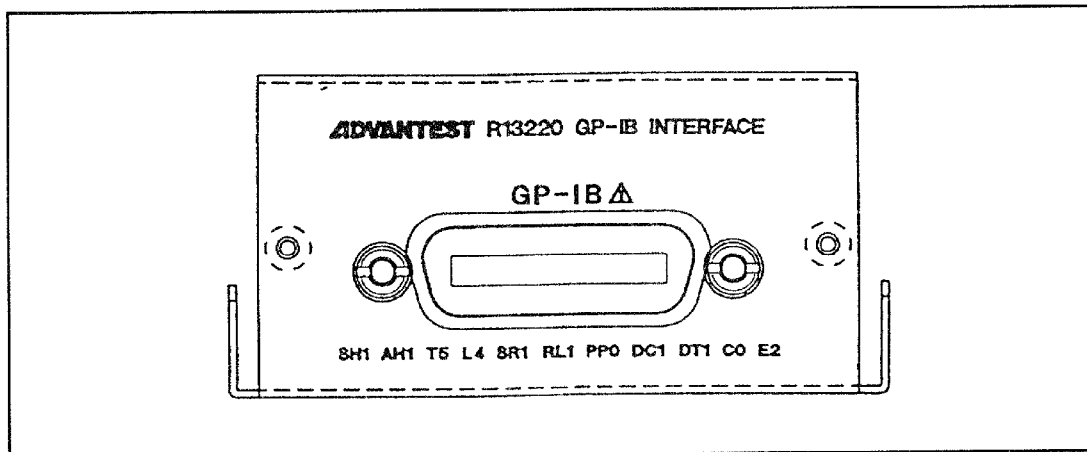
If the measurement value is displayed by "Err d" (dB operation error) during the comparator calculation, the comparison result will not be updated.

## 7.6 GPIB Interface Unit R13220

### 7.6.1 Outline

With the GPIB (General-Purpose Interface Bus) interface unit R13220 installed in the instrument, the instrument can easily configure the automatic measurement system because it allows the external equipment to control setting of various measurement functions for the instrument, the setting of measurement parameters, and the reading of the measurement data.

Since the GPIB signal from the instrument is electrically isolated from the measurement signal system, the measurement value cannot be affected by the external unit.



#### General specifications

- Electrical specification : Complies with the IEEE standard 488-1978 and IEC standard 652-1.
- Mechanical specification : IEEE standard 488-1978
- Codes used : ASCII codes
- Logic level : Logic 0 : "High" state, +2.4 V or more  
Logic 1 : "Low" state, +0.4 V or less
- Interface functions : See Table 7-7.

Table 7-7 GPIB Interface Functions

Code	Function
SH1	Source handshake function
AH1	Acceptor handshake function
T5	Basic talker function, talker cancel function by listener specification, talk-only mode function, and serial poll function
L4	Basic listener function, and listener cancel function by talker specification
SR1	Service request function
RL1	Remote/local switch function
PP0	Without parallel/poll function
DC1	Device clear function (SDC and DLC commands are available.)
DT1	Device trigger function (GET command is available.)
C0	Without controller function
E1	Open collector output

### 7.6.2 Connection with Configured Equipment

Since the GPIB system consists of multiple units, the following should be taken into account:

- (1) Before making a connection between the instrument and the controller and peripheral equipments, check the condition and operation of each equipment according to their instruction manual.
- (2) Keep the connection cables to the measurement instruments and the bus cables to the controller as short as possible. The cables should not exceed 20 m.  
The cables below are available as standard bus cables from ADVANTEST.

Table 7-8 Standard Bus Cables

Length	Name
0.5 m	408JE-1P5
1 m	408JE-101
2 m	408JE-102
4 m	408JE-104

- (3) Since the bus cable connectors are of the piggyback type and have both male and female adapters at each end, they can be stacked.  
If the bus cable is connected, do not stack more than two connectors. Also, be sure to secure the connector with the connector securing Phillips-head screws.
- (4) After checking the power supply conditions, grounding conditions, and, as required, setting conditions of each configured unit turn on the power of each unit.  
Be sure to turn on the power of all of the units connected to the bus to ensure operation of whole system cannot be assured.

### 7.6.3 GPIB Setting

The setting items of the GPIB and their factory settings are as follows:

Setting item	Factory setting
Header ON/OFF	ON
Addressable/talk-only	Addressable
Address	8

Initial states of measurement condition are as follows:

Item	Initialize setting	Master reset	at power on
Status byte	0	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Inable all status	255	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Block delimiter	CR/LF	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
String delimiter	, (comma)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

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(1) Setting example of GPIB

Use the panel keys on the instrument to select GPIB talk/listen address and header ON/OFF.

	Key operation	Display	Meaning
①	I/F	SCI on	Option setting mode
②	UP DOWN	GP oFF	Display for selecting GPIB
③	ENTER	HA 08	Display for previous setting
④	AUTO UP DOWN	HA 01	Display when the selection is header ON, addressable, GPIB address 1. See (2) Address and header setting
⑤	ENTER	GP on	Confirmation of setting end
⑥	ENTER	Measurement value	Setting end

Note: Press the I/F to suspend the setting.

(2) Address setting and ON/OFF setting of output data header

- ① Enter the option setting mode.

Each time the  is pressed, the selectable point flashes in the following order:

- Output data header

Display	Description
H	Indicates header ON.
-	Indicates header OFF.

- Addressable/Talk only

Display	Description
A	Indicates addressable mode.
-	Indicates talk only mode.

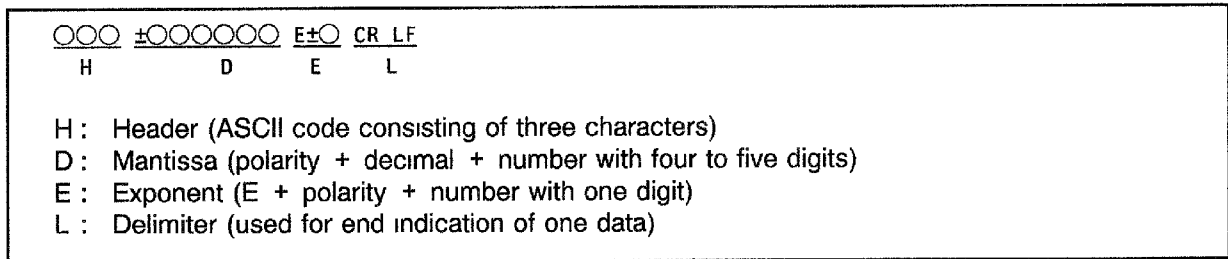
- GPIB address

Display	0 to 30 (There are 31 kinds in total.)
---------	--

- ② Flash the point to be selected and use the  and  to change the setting.

### 7.6.4 Output Data Format

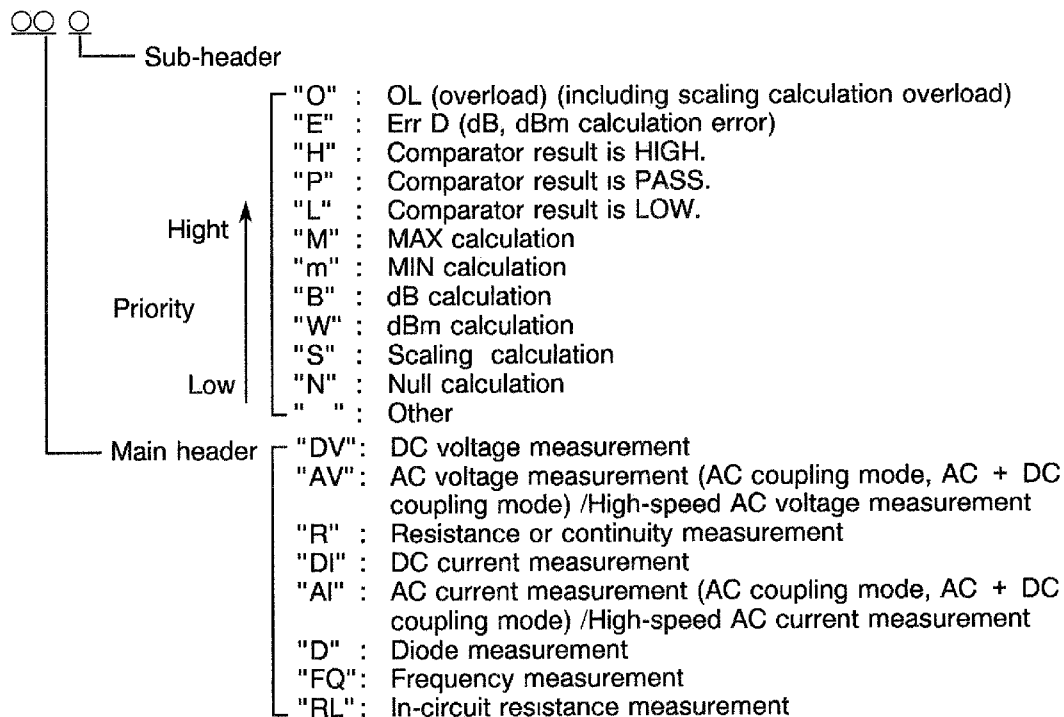
The output data format of the measurement values and calculation data is:



#### (1) Header

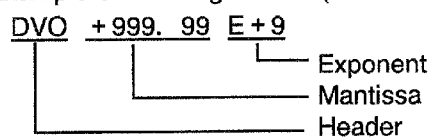
When the header is set to ON, an ASCII code consisting of three characters is output as follows:

When the header is set to OFF, the code is omitted.



\* : For OL (overdata), the data are output as follows:

Example of 41/2-digit mode (when in DC voltage measurement, 200 mA range)



(2) Mantissa and exponent

The mantissa part of the measurement value varies in accordance with the settings of the sample rate and the number of displayed digits.

The decimal position moves according to the display of the instrument.

The exponent part is displayed in accordance with the selection of the measurement functions and measurement ranges, and its displayed value corresponds to the setting of the subunit (m, K, M, G etc.).

(3) Delimiter

The delimiter can be selected using remote command from among the three types shown in Table 7-9:

Table 7-9 Delimiter

Delimiter	Settings	Remote command	Initial value
CR LF (EOI)	Sends two-byte data of CR ( $13_{(10)}$ ) and LF ( $10_{(10)}$ ). When LF is sent, the single-line signal EOI is also sent.	DL0	○
LF	Sends the one-byte data of LF ( $10_{(10)}$ ).	DL1	
Last byte (EOI)	The single-line signal EOI is sent together with the Last byte.	DL2	



### 7.6.5 Remote Commands

With the controller, the instrument can externally set the selection of the measurement and calculation functions. The following are the remote commands:

Command type	Description or caution	Refer to:
Function setting	Measurement function	Table 7-10
Range setting	Measurable range for each function	Table 7-11
Other functions setting	Setting remote command for other than function/range	Table 7-12
Inquiry command	Reads out the current settings.	Table 7-13
Self-test command	Self-test command for various checks	Table 7-14

Table 7-10 Command Codes of Selecting Measurement Functions

Code	Function	Initial value	Model to be used		
			R6441A	R6441B	R6441C
F1	DC voltage measurement	○	○	○	○
F2	AC voltage measurement		○	○	○
F3	Resistance measurement		○	○	○
F5	DC current measurement		○	○	○
F6	AC current measurement		○	○	○
F7	AC voltage measurement (AC + DC coupling mode)		—	○	—
F8	AC current measurement (AC + DC coupling mode)		—	○	—
F13	Diode measurement		○	○	○
F14	High-speed AC voltage measurement		○	—	—
F20	In-circuit resistance measurement		○	○	○
F22	Continuity measurement		○	○	○
F34	High-speed AC current measurement		○	—	—
F50	Frequency measurement		—	○	—

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Table 7-11 Selecting Ranges Command Codes

Code	DC voltage measurement	AC voltage measurement	Resistance measurement	DC current measurement	AC current measurement (AC + DC coupling mode)	Frequency measurement
R0	AUTO	AUTO	AUTO	AUTO	(AUTO)	AUTO
R1	—	—	—	(2000 nA)	—	—
R2	20 mA	—	—	(20 $\mu$ A)	—	20 Hz
R3	200 mV	200 mV	200 $\Omega$	(200 $\mu$ A)	(200 $\mu$ A)	200 Hz
R4	2000 mV	2000 mV	2000 $\Omega$	(2000 $\mu$ A)	(2000 $\mu$ A)	2000 Hz
R5	20 V	20 V	20 k $\Omega$	20 mA	(20 mA)	20 kHz
R6	200 V	200 V	200 k $\Omega$	200 mA	200 mA	200 kHz
R7	1000 V	700 V	2000 k $\Omega$	2000 mA	(2000 mA)	—
R8	—	—	20 M $\Omega$	10 A (5 A)	10 A (5 A)	—
R9	—	—	200 M $\Omega$	—	—	—

Note: "—" indicates undefined ranges.  
 If undefined functions or ranges are used, a SYNTAX error will occur.  
 Also, if a range is set to fixed-range functions, the SYNTAX error will occur.

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Table 7-12 Selecting Functions Command Codes

Function	Command	Contents
Sample mode specification	M0	Free-run
	M1	Hold
Trigger command	E	Measurement start command (Has the function equivalent to the <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">TRIG</span> .) Has the function equivalent to "GET" command.
Sample rate specification	PR1	FAST
	PR2	MID
	PR3	SLOW
Number of displayed digits specification	RE3	3 1/2 digit display
	RE4	4 1/2 digit display
NULL calculation mode specification	NL0	NULL calculation off
	NL1	NULL calculation on
Smoothing calculation mode specification	SM0	Smoothing calculation off
	SM1	Smoothing calculation on
dB calculation mode specification	DB0	dB calculation off
	DB1	dB calculation on
	DB2	dBm calculation on
Scaling calculation mode specification	SC0	Scaling calculation off
	SC1	Scaling calculation on
MAX/MIN calculation mode specification	MN0	MAX/MIN calculation off
	MN1	MAX calculation on
	MN2	MIN calculation on
Comparater calculation mode specification	CO0	Comparater calculation off
	CO1	Comparater calculation on
Setting of measurement value to constant D	KDM	Sets the measurement value to the constant D for dB/dBm calculation .
Setting of measurement value to constant A	KAM	Sets the measurement value to the scaling constant A.
Setting of measurement value to constant B	KBM	Sets the measurement value to the scaling constant B.
Setting of measurement value to constant C	KCM	Sets the measurement value to the scaling constant C.
Setting of measurement value to constant HI	HIM	Sets the measurement value to the comparater constant HI.
Setting of measurement value to constant LO	LOM	Sets the measurement value to the comparater constant LO.

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(cont'd)

Function	Command and parameter
Setting NULL value	$\text{KNL} \pm \text{○○○○○○} \text{E} \pm \text{○}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— One-digit number 0 to 6*</li> <li>— Omissible</li> <li>— All exponent is omissible.</li> <li>— One-digit to five-digit number + decimal (0. to 99999.)</li> <li>— Omissible</li> </ul>
Setting number of times for smoothing	$\text{TI} \text{○○○}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— 2 to 100 times (initial value: 10 times)</li> </ul>
Setting dB/dBm calculation constant	$\text{KD} \pm \text{○○○○○○} \text{E} \pm \text{○}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— One-digit number 0 to 6*</li> <li>— Omissible</li> <li>— All exponent is omissible.</li> <li>— One-digit to five-digit number + decimal (0. to 99999.)</li> <li>— Omissible</li> </ul>
Setting scaling calculation constant A	$\text{KA} \pm \text{○○○○○○} \text{E} \pm \text{○}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— One-digit number 0 to 6*</li> <li>— Omissible</li> <li>— All exponent is omissible.</li> <li>— One-digit to five-digit number + decimal (0. to 99999.)</li> <li>— Omissible</li> </ul>
Setting scaling calculation constant B	$\text{KB} \pm \text{○○○○○○} \text{E} \pm \text{○}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— One-digit number 0 to 6*</li> <li>— Omissible</li> <li>— All exponent is omissible.</li> <li>— One-digit to five-digit number + decimal (0. to 99999.)</li> <li>— Omissible</li> </ul>

\* : Up to E-9 for R6441C.

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(cont'd)


Functions	Commands and parameters
Setting scaling calculation constant C	$KC \pm \text{ } \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc E \pm \bigcirc$ <p>One-digit number 0 to 6* Omissible All exponent is omissible. One-digit to five-digit number + decimal (0. to 99999.) Omissible</p>
Setting comparater calculation constant HI	$HI \pm \text{ } \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc E \pm \bigcirc$ <p>One-digit number 0 to 6* Omissible All exponent is omissible. One-digit to five-digit number + decimal (0. to 99999.) Omissible</p>
Setting comparater calculation constant LO	$LO \pm \text{ } \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc E \pm \bigcirc$ <p>One-digit number 0 to 6* Omissible All exponent is omissible. One-digit to five-digit number + decimal (0. to 99999.) Omissible</p>
Entering calibration value	$PC \pm \text{ } \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ <p>One-digit to five-digit number without decimal (0 to 99999) Omissible</p> <p>Note: Be sure to enter data with 4 1/2 digit</p>

\* : Up to E-9 for R6441C.

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(cont'd)

Function	Command	Parameter
CAL mode specification	CAL0 CAL1	Canceling CAL mode Setting CAL mode
Buzzer mode specification	BZ0 BZ1 BZ2 BZ3 BZ4	off on (Comparater calculation result is HI/LO.) on (Comparater calculation result is PASS.) on (Comparater calculation result is HI.) on (Comparater calculation result is LO.)
Range Fix (AUTO to MANUAL)	RX	Switches auto range to manual range.
Display deletion mode specification	DS0 DS1	Display off (Measurement data is not displayed.) Display on (Measurement data is displayed.) Note: Pressing LOCAL key on the panel will turn on display.
Device clear	C	Same processing as in powering on. Equivalent to "DCL" or "SDC" command. Note: Do not transmit commands continuously after the C command.
Master reset	Z	Initializes various internal parameters. Equivalent to the initialization from the panel. Including the processing of remote command "C".
Setting status mask	MS0000   0 to 255	Masks the specified bytes of the status bytes.  But bit 6 (RQS) cannot be masked.
Header mode specification	H0 H1	Does not add header to output data. Adds header to output data.
Block delimiter mode specification (GPIB only)	DL0 DL1 DL2	Sets block delimiter to "CR/LF" and "EOI". Sets block delimiter to "LF". Sets block delimiter to "EOI".
String delimiter specification	SL0 SL1 SL2	Specifies string delimiter to ",". Specifies string delimiter to "space". Specifies string delimiter to "CR/LF".
SRQ mode specification (GPIB only)	S0 S1	Enables "SRQ" mode. Disables "SRQ" mode.
Status clear	CS	Clears status bytes to 0.

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(cont'd)

Function	Command	Parameter
Store to memory card	ST	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Storing setting ST: File name                   _____ Cnnn (0 to 999)</li> <li>● Storing the data ST: File name : Number of of data                                   _____ 1 to 9999   (1000 for omission)   _____ Dnnn (0 to 999)</li> <li>● File close when storing data ST: END</li> </ul>
Recall from memory card	RCL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Recalling setting RCL: File name                   _____ Cnnn (0 to 999)</li> <li>● Recalling data RCL: File name : Type                                   _____ D (all data)   C(setting   information)   _____ Dnnn (0 to 999)</li> <li>RCL: File name : D : Start : Number of data       Number of data (1   to 999)       Start number (1 to   9999)</li> </ul>
Initialize memory card	MCINIT	Initializes IC memory card.

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The inquiry command returns the current setting conditions.

Table 7-13 Inquiry Commands

Inquiries	Command	Parameter
Reading out battery condition	BATT?	"EMPTY" at LOW BATTERY "CHARGED" not at LOW BATTERY
Reading out model information	IND?	ADVANTEST CORP., R6441○, REV. X△△. △△. △△. △△, SER. □□□□□□□□ ○: Model name △: Revision □: Serial number
Output request of measurement data (RS-232 only)	MD?	Measurement value is output. Note: Set the only-mode for continuous output.
Output request of status bytes (RS-232 only)	SB?	Refer to "Service request of GPIB interface unit" section.



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Table 7-14 Commands for Self Test

Test Item	Result display	Contents
TST1 (RAM R/W check)	TST01:PASS TST01:FAILdddd	Normal Abnormal (dddd is abnormality detection address.)
TST2 (main-to-panel communication check)	TST02:PASS TST02:FAIL01 TST02:FAIL02	Normal Abnormal ("Panel self-test end" is not received.) Abnormal (communication check abnormal)
TST3 (CAL data check)	TST03:PASS TST03:CHANGE01 TST03:CHANGE02  TST03:FAIL01 TST03:FAIL02  TST03:FAIL03	Normal SRAM CAL data abnormal (normal after repairing) EEPROM CAL data abnormal (normal after repairing)  SRAM CAL data abnormal (repair is impossible.) EEPROM CAL data sum check abnormal (repair is impossible.)  EEPROM CAL data comparison check abnormal (repair is impossible.)
TST4 (parameter check)	TST04:PASS TST04:CHANGE TST04:FAIL	Normal Abnormal (normal after repairing) Abnormal
TST5 (main-to-AD communication check)	TST05:PASS TST05:FAIL	Normal Abnormal
TST6 (panel display)		
TST7 (panel key)	TST07:dd	Stores the key which has been pressed. (dd is key code.)
TST8 (panel buzzer)		
TST9 (A/D VER., ID detection)	TST09:vv:id TST09:FAIL	vv: A/D VER, id: analog ID Abnormal
TST?	If multiple tests has been executed, output the results with being separated by commas.	Inquires test result above. (only for the result which has been executed)

### 7.6.6 Notes on Command Setting

(1) Notes on parameter setting

- Spaces are ignored.
- Lower-case alphabets are converted to upper-cases in processing.
- If undefined codes are received, a SYNTAX error is generated without changing settings.

(2) Up to 40 characters are used for each line.

(3) The following commands should be sent at least 3 msec before the talker is specified.

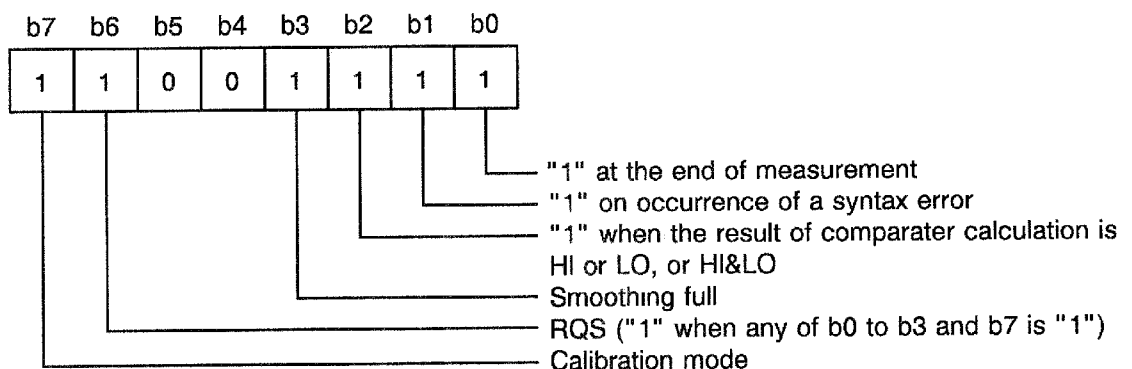
RCL : Recall command from IC memory card  
BATT? : Read command for battery condition  
IDN? : Read command for model information  
TST? : Read command for self-test result

### 7.6.7 Service Request (SRQ)

When the instrument is set in the S0 mode, the instrument transmits a service request (SRQ) to the controller at the end of a measurement operation or on receiving an undefined code. Upon receiving the service request, the controller transmits the status bytes by executing the serial polling. When set in the S1 mode, the instrument does not transmit service requests, but the controller transmits the status bytes.

Since the instrument operates as shown in section "7.6.8" when the measurement is terminated or when the service request is transmitted by the SYNTAX error (in S0 mode), care should be taken for programming.

Status bytes



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Clear timing

The service requests are all cleared when power is turned on, "SDL" or "DLC" is received, or "C", "Z", or "CS" command is received.

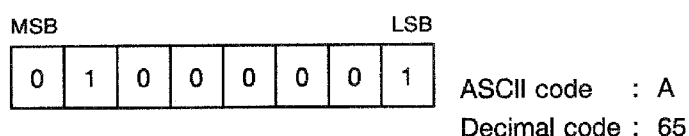
There are clear timings other than above, as follows:

Bits	Clear timing
b0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● When the measurement data output to GPIB is complete.</li><li>● When the measurement function is changed.</li><li>● When the measurement range is changed.</li><li>● When the sample rate is changed.</li><li>● When the trigger command or trigger is received.</li></ul>
b1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● When the remote command is received (next "BI").</li></ul>
b2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● When the comparater calculation is set to OFF.</li><li>● When the serial polling is executed.</li></ul>
b3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● When the smoothing calculation is set to OFF.</li><li>● When the serial polling is executed.</li><li>● When the measurement function is changed.</li><li>● When the measurement range is changed.</li><li>● When the sample rate is changed.</li><li>● When the number of times for smoothing operation is changed.</li></ul>
b5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Always 0</li></ul>
b6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● When all the bits 0 to 4 and 7 are 0.</li></ul>
b7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● When the calibration mode is canceled.</li></ul>

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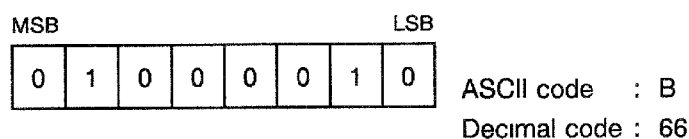
(1) Service request at the end of measurement

The instrument transmits a service request when it is not designated as a talker at the end of a measurement operation. It responds to the controller's serial polling, but its status byte is not cleared until it is designated as a talker to transmit measurement data.

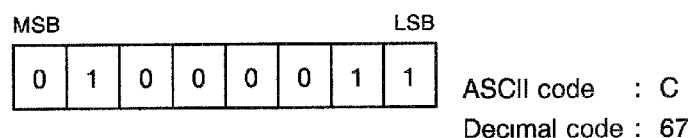


(2) Service request on occurrence of a syntax error

When the instrument receives an undefined program code status byte during remote programming, it transmits a service request. The status byte is not cleared, because of its remote setting, until the instrument is designated as a listener.

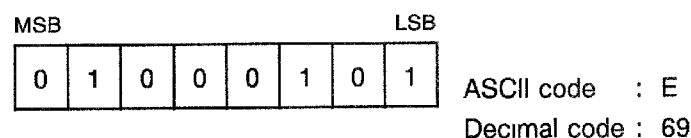


If a measurement end and a syntax error occur concurrently, the corresponding two bits of the status byte are set at the same time (ASCII code: C, decimal code: 67).



(3) Service request by the result of comparator

The instrument transmits a service request when the result of comparison is HI or LO.



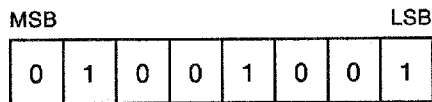
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(4) Service request by smoothing full

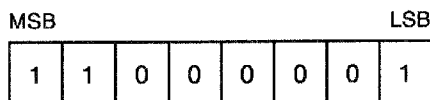
The instrument transmits a service request when the smoothing is executed and the number of times for the execution reaches the specified number.



ASCII code : I  
Decimal code : 73

(5) Service request by calibration mode

The instrument transmits a service request when the calibration mode is set.



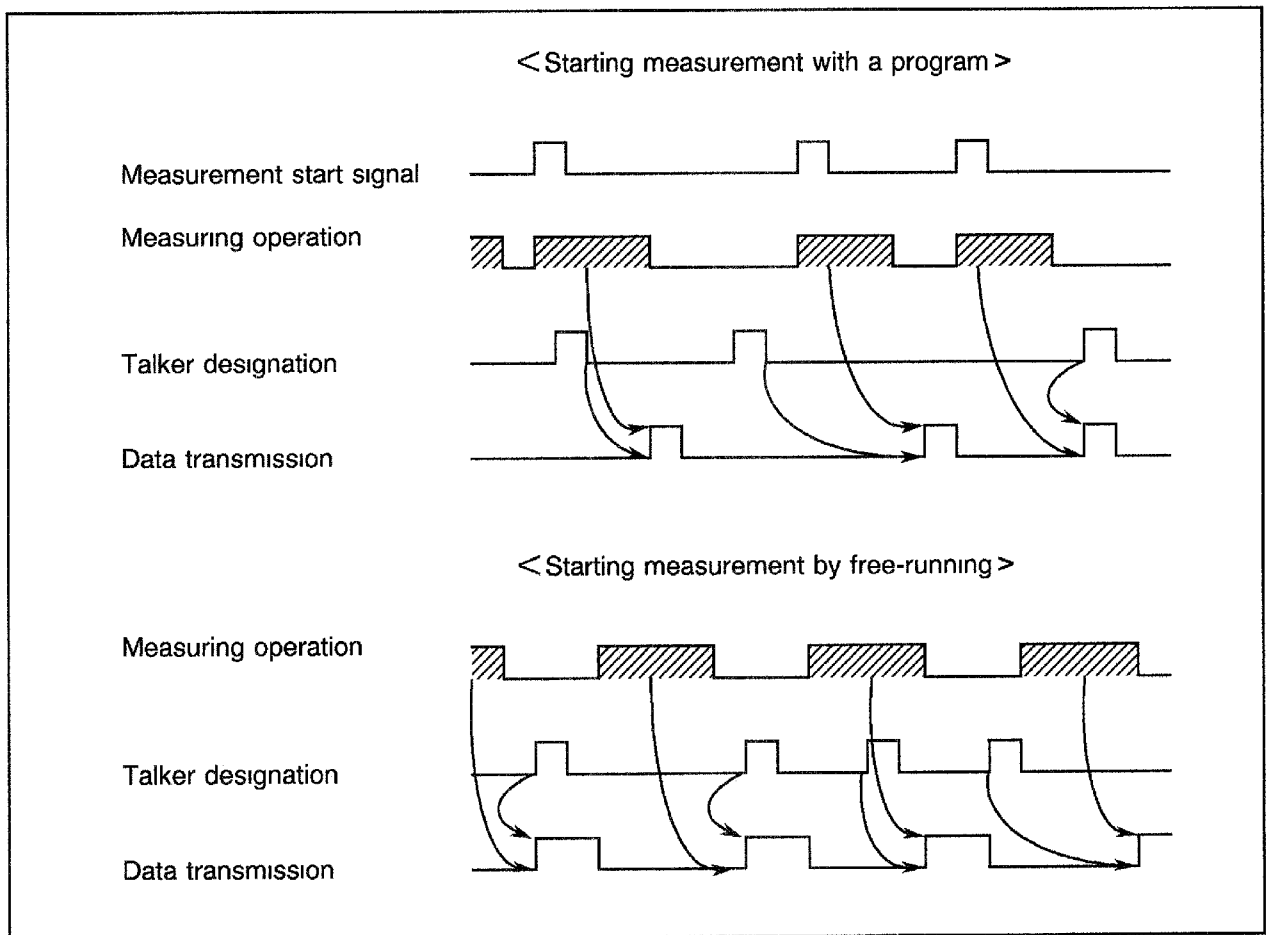
Decimal code : 193

### 7.6.8 Operating Notes

(1) Operation at the service request

Since the instrument operates as shown in Figure 7-4 when the measurement is ended or when the service request is transmitted by the SYNTAX error (in S0 mode), care should be taken during programming.

(2) Differences in transmitted data dependent on the timing of talker designation



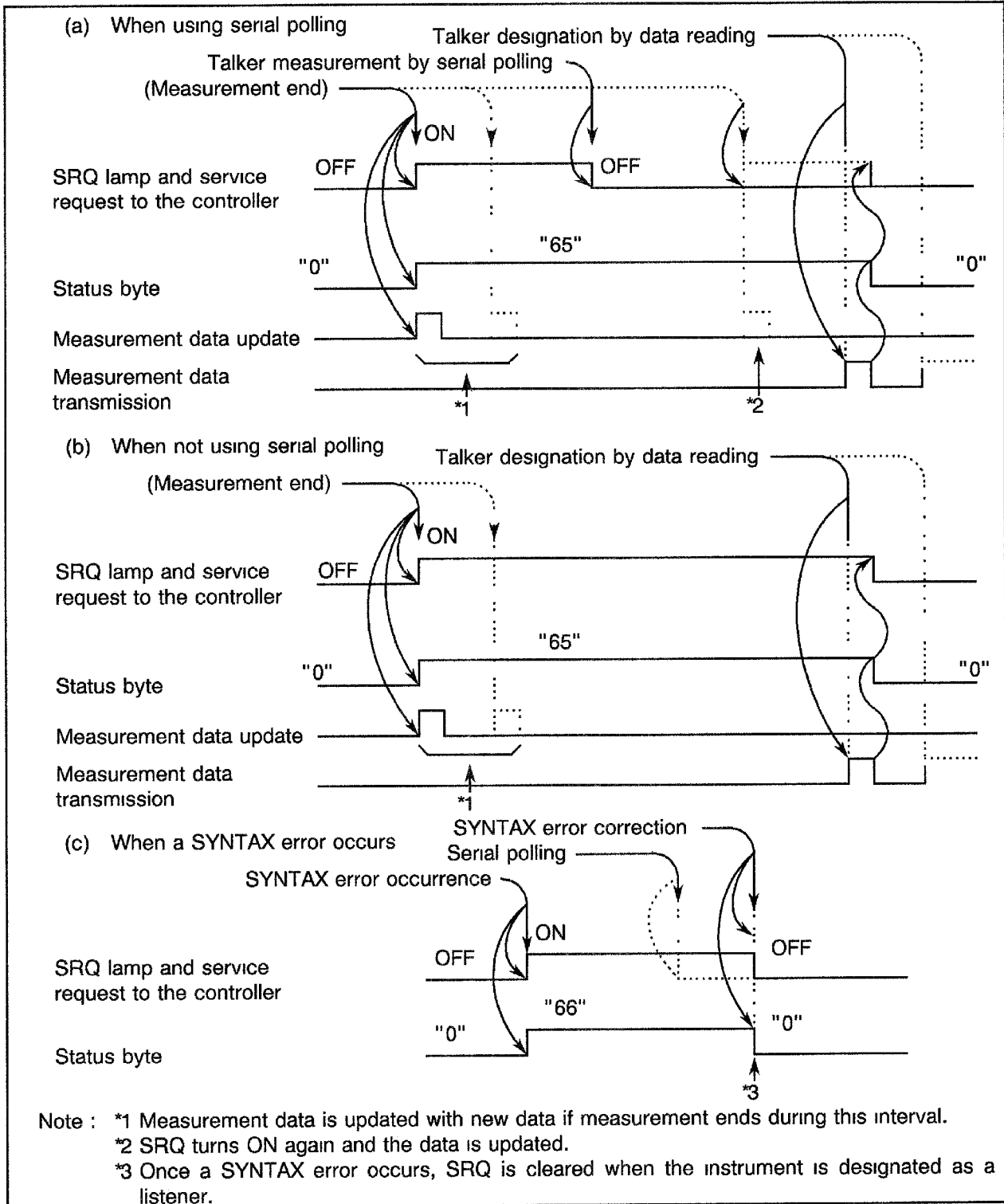


Figure 7-4 Service Request Operation Timing Chart

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### 7.6.9 R6441's Status Changes when Powered on and Receiving Commands

The instrument enters the states shown in Table 7-15 when it is powered on and when it receives each commands.

Table 7-15 Status Change by Each Command

Command	Talker	Listener	SRQ	Status	Transmitted data
POWER ON	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared
IFC	Cleared	Cleared	—	—	—
DCL SDC C	—	—	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared
GET E	—	—	—	Measured data present bit cleared	Cleared
Talker designation for the instrument	Set	Cleared	—	—	
Talker cancellation	Cleared	—	—	—	—
Listener designation for the instrument	Cleared	Set	—	—	—
Listener cancellation	—	Cleared	—	—	—
Serial polling	—	—	Cleared	Comparator result present bit cleared	—

Note : Horizontal bars ( - ) denote that the existing state does not change.

DCL : Device Clear

SDC : Selected Device Clear

GET : Group Execute Trigger



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### 7.6.10 Sample Programs II

The following are sample programs that run on NEC's PC9801.

Example 1: Start the R6441 externally to perform DC voltage measurement in the 20 V range and read out the measurement data to display it on the CRT.

	Program		Description
100	DMM=8	100	Assign the R6441 address 8 for the variable "DMM".
110	'	110	
120	ISET IFC	120	Send "Interface clear".
130	ISET REN	130	Set "Remote enable" to "true".
140	CMD DELIM=0	140	Set the delimiter to "CR + LF".
150	'	150	
160	PRINT @DMM;"Z"	160	Initialize all parameters of R6441.
170	PRINT @DMM;"F1,R5,PR2"	170	Set parameters for R6441.
180	INPUT @DMM;A\$		F1 : DC voltage measurement
190	PRINT A\$		R5 : 20 V range
200	GOTO 180		PR2: Sampling rate set to MID
210	'	180	Read out measurement data from R6441.
220	END	190	Display measurement data on CRT.
		200	Branch to line 180.
		210	
		220	Program end

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Example 2: After setting the resistance measurement and the hold mode, start the measurement by the trigger. Detect the measurement end using the SRQ interruption and read the measurement result.

	Program		Description
100	DMM=8	100	Assign the R6441 address 8 for the variable "DMM".
110	ISET IFC	110	Send "Interface clear".
120	ISET REN	120	Set "Remote enable" to "true".
130	CMD DELIM=0	130	Set the delimiter to "CR + LF".
140	'	140	
150	DEF SEG=SEGPTR(7)	150	<div style="border-left: 1px solid black; border-right: 1px solid black; border-bottom: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 40px; display: inline-block; margin-right: 10px;"></div> *1: Clear SRQ signal in the GPIB of PC9801.
160	A%=PEEK(&H9F3)	160	
170	A%=A% AND & HBF	170	
180	POKE &H9F3,A%	180	
190	'	190	
200	ON SRQ GOSUB 290	200	Specify the jump address of subroutine by SRQ interruption.
210	PRINT @DMM;"Z"	210	Initialize all the R6441 parameters
220	PRINT @DMM;"F3,PR3,M1,S0"	220	Set the R6441 parameters. F3 : Resistance measurement PR3 : Sampling rate to SLOW M1 : Hold mode S0 : SRQ on
230	SRQ ON	230	Set the SRQ interruption to "Enable".
240	WAITF=0	240	Clear the interruption receive flag.
250	PRINT @DMM;"E"	250	Start the measurement by using trigger.
260	IF WAITF=1 THEN 240	260	Branch to line 240 if the interruption receive flag is set.
270	GOTO 260	270	Branch to line 260.
280	'	280	
290	POLL DMM,S	290	Execute the serial polling and store the R6441 status in the variable "S".
300	IF S<>65 THEN 340	300	Branch to line 340 if the status has not been measured.
310	INPUT @DMM;A\$	310	Read out the measured data from R6441.
320	PRINT A\$	320	Display the measured data on CRT.
330	WAITF=1	330	Set the interruption receive flag.
340	SRQ ON	340	Set the SRQ interruption to "Enable".
350	RETURN	350	Subroutine end
360	'	360	
370	END	370	Program end

\*1 : In some case the SRQ processing may not operate correctly if the PC9801 does not clear the SRQ signal in the GPIB.  
 If the SRQ is used, be sure to program the line 150 to 180 in the same manner as shown in above.  
 If N88-BASIC is used on the MS-DOS, specify the segment base to "DEF SEG = SEGPTR(7)"; otherwise, specify to "DEF SEG = &H60".

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Example 3: Read out the data file which has been stored in the IC memory card in advance and display the setting information on the CRT at the storing time and measurement data. (This example requires the R13222 memory card interface unit and the IC memory card.)

Program	Description
100 OPTION BASE 1	100 Specify the minimum value of the subscript on the arrangement to 1.
110 DMM=8	110 Assign R6441 address 8 for the variable "DMM".
120 DIM A\$(21)	120 *2: Define the character type array variable "A\$".
130 DIM DT(4000)	130 *3: Define the array variable "DT".
140 '	140
150 ISET IFC	150 Send "Interface clear".
160 ISET REN	160 Set "Remote enable" to "true".
170 CMD DELIM=0	170 Set the delimiter to "CR + LF".
180 '	180
190 PRINT @DMM;"SL2"	190 Set the string delimiter of R6441 to "CR + LF".
200 PRINT @DMM;"RCL:D001:C"	200 Request R6441 to read out the setting information of the file "D001" in the IC memory card.
210 FOR I=1 TO 100 : NEXT I	210 *4: Waiting time
220 FOR I=1 TO 21	220 Repetition of 21 times
230 INPUT @DMM;A\$(I)	230 Read out one line of the setting information from R6441.
240 PRINT A\$(I)	240 Display the read setting information on the CRT.
250 NEXT I	250
260 '	260
270 INPUT WAIT 100,A\$	270
280 '	280
290 D\$=MID\$(A\$(21),11,4)	290 With the read setting information, take out the number of data in the file into the character-type array variable "D\$".
300 DCOUNT=VAL(D\$)	300 Read the status with scaling.
310 PRINT @DMM;"RCL:D001:D:1:"+D\$	310 Convert the number of data from the character-type array to the numeric type and assign it for the variable "DCOUNT".
320 FOR I=1 TO 100 : NEXT I	320 Request R6441 to read out all the data in the file "D001" of the IC memory card, starting at the beginning in the file.
330 FOR I=1 TO DCOUNT	330 *4: Waiting time
340 INPUT @DMM;A\$	340 Repetition of the number of data.
350 DT(I)=VAL(A\$)	350 Read out one data from R6441.
360 NEXT I	360 Convert the read data to the numeric type and assign it for the variable "DT".
370 '	370
380 FOR I=1 TO DCOUNT	380 Repetition of the number of data.
390 PRINT I, DT(I)	
400 NEXT I	
410 '	
420 END	

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(cont'd)

390	Display one data on the CRT.
400	
410	
420	Program end

- \*2 : There are 21 line of setting information in the data file which has been stored in the IC memory card. A\$ is the character type array variable with which all the setting information is read out from the data file.
- \*3 : Define the size of array more than the data size to be read out.
- \*4 : A waiting time of approx. 20 msec is required for analysis processing of the read out command.

## 7.7 Printer Interface Unit R13221

### 7.7.1 Outline

With the printer interface unit R13221 installed into the instrument, the measurement value can be printed on the external printer through the Centronics connector.

Since the output Centronics connector is electrically isolated from the measurement signal system, the measurement value cannot be affected by external unit.

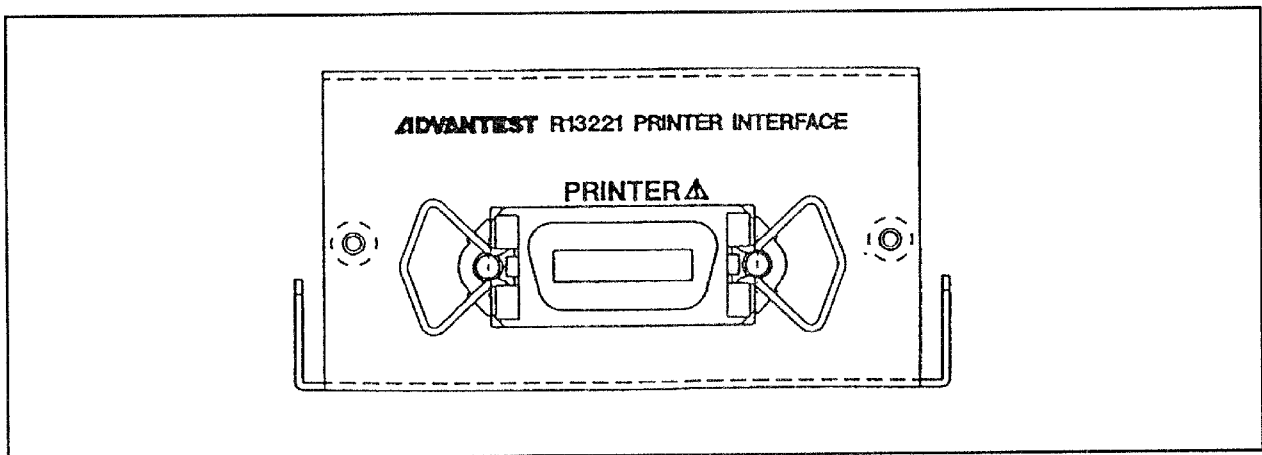
It is possible to set the print interval to any value of 1 second to 4 hours, stop, or continuous (print when data is generated in the R6441).

### 7.7.2 Specifications

Output code : Centronics (Recommended printer : Seiko Electronics DPU-201G)

Output data contents : Measurement data, decimal point, polarity, and unit

Output connector : 57-40140 (Dai-ichi Electronics Industry Co.)

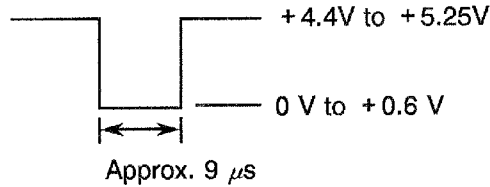


Terminal	Signal	Terminal	Signal
1	STB	8	DB6
2	DB0	9	DB7
3	DB1	10	NC
4	DB2	11	BUSY
5	DB3	12	NC
6	DB4	13	NC
7	DB5	14	GND

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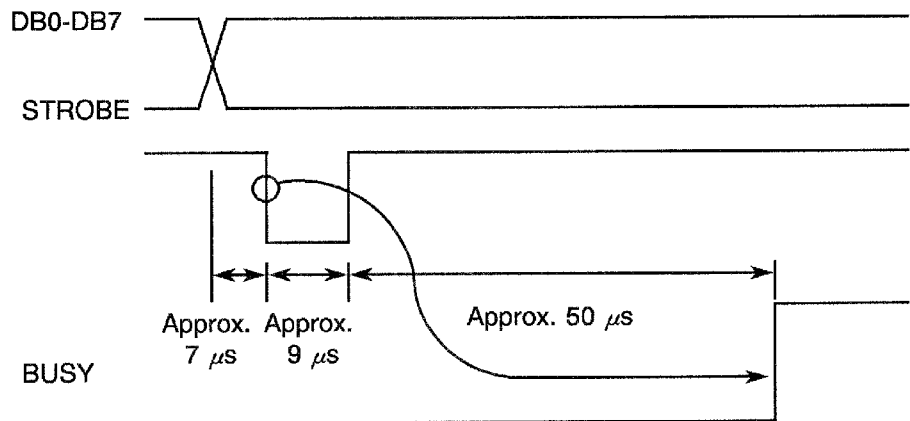
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STB (STROBE) signal : TTL level negative pulse



DB0-DB7 (Data signal) : TTL level signal  
 Parallel data (8 bits)  
 H data 1 ; + 4.4 V to + 5.25 V  
 L data 0 ; 0 V to + 0.6 V

BUSY input : Receives the signal from the printer.  
 H data 1 ; + 2.7 V to + 5.25 V  
 Indicates that the printer cannot receive data.  
 Data is not transmitted.  
 L data 0 ; 0 V to + 0.6 V  
 Indicates that the printer can receive data.  
 Data is transmitted.



R6441 processes the BUSY signal from the printer approximately 50  $\mu$ s after the STROBE signal rises within approximately 50  $\mu$ s of receiving the STROBE signal should be used.  
 Therefore, use a printer whose BUSY signal goes to "H".

### 7.7.3 Operation

(1) Connecting to printer

Turn off both printer and the instrument. Plug the connection cable supplied with the printer into the DATA OUTPUT connector.

(2) Operate the printer according to the operation procedure.

(3) Setting the print time

Set the interval for the printing.

If it is set to "continuous" (cont), printing is started at the time when data is generated on the instrument. In the HOLD mode, when the [TRIG] is pressed, the measurement is started and the data is printed. When the printer condition is set to other than STOP or CONT, the printer outputs data in accordance with the specified time interval, regardless of whether the equipment is in the HOLD mode or the FREE RUN mode.

The relationship between the panel display and the print time interval is shown below:

Display	Printing intervals	Display	Printing intervals	Display	Printing intervals
Stop	STOP	1 M	1 min.	60 M	1 hour
cont	Continuous	2 M	2 min.	120 M	2 hours
5 s	5 sec.	5 M	5 min.	180 M	3 hours
10 s	10 sec.	10 M	10 min.	240 M	4 hours
20 s	20 sec.	20 M	20 min.		
30 s	30 sec.	30 M	30 min.		

(4) Setting the print type

Set the output code of " $\Omega$ , OHM" in the characters to be printed.

The relationship between the setting numbers and the output codes is:

Switch	Character	Code (hexadecimal)
OH M $\Omega$	OHM $\Omega$	4Fh 48h 4Dh FCh

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(5) Various setting examples

The following are the setting conditions and factory setting of the printer:

Setting condition	Factory setting
Printer printing instruction interval	STOP
Font	Resistance: OHM

Key operation	Display	Meaning
① I/F	SCI on	Option setting mode
② UP DOWN	Pr oFF	Display for selection printer
③ ENTER	In. StoP	Display for previous setting
④ UP DOWN	In. cont	Display for setting print time interval to continuous
		Refer to "(a) Setting the printing time interval".
⑤ ENTER	Font OH M	Display for previous setting
⑥ UP DOWN	Font Ω	Display for setting the printing font to Ω
		Refer to "(b) Setting the printing font".
⑦ ENTER	Pr on	Confirmation of setting end
⑧ ENTER	Measurement value	Setting end



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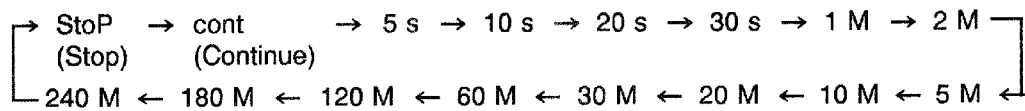
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(a) Setting the printing time interval

Enter the printing time interval setting mode.

Use the  and  to switch the setting of the printing time interval.

Each time the setting key is pressed, the setting is changed in the following order:

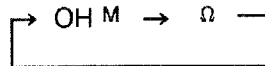


(b) Setting the printing font

Enter the printing font setting mode.

Use the  and  to switch the setting of the printing font.

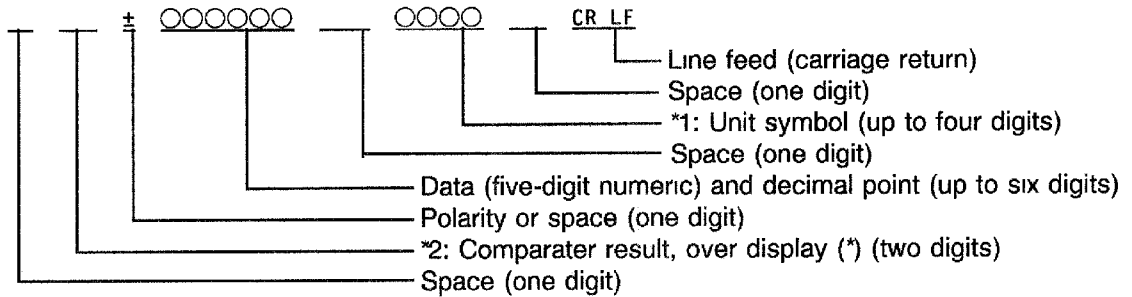
Each time the setting key is pressed, the setting is changed in the following order:



### 7.7.4 Output Data Format

The following are data formats to output the measurement and calculation data to the printer.

(1) Printing format



\*1 : The unit symbol consists of subunit and basic unit.

Subunit : n,  $\mu$ , m, k, M, and G

Basic unit: V, A, OHM,  $\Omega$ , °C, Hz, %, dB, and dBm

\*2 : Comparater result, over display

The comparater result and over display are output according to the conditions below:

- (Space) : When comparater calculation is set to OFF.
- H : When comparater calculation result is HIGH.
- P : When comparater calculation result is PASS.
- L : When comparater calculation result is LOW.
- HL : When comparater calculation result is HIGH&LOW.
- \* : At range over
- E : At "ERR D" (dBm error)

Note: If the range over occurs during the execution of the comparater calculation, the range over has a priority and "\*" is output.

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Example: In case of over data, data is output as follows:

In 4 1/2 digits display:

\* +999. 99 GV  
└──────────┬──────────┘ Polarity five digits of 9 + decimal point  
└──────────┘ Symbol of OVER

- (2) Data (five-digit number) and decimal point (automatic interruption), polarity, symbol of over

The exponent part of the measurement value consists of six-digit number (fixed length). The position of the decimal point varies depending on the display of the instrument. The exponent part for the high-speed sampling (FAST mode, 3 1/2 digit measurement) consists of five-digit number.

The polarity is represented by a space for AC voltage/current and by + or - for the NULL calculation. Also, + or - is used for the polarity of the DC voltage, DC current, and temperature measurement.

## 7.8 Memory Card Interface Unit R13222

### 7.8.1 Outline

With the memory card interface unit R13222 installed into the instrument, can store or read out the setting conditions and the measurement data.

Note: Care should be taken for battery consumption of the IC memory card.

#### (1) Specifications

Memory card type	:	Complies with Japan Electronics Industry Development Association standard Ver. 4.1.
Memory card used	:	SRAM card with a capacity of 64 Kbytes or more
Capacity at format	:	64 Kbytes fixed
Number of record files	:	Setting conditions . . . . . 59 files Measurement data (11 data or less) . . . . . 118 files Measurement data (51 data or less) . . . . . 59 files Measurement data (129 data or less) . . . . . 29 files Measurement data (523 data or less) . . . . . 8 files Measurement data (1035 data or less) . . . . . 4 files Measurement data (2020 data or less) . . . . . 2 files Measurement data (4000 data or less) . . . . . 1 files

#### (2) Memory space

There are two parts of memory space in the IC memory card.

- ① Common memory
- ② Attribute memory

The common memory is the memory space for normal use. The attribute memory is placed in the IC memory card with being separated from the common memory and is used for storage of the card attribute information. Some types of the IC memory cards are not equipped with the attribute memory.

The instrument requires the IC memory card equipped with the attribute memory in which the card attribute information (device information) is written.

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(3) Storage capacity

- ① If the IC memory card is used only for the storage of the setting condition files, up to 59 files can be stored.
- ② If the IC memory card is used for the storage of the setting condition and data files, the number of the setting condition files to be stored decreases compared with ① because of the data file capacity added.
- ③ If the IC memory card is used only for the data files, the number of files to be stored is somewhat limited since the capacity of the data file varies with the amount of data per file.

(4) Initializing the measurement conditions

Item	Initialization setting	Master reset	Power on
Store/recall operation	Cancel	○	○
Formatting operation	Cancel	○	○
Data sample number	1000	○	○
File number	1	○	○

### 7.8.2 IC Memory Card Initialization (Formatting)

If the IC memory card is initialized, the internal measurement data and setting conditions are all cleared. The initialization allows the IC memory card to be commonly used for the same type of model; i.e., the IC memory card which has been initialized by R6441A can be commonly used for R6441A.

Use the I/F to initialize the IC memory card.

	Key operation	Display	Meaning
①	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">I/F</span>	SCI on	Option setting mode
②	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">UP</span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">DOWN</span>	CARD	Display for selecting IC memory card
③	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">ENTER</span>	Init	Confirmation of initialization
④	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">ENTER</span>	Measurement value	Initialization of IC memory card

### 7.8.3 Internal Format of IC Memory Card

The measurement data file stores the setting information at the time of setting and the measurement data.

#### (1) Setting information at the time of setting

The setting information at the time of setting consists of the number of data bytes for the setting information and the setting information items. Since the number of data bytes for the setting information is used internally, it is not output at the recall.

All the data of the setting information is represented with the ASCII format.

Each item is enclosed with " " and separated by CR/LF.

The following are all the items of setting information and the format.

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Item	Number of byte	Format examples
Head position of measurement result	7	"360" **
Model name, version	27	"R6441A,REV.A00.00.00.00" **
Measurement function	22	"FUNCTION V DC " **
Measurement range mode	16	"MANUAL RANGE" **
Sample rate	15	"SLOW-RATE " **
Number of digits to be output	18	"RESOLUTION 4.5" **
NULL calculation setting	12	"NULL OFF" **
Smoothing calculation setting	17	"SMOOTHING OFF" **
dB calculation setting	10	"dB OFF" **
dBm calculation setting	11	"dBm OFF" **
Scaling calculation setting	15	"SCALING OFF" **
MAX/MIN calculation setting	15	"MAX/MIN OFF" **
Comparater calculation setting	18	"COMPARATER OFF" **
Scaling constant A	17	"A = +000001.E + 0" **
Scaling constant B	17	"B = +000000.E + 0" **
Scaling constant C	17	"C = +000001.E + 0" **
dB/dBm calculation constant D	17	"D = +000001.E + 0" **
Comparater setting value HI	18	"HI = +000001.E + 0" **
Comparater setting value LO	18	"LO = +000000.E + 0" **
NULL value	20	"NULL = +0.00000E + 0" **
Number of times for smoothing	15	"SM TIME = 010" **
Number of measurement data samples	17	"N.SAMPLE = 1000" **

(Note) \*\* : CR/LF

(2) Measurement data format

The measurement data consists of the symbol, mantissa, and exponent parts. One piece of data is 13-byte long (fixed) and CR/LF is placed at the end of the piece (13-byte data includes CR/LF).

Accordingly, changing the number of displayed digits does not change the data length.

Format examples

4 1/2 digit output : + 1800.0E-3 CR LF

3 1/2 digit output : + 1800.E-3 CR LF

### 7.8.4 Storing Setting Conditions

The IC memory card can store up to 59 types of the setting conditions for the multimeter.

#### (1) Storing the measurement conditions

Key operation	Display	Meaning
① SHIFT	----	: Shift mode
② STORE ST SET	dAtA (ST) or cond (ST)	: Display for previous setting
③ UP DOWN	cond (ST)	: Display for selecting the setting condition storage
④ ENTER	FL c001 (ST)	: Display for previous setting
⑤ AUTO UP DOWN	FL c999 (ST)	: Sets the file number to "999". Refer to "(2) Setting file number for setting condition storage".
⑥ ENTER	cond (ST)	: Confirmation of setting end
⑦ ENTER	Measurement value	: Setting end
⑧ STORE	cond (ST) (Displayed for 0.5 second) Measurement value	: Execution of storing (Set the setting condition into the file number 999.)



(2) Setting the file number for setting condition storage

- ① Enter the file number setting mode.

Pressing the AUTO flashes the changeable point.

- ② After flashing the point to be changed, use the UP and DOWN to change the file number.

### 7.8.5 Recalling Setting Conditions

The setting conditions for the multimeter stored in the IC memory card are recalled and the R6441 can start operation under the condition recalled.

(1) Recalling during measurement

	Key operation	Display	Meaning
①	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">SHIFT</span>	----	Shift mode
②	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">RCL</span> RCL SET	cond (RCL ) or dAtA (RCL )	Display for previous setting
③	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">UP</span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">DOWN</span>	cond (RCL )	Display for selecting the setting condition storage
④	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">ENTER</span>	FL c001(RCL)	Display for previous setting
⑤	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">AUTO</span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">UP</span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">DOWN</span>	FL c999(RCL)	Sets the file number to "999". Refer to "(2) Setting file number for setting condition storage".
⑥	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">ENTER</span>	cond (RCL )	Confirmation of setting end
⑦	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">ENTER</span>	Measurement value	Setting end
⑧	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">RCL</span>	cond (RCL) (Displayed for 0.5 second) Measurement value	Execution of recall (Set the setting condition into the file number 999.)

(2) Setting the file number for setting condition storage

- ① Enter the file number setting mode.

Pressing the  flashes the changeable point.

- ② After flashing the point to be changed, use the  and  to change the file number.

### 7.8.6 Storing Measurement Data

The measurement data can be stored in the IC memory card. One file can include up to 4000 pieces of data. If the number of pieces exceeds the maximum value, during storage operation, it will be stopped.

The data in the same file must have the same measurement conditions (measurement functions, calculations, sampling rate, range (the autorange is considered to be identical range), the number of displayed lines, etc.). If any of measurement conditions is changed during storage operation, it will be stopped.

Note: After the storage operation of the measurement data, in some case it may be somewhat reduced to record the setting condition at the time of measurement.

Example: In case of FAST mode, approx. 12 pieces of data for measurement values are reduced.

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(1) Storing the measurement data

	Key operation	Display	Meaning
①	SHIFT	----	Shift mode
②	STORE ST SET	dAtA (ST) or cond (ST)	Display for previous setting
③	UP DOWN	dAtA (ST)	Display for selecting the setting condition storage
④	ENTER	FL d001 (ST)	Display for previous setting
⑤	AUTO UP DOWN	FL d999 (ST)	Sets the file number to "999". Refer to "(2) Setting file number for setting condition storage".
⑥	ENTER	SA 1000 (ST)	Display for previous setting
⑦	AUTO UP DOWN	SA 4000 (ST)	Set the number of samples to 4000.
⑧	ENTER	dAtA (ST)	Confirmation of setting end
⑨	ENTER	Measurement value	Setting end
⑩	STORE	Measurement value (ST) ((st) is lit up until the measurement reaches the specified number of samples.)	Execution of storing (Set the setting condition into the file number 999.)

(2) Setting the file number for measurement data storage

- ① Enter the file number setting mode.

Pressing the **AUTO** flashes the changeable point.

- ② After flashing the point to be changed, use the **UP** and **DOWN** to change the file number.

### 7.8.7 Recalling Measurement Data

The measurement data can be read out from the IC memory card.

The display is not updated during reading. Pressing the **UP** reads out the data which was stored next to the currently displayed data. Pressing the **DOWN** reads out the data which was stored prior to the currently displayed data.

Pressing the **SHIFT** shows the sample number of the currently displayed data.

With the **UP** or **DOWN**, the sample number can be increased or decreased.

Pressing the **SHIFT** again shows the measurement value corresponding to the displayed sample number.

(During reading, only the **UP**, **DOWN**, **SHIFT**, and **RCL** are available.)

- Notes:
- If the data is remotely recalled, it does not appear on the panel.
  - The result of comparator calculation cannot be recalled.

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**7.8 Memory Card Interface Unit R13222**

(1) Recalling the measurement data

Key operation	Display	Meaning
① SHIFT	----	Shift mode
② RCL RCL SET	dAtA (RCL) or cond (RCL)	Display for previous setting
③ UP DOWN	dAtA (RCL)	Display for selecting the setting condition storage
④ ENTER	FL d001(RCL)	Display for previous setting
⑤ AUTO UP DOWN	FL d999(RCL)	Sets the file number to "999". Refer to "(2) Setting file number for setting condition storage".
⑥ ENTER	n.1000 (RCL)	Display for previous setting
⑦ AUTO UP DOWN	n.4000 (RCL)	Set the number of samples to 4000.
⑧ ENTER	dAtA (RCL)	Confirmation of setting end
⑨ ENTER	Measurement value	Setting end
⑩ RCL	Stored measurement value (RCL)	Execution of recall
⑪ SHIFT	no. 1(RCL)	Display for sample number
⑫ UP	no. 2(RCL)	Sample number + 1
⑬ SHIFT	Stored measurement value (RCL)	Display the measurement value stored in the sample No.2.
⑭ RCL RCL SET	Measurement value	Exit recall mode.

Note: If the UP or DOWN is held down during reading, the data can be read out continuously.

(2) Setting file number for the measurement data storage

- ① Enter the file number setting mode.

Pressing the  flashes the changeable point.

- ② After flashing the point to be changed, use the  and  to change the file number.



## 8. R15807 BATTERY UNIT

### 8.1 Outline

The R15807 is the battery unit which can be re-charged and is applied for the R6451/R6441 series.

### 8.2 Specifications

- Built-in battery : 12 V lead-acid battery, it is possible to repeat charge/discharge.
- Continuous use time : Approx. 6 hours
- Charging time : Approximately 12 hours when AC power is supplied with the R6441 set to OFF. The charging can be made while the R6441 is set ON. However, since the charging supplements only the discharged amount, the charging time cannot be prescribed.
- Low battery display : When the remaining time for usage decreases to approx. 30 minutes, it is indicated on the indicator of the front panel.
- External dimensions : 203 (W) x 29 (H) x 140 (D) mm
- Weight : 1 kg or less



### 8.3 Precautions

(1) Precautions for use

- ① Plug the R15807 battery unit into the R6451/52 prior to charging.
- ② Do not store or use the built-in battery upside-down.
- ③ Do not give extreme shock to the built-in battery.

(2) Cautions for discarding

- ① Never disassemble the battery unit. It uses the lead-acid battery. If it is broken and sulfuric acid adhere to clothes or skin, wash out it immediately. If the acid enter an eye, wash out it with clean water and receive medical treatment.
- ② Keep the battery away from fire or fireworks.
- ③ Do not put the battery in fire. It may cause explosion.
- ④ Contact ADVANTEST when the battery is discarded.  
(Refer to the end of this manual for our address and other information.)

(3) Note for the purpose of this manual, the battery life is considered to have expired when the actual capacity is 50% or less of the rated capacity.

- ① Before the R15807 is used for the first time after its purchase or when it has not been used for longer than three months, recharge it for approx. 12 hours.
- ② The built-in battery can be recharged more than 200 times until their capacity falls to 50% of the nominal 1.8Ah at operating temperatures of  $+25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- ③ Recharge the R15807 at  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+35^{\circ}\text{C}$  and discharge it at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+40^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- ④ If you store the battery for more than three months, recharge the battery regularly. The recharge time varies according to the ambient temperature as shown below. The battery can be stored for up to 12 months.  
Below  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$ :                    every 9 months  
 $20^{\circ}\text{C}$  through  $30^{\circ}\text{C}$ :        every 6 months  
 $30^{\circ}\text{C}$  or more:                    every 3 months
- ⑤ Estimated three year life expectancy

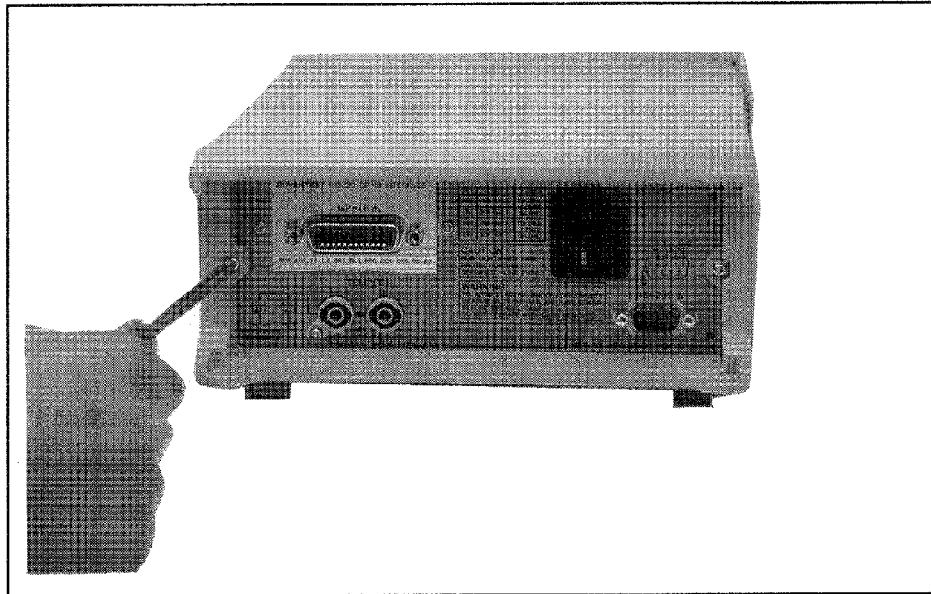
The battery life may be affected substantially by operating conditions such as overcharging or discharging, atmospheric temperature and the amount of time between recharges.

## 8.4 Mounting Battery Unit

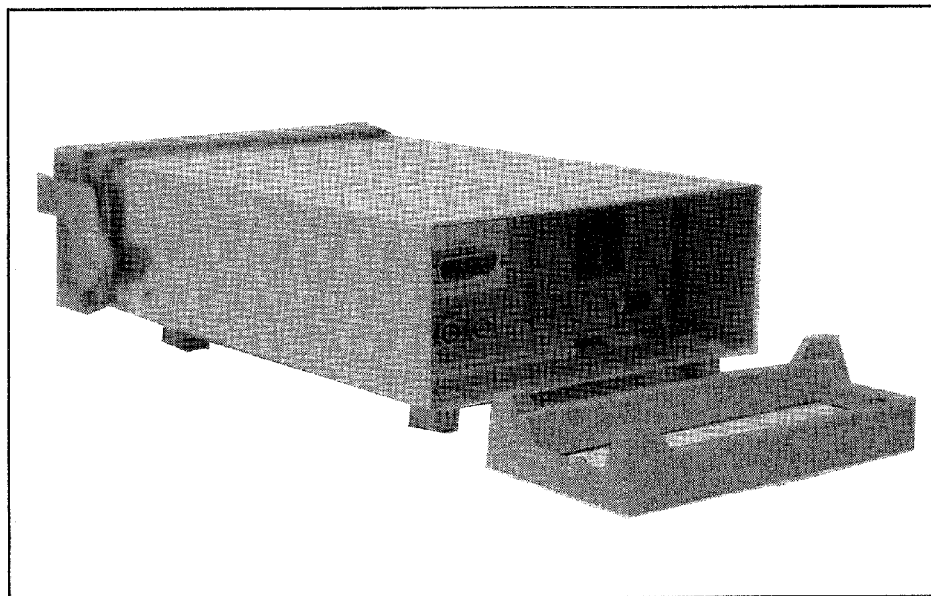
### Mounting procedure

Note: Make sure that the R6441 power switch is OFF before mounting the R15807 battery unit.

- ① Remove the Phillips-head screws fixing the rear foot on the rear panel using a Phillips-head screwdriver (3 mm).



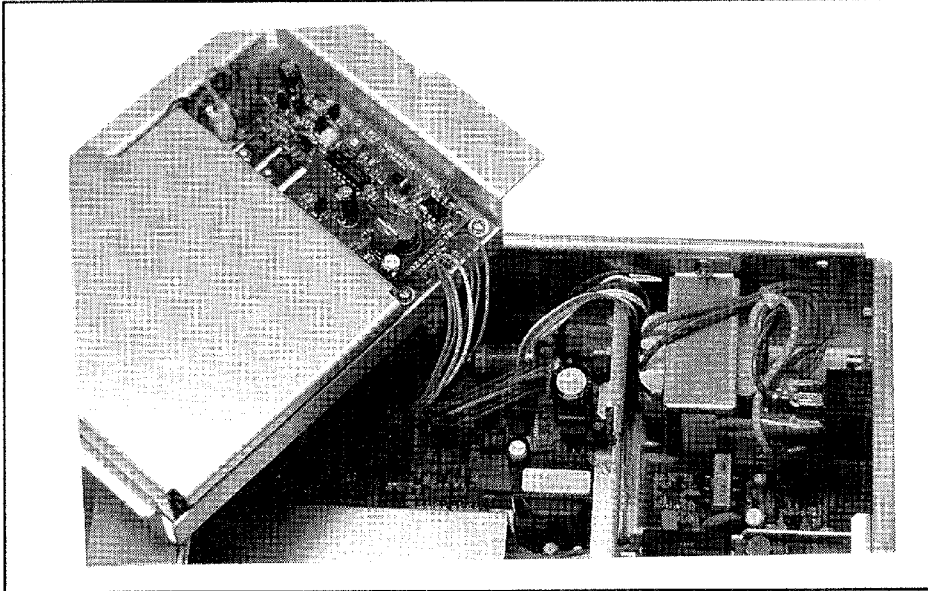
- ② Remove the rear foot from the R6441.



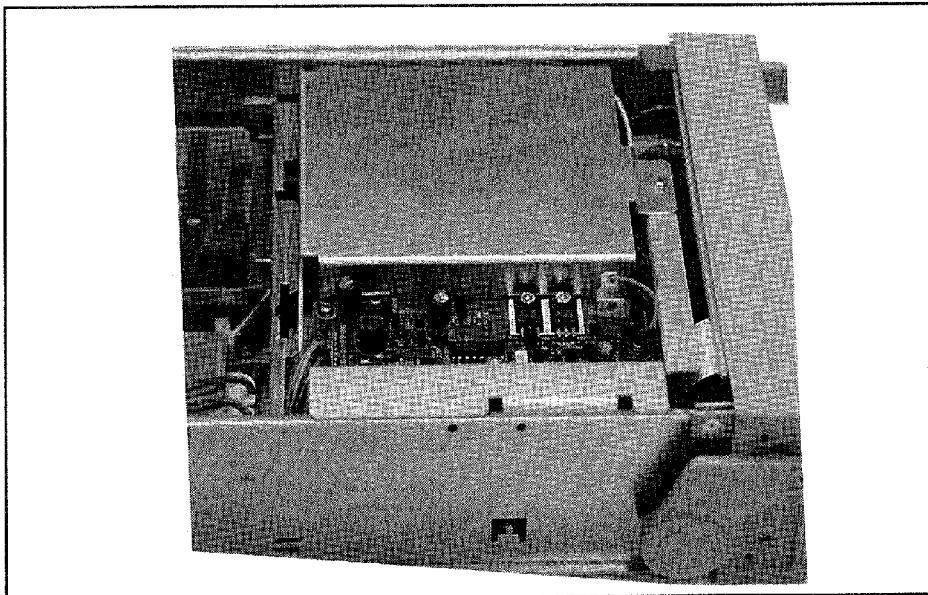
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**8.4 Mounting Battery Unit**

- ③ Remove the case from the R6441.
- ④ Connect the board with the cables.

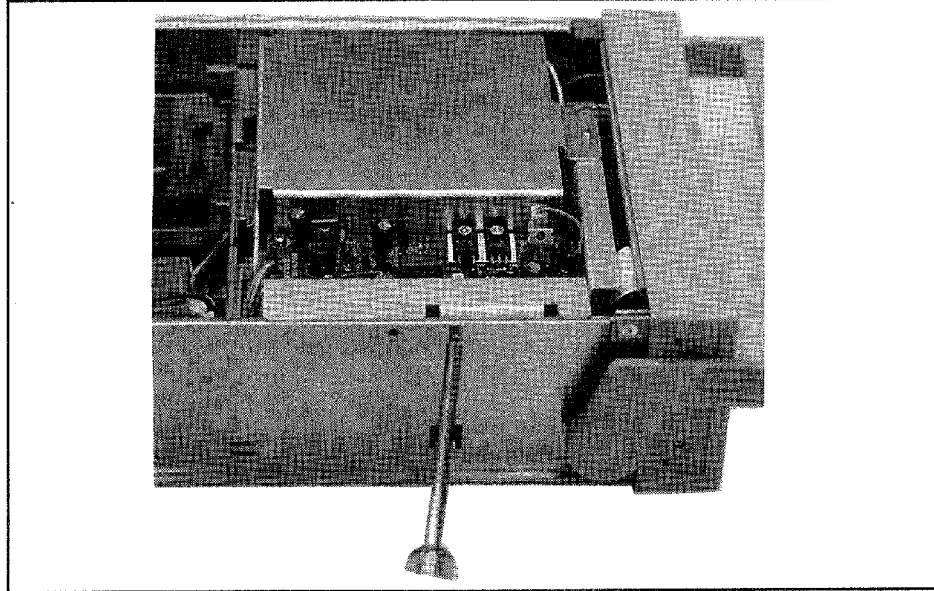


- ⑤ Mount the battery unit on the R6441 and secure it with the Phillips-head screws.



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**8.4 Mounting Battery Unit**



## **8.5 Charging Battery Unit**

- ① Mount the R15807 battery unit into the R6441. (See Section 8.4.)
- ② Turn the R6441 power switch OFF to supply AC power (indicated voltage on the rear panel) of 50 Hz or 60 Hz.

The R15807 battery unit takes approx. 12 hours to fully charge. Since this unit has an internal charge control, charging can be continued without overcharging after the R15807 has been fully charged.



## 9. Q & A FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

Symptom	Checks	Action
1. R6441 cannot be powered on.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the power cable.</li> <li>• Check the power fuse.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Connect it to the power cable.</li> <li>• Replace the fuse.</li> </ul>
2. Key does not respond.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check if PMT is lit.</li> <li>• Check if the display OFF mode is set.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Press the <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">SHIFT</span> LOCAL.</li> <li>• Send the DS1 command from the external control.</li> </ul>
3. Displayed digits is less than 4 1/2 digit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Select the sampling mode.</li> <li>• Select the displayed digit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Press the <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">RATE</span> to select SLOW.</li> <li>• Press the <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">SHIFT</span> and <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">RATE</span> RES to set 4 1/2 digit.</li> </ul>
4. Input signal cannot be measured.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that the input cable is correctly connected.</li> <li>• Check that the input cable is not damaged.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Connect the cable again.</li> <li>• Replace the cable.</li> </ul>
5. Measurement value is erratic.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Induction noises are superimposed in the high-resistance measurement.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use the shielded input cable (A01001).</li> </ul>
6. Electric current cannot be measured.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Protection fuse is disconnected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Replace the fuse.</li> </ul>
7. Sampling cannot be executed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HOLD is lit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Press the <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">HOLD</span> to set free-run.</li> </ul>

Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, the apparatus shall be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

The protection is likely to be impaired if, for example, the apparatus:

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**9. Q & A for Problem Solving**

- shows visible damage,
- fails to perform the intended measurements,
- has been subjected to prolonged storage under unfavourable conditions,
- has been subjected to severe transport stresses.

If the R6441 shows any of the following conditions, its protection function may be damaged. In this case, contact ATCE, nearest dealer, or sales and support office to check failures and safety.

- Apparent breakage which can be visually determined.
- When a measurement to be done is impossible.

● Precautions for free-run setting

If a measurement condition is changed by the remote command (function, range, etc.) when measurement data are being read out with the sample mode set to free-run, there is a possibility that the data for the condition before changing is output.

This is because the R6441 gives a priority to the output request when the data output request is received during analysis of the remote command.

After the data output, the remote command analysis is continued.

For the data output after the analysis, the data after the condition change is used.

To output surely the data after condition change, we recommend that the hold mode be used.

Example: Program when 10 measurement values are output after the measurement function is changed to AC voltage.

Program		Description	
100	DMM=8	100	Assign R6441 address 8 for the variable "DMM".
110	'	110	
120	ISET IFC	120	Send "Interface clear".
130	ISET REN	130	Set "Remote enable" to "true".
140	CMD DELIM=0	140	Set the delimiter to "CR + LF".
150	'	150	
160	PRINT @DMM;"F2,R5,M1"	160	Set parameters for R6441.
170	FOR N=1 TO 10		F2 : AC voltage measurement
180	PRINT @DMM;"E"		R5 : 20 V range
190	INPUT @DMM;A\$		M1: Hold mode
200	PRINT A\$	170	Repetition of 10 times
210	NEXT N	180	Start the measurement by triggering the R6441.
220	'	190	Read out measurement data from R6441.
230	END	200	Display measurement data on CRT.
		210	
		220	
		230	Program end

## 10. ERROR MESSAGES

Table 10-1 Error Messages

Error message	Description
ERR 01	<p>RAM READ/WRITE error</p> <p>An abnormality is detected in the result of the RAM READ/WRITE test executed in the self test mode.</p>
ERR 02	<p>Panel communication check error</p> <p>An abnormality is detected in the panel communication check executed in the self test mode.</p>
ERR 03	<p>SRAM, EEPROM CAL data error</p> <p>An error is detected in sum check for both SRAM CLA data and EEPROM CAL data which were executed in the self test mode.</p>
ERR 04	<p>SRAM CAL data error</p> <p>An error is detected in the sum check for SRAM CAL data executed in the self test mode.</p>
ERR 05	<p>EPROM CAL data error/CAL data comparison error</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• An error is detected in the sum check for EEPROM CAL data executed in the self test mode.</li> <li>• The sum check results for the EEPROM CAL data and the SRAM CAL data are normal, but an error is detected in the comparison check between both.</li> </ul>
ERR 06	<p>Parameter check error</p> <p>An error is detected in the internal backup parameter setting.</p>
ERR 07	<p>Communication check between MAIN and analog parts</p> <p>An error is detected in the communication check between MAIN and analog parts.</p>
ERR 08	<p>Diagnosis error for analog part</p> <p>An error is detected in the received data from the analog part when an diagnosis is executed on the analog part.</p>
ERR 10	<p>SYNTAX error</p> <p>An error is detected in the receiving, analysis, or execution of the remote command.</p>
ERR11	<p>Calibration execution error</p> <p>An error is detected in the calibration settings.</p>



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**10. Error Messages**

(cont'd)

Error message	Description
ERR 20	Model type setting error 1 An error is detected in the manufacture name, product name, revision, or product number.
ERR 21	Model type setting error 1 An error is detected in the product name ("R6441A", "R6441B" and "R6441C").
ERR 30	IC memory card format check error An error is detected in the format of the installed IC memory card.
ERR 32	IC memory card initialization error IC memory card cannot be initialized.
ERR 34	End-of-file detection error The end of the file to be recalled cannot be found.
ERR 35	IC memory card access error <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● IC memory card is not installed.</li> <li>● IC memory card is removed during execution of store/recall.</li> <li>● IC memory card is write protected.</li> </ul>
ERR 36	IC memory card recall file open error A specified file cannot be found.
ERR 37	Insufficient space for file registration Sufficient space is not available for file writing on the IC memory card.
ERR 38	Measurement data recall sample number setting error An error is detected in the specified sample number when the measurement data is recalled.
ERR 39	Recall data error <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● The file cannot be recalled because it is stored using a model different from this R6441.</li> <li>● An error is detected in the setting information of the recall data.</li> </ul>
ERR d	dB/dBm calculation error The measurement value is zero during the execution of the dB or dBm calculation.

## 11. CALIBRATION

To ensure the measurement accuracy of the R6441, calibration must be performed at least once every guarantee period (one year).

The R6441 can be calibrated using keys on the front panel or remote control.

### 11.1 Preparing for Calibration

#### (1) Power supply

As a power supply, use an AC power source having a voltage within range 90 V to 110 V, 103 V to 132 V, 198 V to 242 V, or 201 V to 250 V and a frequency of 50 Hz or 60 Hz or the battery unit R15807.

#### (2) Ambient conditions

The R6441 must be calibrated under the following conditions:

Temperature :  $+23^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$   
Humidity : 70% RH or less  
Free from dust, vibration, and noise.

#### (3) Warm up

Warm up the R6441 for at least 60 minutes (pre-heating). Also, warm up each calibration standards as well.

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**11.1 Preparing for Calibration**

(4) Calibration standards

Table 11-1 Standard Equipment for Calibration

Standard	Working range	Accuracy
Standard DC voltage generator	10 mV to 2 V	± 0.002% or less
	10 V to 1000 V	± 0.0015% or less
Standard AC voltage generator	10 mVrms to 700 Vrms Frequency 1 kHz	± 0.03% or less
Standard resistor	180 Ω	± 0.01% or less
	1.8 kΩ	± 0.005% or less
	18 kΩ	± 0.005% or less
	180 kΩ	± 0.005% or less
	1.8 MΩ	± 0.005% or less
	18 MΩ	± 0.1% or less
	180 MΩ	± 1% or less
Standard DC current generator	1000 nA to 200 mA	± 0.015% or less
	5 A to 10 A	± 0.03% or less
Standard AC current generator	100 μA to 200 mA	± 0.05% or less
	0.5 A to 10 A	± 0.1% or less
	Frequency 1 kHz	

## 11.2 Calibration Methods

Each range of each measurement function should be calibrated.

For the DC voltage measurement, resistance measurement, and DC current measurement, the zero point and full-scale point should be calibrated.

For the AC voltage measurement and AC current measurement, 1/10 full-scale point and full-scale point should be calibrated.

### 11.2.1 Calibration Items and Recommended Input Ranges

Table 11-2 Calibration Items and Recommended Input Ranges

Measurement function	Range	Calibration point	Recommend input range
DC voltage measurement	20 mV	Zero point + full scale	0 mV 16mV to 20mV
	200 mV	Zero point + full scale	0 mV 160mV to 200mV
	2000 mV	Zero point + full-scale - full-scale	0 mV 1.6 V to 2 V - 1.6 to - 2 V
	20 V	Zero point + full scale	0 V 16 V to 20 V
	200 V	Zero point + full scale	0 V 160 V to 200 V
	1000 V	Zero point + full scale	0 V 800 V to 1000 V
AC voltage measurement	200 mV	1/10 full-scale Full scale	16 mV to 200 mV, 1kHz 160 mV to 200 mV, 1kHz
	2000 mV	1/10 full-scale Full scale	160 mV to 200 mV, 1kHz 1.6 V to 2 V, 1kHz
	20 V	1/10 full-scale Full scale	1.6 V to 2 V, 1kHz 16 V to 20 V, 1kHz
	200 V	1/10 full-scale Full scale	16 V to 20 V, 1kHz 160 V to 200 V, 1kHz
	700 V	1/10 full-scale Full scale	50 V to 70 V, 1kHz 500 V to 700 V, 1kHz

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**11.2 Calibration Methods**

(cont'd)

Measurement function	Range	Calibration point	Recommend input range
Resistance measurement	200 $\Omega$	Zero point Full scale	0 $\Omega$ 160 k $\Omega$ to 200 k $\Omega$
	2000 $\Omega$	Zero point Full scale	0 $\Omega$ 1.6 k $\Omega$ to 2 k $\Omega$
	20 k $\Omega$	Zero point Full scale	0 $\Omega$ 16 k $\Omega$ to 20 k $\Omega$
	200 k $\Omega$	Zero point Full scale	0 $\Omega$ 160 k $\Omega$ to 200 k $\Omega$
	2000 k $\Omega$	Zero point Full scale	0 $\Omega$ 1.6 M $\Omega$ to 2 M $\Omega$
	20 M $\Omega$	Zero point Full scale	0 $\Omega$ 16 M $\Omega$ to 20 M $\Omega$
	200 M $\Omega$	Zero point Full scale	0 $\Omega$ 100 M $\Omega$ to 200 M $\Omega$
DC current measurement	2000 nA *1	Zero point + full scale	0 mA 1600 nA to 2000 nA
	20 $\mu$ A *1	Zero point + full scale	0 mA 16 $\mu$ A to 20 $\mu$ A
	200 $\mu$ A *1	Zero point + full scale	0 mA 160 $\mu$ A to 200 $\mu$ A
	2000 $\mu$ A *1	Zero point + full scale	0 mA 1600 $\mu$ A to 2000 $\mu$ A
	20 mA	Zero point + full scale	0 mA 16 mA to 20 mA
	200 mA	Zero point + full scale	0 mA 160 mA to 200 mA
	2000 mA	Zero point + full scale	0 mA 1600 mA to 2000 mA
	5 A *1	Zero point + full-scale	0 A 4 A to 5 A
	10 A *2	Zero point + full-scale	0 A 8 A to 10 A

\*1 : Ranges on R6441C only.  
\*2 : Ranges on R6441A/B only.

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**11.2 Calibration Methods**

(cont'd)

Measurement function	Range	Calibration point	Recommend input range
AC current measurement	200 $\mu$ A *1	1/10 full-scale Full scale	16 $\mu$ A to 20 $\mu$ A, 1 kHz 160 $\mu$ A to 200 $\mu$ A, 1 kHz
	2000 $\mu$ A *1	1/10 full-scale Full scale	160 $\mu$ A to 200 $\mu$ A, 1 kHz 1600 $\mu$ A to 2000 $\mu$ A, 1 kHz
	20 mA *1	1/10 full-scale Full scale	1.6 mA to 2.0 mA, 1 kHz 16 mA to 20 mA, 1 kHz
	200 mA	1/10 full-scale Full scale	16 mA to 20 mA, 1 kHz 160 mA to 200 mA, 1 kHz
	5 A *1	1/10 full-scale Full scale	0.4 A to 0.5 A, 1kHz 4 A to 5 A, 1kHz
	10 A *2	1/10 full-scale Full scale	0.8 A to 1 A, 1kHz 8 A to 10 A, 1kHz


\*1 : Ranges on R6441C only.  
\*2 : Ranges on R6441A/B only.

### 11.2.2 Calibration Procedure

Note: Only particular functions or ranges can be calibrated. First, calibrate 2000 mV range of the DC voltage measurement. Remaining functions and ranges have no priority for calibration.

(1) Setting calibration mode

CAL

When press the  key on the front panel, for calibration mode indicator, lights up the CAL indicator .

Note: Since the CAL switch is ineffective when functions having no calibration point is set, be sure to press the switch after setting any function shown in Table 11-2 .

CAUTION

Power off the R6441 after canceling the calibration mode.

The R6441 stores the calibration data into the internal non-volatile memory and all the data is written in the gross when the calibration mode is canceled. Therefore, if the R6441 is powered off in the calibration mode, the data may not be stored.

(2) Setting calibration function


With the key or switch on the front panel or remote control, set the function to be calibrated.

(3) Setting calibration range

With the key or switch on the front panel or remote control, set the range to be calibrated.


(4) Calibrating each range

① Apply the input within a range shown in Table 11-2 after the function and range is set.

② Pressing the  flashes the number of changeable digit.

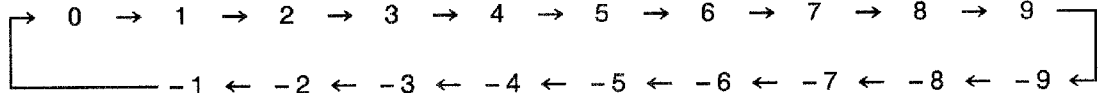


Flashing

③ Pressing the  moves the changeable point to the right.

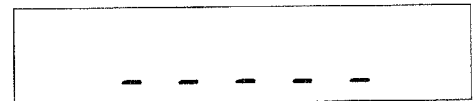
→ 10<sup>4</sup> digits → 10<sup>3</sup> digits → 10<sup>2</sup> digits → 10<sup>1</sup> digits → 10<sup>0</sup> digits

- ④ Pressing the **UP** increases the number by one as shown below while pressing the **DOWN** decreases it by one. Also, with the exception of  $10^5$  digits, the number moves to upper or lower digits when 9 or 1 is displayed.



- ⑤ Set the displayed value to the input value in the steps ③ and ④.  
⑥ Use the **I/F** to cancel the setting of calibration value because of wrong entry of the number and the R6441 returns the status before pressing the **RCL**.  
⑦ Press the **STORE** to execute the calibration.

The display is as shown in the right:



CAUTION

When the calibration value is set through remote control, the calibration value is decided with being read from right to left. Therefore, if the maximum number of digits for the range is  $3\frac{1}{2}$ , be sure to enter the calibration value with  $4\frac{1}{2}$  digit.


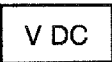


- (5) With repeating (2) to (4), calibrate each function and each range.  
(6) Canceling the calibration mode


When the calibration mode is canceled by pressing the CAL switch on the front panel again or through remote control, the finally calibrated function and range are set and R6441 returns to the measurement status.


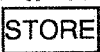

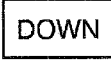
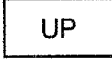




### 11.3 Examples of Calibration


Example 1: Calibration for 2000 mV range of DC voltage measurement function



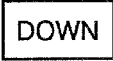

- CAL
- ① Press  to enter the calibration mode.
  - ② Press the  to set the DC voltage measurement function and use the  or  to set 2000 mV range.
 

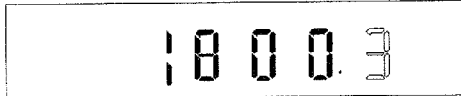



Flashing
  - ③ Short the input or enter 0 V and press the .
  - ④ After confirming that 0 is displayed, press the . If 0 does not appear, use the , , or  to display 0 and press the  for calibration.
 





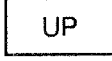


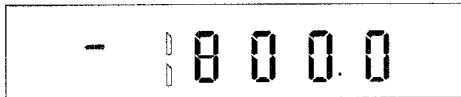


Flashing
  - ⑤ Enter DC voltage +1.8 V and press the .
  - ⑥ Use the , , or  to adjust the displayed value to the calibration value of the standard DC voltage generator. (Example 1800.3 mV)
 




Flashing
  - ⑦ Press the  to execute the calibration.
 


  - ⑧ Input the DC voltage -1.8 V and press the .
  - ⑨ Use the , , or  to adjust the displayed value to the calibration value of the standard DC voltage generator. (Example 180.05 mV)
 



Flashing



- ⑩ Press the **STORE** to execute the calibration.



CAL

- ⑪ Press **⊙** to cancel the calibration mode and exit the mode.

Example 2: Calibration for 200 mV range of AC voltage measurement function

CAL

- ① Press **⊙** to enter the calibration mode.

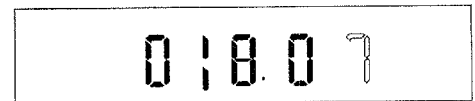
- ② Press the **V AC** to set the AC voltage measurement function and use the **DOWN** to set 200 mV range.



Flashing

- ③ Enter AC voltage 18 mV, 1 kHz and press the **RCL**.

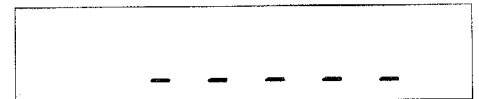
- ④ Use the **AUTO**, **DOWN**, or **UP** to



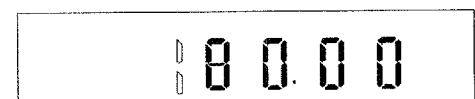
Flashing

adjust the displayed value to the calibration value of the standard AC voltage generator. (Example 18.07 mV)

- ⑤ Press the **STORE** to execute the calibration.

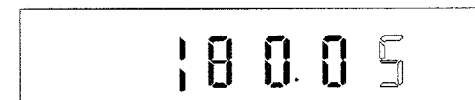


- ⑥ Input the AC voltage 180 mV, 1 kHz and press the **RCL**.



Flashing

- ⑦ Use the **AUTO**, **DOWN**, or **UP** to



Flashing

adjust the displayed value to the calibration value of the standard AC voltage generator. (Example 180.05 mV)

- ⑧ Press the **STORE** to execute the calibration.



CAL

- ⑨ Press **⊙** to cancel the calibration mode and exit the mode.

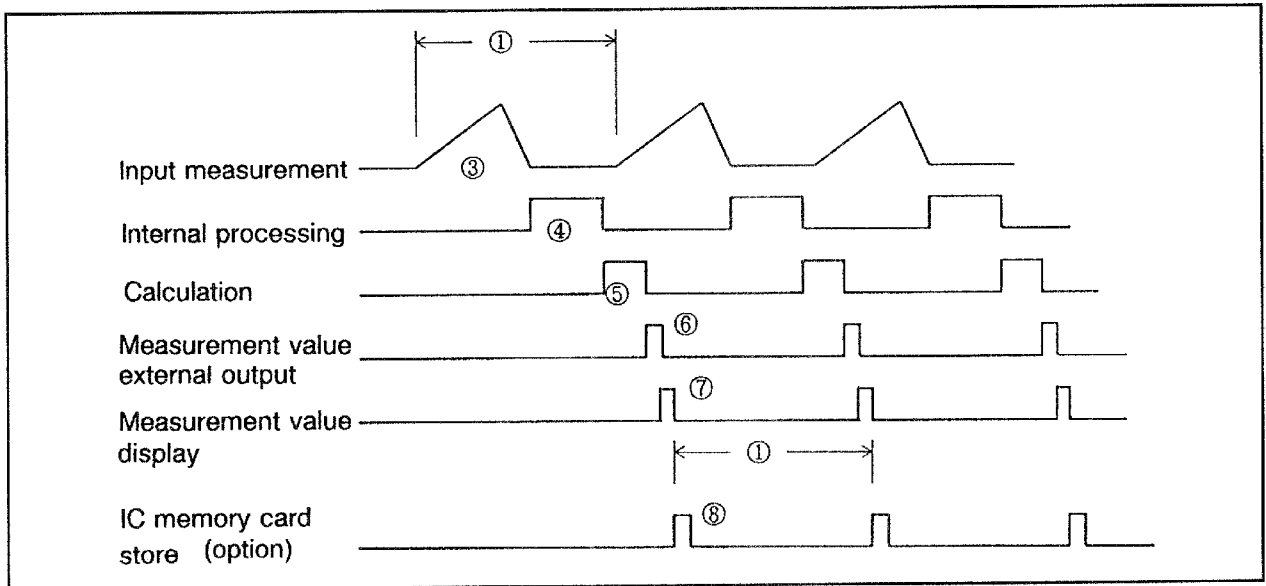


## 12. MEASUREMENT SPEED

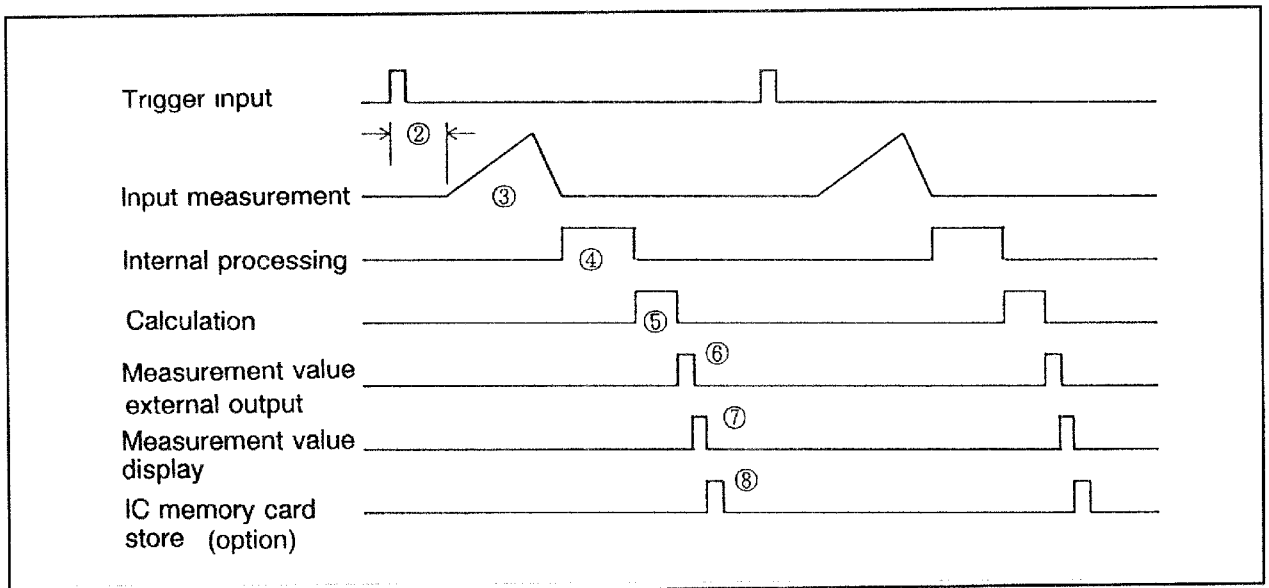
### 12.1 Measurement Operations

The following are the outline of the measurement operations:

(1) Free-run



(2) Hold/trigger



## 12.2 Measurement Speed

### ① Measurement period

Table 12-1 shows the measurement periods when the sampling mode is set to free-run.

Table 12-1 Measurement Period

Measurement function	Sampling rate		
	FAST	MID	SLOW
DC voltage measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
AC voltage measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
Resistance measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
DC current measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
AC current measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
AC voltage measurement (AC + DC coupling mode)	38(26.3)	220(4.5)	820(1.2)
AC current measurement (AC + DC coupling mode)	38(26.3)	220(4.5)	820(1.2)
Diode measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
Continuity measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
Frequency measurement	210(4.7)	300(3.3)	600(1.6)

### ② Trigger delay time

When the sampling mode is set to hold, the delay time taken from the trigger input to measurement start is 5 mS or less.

### ③ Input measurement time (A/D conversion)

The times to be taken to measure the input (A/D conversion) are:

- FAST : Approx. 9 mS
- MID : Approx. 97 mS
- SLOW: Approx. 397 mS

### ④ Internal processing time

The internal processing time to be taken to convert the A/D converted data into the format to be output is approx. 3.2 mS.

⑤ Computation times

The time to be taken to execute each operation are:

- Null : Approx. 0.1 mS
- Smoothing : Approx. 1.2 mS
- dB : Approx. 5.2 mS
- dBm : Approx. 5.6 mS
- Scaling : Approx. 2.3 mS
- MAX : Approx. 0.6 mS
- MIN : Approx. 0.6 mS
- Comparator : Approx. 0.8 mS

⑥ Measurement value external output time

This is the time taken to output the measurement result to each interface.

⑦ Measurement value display time

The time taken to display the measurement value is approx. 0.6 mS.

⑧ IC memory card store time

In case that the optional IC memory card is installed, the time taken to store the measurement value in the IC memory card is approx. 1.2 mS.



## 13. Specifications

Measurement accuracy : One-year guarantee under the use of a temperature of  $23^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$  and a humidity of 85% or less (in case of 20 M $\Omega$  and 200 M $\Omega$  of the resistance measurement, 75% or less).

Display :  $\pm$  % of reading  $\pm$  digits

Temperature coefficient :  $(0.1 \times \text{applied temperature})/^{\circ}\text{C}$  at a temperature  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$

### 13.1 R6441A Performance Specifications

#### (1) DC voltage measurement

- Resolution and maximum readings

Range	Resolution		Maximum reading	
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW
20 mV	10 $\mu\text{V}$	1 $\mu\text{V}$	19.99	19.999
200 mV	100 $\mu\text{V}$	10 $\mu\text{V}$	199.9	199.99
2000 mV	1 mV	100 $\mu\text{V}$	1999.	1999.9
20 V	10 mV	1 mV	19.99	19.999
200 V	100 mV	10 mV	199.9	199.99
1000 V	1 V	100 mV	1099	1099.9

- Measurement accuracy and input impedance

Range	Measurement accuracy			Input impedance
	FAST	MID	SLOW	
20 mV	$0.04 \pm 2$	$0.04 \pm 8$	$0.04 \pm 5$	1 G $\Omega$ or more
200 mV	$0.04 \pm 2$	$0.04 \pm 3$	$0.04 \pm 2$	
2000 mV	$0.04 \pm 2$	$0.04 \pm 3$	$0.04 \pm 2$	
20 V	$0.04 \pm 2$	$0.04 \pm 3$	$0.04 \pm 2$	11.1 M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1%
200 V	$0.04 \pm 2$	$0.04 \pm 3$	$0.04 \pm 2$	10.1 M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1%
1000 V	$0.04 \pm 2$	$0.04 \pm 3$	$0.04 \pm 2$	10.0 M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1%

- Maximum allowable input voltage: between input terminals  $\pm$  1100 V (continuous)



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**13.1 R6441A Performance Specifications**

- Noise rejection ratio

	FAST	MID/SLOW
Effective common-mode noise rejection ratio (unbalanced impedance 1 k $\Omega$ ) 50/60 Hz $\pm$ 0.1%, DC	Approx. 60 dB	Approx. 120 dB
Normal-mode noise rejection ratio 50/60 Hz $\pm$ 0.1%	0 dB	Approx. 60 dB

(2) AC voltage measurement

- Resolution and maximum reading

Range	AC coupling mode				High-speed response			
	Resolution		Maximum reading		Resolution		Maximum reading	
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST/MID	SLOW	FAST/MID	SLOW
200 mV	100 $\mu$ V	10 $\mu$ V	199.9	199.99	100 $\mu$ V	10 $\mu$ V	199.9	199.99
2000 mV	1 mV	100 $\mu$ V	1999.	1999.9	1 mV	100 $\mu$ V	1999	1999.9
20 V	10 mV	1 mV	19.99	19.999	10 mV	1 mV	19.99	19.999
200 V	100 mV	10 mV	199.9	199.99	100 mV	10 mV	199.9	199.99
700 V	1 V	100 mV	709	709.9	1 V	100 mV	709	709.9

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**13.1 R6441A Performance Specifications**

- Measurement accuracy

Sampling rate: FAST

Range	AC coupling mode				High-speed response		
	20 Hz to 45 Hz	45 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz	300 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz
200 mV	0.6 ± 30	0.25 ± 35	0.8 ± 40	5 ± 50	0.25 ± 35	0.8 ± 40	5 ± 50
2000 mV	0.6 ± 5	0.25 ± 4	0.8 ± 4	5 ± 6	0.25 ± 4	0.8 ± 4	5 ± 6
20 V	0.6 ± 5	0.25 ± 5	0.8 ± 5	5 ± 6	0.25 ± 5	0.8 ± 5	5 ± 6
200 V	0.6 ± 5	0.25 ± 5	0.8 ± 5	5 ± 6	0.25 ± 5	0.8 ± 5	5 ± 6
700 V	0.6 ± 5	0.25 ± 4	0.8 ± 4	5 ± 6	0.25 ± 4	0.8 ± 4	5 ± 6

Sampling rate: MID

Range	AC coupling mode				High-speed response		
	20 Hz to 45 Hz	45 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz	300 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz
200 mV	0.6 ± 45	0.25 ± 35	0.8 ± 40	5 ± 50	0.25 ± 45	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 60
2000 mV	0.6 ± 40	0.25 ± 30	0.8 ± 35	5 ± 50	0.25 ± 45	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 60
20 V	0.6 ± 40	0.25 ± 40	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 50	0.25 ± 45	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 60
200 V	0.6 ± 40	0.25 ± 40	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 50	0.25 ± 45	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 60
700 V	0.6 ± 40	0.25 ± 30	0.8 ± 35	5 ± 50	0.25 ± 45	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 60

Sampling rate: SLOW

Range	AC coupling mode				High-speed response		
	20 Hz to 45 Hz	45 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz	300 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz
200 mV	0.6 ± 40	0.25 ± 35	0.8 ± 40	5 ± 50	0.25 ± 45	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 60
2000 mV	0.6 ± 35	0.25 ± 30	0.8 ± 35	5 ± 50	0.25 ± 45	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 60
20 V	0.6 ± 45	0.25 ± 40	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 50	0.25 ± 45	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 60
200 V	0.6 ± 45	0.25 ± 40	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 50	0.25 ± 45	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 60
700 V	0.6 ± 35	0.25 ± 30	0.8 ± 35	5 ± 50	0.25 ± 45	0.8 ± 45	5 ± 60

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**13.1 R6441A Performance Specifications**

- Measurement method : Average value/RMS value
- Input impedance : 1.1 M $\Omega$   $\pm$  10%, 100 pF or less
- Maximum allowable input voltage : 800 Vrms, 1100 Vpeak, 1000000 VHz
- Response time : Approx. 1 sec. (until it reaches a value within 0.1% of the final value at the same range)  
Approx. 0.3 sec. (high-speed response)

(3) Resistance measurement

- Resolution and maximum reading

Range	Resistance measurement				In-circuit resistance measurement			
	Resolution		Maximum reading		Resolution		Maximum reading	
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST/MID	SLOW	FAST/MID	SLOW
200 $\Omega$	100 m $\Omega$	10 m $\Omega$	199.9	199.99	100 m $\Omega$	10 m $\Omega$	199.9	199.99
2000 $\Omega$	1 $\Omega$	100 m $\Omega$	1999	1999.9	1 $\Omega$	100 m $\Omega$	1999	1999.9
20 k $\Omega$	10 $\Omega$	1 $\Omega$	19.99	19.999	10 $\Omega$	1 $\Omega$	19.99	19.999
200 k $\Omega$	100 $\Omega$	10 $\Omega$	199.9	199.99	100 $\Omega$	10 $\Omega$	199.9	199.99
2000 k $\Omega$	1 k $\Omega$	100 $\Omega$	1999	1999.9	1 k $\Omega$	100 $\Omega$	1999	1999.9
20 M $\Omega$	10 k $\Omega$	1 k $\Omega$	19.99	19.999	10 k $\Omega$	1 k $\Omega$	19.99	19.999
200 M $\Omega$	100 k $\Omega$	10 k $\Omega$	199.9	199.99	-	-	-	-

- Measurement current and measurement accuracy

Resistance measurement

Range	Measurement current	Measurement accuracy		
		FAST	MID	SLOW
200 $\Omega$	3 mA	0.07 $\pm$ 3	0.07 $\pm$ 10	0.07 $\pm$ 10
2000 $\Omega$	1 mA	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2
20 k $\Omega$	100 $\mu$ A	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2
200 k $\Omega$	10 $\mu$ A	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2
2000 k $\Omega$	1 $\mu$ A	0.1 $\pm$ 2	0.1 $\pm$ 3	0.1 $\pm$ 2
20 M $\Omega$	100 nA	0.3 $\pm$ 3	0.3 $\pm$ 8	0.3 $\pm$ 5
200 M $\Omega$	10 nA	3.0 $\pm$ 3	3.0 $\pm$ 10	3.0 $\pm$ 10

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**13.1 R6441A Performance Specifications**

In-circuit resistance measurement

Range	Measurement current	Measurement accuracy		
		FAST	MID	SLOW
200 $\Omega$	1 mA	0.07 $\pm$ 10	0.07 $\pm$ 10	0.07 $\pm$ 100
2000 $\Omega$	100 $\mu$ A	0.07 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20
20 k $\Omega$	10 $\mu$ A	0.07 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20
200 k $\Omega$	1 $\mu$ A	0.5 $\pm$ 20	0.1 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20
2000 k $\Omega$	100 nA	2 $\pm$ 20	0.5 $\pm$ 20	0.1 $\pm$ 20
20 M $\Omega$	10 nA	3 $\pm$ 50	1 $\pm$ 50	0.3 $\pm$ 50

- Open terminal voltage : Max. 7 V
- Maximum allowable input voltage :  $\pm$  500 V
- Zero resistance error : 0.05 $\Omega$  or less in each range (when NULL function is used)  
Excluding cable resistance from the measurement accuracy.
- Response time : Approx. 0.5 sec. for 20 M $\Omega$   
Approx. 2 sec. for 200 M $\Omega$

(4) DC current measurement

- Resolution and maximum reading

Range	Resolution		Maximum reading	
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW
20 mA	10 $\mu$ A	1 $\mu$ A	19.99	19.999
200 mA	100 $\mu$ A	10 $\mu$ A	199.9	199.99
2000 mA	1 mA	100 $\mu$ A	1999	1999.9
10 A	10 mA	1 mA	10.99	10.999

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**13.1 R6441A Performance Specifications**

- Measurement accuracy and input impedance

Range	Measurement accuracy			Input terminal resistance
	FAST	MID	SLOW	
20 mA	0.2 ± 2	0.2 ± 5	0.2 ± 5	2Ω or less
200 mA	0.2 ± 2	0.2 ± 5	0.2 ± 5	2Ω or less
2000 mA	0.6 ± 2	0.6 ± 5	0.6 ± 5	0.05Ω or less
10 A	0.6 ± 2	0.6 ± 5	0.6 ± 5	0.05Ω or less

- Overload current protection : 20/200 mA terminal (0.5 A/250 V) IEC127 sheet 1 immediately blown fuse protection  
2/10 A terminal (15 A/250 V) breaking capacity 10000 A immediately blown fuse protection

(5) AC current measurement

- Resolution, maximum reading, and input terminal resistance

Range	Resolution		Maximum reading		Input terminal resistance
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW	
200 mA	100 μA	10 μA	199.9	199.99	2Ω or less
10 A	10 mA	1 mA	10.99	10.999	0.05Ω or less

- Measurement accuracy

AC coupling mode

Range	FAST		MID		SLOW	
	20 Hz to 1 kHz	1 kHz to 5 kHz	20 Hz to 1 kHz	1 kHz to 5 kHz	20 Hz to 1 kHz	1 kHz to 5 kHz
200 mA	0.8 ± 20	5 ± 20	0.8 ± 40	5 ± 40	0.8 ± 40	5 ± 40
10 A	0.8 ± 25	5 ± 25	0.8 ± 40	5 ± 40	0.8 ± 40	5 ± 40

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**13.1 R6441A Performance Specifications**

High-speed response

Range	FAST		MID		SLOW	
	20 Hz to 1 kHz	1 kHz to 5 kHz	20 Hz to 1 kHz	1 kHz to 5 kHz	20 Hz to 1 kHz	1 kHz to 5 kHz
200 mA	0.8 ± 20	5 ± 20	0.8 ± 20	5 ± 20	0.8 ± 40	5 ± 40
10 A	0.8 ± 25	5 ± 25	0.8 ± 25	5 ± 25	0.8 ± 40	5 ± 40

- Measurement method : Average value/RMS value
- Overload current protection : 20/200 mA terminal (0.5 A/250 V) IECI27 sheet 1 immediately blown fuse protection  
2/10 A terminal (15 A/250 V) breaking capacity 10000 A immediately blown fuse protection
- Response time : Approx. 1 sec. (until it reaches a value within 0.1% of the final value at the same range)  
Approx. 0.3 sec. (high-speed response)

(6) Diode measurement

- Resolution, maximum reading, measurement current, and measurement accuracy

	FAST	MID/SLOW
Resolution	1 mV	100 $\mu$ V
Maximum reading	1999	1999.9
Measurement current	1 mA	1 mA
Measurement accuracy	0.07 ± 2	0.07 ± 2

- Open terminal voltage : Max. 7 V
- Maximum allowable input voltage : ± 500 V
- Zero resistance error : 0.05  $\Omega$  or less in each range (when NULL function is used)  
Excluding cable resistance from the measurement accuracy.

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**13.1 R6441A Performance Specifications**

(7) Continuity measurement

- Continuity judgment level : The output value is less than 20  $\Omega$ .
- Resolution, maximum reading, measurement current, and measurement accuracy

	FAST	MID/SLOW
Resolution	100 m $\Omega$	10 m $\Omega$
Maximum reading	199.9	199.99
Measurement current	3 mA	3 mA
Measurement accuracy	0.07 $\pm$ 3	0.07 $\pm$ 10

- Open terminal voltage : Max. 7 V
- Maximum allowable input voltage :  $\pm$  500 V
- Zero resistance error : 0.05 $\Omega$  or less in each range (when NULL function is used)  
Excluding cable resistance from the measurement accuracy.

(8) Measurement time

- Sampling mode: Free-run

Measurement function	FAST	MID	SLOW
DC voltage measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
AC voltage measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
Resistance measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
DC current measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
AC current measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
Diode measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
Continuity measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)

Unit: mS (times/sec.)

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**13.2 R6441B Performance Specifications**

### 13.2 R6441B Performance Specifications

(1) DC voltage measurement

- Resolution and maximum readings

Range	Resolution		Maximum reading	
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW
20 mV	10 $\mu$ V	1 $\mu$ V	19.99	19.999
200 mV	100 $\mu$ V	10 $\mu$ V	199.9	199.99
2000 mV	1 mV	100 $\mu$ V	1999.	1999.9
20 V	10 mV	1 mV	19.99	19.999
200 V	100 mV	10 mV	199.9	199.99
1000 V	1 V	100 mV	1099	1099.9

- Measurement accuracy and input impedance

Range	Resolution			Input impedance
	FAST	MID	SLOW	
20 mV	0.04 $\pm$ 2	0.04 $\pm$ 8	0.04 $\pm$ 5	1 G $\Omega$ or more
200 mV	0.04 $\pm$ 2	0.04 $\pm$ 3	0.04 $\pm$ 2	1 G $\Omega$ or more
2000 mV	0.04 $\pm$ 2	0.04 $\pm$ 3	0.04 $\pm$ 2	1 G $\Omega$ or more
20 V	0.04 $\pm$ 2	0.04 $\pm$ 3	0.04 $\pm$ 2	11.1 M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1%
200 V	0.04 $\pm$ 2	0.04 $\pm$ 3	0.04 $\pm$ 2	10.1 M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1%
1000 V	0.04 $\pm$ 2	0.04 $\pm$ 3	0.04 $\pm$ 2	10.0 M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1%

- Maximum allowable input voltage:  $\pm$  1100 V (continuous)



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**13.2 R6441B Performance Specifications**

- Noise rejection ratio

	FAST	MID/SLOW
Effective common-mode noise rejection ratio (unbalanced impedance 1 k $\Omega$ ) 50/60 Hz $\pm$ 0.1%, DC	Approx. 60 dB	Approx. 120 dB
Normal-mode noise rejection ratio 50/60 Hz $\pm$ 0.1%	0 dB	Approx. 60 dB

(2) AC voltage measurement

- Resolution and maximum reading

Range	AC coupling mode				AC + DC coupling mode			
	Resolution		Maximum reading		Resolution		Maximum reading	
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST/MID	SLOW	FAST/MID	SLOW
200 mV	100 $\mu$ V	10 $\mu$ V	199.9	199.99	100 $\mu$ V	10 $\mu$ V	199.9	199.99
2000 mV	1 mV	100 $\mu$ V	1999.	1999.9	1 mV	100 $\mu$ V	1999	1999.9
20 V	10 mV	1 mV	19.99	19.999	10 mV	1 mV	19.99	19.999
200 V	100 mV	10 mV	199.9	199.99	100 mV	10 mV	199.9	199.99
700 V	1 V	100 mV	709	709.9	1 V	100 mV	709	709.9

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**13.2 R6441B Performance Specifications**

- Measurement accuracy

Sampling rate: FAST

Range	AC coupling mode				AC + DC coupling mode			
	20 Hz to 45 Hz	45 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz	20 Hz to 45 Hz	5 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz
200 mV	0.6 ± 30	0.2 ± 20	0.5 ± 20	4 ± 30	0.6 ± 30	0.2 ± 20	0.5 ± 20	4 ± 30
2000 mV	0.6 ± 5	0.2 ± 4	0.5 ± 4	4 ± 6	0.6 ± 5	0.2 ± 4	0.5 ± 4	4 ± 6
20 V	0.6 ± 5	0.2 ± 4	0.5 ± 4	4 ± 6	0.6 ± 5	0.2 ± 4	0.5 ± 4	4 ± 6
200 V	0.6 ± 5	0.2 ± 4	0.5 ± 4	4 ± 6	0.6 ± 5	0.2 ± 4	0.5 ± 4	4 ± 6
700 V	0.6 ± 5	0.2 ± 4	0.5 ± 4	4 ± 6	0.6 ± 5	0.2 ± 4	0.5 ± 4	4 ± 6

Sampling rate: MID

Range	AC coupling mode				AC + DC coupling mode			
	20 Hz to 45 Hz	45 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz	20 Hz to 45 Hz	5 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz
200 mV	0.6 ± 45	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60	0.6 ± 30	0.2 ± 20	0.5 ± 20	4 ± 30
2000 mV	0.6 ± 40	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60	0.6 ± 5	0.2 ± 4	0.5 ± 4	4 ± 6
20 V	0.6 ± 40	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60	0.6 ± 5	0.2 ± 4	0.5 ± 4	4 ± 6
200 V	0.6 ± 40	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60	0.6 ± 5	0.2 ± 4	0.5 ± 4	4 ± 6
700 V	0.6 ± 40	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60	0.6 ± 5	0.2 ± 4	0.5 ± 4	4 ± 6

Sampling rate: SLOW

Range	AC coupling mode				AC + DC coupling mode			
	20 Hz to 45 Hz	45 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz	20 Hz to 45 Hz	5 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz
200 mV	0.6 ± 35	0.2 ± 30	0.5 ± 30	4 ± 50	0.6 ± 45	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60
2000 mV	0.6 ± 35	0.2 ± 30	0.5 ± 30	4 ± 50	0.6 ± 40	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60
20 V	0.6 ± 35	0.2 ± 30	0.5 ± 30	4 ± 50	0.6 ± 40	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60
200 V	0.6 ± 35	0.2 ± 30	0.5 ± 30	4 ± 50	0.6 ± 40	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60
700 V	0.6 ± 35	0.2 ± 30	0.5 ± 30	4 ± 50	0.6 ± 40	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60

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**13.2 R6441B Performance Specifications**

- Measurement method : TrueRMS
- Input range : 5% or more of full scale
- Crest factor : 3:1 on full scale
- Input impedance : 1.1 M $\Omega$   $\pm$  10%, 100 pF or less
- Maximum allowable input voltage : 800 V<sub>rms</sub>, 1100 V<sub>peak</sub>, 10000000 VHz
- Response time : Approx. 1 sec. (until it reaches a value within 0.1% of the final value at the same range)

(3) Resistance measurement

- Resolution and maximum reading

Range	Resistance measurement				In-circuit resistance measurement			
	Resolution		Maximum reading		Resolution		Maximum reading	
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST/MID	SLOW	FAST/MID	SLOW
200 $\Omega$	100 m $\Omega$	10 m $\Omega$	199.9	199.99	100 m $\Omega$	10 m $\Omega$	199.9	199.99
2000 $\Omega$	1 $\Omega$	100 m $\Omega$	1999	1999.9	1 $\Omega$	100 m $\Omega$	1999	1999.9
20 k $\Omega$	10 $\Omega$	1 $\Omega$	19.99	19.999	10 $\Omega$	1 $\Omega$	19.99	19.999
200 k $\Omega$	100 $\Omega$	10 $\Omega$	199.9	199.99	100 $\Omega$	10 $\Omega$	199.9	199.99
2000 k $\Omega$	1 k $\Omega$	100 $\Omega$	1999	1999.9	1 k $\Omega$	100 $\Omega$	1999	1999.9
20 M $\Omega$	10 k $\Omega$	1 k $\Omega$	19.99	19.999	10 k $\Omega$	1 k $\Omega$	19.99	19.999
200 M $\Omega$	100 k $\Omega$	10 k $\Omega$	199.9	199.99	-	-	-	-

- Measurement current and measurement accuracy

Resistance measurement

Range	Measurement current	Measurement accuracy		
		FAST	MID	SLOW
200 $\Omega$	3 mA	0.07 $\pm$ 3	0.07 $\pm$ 10	0.07 $\pm$ 6
2000 $\Omega$	1 mA	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2
20 k $\Omega$	100 $\mu$ A	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2
200 k $\Omega$	10 $\mu$ A	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2
2000 k $\Omega$	1 $\mu$ A	0.1 $\pm$ 2	0.1 $\pm$ 3	0.1 $\pm$ 2
20 M $\Omega$	100 nA	0.3 $\pm$ 3	0.3 $\pm$ 8	0.3 $\pm$ 5
200 M $\Omega$	10 nA	3.0 $\pm$ 3	3.0 $\pm$ 10	3.0 $\pm$ 10

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**13.2 R6441B Performance Specifications**

In-circuit resistance measurement

Range	Measurement current	Measurement accuracy		
		FAST	MID	SLOW
200 $\Omega$	1 mA	0.07 $\pm$ 10	0.07 $\pm$ 10	0.07 $\pm$ 100
2000 $\Omega$	100 $\mu$ A	0.07 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20
20 k $\Omega$	10 $\mu$ A	0.07 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20
200 k $\Omega$	1 $\mu$ A	0.5 $\pm$ 20	0.1 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20
2000 k $\Omega$	100 nA	2 $\pm$ 20	0.5 $\pm$ 20	0.1 $\pm$ 20
20 M $\Omega$	10 nA	3 $\pm$ 50	1 $\pm$ 50	0.3 $\pm$ 50

- Open terminal voltage : Max. 7 V
- Maximum allowable input voltage :  $\pm$  500 V
- Zero resistance error : 0.05 $\Omega$  or less in each range (when NULL function is used)  
Excluding cable resistance from the measurement accuracy.
- Response time : Approx. 0.5 sec. for 20 M $\Omega$   
Approx. 2 sec. for 200 M $\Omega$

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**13.2 R6441B Performance Specifications**

(4) DC current measurement

- Resolution and maximum reading

Range	Resolution		Maximum reading	
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW
20 mA	10 $\mu$ A	1 $\mu$ A	19.99	19.999
200 mA	100 $\mu$ A	10 $\mu$ A	199.9	199.99
2000 mA	1 mA	100 $\mu$ A	1999	1999.9
10 A	10 mA	1 mA	10.99	10.999

- Measurement accuracy and input impedance

Range	Measurement accuracy			Input terminal resistance
	FAST	MID	SLOW	
20 mA	0.2 $\pm$ 2	0.2 $\pm$ 5	0.2 $\pm$ 5	2 $\Omega$ or less
200 mA	0.2 $\pm$ 2	0.2 $\pm$ 5	0.2 $\pm$ 5	2 $\Omega$ or less
2000 mA	0.6 $\pm$ 2	0.6 $\pm$ 5	0.6 $\pm$ 5	0.05 $\Omega$ or less
10 A	0.6 $\pm$ 2	0.6 $\pm$ 5	0.6 $\pm$ 5	0.05 $\Omega$ or less

- Overload current protection : 20/200 mA terminal (0.5 A/250 V) IEC127 sheet 1 immediately blown fuse protection  
2/10 A terminal (15 A/250 V) breaking capacity 10000 A immediately blown fuse protection

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(5) AC current measurement

- Resolution, maximum reading, and input terminal resistance

Range	Resolution		Maximum reading		Input terminal resistance
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW	
200 mA	100 $\mu$ A	10 $\mu$ A	199.9	199.99	2 $\Omega$ or less
10 A	10 mA	1 mA	10.99	10.999	0.05 $\Omega$ or less

- Measurement accuracy

AC coupling mode

Range	FAST		MID		SLOW	
	20 Hz to 1 kHz	1 kHz to 5 kHz	20 Hz to 1 kHz	1 kHz to 5 kHz	20 Hz to 1 kHz	1 kHz to 5 kHz
200 mA	0.8 $\pm$ 20	5 $\pm$ 20	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40
10 A	0.8 $\pm$ 25	5 $\pm$ 25	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40

AC + DC coupling mode

Range	FAST		MID		SLOW	
	20 Hz to 1 kHz	1 kHz to 5 kHz	20 Hz to 1 kHz	1 kHz to 5 kHz	20 Hz to 1 kHz	1 kHz to 5 kHz
200 mA	0.8 $\pm$ 20	5 $\pm$ 20	0.8 $\pm$ 20	5 $\pm$ 20	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40
10 A	0.8 $\pm$ 25	5 $\pm$ 25	0.8 $\pm$ 25	5 $\pm$ 25	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40

- Measurement method : TrueRMS
- Overload current protection : 20/200 mA terminal (0.5 A/250 V) IECI27 sheet 1 immediately blown fuse protection  
2/10 A terminal (15 A/250 V) breaking capacity 10000 A immediately blown fuse protection
- Input range : 5% or more of full scale
- Crest factor : 3:1 on full scale
- Response time : Approx. 1 sec. (until it reaches a value within 0.1% of the final value at the same range)

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**13.2 R6441B Performance Specifications**

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(6) Diode measurement

- Resolution, maximum reading, measurement current, and measurement accuracy

	FAST	MID/SLOW
Resolution	1 mV	100 $\mu$ V
Maximum reading	1999	1999.9
Measurement current	1 mA	1 mA
Measurement accuracy	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2

- Open terminal voltage : Max. 7 V
- Maximum allowable input voltage :  $\pm$  500 V
- Zero resistance error : 0.05 $\Omega$  or less in each range (when NULL function is used)  
Excluding cable resistance from the measurement accuracy.

(7) Continuity measurement

- Continuity judgment level : The output value is less than 20  $\Omega$ .
- Open terminal voltage : Max. 7 V
- Maximum allowable input voltage :  $\pm$  500 V
- Zero resistance error : 0.05 $\Omega$  or less in each range (when NULL function is used)  
Excluding cable resistance from the measurement accuracy.

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(8) Frequency measurement

- Resolution, measurement ranges, maximum reading, and measurement accuracy

Range	Resolution	Measurement range*	Maximum reading	Measurement accuracy
20 Hz	1 mHz	17 Hz to 20 Hz	19.999	0.02 ± 2
200 Hz	10 mHz	20 Hz to 200 Hz	199.99	0.02 ± 2
2000 Hz	100 mHz	20 Hz to 2000 Hz	1999.9	0.02 ± 2
20 kHz	1 Hz	20 Hz to 20 kHz	19.999	0.02 ± 2
200 kHz	10 Hz	200 Hz to 200 kHz	199.99	0.02 ± 2

\*: Frequencies outside the ranges as shown above can be displayed but out of guarantee.

- Input sensitivity, maximum allowable input voltage, and input impedance

Input signal	Input terminal	Frequency	Input sensitivity (sine wave)	
AC voltage	V	20 Hz 20Hz to 200 Hz 200Hz to 100 kHz 100 kHz to 200 kHz	1 Vrms 100 mVrms 30 mvrms 100 mVrms	Maximum allowable input voltage 800 Vrms, 1100 Vpeak, 17 VHz Input impedance 1.1 MΩ ± 10%, 100 pF or less



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(9) Measurement time

- Sampling mode: free-run

Measurement function	FAST	MID	SLOW
DC voltage measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
AC voltage measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
AC voltage measurement (AC + DC coupling mode)	38(26)	220(4.5)	820(1.2)
Resistance measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
DC current measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
AC current measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
AC current measurement (AC + DC coupling mode)	38(26)	220(4.5)	820(1.2)
Diode measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
Continuity measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
Frequency measurement	210(4.7)	300(3.3)	600(1.5)

Unit: mS (times/sec.)

### 13.3 R6441C Performance Specifications

(1) DC voltage measurement

- Resolution and maximum readings

Range	Resolution		Maximum reading	
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW
20 mV	10 $\mu$ V	1 $\mu$ V	19.99	19.999
200 mV	100 $\mu$ V	10 $\mu$ V	199.9	199.99
2000 mV	1 mV	100 $\mu$ V	1999.	1999.9
20 V	10 mV	1 mV	19.99	19.999
200 V	100 mV	10 mV	199.9	199.99
1000 V	1 V	100 mV	1099	1099.9

- Measurement accuracy and input impedance

Range	Resolution			Input impedance
	FAST	MID	SLOW	
20 mV	0.04 $\pm$ 2	0.04 $\pm$ 8	0.04 $\pm$ 5	1 G $\Omega$ or more
200 mV	0.04 $\pm$ 2	0.04 $\pm$ 3	0.04 $\pm$ 2	1 G $\Omega$ or more
2000 mV	0.04 $\pm$ 2	0.04 $\pm$ 3	0.04 $\pm$ 2	1 G $\Omega$ or more
20 V	0.04 $\pm$ 2	0.04 $\pm$ 3	0.04 $\pm$ 2	11.1 M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1%
200 V	0.04 $\pm$ 2	0.04 $\pm$ 3	0.04 $\pm$ 2	10.1 M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1%
1000 V	0.04 $\pm$ 2	0.04 $\pm$ 3	0.04 $\pm$ 2	10.0 M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1%

- Maximum allowable input voltage: between input terminals  $\pm$  1100 V (continuous)

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**13.3 R6441C Performance Specifications**

- Noise rejection ratio

	FAST	MID/SLOW
Effective common-mode noise rejection ratio (unbalanced impedance 1 k $\Omega$ ) 50/60 Hz $\pm$ 0.1%, DC	Approx. 60 dB	Approx. 120 dB
Normal-mode noise rejection ratio 50/60 Hz $\pm$ 0.1%	0 dB	Approx. 60 dB

(2) AC voltage measurement

- Resolution and maximum reading

Range	Resolution		Maximum reading	
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW
200 mV	100 $\mu$ V	10 $\mu$ V	199.9	199.99
2000 mV	1 mV	100 $\mu$ V	1999.	1999.9
20 V	10 mV	1 mV	19.99	19.999
200 V	100 mV	10 mV	199.9	199.99
1000 V	1 V	100 mV	709	709.9

- Measurement accuracy

Sampling rate: FAST

Range	20 Hz to 45 Hz	45 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz
200 mV	0.6 $\pm$ 30	0.2 $\pm$ 20	0.5 $\pm$ 20	4 $\pm$ 30
2000 mV	0.6 $\pm$ 5	0.2 $\pm$ 4	0.5 $\pm$ 4	4 $\pm$ 6
20 V	0.6 $\pm$ 5	0.2 $\pm$ 4	0.5 $\pm$ 4	4 $\pm$ 6
200 V	0.6 $\pm$ 5	0.2 $\pm$ 4	0.5 $\pm$ 4	4 $\pm$ 6
700 V	0.6 $\pm$ 5	0.2 $\pm$ 4	0.5 $\pm$ 4	4 $\pm$ 6

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**13.3 R6441C Performance Specifications**

Sampling rate: MID

Range	20 Hz to 45 Hz	45 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz
200 mV	0.6 ± 45	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60
2000 mV	0.6 ± 40	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60
20 V	0.6 ± 40	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60
200 V	0.6 ± 40	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60
700 V	0.6 ± 40	0.2 ± 40	0.5 ± 40	4 ± 60

Sampling rate: SLOW

Range	20 Hz to 45 Hz	45 Hz to 20 kHz	20 kHz to 30 kHz	30 kHz to 100 kHz
200 mV	0.6 ± 35	0.2 ± 30	0.5 ± 30	4 ± 50
2000 mV	0.6 ± 35	0.2 ± 30	0.5 ± 30	4 ± 50
20 V	0.6 ± 35	0.2 ± 30	0.5 ± 30	4 ± 50
200 V	0.6 ± 35	0.2 ± 30	0.5 ± 30	4 ± 50
700 V	0.6 ± 35	0.2 ± 30	0.5 ± 30	4 ± 50

- Measurement method : TrueRMS
- Input range : 5% or more of full scale
- Crest factor : 3:1 on full scale
- Input impedance : 1.1 MΩ ± 10%, 100 pF or less
- Maximum allowable input voltage : 800 Vrms, 1100 Vpeak, 10000000 VHz
- Response time : Approx. 1 sec. (until it reaches a value within 0.1% of the final value at the same range)

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**13.3 R6441C Performance Specifications**

(3) Resistance measurement

- Resolution and maximum reading

Range	Resistance measurement				In-circuit resistance measurement			
	Resolution		Maximum reading		Resolution		Maximum reading	
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST/MID	SLOW	FAST/MID	SLOW
200 Ω	100 mΩ	10 mΩ	199.9	199.99	100 mΩ	10 mΩ	199.9	199.99
2000 Ω	1 Ω	100 mΩ	1999	1999.9	1 Ω	100 mΩ	1999	1999.9
20 kΩ	10 Ω	1 Ω	19.99	19.999	10 Ω	1 Ω	19.99	19.999
200 kΩ	100 Ω	10 Ω	199.9	199.99	100 Ω	10 Ω	199.9	199.99
2000 kΩ	1 kΩ	100 Ω	1999	1999.9	1 kΩ	100 Ω	1999	1999.9
20 MΩ	10 kΩ	1 kΩ	19.99	19.999	10 kΩ	1 kΩ	19.99	19.999
200 MΩ	100 kΩ	10 kΩ	199.9	199.99	-	-	-	-

- Measurement current and measurement accuracy

Resistance measurement

Range	Measurement current	Measurement accuracy		
		FAST	MID	SLOW
200 Ω	3 mA	0.07 ± 3	0.07 ± 10	0.07 ± 10
2000 Ω	1 mA	0.07 ± 2	0.07 ± 2	0.07 ± 2
20 kΩ	100 μA	0.07 ± 2	0.07 ± 2	0.07 ± 2
200 kΩ	10 μA	0.07 ± 2	0.07 ± 2	0.07 ± 2
2000 kΩ	1 μA	0.1 ± 2	0.1 ± 3	0.1 ± 2
20 MΩ	100 nA	0.3 ± 3	0.3 ± 8	0.3 ± 5
200 MΩ	10 nA	3.0 ± 3	3.0 ± 10	3.0 ± 10

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In-circuit resistance measurement

Range	Measurement current	Measurement accuracy		
		FAST	MID	SLOW
200 $\Omega$	1 mA	0.07 $\pm$ 10	0.07 $\pm$ 10	0.07 $\pm$ 100
2000 $\Omega$	100 $\mu$ A	0.07 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20
20 k $\Omega$	10 $\mu$ A	0.07 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20
200 k $\Omega$	1 $\mu$ A	0.5 $\pm$ 20	0.1 $\pm$ 20	0.07 $\pm$ 20
2000 k $\Omega$	100 nA	2 $\pm$ 20	0.5 $\pm$ 20	0.1 $\pm$ 20
20 M $\Omega$	10 nA	3 $\pm$ 50	1 $\pm$ 50	0.3 $\pm$ 50

- Open terminal voltage : Max. 7 V
- Maximum allowable input voltage :  $\pm$  500 V
- Zero resistance error : 0.05 $\Omega$  or less in each range (when NULL function is used)  
Excluding cable resistance from the measurement accuracy.
- Response time : Approx. 0.5 sec. for 20 M $\Omega$   
Approx. 2 sec. for 200 M $\Omega$

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**13.3 R6441C Performance Specifications**

(4) DC current measurement

- Resolution and maximum reading

Range	Resolution		Maximum reading	
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW
2 $\mu$ A	1 nA	100 pA	1999	1999.9
20 $\mu$ A	10 nA	1 nA	19.99	19.999
200 $\mu$ A	100 nA	10 nA	199.9	199.99
2000 $\mu$ A	1 $\mu$ A	100 nA	1999	1999.9
20 mA	10 $\mu$ A	1 $\mu$ A	19.99	19.999
200 mA	100 $\mu$ A	10 $\mu$ A	199.9	199.99
2000 mA	1 mA	100 $\mu$ A	1999	1999.9
5 A	10 mA	1 mA	4.99	4.999

- Measurement accuracy and input impedance

Range	Measurement accuracy			Input terminal resistance	Input terminal
	FAST	MID	SLOW		
2 $\mu$ A	0.2 $\pm$ 2	0.2 $\pm$ 5	0.2 $\pm$ 5	Approx. 10k $\Omega$ or less	COM-mA
20 $\mu$ A	0.2 $\pm$ 2	0.2 $\pm$ 5	0.2 $\pm$ 5		
200 $\mu$ A	0.2 $\pm$ 2	0.2 $\pm$ 5	0.2 $\pm$ 5		
2000 $\mu$ A	0.2 $\pm$ 2	0.2 $\pm$ 5	0.2 $\pm$ 5	2 $\Omega$ or less	
20 mA	0.2 $\pm$ 2	0.2 $\pm$ 5	0.2 $\pm$ 5		
200 mA	0.2 $\pm$ 2	0.2 $\pm$ 5	0.2 $\pm$ 5	0.1 $\Omega$ or less	
2000 mA	2 $\pm$ 2	2 $\pm$ 10	2 $\pm$ 5		
5 A	2 $\pm$ 2	2 $\pm$ 10	2 $\pm$ 5		

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**13.3 R6441C Performance Specifications**

- Overload current protection : 2  $\mu$ A to 200 mA terminal (0.5 A/250 V) IECI27 sheet 1 immediately blown fuse protection  
2/5 A terminal (6 A/250 V) IECI27 sheet 1 immediately blown fuse protection
- Maximum allowable input voltage: between A Hi, A Lo and COM terminals 200 V
- 2 A/5 A terminal is available in the NULL operation.

(5) AC current measurement

- Resolution, maximum reading, and input terminal resistance

Range	Resolution		Maximum reading		Input terminal resistance
	FAST	MID/SLOW	FAST	MID/SLOW	
200 $\mu$ A	100 nA	10 nA	199.9	199.99	102 $\Omega$ or less
2000 $\mu$ A	1 $\mu$ A	100 nA	1999	1999.9	
20 mA	10 $\mu$ A	1 $\mu$ A	19.99	19.999	2 $\Omega$ or less
200 mA	100 $\mu$ A	10 $\mu$ A	199.9	199.99	0.1 $\Omega$ or less
2000 mA	1 mA	100 $\mu$ A	1999	1999.9	
5 A	10 mA	1 mA	10.99	10.999	

- Measurement accuracy

AC coupling mode

Range	FAST		MID		SLOW	
	20 Hz to 500 Hz	500 Hz to 5 kHz	20 Hz to 500 Hz	500 Hz to 5 kHz	20 Hz to 500 Hz	500 Hz to 5 kHz
200 $\mu$ A	0.8 $\pm$ 20	5 $\pm$ 20	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40
2000 $\mu$ A	0.8 $\pm$ 20	5 $\pm$ 20	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40
20 mA	0.8 $\pm$ 20	5 $\pm$ 20	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40
200 mA	0.8 $\pm$ 20	5 $\pm$ 20	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40	0.8 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40
2000 mA	2 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 25	2 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40	2 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40
5 A	2 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 25	2 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40	2 $\pm$ 40	5 $\pm$ 40



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**13.3 R6441C Performance Specifications**

- Measurement method : TrueRMS
- Overload current protection : 2  $\mu$ A to 200 mA terminal (0.5 A/250 V) IEC127 sheet 1 immediately blown fuse protection  
2/5 A terminal (6 A/250 V) IEC127 sheet 1 immediately blown fuse protection
- Maximum allowable input voltage : between A Hi, A Lo and COM terminals 200 V
- Input range : 5% or more of full scale
- Crest factor : 3:1 on full scale
- Response time : Approx. 1 sec. (until it reaches a value within 0.1% of the final value at the same range)

(6) Diode measurement

- Resolution, maximum reading, measurement current, and measurement accuracy

	FAST	MID/SLOW
Resolution	1 mV	100 $\mu$ V
Maximum reading	1999	1999.9
Measurement current	1 mA	1 mA
Measurement accuracy	0.07 $\pm$ 2	0.07 $\pm$ 2

- Open terminal voltage : Max. 7 V
- Maximum allowable input voltage :  $\pm$  500 V
- Zero resistance error : 0.05 $\Omega$  or less in each range (when NULL function is used)  
Excluding cable resistance from the measurement accuracy.

(7) Continuity measurement

- Open terminal voltage : Max. 7 V
- Maximum allowable input voltage :  $\pm$  500 V
- Zero resistance error : 0.05 $\Omega$  or less in each range (when NULL function is used)  
Excluding cable resistance from the measurement accuracy.
- Response time : Approx. 0.5 sec. for 20 M $\Omega$   
Approx. 2.0 sec. for 200 M $\Omega$
- Continuity judgment level : The output value is less than 20  $\Omega$ .

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**13.3 R6441C Performance Specifications**

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(8) Measurement time

- Sampling mode: free-run

Measurement function	FAST	MID	SLOW
DC voltage measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
AC voltage measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
Resistance measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
DC current measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
AC current measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
Diode measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)
Continuity measurement	12.5(80)	100(10)	400(2.5)

Unit: mS (times/sec.)

## 13.4 Interface Specifications

- Standard : RS-232 (adaptive connector Dsub 9 pins)  
Baud rates : 9600, 4800, 2400, 1200, 600, and 300  
Parity : even/odd/none  
Data bit : 7, 8 bits  
Stop bit : 1, 2bits  
Echo : on/off  
Set the condition on the front panel.
- Options : R13015 BCD data output unit  
R13016 comparater unit  
R13220 GPIB interface unit  
R13221 printer interface unit  
(Multiple units cannot be installed on one R6441.)
- Selection condition : Selects one type on the front panel.  
(Multiple interface cannot be selected for one R6441.)

**R6441 SERIES  
DIGITAL MULTIMETER  
INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

**13.5 General Specifications**

### 13.5 General Specifications

- Ambient conditions : Temperature 0°C to 50°C (0 °C to 35°C when the battery is used)  
Humidity 85% RH or less (75% RH or less for 20 MΩ or 200 MΩ of resistance measurement) (However, no do be dewy.)
- Storage temperature range : -25°C to 50°C (-20°C to 50°C when the battery is used)
- Voltage proof : 450 V (continuous) between COM terminal and chassis/power line
- Display : decimal 5 digits, 7-segment fluorescent display tube
- Range switch : Manual or automatic
- Input method : Floating method
- Measurement type : Integral type
- Over-input display : OL display
- Operation functions : Null, smoothing, dB, dBm, scaling, MAX, MIN, and comparater
- accessories : Power cable A01402  
Input cable A01034  
Power fuse  
Protection fuse
- Dimensions : Approx. 212 (w) × 88 (h) × 310 (d) mm
- Weight : Body 2.2 kg or less
- Including options : 3.5 kg or less
- Power supply : DC power : at least (continuous) six-hour use with R15807 battery unit.  
AC power : 90 to 250 V (selectable by user) 48 to 66 Hz

Option No.	Power voltage (V)
Standard	90 to 110
32	103 to 132
42	198 to 242
44	207 to 250

- Power consumption : 15 VA or less

## 13.6 Options

### (1) R13015 BCD data output unit

Output data	: BCD parallel codes
Output data contents	: Measurement data, decimal point, polarity, and unit
Print command signal output	: TTL level positive pulse (pulse width = approx. 1 mS)
External start signal	: A (data output) : TTL level positive logic (pulse width = 100 $\mu$ S to 10 mS) B (remote control input) : TTL level negative logic (pulse width = 100 $\mu$ S to 10 mS)
Input impedance	: Approx. 10 k $\Omega$
External control	: function, range, external start, buzzer on/off, sampling mode, sampling rate, null calculation, and comparater calculation
Connector	: Data output : 50-pin (DHA-RC50 Dai-ichi Electronics Industry product) Remote input : 24-pin (57-40240 Dai-ichi Electronics Industry product)
Power supply	: Supplied from the R6441

### (2) R13016 comparater unit

Comparison level	: Upper and lower limit values (two values) HIGH LIMIT/ LOW LIMIT
Judgment condition	: HIGH measurement data > HIGH LIMIT PASS HIGH LIMIT $\geq$ measurement data $\geq$ LOW LIMIT LOW measurement data < LOW LIMIT
Level setting	: Through front panel
END signal	: TTL level negative logic (pulse width = approx. 1 mS)
Contact output	: Optical MOS relay HI, PASS, LO
Contact capacity	: Open/close allowable voltage 50 V Open/close allowable current 0.1 A
Voltage proof	: 200 V between contact and input/output signal/chassis
Transistor output	: Open collector output Maximum collector voltage 50 V Maximum collector current 0.3 A
Buzzer output	: Buzzer output is possible when the result is HIGH, PASS, LOW or HIGH/LOW.
Connector	: 14-pin (Dai-ichi Electronics Industry product)
Power supply	: Supplied from R6441

**R6441 SERIES  
DIGITAL MULTIMETER  
INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

**13.6 Options**

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(3) R13220 GPIB interface unit

Electrical specification	:	Complies with IEEE 488-1978 and IEC 625-1
Mechanical specification	:	Complies with IEEE 488-1978
Connector	:	24-pin
Interface specification	:	SH1, AH1, T5, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT1, C0, and E2
Used codes	:	ASCII codes
Addressing	:	31 kinds of talker/listener addresses can be set through the front panel.
Power supply	:	Supplied from R6441

(4) R13221 printer interface unit

Output code	:	Centronics standard
Output data contents	:	Measurement data, decimal point, polarity, and unit
Printing interval	:	(continuous), 5 sec. to 4 hours
Setting method	:	Set from the R6441's panel
Connector	:	14-pin (57-40140 Dai-ichi Electronics Industry product)
Power supply	:	Supplied from R6441 (excluding printer power)

(5) R13220 memory card interface unit

Used card	:	SRAM card complying with JEIDA ver.4 (including attribute information)
Memory contents	:	Stores measurement data and panel settings in DOS format. (Maximum number of files registered:128/maximum number of pieces of data:4000)

(6) R14807 battery unit

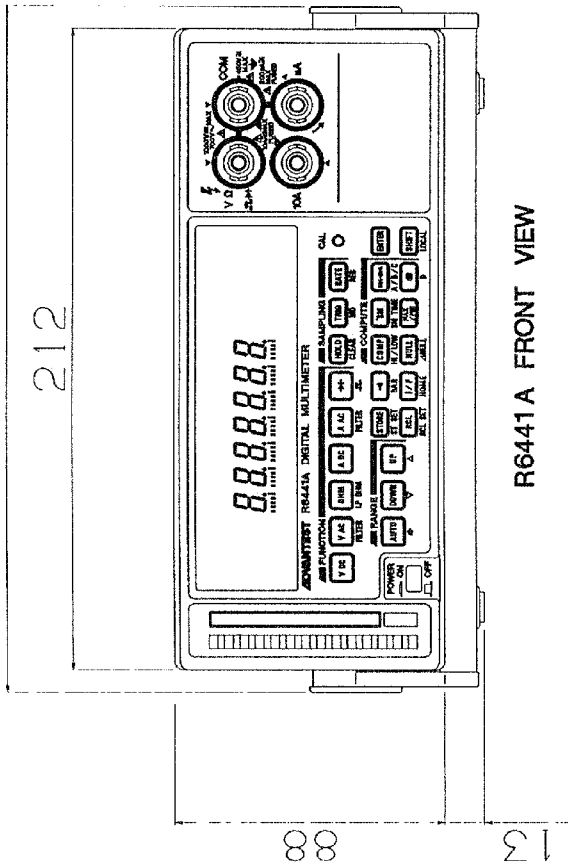
Built-in battery	:	12 V lead-acid battery, Charging/discharging can be repeated.
Battery capacity	:	1.8 Ah
Charging method	:	When the R6441 is connected to AC power with the R6441 powered off, the time taken to fill up it is approx. 12 hours.
Low battery display	:	When remaining time reaches approx. 30 minutes, low battery indicator is lit up on the front panel. It does not affect R6441.

### 13.7 Accessories

- TR1111 terminal adapter
- A01001 input cable
- A01265 RS-232 cable (Dsub9-Dsub25 1 m long)
- A02263 JIS rack mounting kit
- A02264 JIS rack mounting kit (twin)
- A02463 EIA rack mounting kit
- A02464 EIA rack mounting kit (twin)

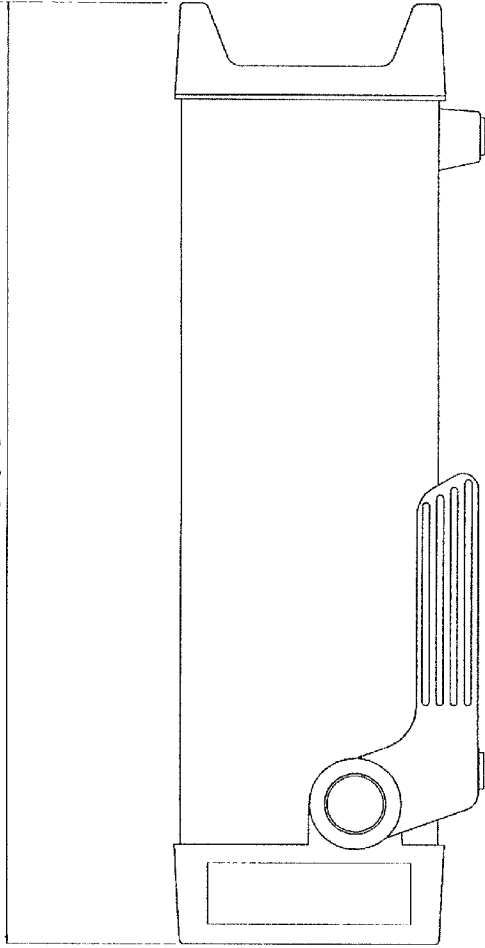
227

212



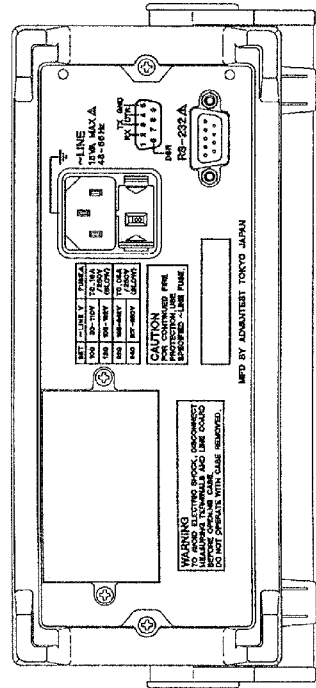
R6441A FRONT VIEW

310



SIDE VIEW

Unit: mm



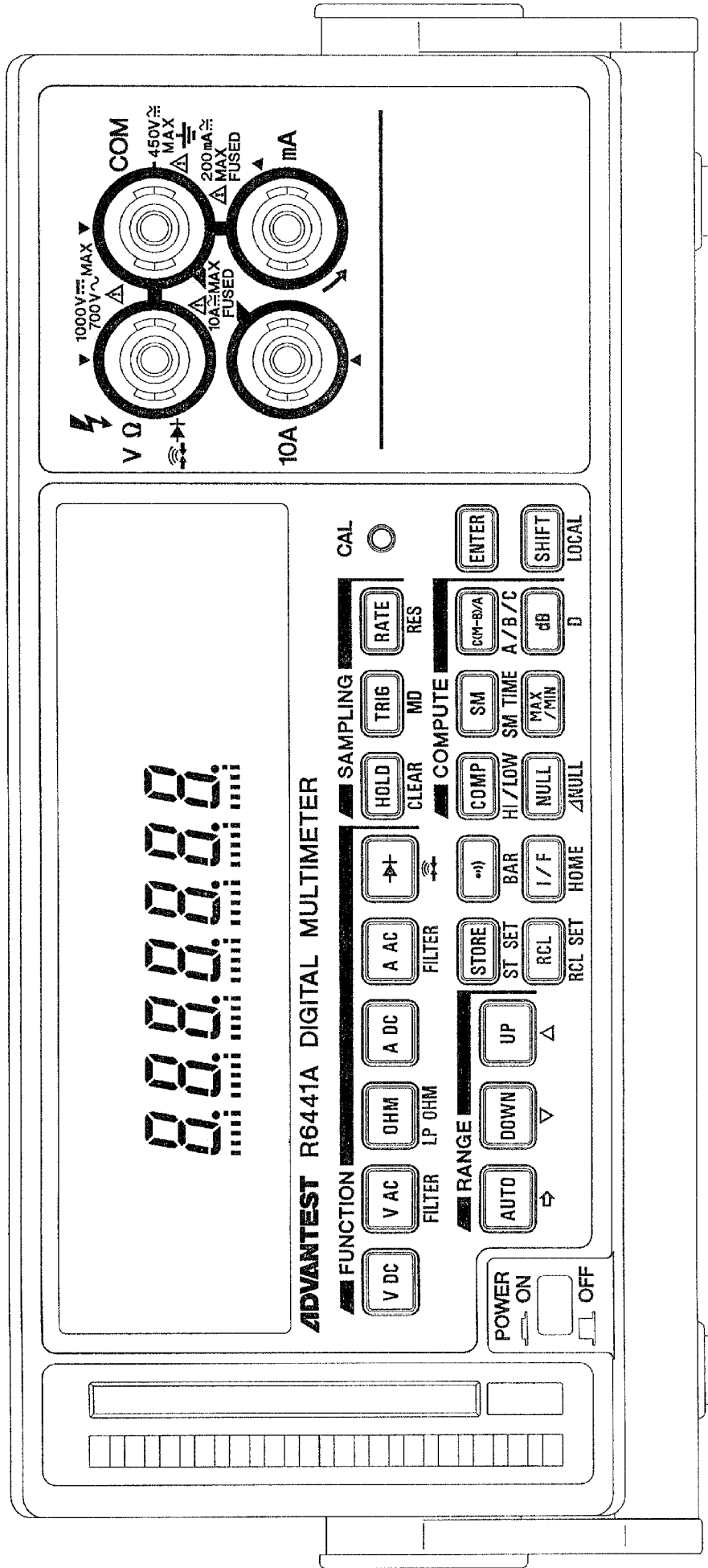
REAR VIEW

R6441A  
EXTERNAL VIEW

EXT1-9402-A





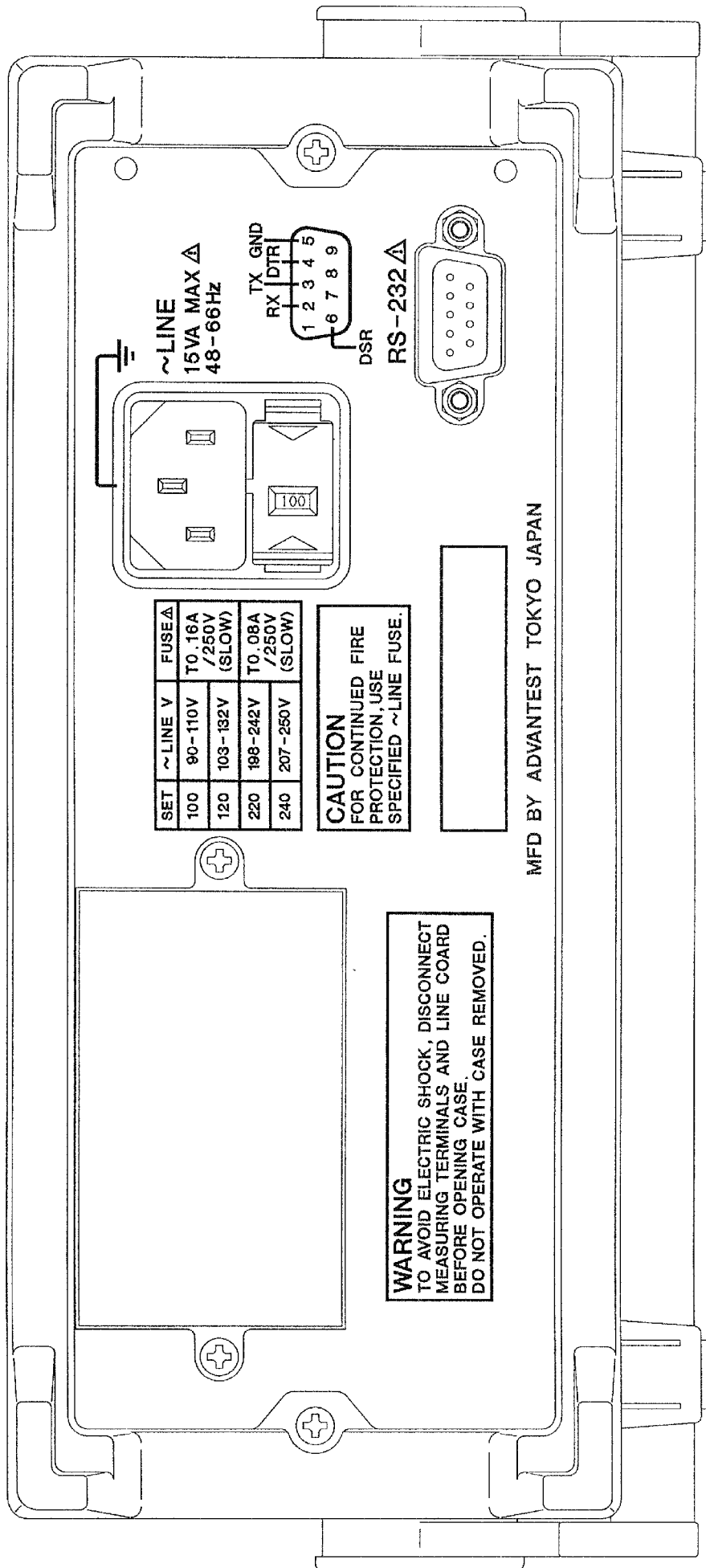


**ADVANTEST R6441A DIGITAL MULTIMETER**

**R6441A  
FRONT VIEW**

EXT2-9402-A





R6441A  
REAR VIEW

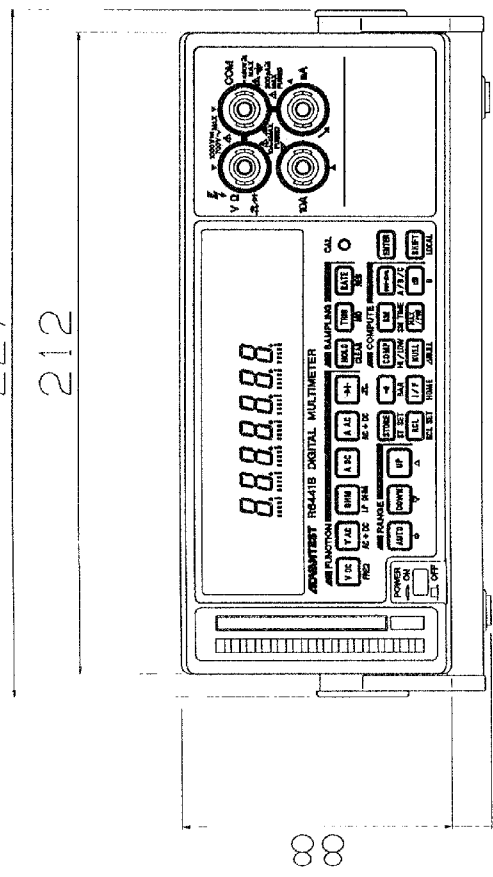
EXT3-9402-A



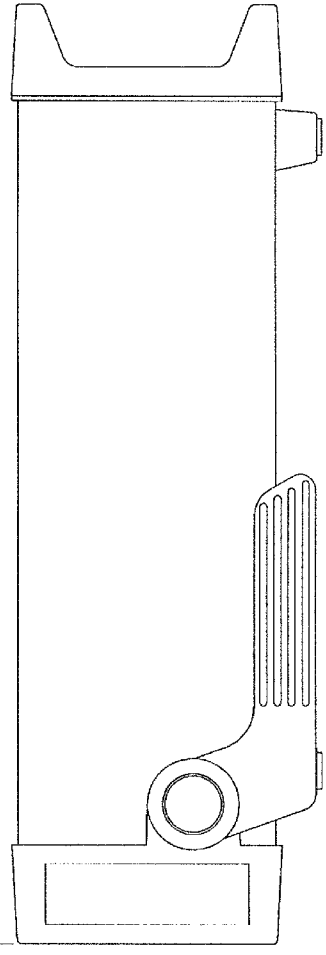
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212

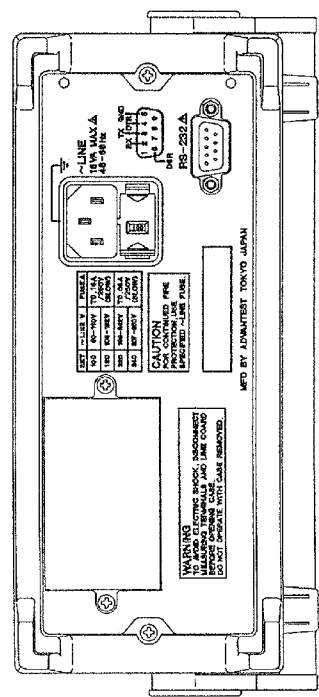
310



R6441B FRONT VIEW



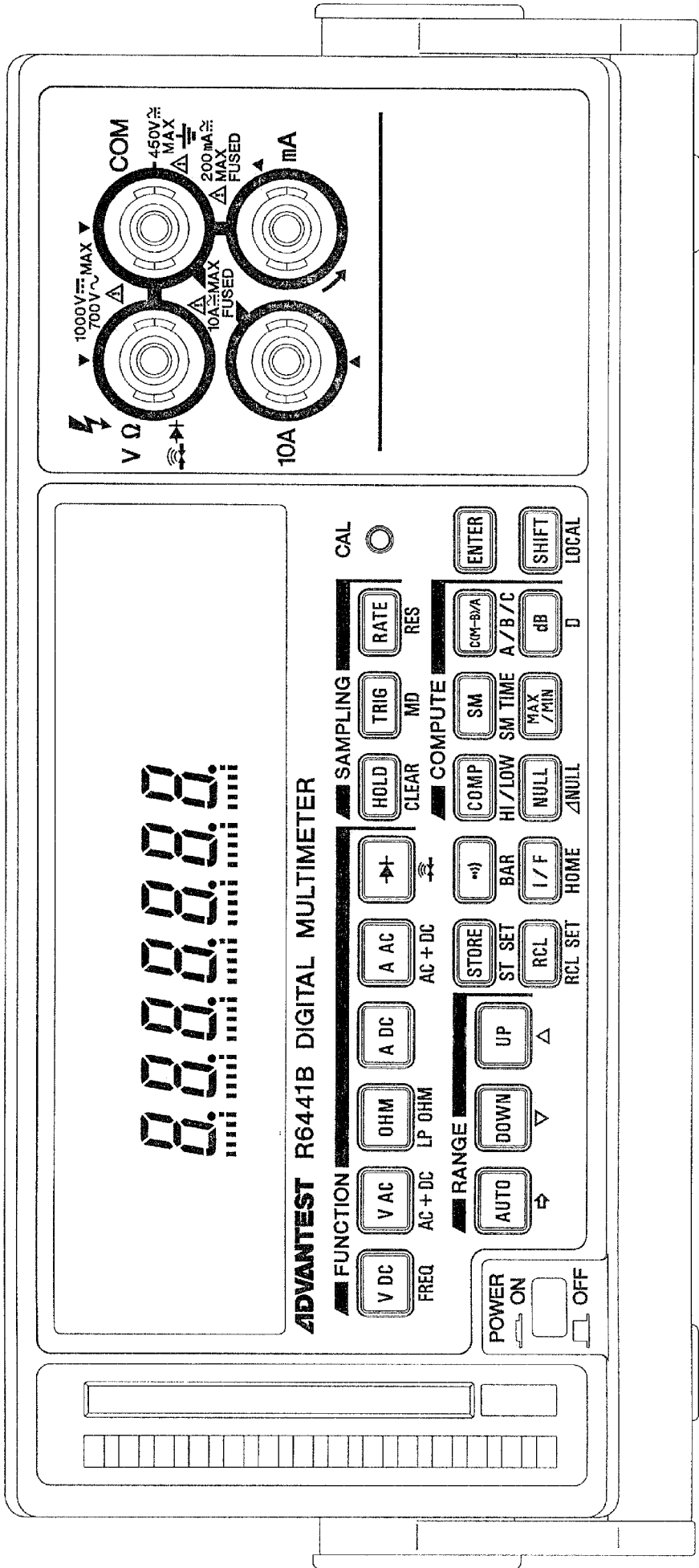
Unit: mm



R6441B  
EXTERNAL VIEW

EXT4-9402-A

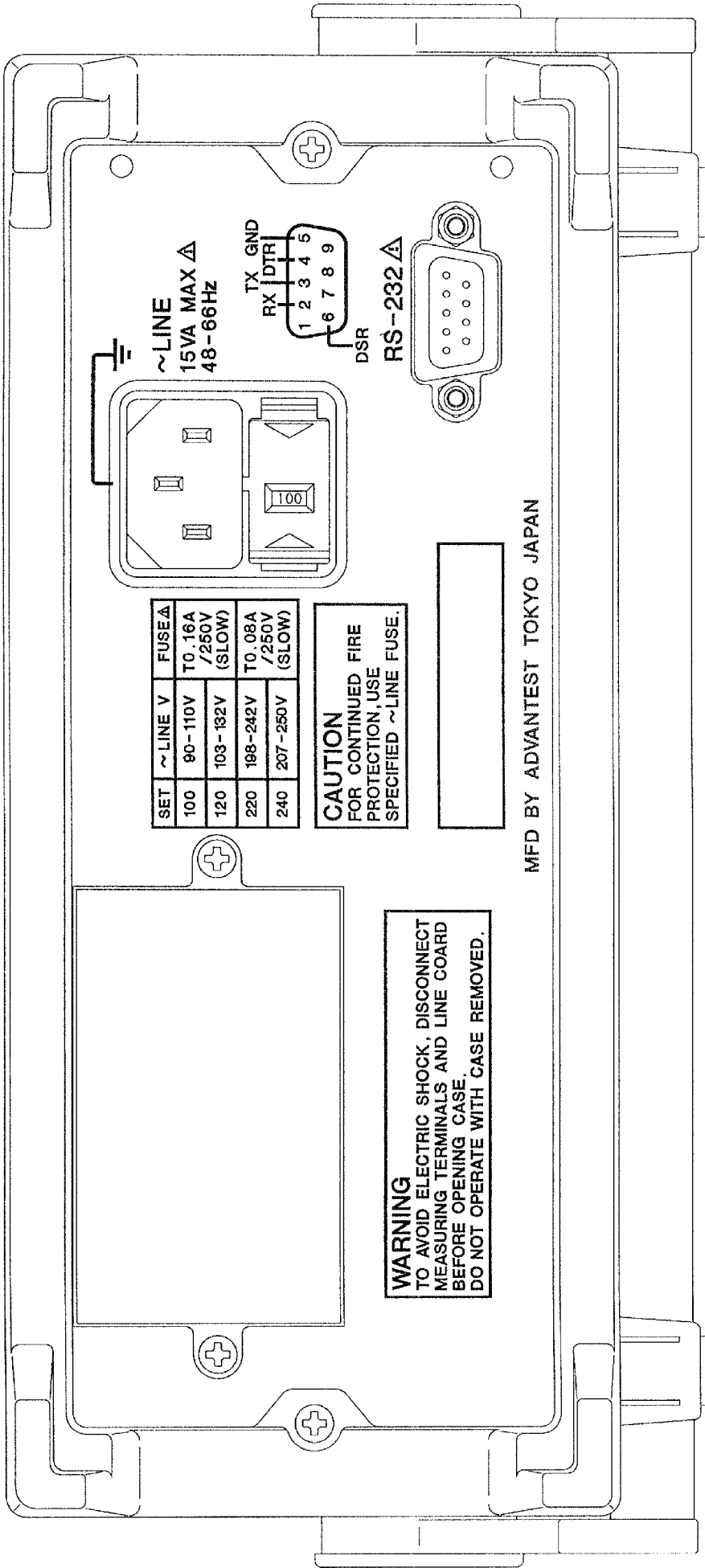




R6441B  
FRONT VIEW





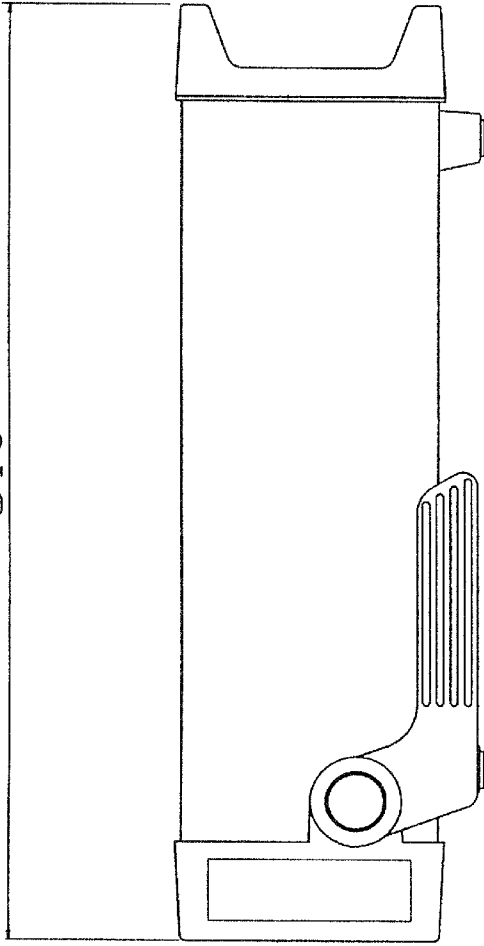


R6441B  
REAR VIEW

EXT6-9402-A



310

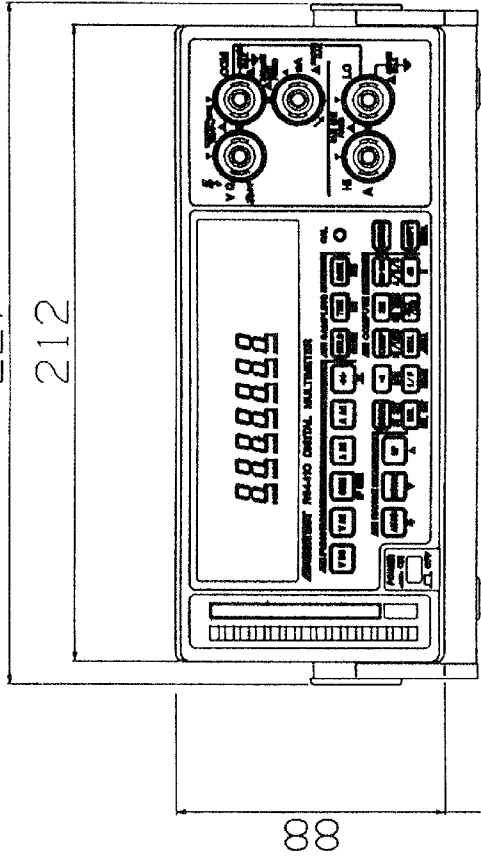


SIDE VIEW

Unit; mm

227

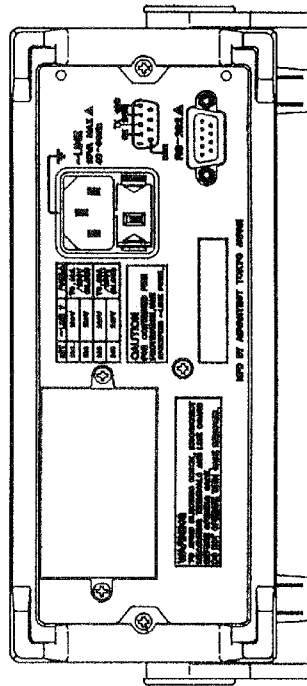
212



R6441C FRONT VIEW

88

13

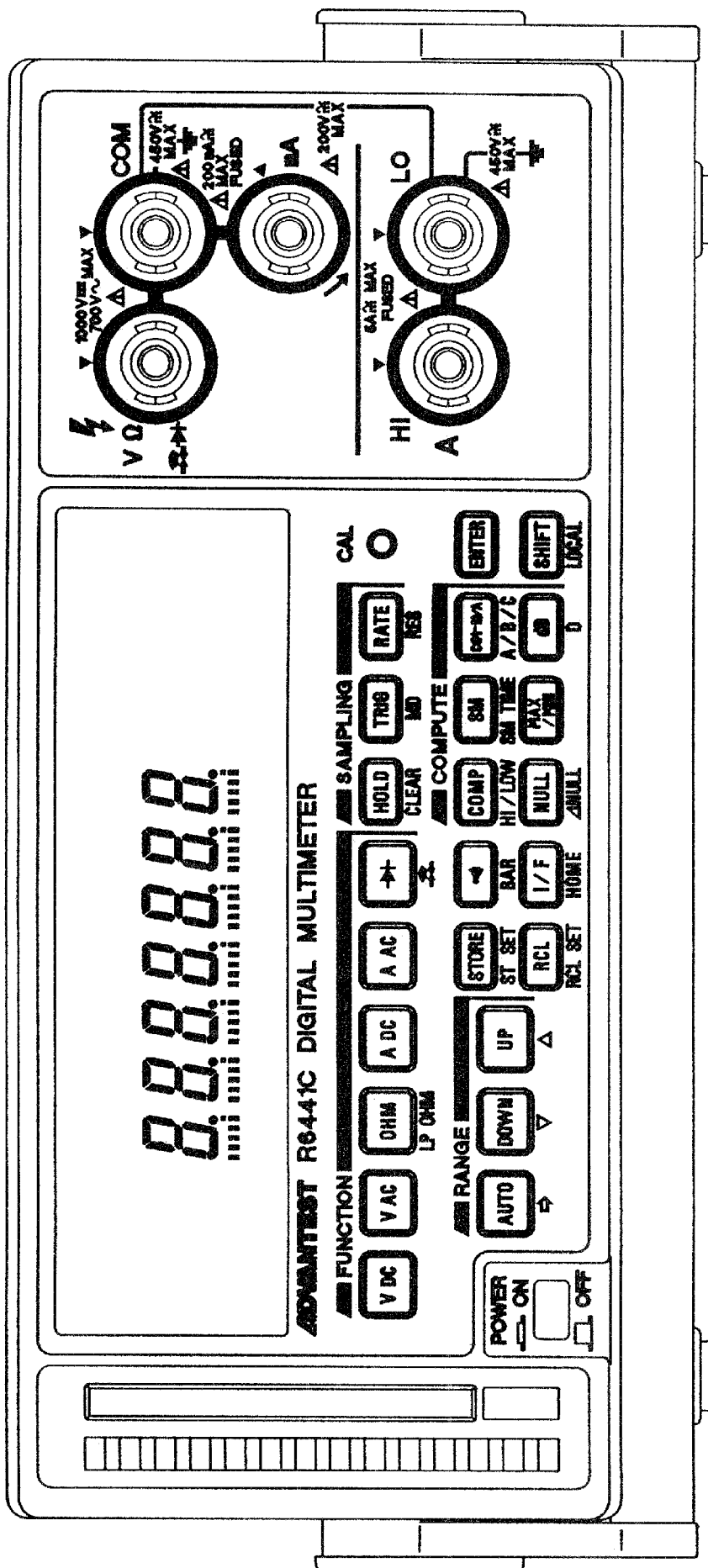


REAR VIEW

R6441C  
EXTERNAL VIEW

EXT7-9402-A

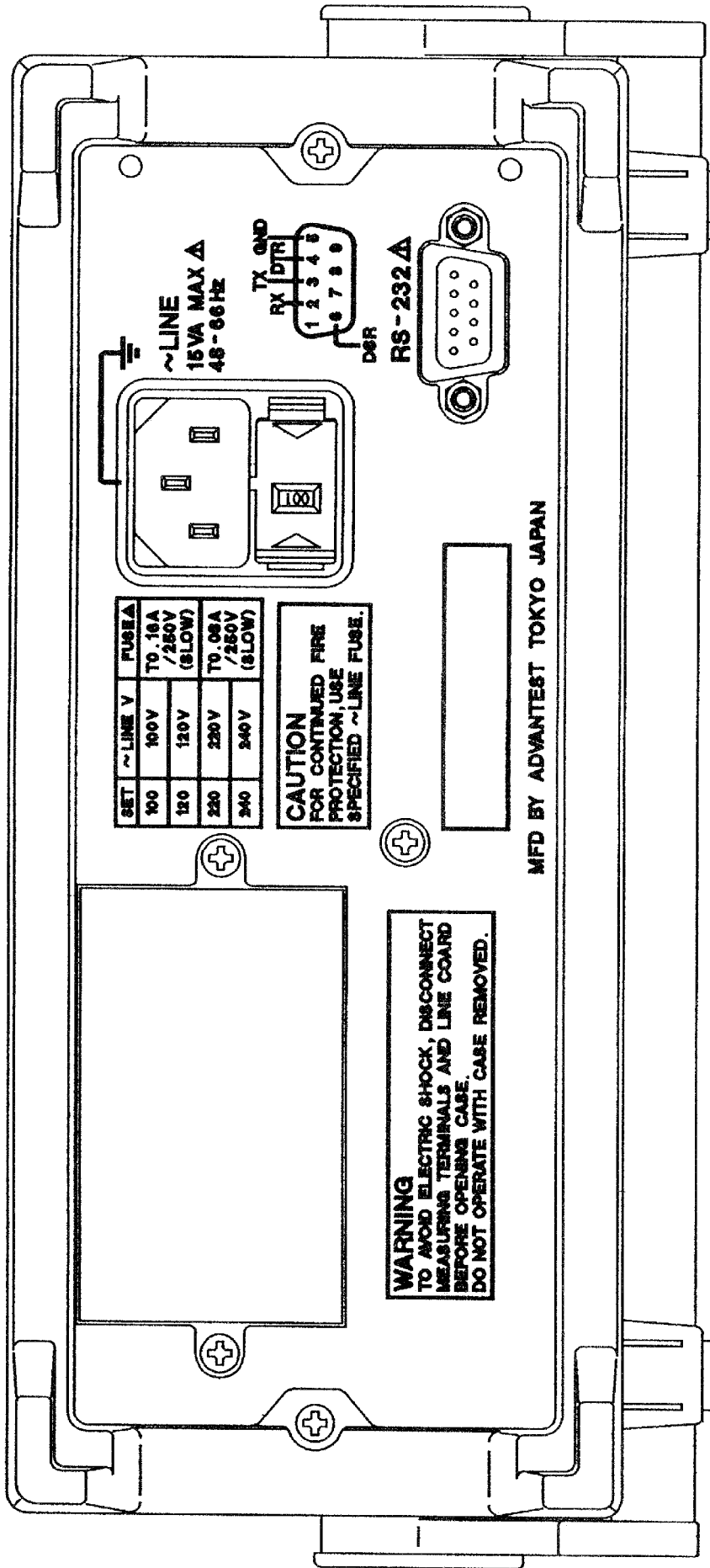




R6441C  
 FRONT VIEW

EXT8-9402-A





R6441C  
REAR VIEW

EXT9-9402-A





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